

James

DIAGNOSTICS 100

: MRS, PRIYANKA RAHUL TAMORE

Age / Gender : 32 Years/Female

Consulting Dr. :

Reg.Location : Malad West (Main Centre)

Collected

: 23-Dec-2023 / 08:46

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Reported

: 23-Dec-2023 / 14:13

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION REPORT

History and Complaints:

Nil

Name

**EXAMINATION FINDINGS:** 

Height (cms):

149

Weight (kg):

42

Temp (0c):

Afebrile

Skin:

Normal

Blood Pressure (mm/hg): 120/80 Pulse:

90/min

Nails: Lymph Node:

Normal Not Palpable

Systems

Cardiovascular: Normal Respiratory: Normal Genitourinary: Normal GI System: Normal

CNS:

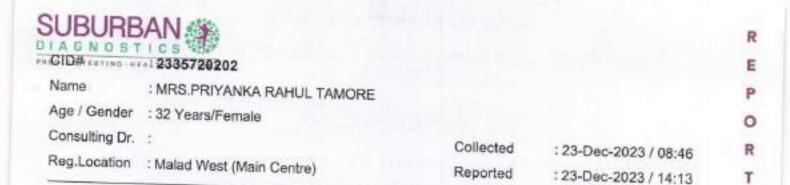
Normal

IMPRESSION:

WNL

ADVICE:

Regular overin



CH	HEF COMPLAINTS:		
1)	Hypertension:	Ma	
2)	IHD	No	
3)	Arrhythmia	No	
4)	Diabetes Mellitus	No	
5)	Tuberculosis	No	
6)		No	
3.00	Asthama	No	
7)	Pulmonary Disease	No	
8)	Thyroid/ Endocrine disorders	No	Dr. SONALI HONRAC
9)	Nervous disorders	No	MD PHYSICIAN
10)	GI system	No	REG. NO. 2001/04/1882
11)	Genital urinary disorder	No	
12)	Rheumatic joint diseases or symptoms	No	SUBURBANISH
13)	Blood disease or disorder	No	SUBURBAN PHARMOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD.
14)	Cancer/lump growth/cyst	50.00	Opp. Goregoon Sports Carb.
15)	Congenital disease	No	Link Road, Malad (W), Mumbel - 400 064.
	Curandon	No	
	Musculoskeletal System		yrs & 1 yrs ago
	musculoskeletai System	No	
PEF	RSONAL HISTORY:		
1)	Alcohol	No	
2)	Smoking		
	Dist	No	

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

No

Non-veg

3)

Diet

4) Medication

Dr.Sonali Honrao MD physician Sr. Manager-Medical Services



E P

R

Date: -23/12/23 CID:
Name: Riyan/CaTamore Sex/Age: 324/F

EYE CHECK UP

DV-RE-696/12 NV-RE-N/6 15-6/6 LE N/6

Chief complaints:

Systemic Diseases:

Past history:

Aided Vision:

Refraction:

(Right Eye)

(Left Eye)

	Sph	Cyl	Axis	Vn	Sph	Cyl	Axis	Vn
Distance	<							
Near								

Colour Vision/ Normal / Abnormal

Remark:

SUPURBAN DEREMORITOR PUT LYD. 102-104 10-Opp. Gorsons

Luis Road, Maiad (W., Michigan - You 984.

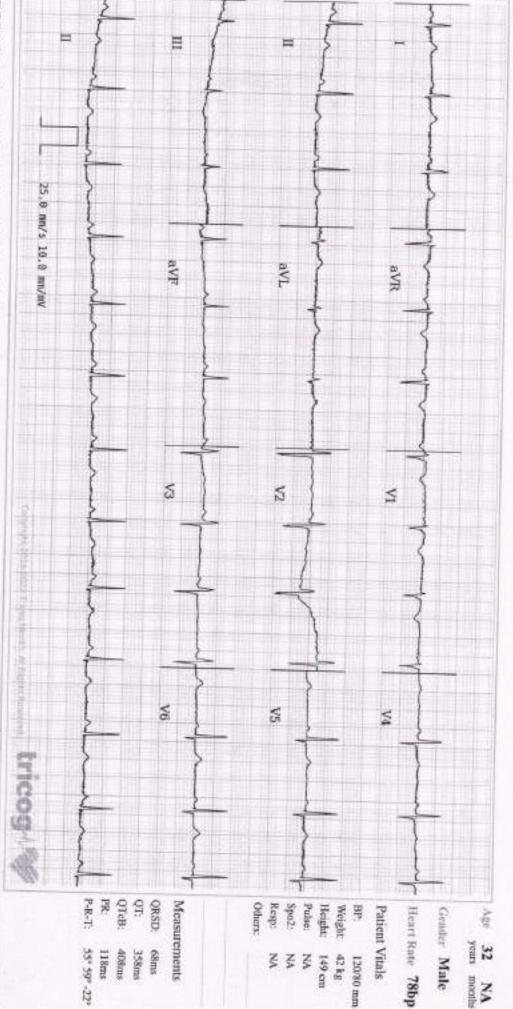


# SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS - MALAD WEST

Patient ID: Patient Name: PRIYANKA RAHUL TAMORE 2335720202

Date and Time: 23rd Dec 23 10:05 AM

N



149 cm 42 kg 120/80 mm

ECG Within Normal Limits: Sinus Rhythm. Please correlate clinically.

Directation: 1) should be in the separe to based on FCG along and about 5e tuest at an adjust to object below, symptoms, and equits of other movable and may inception. It Parent with one an embody the character and not derived from the HPQ. when toos and itsuit he interpreted by a qualified



DR SONALI HONRAO MD (General Modicine) Physician 3801/9611882



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: 23-Dec-2023 / 13:25

: 23-Dec-2023

Application To Scan the Cod?

Reg. Date

#### CID : 2335720202

Name : Mr Priyanka Rahul Tamore

Age / Sex : 32 Years/Male

Ref. Dr

Reg. Location : Malad West Main Centre

# X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Reported

Both lung fields are clear.

Both costo-phrenic angles are clear.

The cardiac size and shape are within normal limits.

The domes of diaphragm are normal in position and outlines.

The skeleton under review appears normal.

# IMPRESSION:

NO SIGNIFICANT ABNORMALITY IS DETECTED.

Kindly correlate clinically.

Note: Investigations have their limitations. Solitary radiological investigations never confirm the final diagnosis. X-ray is known to have inter-observer variations. They only help in diagnosing the disease in correlation to clinical symptoms and other related tests further / follow-up imaging may be needed in some case for confirmation of findings. Please interpret accordingly.

-----End of Report-

DR. Akash Chhari MBBS, MD, Radio-Diagnosis Mumbai MMC REG NO - 2011/08/2862



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Reg. Date : 23-Dec-2023 Reported : 23-Dec-2023 / 11:11

CID : 2335720202

Name : Mrs Priyanka rahul Tamore

Age / Sex : 32 Years/Female

Ref. Dr

Reg. Location : Malad West Main Centre

# USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

## LIVER:

The liver is normal in size, shape and smooth margins. It shows normal parenchymal echo pattern. The intra hepatic biliary and portal radical appear normal. No evidence of any intra hepatic cystic or solid lesion seen. The main portal vein and CBD appears normal.

### GALL BLADDER:

The gall bladder is physiologically distended and appears normal.No evidence of gall stones or mass

#### PANCREAS:

The pancreas is well visualised and appears normal. No evidence of solid or cystic mass lesion.

## KIDNEYS:

Both the kidneys are normal in size, shape and echotexture. No evidence of any calculus, hydronephrosis or mass lesion seen. Right kidney measures 9.9 x 3.4 cm. Left kidney measures 9.9 x 4.8 cm.

#### SPLEEN:

The spleen is normal in size and echotexture. No evidence of focal lesion is noted. There is no evidence of any lymphadenopathy or ascites.

# URINARY BLADDER:

The urinary bladder is well distended and reveal no intraluminal abnormality.

#### UTERUS:

The uterus is anteverted and appears normal. The endometrial thickness is 6.4 mm.

#### OVARIES:

Both the ovaries are well visualised and appears normal. There is no evidence of any ovarian or adnexal mass seen.

Click here to view images http://3.111.232.119/iRISViewer/NeoradViewer?AccessionNo=2023122308471170

Page no 1 of 2



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RE

Reg. Date : 23-Dec-2023

Reported : 23-Dec-2023 / 11:11

CID : 2335720202

Name : Mrs Priyanka rahul Tamore

Age / Sex : 32 Years/Female

Ref. Dr

Reg. Location : Malad West Main Centre

# IMPRESSION:-

No significant abnormality is seen.

# Suggestion: Clinicopathological correlation.

Note: Investigations have their limitations. Solitary radiological investigations never confirm the final diagnosis. They only help in diagnosing the disease in correlation to clinical symptoms and other related tests. USG is known to have inter-observer variations. Further / Follow-up imaging may be needed in some case for confirmation of findings. Patient has been explained in detail about the USG findings including its limitations and need for further imaging if clinically indicated. Please interpret accordingly. All the possible precaution have been taken under covid-19 pandemic.

--- End of Report---

Dr. Sunil Bhutka DMRD DNB

MMC REG NO:2011051101

Vari 1

Click here to view images http://3.111.232.119/iRISViewer/NeoradViewer?AccessionNo=2023122308471170

#### SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS

1...

Malad West

EXERCISE STRESS TEST REPORT

Patient Name: PRIYANKA, TAMORE

Patient ID: 2335720202

Height: 149 cm Weight: 42 kg

Study Date: 23.12.2023

Test Type: -Protocol: BRUCE DOB: 02.11.1991 Age: 32yrs

Station

Telephone:

Gender: Female Race: Oriental

Referring Physician: --

Attending Physician: DR SONALI HONRAO

Technician: -

Medications:

-

Medical History:

.

Reason for Exercise Test:

--

Exercise Test Summary

Phase Name	Stage Name	Time in Stage	Speed (mph)	Grade (%)	HR (bpm)	BP (mmHg)	Comment
PRETEST	SUPINE STANDING HYPERV	00:13 00:05 00:05	0,00 0,00 0,00	0.00 0,00 0,00	87 88 88	120/80 120/80 120/80	
EXERCISE	WARM-UP STAGE 1 STAGE 2	00:13 03:00 03:00	1,00 1,70 2,50	0.00 10.00 12.00	103 114 125	120/80 130/80 140/80	
RECOVERY	STAGE 3	01:09 03:06	3.40 0.00	14.00 0.00	144 95	140/80	

The patient exercised according to the BRUCE for 7:08 min's, achieving a work level of Max. METS: 10.10. The resting heart rate of 87 bpm rose to a maximal heart rate of 144 bpm. This value represents 76 % of the maximal, age-predicted heart rate. The resting blood pressure of 120/80 mmHg, rose to a maximum blood pressure of 140/80 mmHg. The exercise test was stopped due to Fatigue.

# Interpretation

Summary: Resting ECG: normal.

Functional Capacity: normal.

HR Response to Exercise: appropriate.

BP Response to Exercise: normal resting BP - appropriate response.

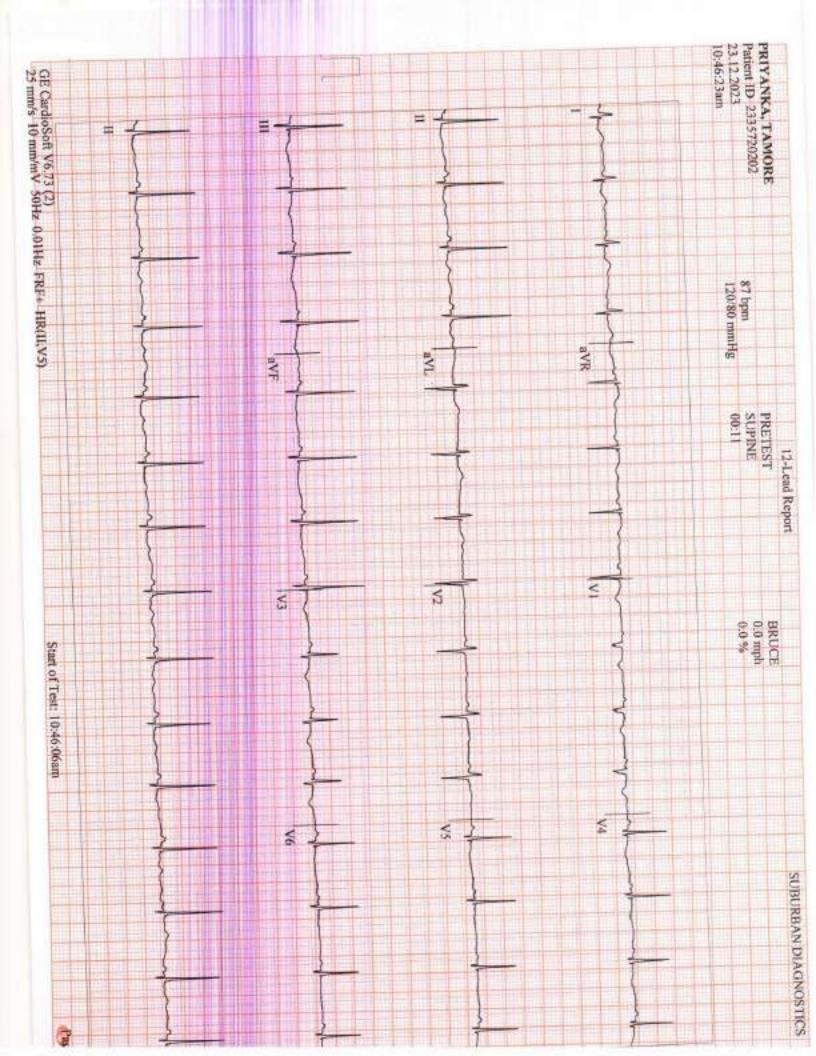
Chest Pain; none. Arrhythmias: none. ST Changes: none.

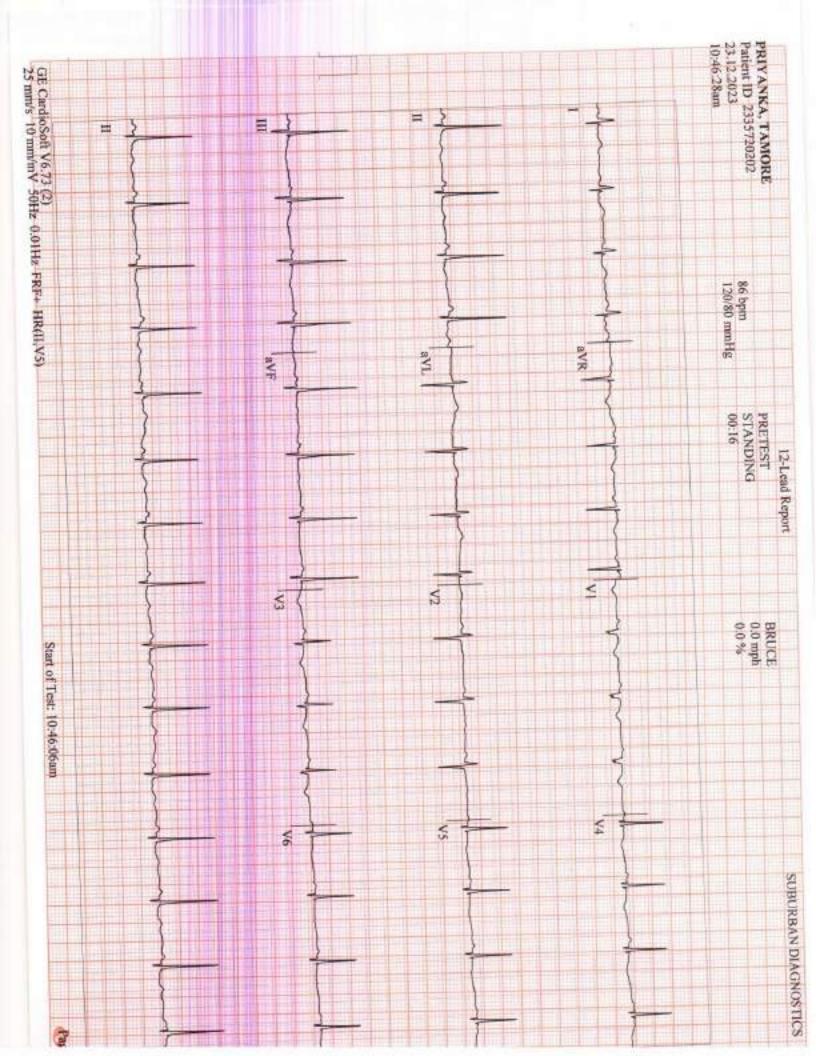
Overall impression: Normal stress test.

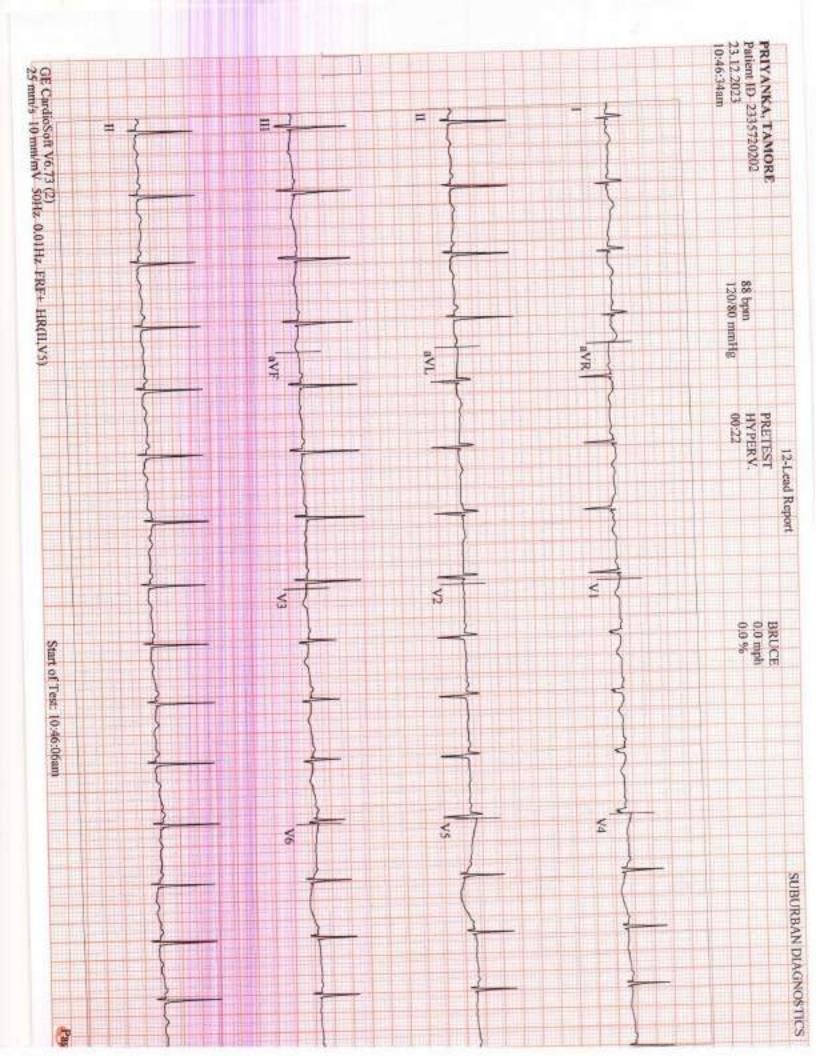
# Conclusions

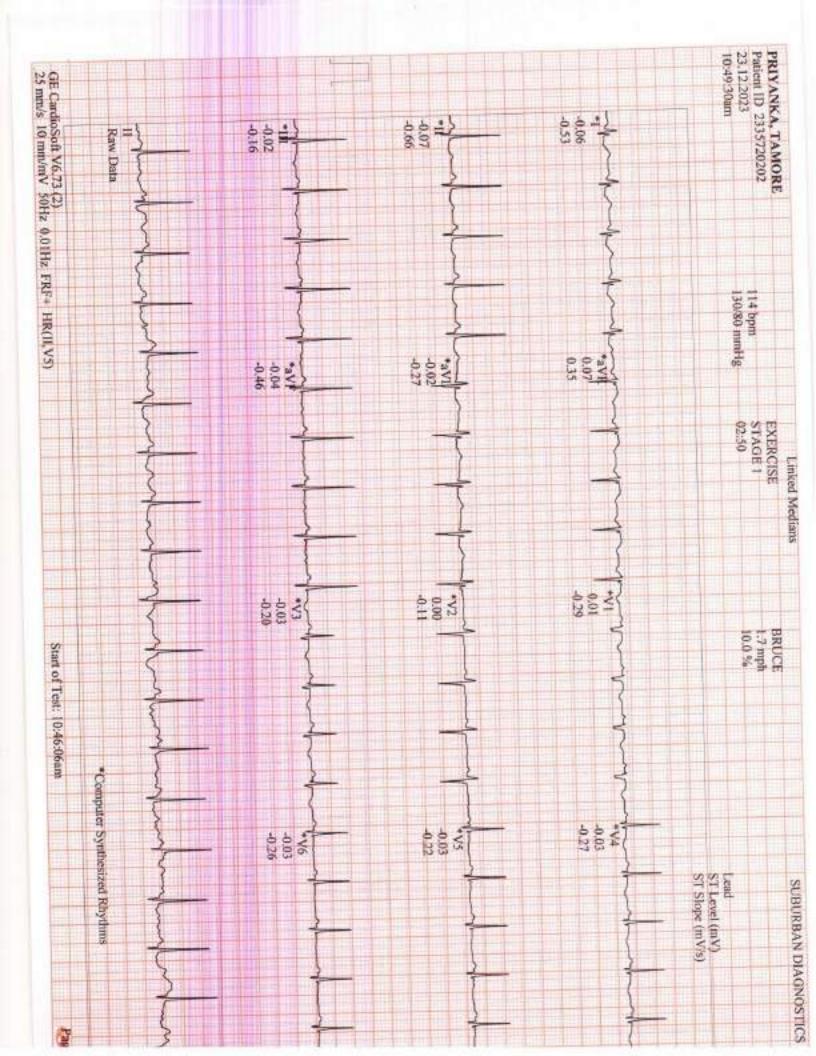
Good effort tolerance. No Significant ST- T changes as compared to baseline. No chest pain / arrythmia noted. Stress test is negative for inducible ischemia.

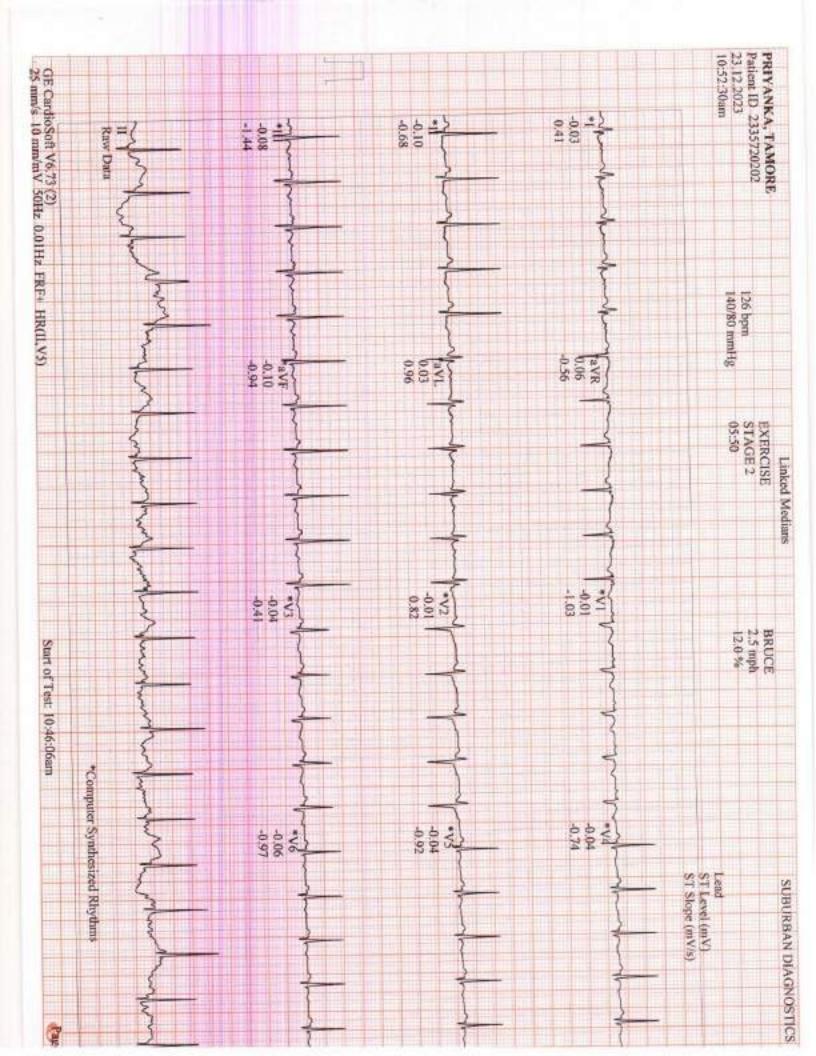
Disclaimer :	Negative st out not confi	rmatory of Coro	t rule out possibil nary Artery Disea	se. Hence clir	nical correla	tion is mand	atory.	
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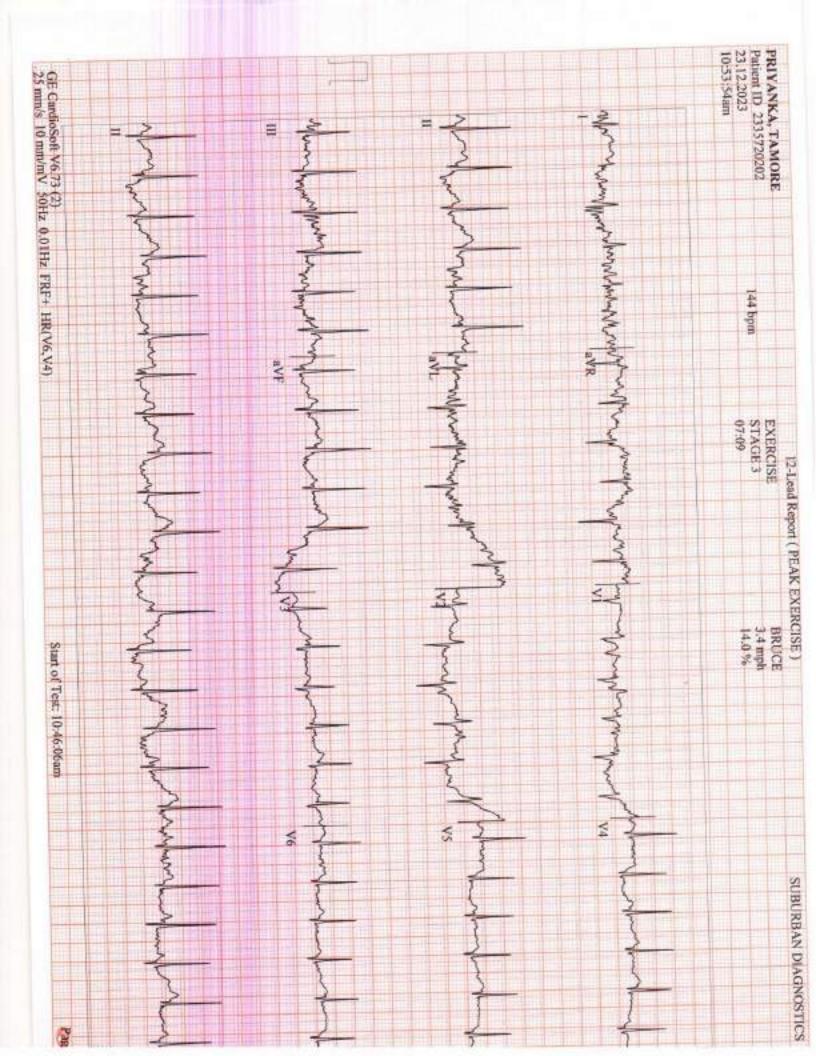


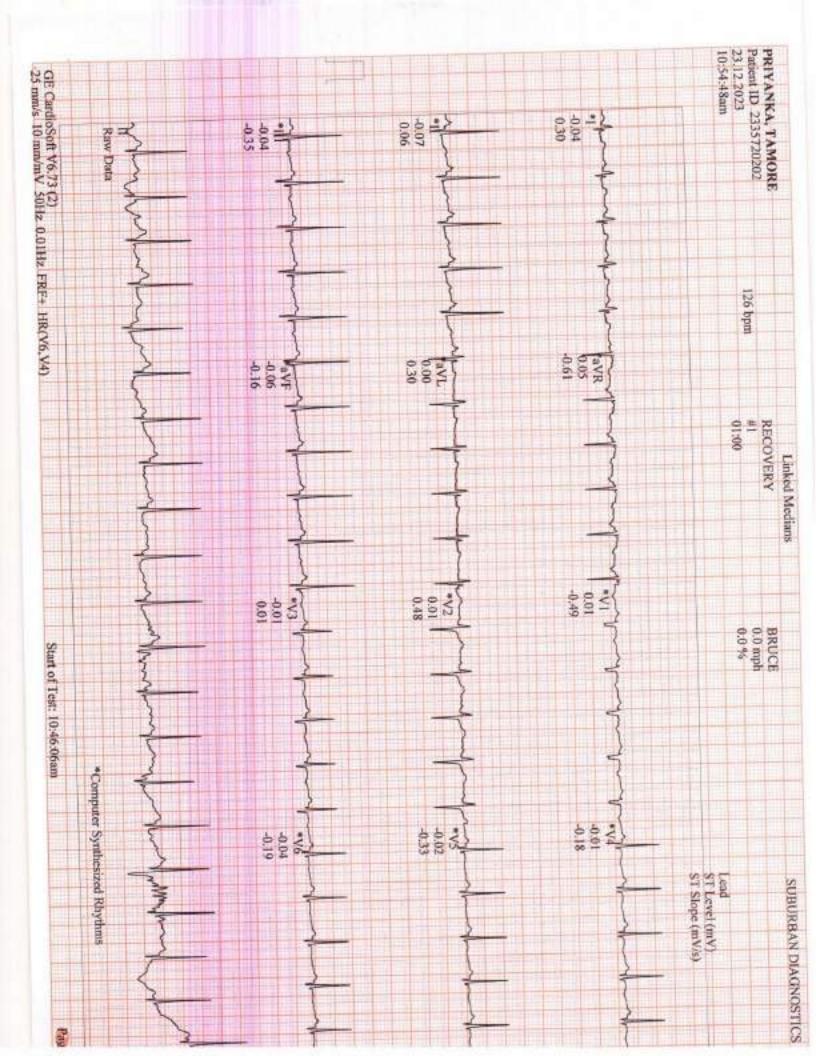


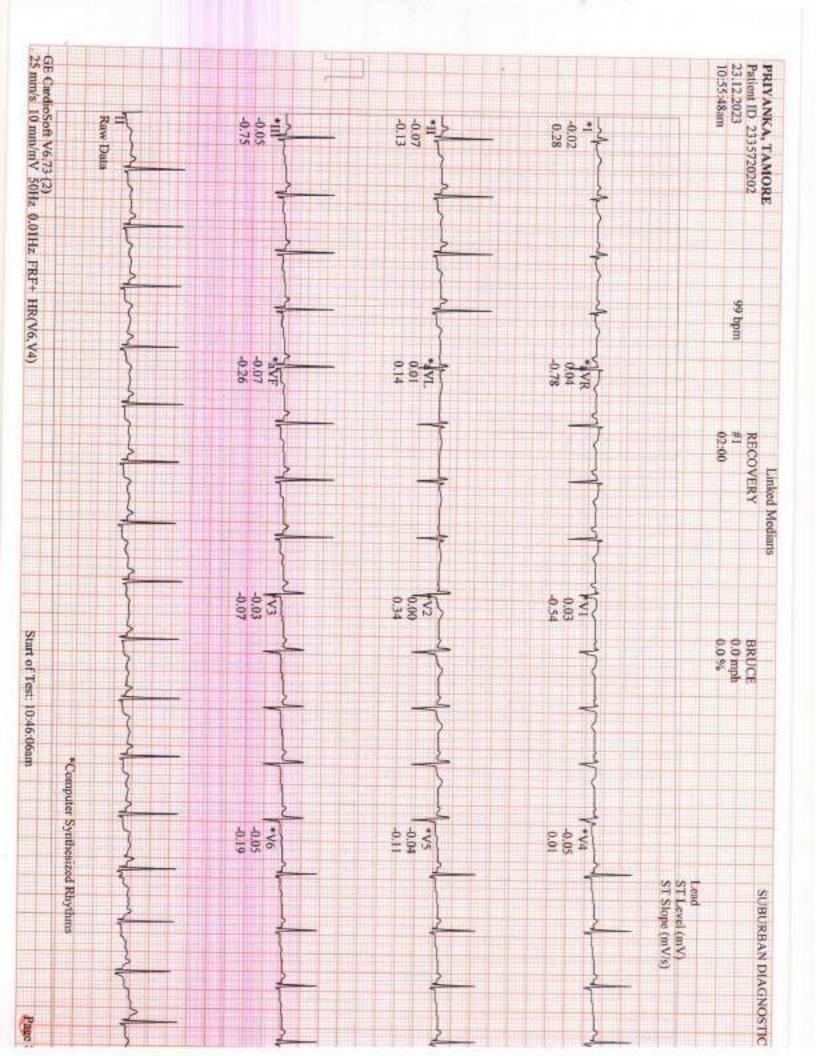


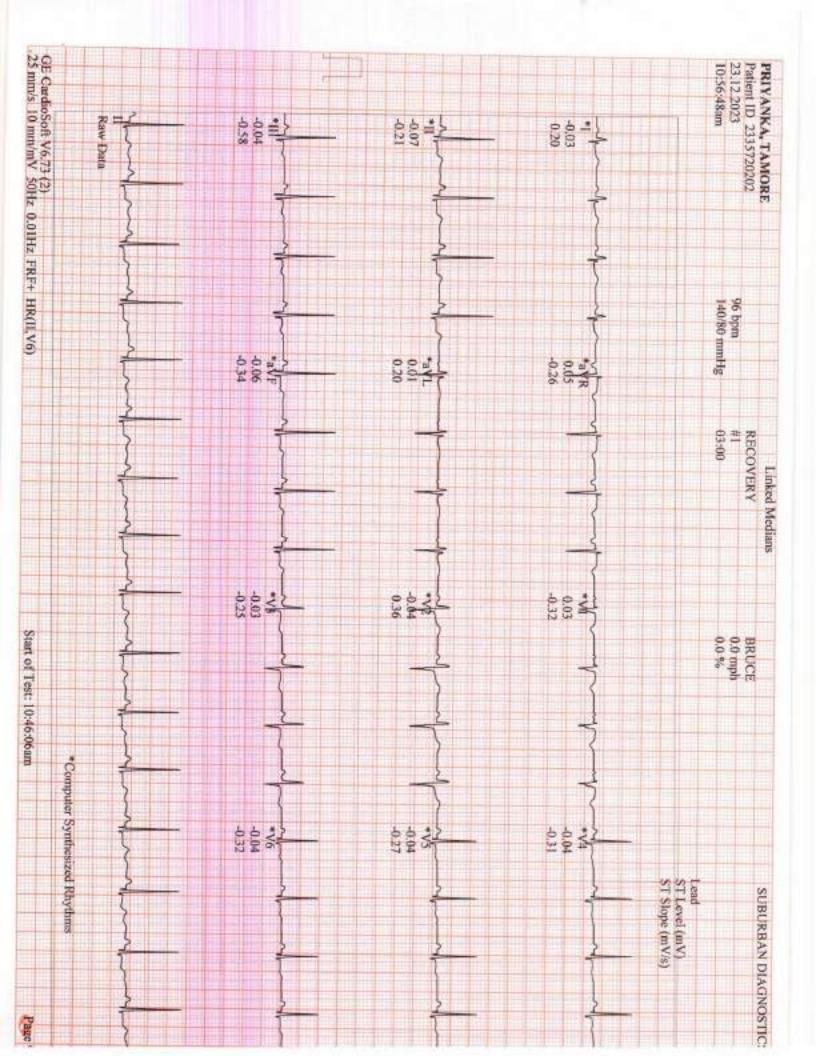














CID : 2335720202

Name : MRS.PRIYANKA RAHUL TAMORE

: 32 Years / Female Age / Gender

Consulting Dr. : Malad West (Main Centre)

Reg. Location



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:23-Dec-2023 / 09:15 :23-Dec-2023 / 12:14

# AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE

CBC	(Complete	Blood	Count)	, Blood
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<u>PARAMETER</u>	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
RBC PARAMETERS			
Haemoglobin	11.2	12.0-15.0 g/dL	Spectrophotometric
RBC	4.16	3.8-4.8 mil/cmm	Elect. Impedance
PCV	33.7	36-46 %	Calculated
MCV	81.0	80-100 fl	Measured
MCH	27.0	27-32 pg	Calculated
MCHC	33.3	31.5-34.5 g/dL	Calculated
RDW	13.4	11.6-14.0 %	Calculated
WBC PARAMETERS			
WBC Total Count	4790	4000-10000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
WBC DIFFERENTIAL AND ABS	SOLUTE COUNTS		
Lymphocytes	41.2	20-40 %	
Absolute Lymphocytes	1970	1000-3000 /cmm	Calculated
Monocytes	6.2	2-10 %	
Absolute Monocytes	300	200-1000 /cmm	Calculated
Neutrophils	51.6	40-80 %	
Absolute Neutrophils	2470	2000-7000 /cmm	Calculated
Eosinophils	0.8	1-6 %	
Absolute Eosinophils	40	20-500 /cmm	Calculated
Basophils	0.2	0.1-2 %	
Absolute Basophils	10	20-100 /cmm	Calculated
Immature Leukocytes	-		

WBC Differential Count by Absorbance & Impedance method/Microscopy.

#### **PLATELET PARAMETERS**

Platelet Count	257000	150000-400000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
MPV	8.0	6-11 fl	Measured
PDW	13.6	11-18 %	Calculated

## **RBC MORPHOLOGY**

Hypochromia Microcytosis

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Name : MRS.PRIYANKA RAHUL TAMORE

Age / Gender : 32 Years / Female

Consulting Dr. : - Collected : 23-Dec-2023 / 09:15

Reg. Location : Malad West (Main Centre) Reported : 23-Dec-2023 / 11:40

Macrocytosis -

Anisocytosis -

Poikilocytosis -

Polychromasia -

Target Cells -

Basophilic Stippling -

Normoblasts -

Others Normocytic, Normochromic

WBC MORPHOLOGY -

PLATELET MORPHOLOGY -

COMMENT -

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood

ESR, EDTA WB-ESR 12 2-20 mm at 1 hr. Sedimentation

Clinical Significance: The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), also called a sedimentation rate is the rate red blood cells sediment in a period of time.

#### Interpretation:

Factors that increase ESR: Old age, Pregnancy, Anemia

Factors that decrease ESR: Extreme leukocytosis, Polycythemia, Red cell abnormalities- Sickle cell disease

#### Limitations:

- It is a non-specific measure of inflammation.
- · The use of the ESR as a screening test in asymptomatic persons is limited by its low sensitivity and specificity.

Reflex Test: C-Reactive Protein (CRP) is the recommended test in acute inflammatory conditions.

#### Reference:

- Pack Insert
- Brigden ML. Clinical utility of the erythrocyte sedimentation rate. American family physician. 1999 Oct 1;60(5):1443-50.

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West
\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*





Dr.JYOT THAKKER M.D. (PATH), DPB Pathologist & AVP( Medical Services)

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Name : MRS.PRIYANKA RAHUL TAMORE

Age / Gender : 32 Years / Female

Consulting Dr. : -

Reg. Location

: Malad West (Main Centre)

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:23-Dec-2023 / 09:15

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# AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
GLUCOSE (SUGAR) FASTING, Fluoride Plasma	82.7	Non-Diabetic: < 100 mg/dl Impaired Fasting Glucose: 100-125 mg/dl Diabetic: >/= 126 mg/dl	Hexokinase
GLUCOSE (SUGAR) PP, Fluoride Plasma PP/R	67.7	Non-Diabetic: < 140 mg/dl Impaired Glucose Tolerance: 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: >/= 200 mg/dl	Hexokinase
BILIRUBIN (TOTAL), Serum	0.43	0.1-1.2 mg/dl	Colorimetric
BILIRUBIN (DIRECT), Serum	0.13	0-0.3 mg/dl	Diazo
BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT), Serum	0.30	0.1-1.0 mg/dl	Calculated
TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum	7.7	6.4-8.3 g/dL	Biuret
ALBUMIN, Serum	4.5	3.5-5.2 g/dL	BCG
GLOBULIN, Serum	3.2	2.3-3.5 g/dL	Calculated
A/G RATIO, Serum	1.4	1 - 2	Calculated
SGOT (AST), Serum	13.8	5-32 U/L	NADH (w/o P-5-P)
SGPT (ALT), Serum	7.2	5-33 U/L	NADH (w/o P-5-P)
GAMMA GT, Serum	11.1	3-40 U/L	Enzymatic
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, Serum	32.3	35-105 U/L	Colorimetric
Note: Result rechecked. Kindly correlate clinically.			
BLOOD UREA, Serum	23.2	12.8-42.8 mg/dl	Kinetic
BUN, Serum	10.8	6-20 mg/dl	Calculated
CREATININE, Serum	0.46	0.51-0.95 mg/dl	Enzymatic



Name : MRS.PRIYANKA RAHUL TAMORE

Age / Gender : 32 Years / Female

Consulting Dr. :

eGFR, Serum

Reg. Location

: Malad West (Main Centre)

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**Reported** :23-Dec-2023 / 16:10

(ml/min/1.73sqm)

Normal or High: Above 90 Mild decrease: 60-89

Mild to moderate decrease: 45-

59

Moderate to severe decrease:30

-44

Severe decrease: 15-29 Kidney failure:<15

Note: eGFR estimation is calculated using 2021 CKD-EPI GFR equation w.e.f 16-08-2023

URIC ACID, Serum 2.8

2.4-5.7 mg/dl

Enzymatic

Urine Sugar (Fasting)
Urine Ketones (Fasting)

Absent

Absent Absent

Urine Sugar (PP)
Urine Ketones (PP)

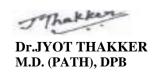
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Absent

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West
\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*









Name : MRS.PRIYANKA RAHUL TAMORE

Age / Gender : 32 Years / Female

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Reg. Location : Malad West (Main Centre) Reported : 23-Dec-2023 / 12:44



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**HPLC** 

# AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c)

## PARAMETER RESULTS BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE METHOD

Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), EDTA WB - CC

5.4 Non-Diabetic Level: < 5.7 %

Prediabetic Level: 5.7-6.4 % Diabetic Level: >/= 6.5 %

Estimated Average Glucose (eAG), EDTA WB - CC

108.3 mg/dl

dl Calculated

#### Intended use:

- In patients who are meeting treatment goals, HbA1c test should be performed at least 2 times a year
- · In patients whose therapy has changed or who are not meeting glycemic goals, it should be performed quarterly
- For microvascular disease prevention, the HbA1C goal for non pregnant adults in general is Less than 7%.

#### Clinical Significance:

- HbA1c, Glycosylated hemoglobin or glycated hemoglobin, is hemoglobin with glucose molecule attached to it.
- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.

#### Test Interpretation:

- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of Glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.
- HbA1c test may be used to screen for and diagnose diabetes or risk of developing diabetes.
- To monitor compliance and long term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
- Index of diabetic control, predicting development and progression of diabetic micro vascular complications.

#### Factors affecting HbA1c results:

Increased in: High fetal hemoglobin, Chronic renal failure, Iron deficiency anemia, Splenectomy, Increased serum triglycerides, Alcohol ingestion, Lead/opiate poisoning and Salicylate treatment.

**Decreased in:** Shortened RBC lifespan (Hemolytic anemia, blood loss), following transfusions, pregnancy, ingestion of large amount of Vitamin E or Vitamin C and Hemoglobinopathies

 $\textbf{Reflex tests:} \ Blood \ glucose \ levels, \ CGM \ (Continuous \ Glucose \ monitoring)$ 

References: ADA recommendations, AACC, Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests 10th edition.

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West
\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



Dr.ANUPA DIXIT M.D.(PATH)

Consultant Pathologist & Lab Director

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CID : 2335720202

Name : MRS.PRIYANKA RAHUL TAMORE

Age / Gender : 32 Years / Female

Collected Consulting Dr. :23-Dec-2023 / 17:34 : Malad West (Main Centre) Reported Reg. Location



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:23-Dec-2023 / 09:15

# AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE **URINE EXAMINATION REPORT**

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<b>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</b>	<u>METHOD</u>
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
Color	Pale yellow	Pale Yellow	-
Reaction (pH)	6.0	4.5 - 8.0	Chemical Indicator
Specific Gravity	1.010	1.001-1.030	Chemical Indicator
Transparency	Clear	Clear	-
Volume (ml)	30	-	-
<b>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION</b>			
Proteins	Absent	Absent	pH Indicator
Glucose	Absent	Absent	GOD-POD
Ketones	Absent	Absent	Legals Test
Blood	Absent	Absent	Peroxidase
Bilirubin	Absent	Absent	Diazonium Salt
Urobilinogen	Normal	Normal	Diazonium Salt
Nitrite	Absent	Absent	Griess Test
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	<u>on</u>		
Leukocytes(Pus cells)/hpf	0-1	0-5/hpf	
Red Blood Cells / hpf	Absent	0-2/hpf	
Epithelial Cells / hpf	1-2		
Casts	Absent	Absent	
Crystals	Absent	Absent	
Amorphous debris	Absent	Absent	
Bacteria / hpf	5-6	Less than 20/hpf	
Others	-		

Interpretation: The concentration values of Chemical analytes corresponding to the grading given in the report are as follows:

- Protein ( 1+ = 25 mg/dl , 2+ = 75 mg/dl , 3+ = 150 mg/dl , 4+ = 500 mg/dl )
- Glucose(1+ = 50 mg/dl, 2+ =100 mg/dl, 3+ =300 mg/dl, 4+ =1000 mg/dl)
- Ketone (1+ = 5 mg/dl, 2+ = 15 mg/dl, 3+ = 50 mg/dl, 4+ = 150 mg/dl)

Reference: Pack inert

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West \*\*\* End Of Report \*\*





**Dr.MILLU JAIN** M.D.(PATH) **Pathologist** 

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Name : MRS.PRIYANKA RAHUL TAMORE

Age / Gender : 32 Years / Female

Consulting Dr. : - Collected : 23-Dec-2023 / 09:15

Reg. Location : Malad West (Main Centre) Reported : 23-Dec-2023 / 12:56

AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE

BLOOD GROUPING & Rh TYPING

<u>PARAMETER</u> <u>RESULTS</u>

ABO GROUP A

Rh TYPING NEGATIVE

NOTE: Test performed by automated column agglutination technology (CAT) which is more sensitive than conventional methods.

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood and/or serum

#### Clinical significance:

ABO system is most important of all blood group in transfusion medicine

#### Limitations:

- · ABO blood group of new born is performed only by cell (forward) grouping because allo antibodies in cord blood are of maternal origin.
- Since A & B antigens are not fully developed at birth, both Anti-A & Anti-B antibodies appear after the first 4 to 6 months of life. As a result, weaker reactions may occur with red cells of newborns than of adults.
- Confirmation of newborn's blood group is indicated when A & B antigen expression and the isoagglutinins are fully developed at 2 to 4 years of age & remains constant throughout life.
- Cord blood is contaminated with Wharton's jelly that causes red cell aggregation leading to false positive result
- The Hh blood group also known as Oh or Bombay blood group is rare blood group type. The term Bombay is used to refer the phenotype that lacks normal expression of ABH antigens because of inheritance of hh genotype.

#### Refernces:

- 1. Denise M Harmening, Modern Blood Banking and Transfusion Practices- 6th Edition 2012. F.A. Davis company. Philadelphia
- 2. AABB technical manual

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West
\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



Dr.ANUPA DIXIT M.D.(PATH) Consultant Pathologist & Lab Director

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Name : MRS.PRIYANKA RAHUL TAMORE

Age / Gender : 32 Years / Female

Consulting Dr. :-

**Reg. Location**: Malad West (Main Centre)



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:23-Dec-2023 / 09:15

: 23-Dec-2023 / 09:15 :23-Dec-2023 / 14:19

# AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE LIPID PROFILE

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<b>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</b>	<u>METHOD</u>
CHOLESTEROL, Serum	146.2	Desirable: <200 mg/dl Borderline High: 200-239mg/dl High: >/=240 mg/dl	CHOD-POD
TRIGLYCERIDES, Serum	31.8	Normal: <150 mg/dl Borderline-high: 150 - 199 mg/dl High: 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high:>/=500 mg/dl	GPO-POD
HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	50.9	Desirable: >60 mg/dl Borderline: 40 - 60 mg/dl Low (High risk): <40 mg/dl	Homogeneous enzymatic colorimetric assay
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	95.3	Desirable: <130 mg/dl Borderline-high:130 - 159 mg/dl High:160 - 189 mg/dl Very high: >/=190 mg/dl	Calculated
LDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	89.0	Optimal: <100 mg/dl Near Optimal: 100 - 129 mg/dl Borderline High: 130 - 159 mg/dl High: 160 - 189 mg/dl Very High: >/= 190 mg/dl	Calculated
VLDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	6.3	< /= 30 mg/dl	Calculated
CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	2.9	0-4.5 Ratio	Calculated
LDL CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	1.7	0-3.5 Ratio	Calculated

<sup>\*</sup>Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West  $^{***}$  End Of Report  $^{***}$ 



Dr.MILLU JAIN M.D.(PATH) Pathologist



Name : MRS.PRIYANKA RAHUL TAMORE

Age / Gender : 32 Years / Female

Consulting Dr. : -

Reg. Location : Malad West (Main Centre)



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: 23-Dec-2023 / 09:15

**Reported** :23-Dec-2023 / 12:56

Collected

# AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE THYROID FUNCTION TESTS

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	<u>METHOD</u>
Free T3, Serum	4.1	3.5-6.5 pmol/L	ECLIA
Free T4, Serum	12.4	11.5-22.7 pmol/L First Trimester:9.0-24.7 Second Trimester:6.4-20.59 Third Trimester:6.4-20.59	ECLIA
sensitiveTSH, Serum	1.28	0.35-5.5 microIU/ml First Trimester:0.1-2.5 Second Trimester:0.2-3.0 Third Trimester:0.3-3.0 mIU/ml	ECLIA



Name : MRS.PRIYANKA RAHUL TAMORE

Age / Gender : 32 Years / Female

Consulting Dr. : - Collected : 23-Dec-2023 / 09:15

Reg. Location : Malad West (Main Centre) Reported :23-Dec-2023 / 12:56

#### Interpretation:

A thyroid panel is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose various thyroid disorders.

#### Clinical Significance:

- 1)TSH Values between high abnormal upto15 microIU/ml should be correlated clinically or repeat the test with new sample as physiological factors
- can give falsely high TSH.
- 2)TSH values may be trasiently altered becuase of non thyroidal illness like severe infections, liver disease, renal and heart severe burns, trauma and surgery etc.

TSH	FT4 / T4	FT3 / T3	Interpretation
High	Normal	Normal	Subclinical hypothyroidism, poor compliance with thyroxine, drugs like amiodarone, Recovery phase of non-thyroidal illness, TSH Resistance.
High	Low	Low	Hypothyroidism, Autoimmune thyroiditis, post radio iodine Rx, post thyroidectomy, Anti thyroid drugs, tyrosine kinase inhibitors & amiodarone, amyloid deposits in thyroid, thyroid tumors & congenital hypothyroidism.
Low	High	High	Hyperthyroidism, Graves disease, toxic multinodular goiter, toxic adenoma, excess iodine or thyroxine intake, pregnancy related (hyperemesis gravidarum, hydatiform mole)
Low	Normal	Normal	Subclinical Hyperthyroidism, recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism, drugs like steroids & dopamine), Non thyroidal illness.
Low	Low	Low	Central Hypothyroidism, Non Thyroidal Illness, Recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism.
High	High	High	Interfering anti TPO antibodies, Drug interference: Amiodarone, Heparin, Beta Blockers, steroids & anti epileptics.

**Diurnal Variation:**TSH follows a diurnal rhythm and is at maximum between 2 am and 4 am, and is at a minimum between 6 pm and 10 pm. The variation is on the order of 50 to 206%. Biological variation:19.7%(with in subject variation)

Reflex Tests: Anti thyroid Antibodies, USG Thyroid , TSH receptor Antibody. Thyroglobulin, Calcitonin

#### Limitations:

- 1. Samples should not be taken from patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (i.e. >5 mg/day) until atleast 8 hours following the last biotin administration.
- 2. Patient samples may contain heterophilic antibodies that could react in immunoassays to give falsely elevated or depressed results. this assay is designed to minimize interference from heterophilic antibodies.

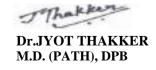
#### Reference:

- 1.O.koulouri et al. / Best Practice and Research clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism 27(2013)
- 2.Interpretation of the thyroid function tests, Dayan et al. THE LANCET . Vol 357
- 3. Tietz , Text Book of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Biology -5th Edition
- 4.Biological Variation:From principles to Practice-Callum G Fraser (AACC Press)

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West
\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*







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