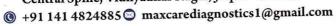




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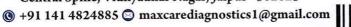




General Physical Examination

Date of Examination: 23/03/2024	
Name: Suresh Kumar Maan Age	: 48 DOB: 03/05/1975 Sex: Mule
Referred By: Bonk of Board	*
Photo ID: Adhar Cord ID#: 9390	
Ht: <u>177</u> (cm)	Wt: <u>65</u> (Kg)
Chest (Expiration): <u>92</u> (cm)	Abdomen Circumference:(cm)
Blood Pressure: 126/80 mm Hg PR: 79 / mi	n RR: 18 / min Temp: Aferbale
вмі 20.7	
Eye Examination: $2/E$, $6/6$, $4/E$	N/6, NCR
4/8 6/6	N/6 NeB
Other:	
On examination he/she appears physically and mental	ly fit: Yes / No
Signature Of Examine :	Name of Examinee: Suresh Kumus Magn
Signature Medical Examiner: YUSIV GOYAL MBBS, DMRD (Vadiologist) RMC No037041	Name Medical Examiner Piyush hoya

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NAME :- Mr. SURESH KUMAR MAAN

Age :-

Sex :-

48 Yrs 10 Mon 21 Days

Patient ID: -12234951

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:06:09

Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 24/03/2024 10:59:20

HAEMOGARAM

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE	40 MALE		
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	15.0	g/dL	13.0 - 17.0
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	5.60	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHIL	55.0	%	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	37.0	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL	3.0	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	5.0	%	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL	0.0	%	0.0 - 2.0
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	4.46 L	x10^6/uL	4.50 - 5.50
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	46.00	%	40.00 - 50.00
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	103.0 H	fL	83.0 - 101.0
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	33.6 H	pg	27.0 - 32.0
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	32.6	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
PLATELET COUNT	203	x10^3/uL	150 - 410
RDW-CV	13.6	%	11.6 - 14.0

Technologist ge No: 1 of 16

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HAEMATOLOGY

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

mm in 1st hr

00 - 15

The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR or sed rate) is a relatively simple, inexpensive, non-specific test that has been used for many years to help detect inflammation associated with conditions such as infections, cancers, and autoimmune diseases.ESR is said to be a non-specific test because an elevated result often indicates the presence of inflammation but does not tell the health practitioner exactly where the inflammation is in the body or what is causing it. An ESR can be affected by other conditions besides inflammation. For this reason, the ESR is typically used in conjunction with other tests, such as C-reactive protein. ESR is used to help diagnose certain specific inflammatory diseases, including temporal arteritis, systemic vasculitis and polymyalgia rheumatica. (For more on these, read the article on Vasculitis.) A significantly elevated ESR is one of the main test results used to support the diagnosis. This test may also be used to monitor disease activity and response to therapy in both of the above diseases as well as



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Age :-

48 Yrs 10 Mon 21 Days

Sex :-

Patient ID :-12234951

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:06:09

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Company :-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

(CBC): Methodology: TLC,DLC Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method,TRBC,PCV,PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance. and MCH,MCV,MCHC,MENTZER INDEX are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L,Japan



MGR Page No: 3 of 16



Sex :-

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NAME :- Mr. SURESH KUMAR MAAN

Patient ID :-12234951

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:06:09

48 Yrs 10 Mon 21 Days Age :-Male

Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA

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Company :-

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BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma) Methord:- GOD POD	98.3	mg/dl	70.0 - 115.0
Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)		111 - 125 mg/dL	
Diabetes Mellitus (DM)		> 126 mg/dL	

Instrument Name: HORIBA CA60 Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic

hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels(hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin

therapy or various liver diseases.

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma) Methord:- GOD PAP

103.6

mg/dl

70.0 - 140.0

Instrument Name: HORIBA Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels(hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

Technologist ge No: 4 of 16



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NAME :- Mr. SURESH KUMAR MAAN

Age :-48 Yrs 10 Mon 21 Days

Sex :-Male Patient ID: -12234951

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:06:09

Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA

Lab/Hosp :-

Company:-

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HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C) Methord:- CAPILLARY with EDTA	5.7	mg%	Non-Diabetic < 6.0 Good Control 6.0-7.0 Weak Control 7.0-8.0 Poor control > 8.0
MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE	112	mg/dL	68 - 125

INTERPRETATION

AS PER AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION (ADA) Reference Group HbA1c in % Non diabetic adults >=18 years < 5.7 At risk (Prediabetes) 5.7 - 6.4

Diagnosing Diabetes >= 6.5

CLINICAL NOTES

In vitro quantitative determination of HbA1c in whole blood is utilized in long term monitoring of glycemia. The HbA1c level correlates with the mean glucose concentration prevailing in the course of the patient's recent history (approx - 6-8 weeks) and therefore provides much more reliable information for glycemia monitoring than do determinations of blood glucose or urinary glucose. It is recommended that the determination of HbA1c be performed at intervals of 4-6 weeks during Diabetes Mellitus therapy. Results of HbA1c should be assessed in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical experiences and other findings. Some of the factors that influence HbA1c and its measurement [Adapted from Gallagher et al]

- 1. Erythropoiesis
- Increased HbA1c: iron, vitamin B12 deficiency, decreased erythropoiesis.
 Decreased HbA1c: administration of erythropoietin, iron, vitamin B12, reticulocytosis, chronic liver disease.
- 2. Altered Haemoglobin-Genetic or chemical alterations in hemoglobin; hemoglobinopathies, HbF, methemoglobin, may increase or decrease HbA1c.
- 3. Glycation
- Increased HbA1c: alcoholism, chronic renal failure, decreased intraerythrocytic pH
 Decreased HbA1c: certain hemoglobinopathies, increased intra-erythrocyte pH
- .4. Erythrocyte destruction
- Increased HbA1c: increased erythrocyte life span: Splenectomy
- Decreased A1c: decreased RBC life span: hemoglobinopathies, splenomegaly, rheumatoid arthritis or drugs such as antiretrovirals, ribavirin & dapsone
- 5. Others
- Increased HbA1c: hyperbilirubinemia, carbamylated hemoglobin, alcoholism, large doses of aspirin, chronic opiate use,chronic renal failure

- Decreased HbA1c: hypertriglyceridemia reticulocytosis, chronic liver disease, aspirin, vitamin C and E, splenomegaly, rheumatoid arthritis or drugs

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Male

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HAEMATOLOGY

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methord:- Haemagglutination reaction

"A" POSITIVE



Technologist MGR Page No: 6 of 16



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NAME :- Mr. SURESH KUMAR MAAN

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Sex :-Male Patient ID: -12234951

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Lab/Hosp:-

Company:-

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BIOCHEMISTRY			
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIPID PROFILE	171.00		Desirable <200
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Methord:- CHOD-PAP methodology	171.00	mg/dl	Borderline 200-239 High> 240
InstrumentName:MISPA PLUS Interpretat	ion: Cholesterol measurements	s are used in the diagnosis a	nd treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism
disorders.			

InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction.

DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL

Methord:- Direct clearance Method

45.25

mg/dl

MALE- 30-70 FEMALE - 30-85

Instrument Name: Rx Daytona plus Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

LDL CHOLESTEROL Methord:- Calculated Method	107.42 mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190
VLDL CHOLESTEROL Methord:- Calculated	22.00 mg/dl	0.00 - 80.00
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATI Methord:- Calculated	IO 3.78	0.00 - 4.90
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Methord:- Calculated	2.37	0.00 - 3.50
TOTAL LIPID	515.61 mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological& analytical variations. Three serialsamples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL& LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NCEP guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is

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NAME :- Mr. SURESH KUMAR MAAN

Age :- 48 Yrs 10 Mon 21 Days

Sex :- Male

Patient ID :-12234951

Date :- 23/03/2024

-09:06:09

Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA

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BIOCHEMISTRY

recommended

3. Low HDL levels are associated with Coronary Heart Disease due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.



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Sex :- Male

Patient ID: -12234951

Date :- 23/03/2024

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BIOCHEMISTRY

LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT			
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Methord:- DMSO/Diazo	0.78	mg/dL	Infants : 0.2-8.0 mg/dL Adult - Up to - 1.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Methord:- DMSO/Diazo	0.21	mg/dL	Up to 0.40 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Methord:- Calculated	0.57	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Methord:- IFCC	18.6	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGPT Methord:- IFCC	23.6	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Methord:- DGKC - SCE	102.30	U/L	80.00 - 306.00

InstrumentName: MISPA PLUS Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobilary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease.

U/L

SERUM GAMMA GT

Methord:- Szasz methodology Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola

Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and

metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or posthepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal) are observed with infectious hepatitis,

SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Methord:- Direct Biuret Reagent	6.45	g/dl	6.00 - 8.40
SERUM ALBUMIN Methord:- Bromocresol Green	4.00	g/dl	3.50 - 5.50
SERUM GLOBULIN Methord:- CALCULATION	2.45	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.63		1.30 - 2.50

26.50

Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

Note: These are group of tests that can be used to detect the presence of liver disease, distinguish among different types of liver disorders, gauge the extent of known liver damage, and monitor the response to treatment. Most liver diseases cause only mild symptoms initially, but these diseases must be detected early. Some tests are associated with functionality (e.g., albumin), some with cellular integrity (e.g., transaminase), and some with conditions linked to the biliary tract (gamma-glutamyl transferase and alkaline phosphatase). Conditions with elevated levels of ALT and AST include hepatitis A,B, C, paracetamol toxicity etc. Several biochemical tests are useful in the evaluation and management of patients with hepatic dysfunction. Some or all of these measurements are also carried out (usually about twice a year for routine cases) on those individuals taking certain medications, such as

Technologist MGR Page No: 9 of 16 DR.TANU RUNGTA MD (Pathology)

10.00 - 45.00

RMC No. 17226

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 Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023

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NAME :- Mr. SURESH KUMAR MAAN

48 Yrs 10 Mon 21 Days

Sex :- Male

Age :-

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BIOCHEMISTRY

RFT / KFT WITH ELECTROLYTES

SERUM UREA

33.60

mg/dl

10.00 - 50.00

InstrumentName: HORIBA CA 60 Interpretation: Urea measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain renal and metabolic

diseases.

SERUM CREATININE Methord:- Jaffe's Method 1.23

mg/dl

Males: 0.6-1.50 mg/dl Females: 0.6 -1.40 mg/dl

Interpretation:

Creatinine is measured primarily to assess kidney function and has certain advantages over the measurement of urea. The plasma level of creatinine is relatively independent of protein ingestion, water intake, rate of urine production and exercise. Depressed levels of plasma creatinine are rare and not clinically significant.

clinically significant. SERUM URIC ACID

5.22

mg/dl·

2.40 - 7.00

InstrumentName:HORIBA YUMIZEN CA60 Daytona plus Interpretation: Elevated Urate: High purine diet, Alcohol• Renal insufficiency, Drugs, Polycythaemia vera, Malignancies, Hypothyroidism, Rare enzyme defects, Downs syndrome, Metabolic syndrome, Pregnancy, Gout.

SODIUM Methord:- ISE	134.5 └	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM Methord:- ISE	4.48	mṃol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE Methord:- ISE	97.0	mmol/L	94.0 - 110.0
SERUM CALCIUM	9.32	mg/dL	8.80 - 10.20

InstrumentName:MISPA PLUS **Interpretation**: Serum calcium levels are believed to be controlled by parathyroid hormone and vitamin D. Increases in serum PTH or vitamin D are usually associated with hypercalcemia .Hypocalcemia may be observed in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis and pancreatitis.

SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Methord:- Direct Biuret Reagent	6.45	g/dl	6.00 - 8.40
SERUM ALBUMIN Methord:- Bromocresol Green	4.00	g/dl	3.50 - 5.50
SERUM GLOBULIN Methord:- CALCULATION	2.45	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.63		1.30 - 2.50

Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of discount in the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

Technologist MGR Page No: 10 of 16 DR.TANU RUNGTA MD (Pathology)

RMC No. 17226



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INTERPRETATION

Kidney function tests are group of tests that can be used to evaluate how well the kidneys are functioning. Creatinine is a waste product that comes from protein in the dieFand also comes from the normal wear and tear of muscles of the body. In blood, it is a marker of GFR in urine, it can remove the need for 24-hourcollections for many analytes or be used as a quality assurance tool to assess the accuracy of a 24-hour collection Higher levels may be a sign that the kidneys are not working properly. As kidney disease progresses, the level of creatinine and urea in the bloodincreases. Certain drugs are nephrotoxic hence KFT is done before and after initiation of treatment with these drugs

Low serum creatinine values are rare, they almost always reflect low muscle mass

Apart from renal failure Blood Urea can increase in dehydration and GI bleed



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Male

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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

URINE SUGAR (FASTING)
Collected Sample Received

Nil

Nil



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IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval

PSA (PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN) -TOTAL

1.065

ng/mL

0.00-4.00

CLINICAL NOTES:- Prostate-specific antigen (PSA)is a 34-kD glycoprotein produced almost exclusively by the prostate gland.

PSA is normally present in the blood at very low levels. Increased levels of PSA may suggest the presence of prostate cancer.

1.Immediate PSA testing following digital rectal examination, ejaculation, prostatic massage, indwelling catheterization, ultrasonography and needle biopsy of prostate is not recommended as they falsely elevate levels

2. PSA values regardless of levels should not be interpreted as absolute evidence of the presence or absence of disease. All values should be findings and other investigations

3. Physiological decrease in PSA level by 18% has been observed in sedentary patients either due to supine position or suspended sexual activity

- · An aid in the early detection of Prostate cancer when used in conjunction with Digital rectal examination in males more than 50 years of age and in those with two or more affected first degree relatives.
- · Follow up and management of Prostate cancer patients
- · Detect metastatic or persistent disease in patients following surgical or medical treatment of Prostate cancer

PSA levels can be also increased by prostatitis, irritation, benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH), and recent ejaculation, producing a false positive result. Digital rectal examination (DRE) has been shown in several studies to produce an increase in PSA. However, the effect is clinically insignificant, since DRE causes the most substantial increases in patients with PSA levels already elevated over 4.0 ng/mL.

Obesity has been reported to reduce serum PSA levels. Delayed early detection may partially explain worse outcomes in obese men with early prostate cancer. Aftertreatment, higher BMI also correlates to higher risk of recurrence.

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DR.TANU RUNGTA MD (Pathology) RMC No. 17226

This Report Is Not Valid For Medico Legal Purpose



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IMMUNOASSAY

TOTAL THYROID PROFILE

THYROID-TRIIODOTHYRONINE T3

0.95

ng/mL

0.70 - 2.04

THYROID - THYROXINE (T4)

8 87

ug/dl

5.10 - 14.10

Methord:- ECLIA

Methord:- ECLIA

TSH Methord:- ECLIA

2.664

μIU/mL

0.350 - 5.500

4th Generation Assay, Reference ranges vary between laboratories

PREGNANCY - REFERENCE RANGE for TSH IN ulU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)

1st Trimester: 0.10-2.50 uIU/mL 2nd Trimester: 0.20-3.00 uIU/mL 3rd Trimester: 0.30-3.00 uIU/mL

The production, circulation, and disintegration of thyroid hormones are altered throughout the stages of pregnancy.

NOTE-TSH levels are subject to circardian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 AM and min between 6-10 PM. The variation is the order of 50% hence time of the day has influence on the measures serum TSH concentration. Dose and time of drug intake also influence the test result.

INTERPRETATION

1.Primary hyperthyroidism is accompanied by †serum T3 & T4 values along with ↓ TSH level.

2.Primary hypothyroidism is accompanied by ↓ serum T3 and T4 values & ↑serum TSH levels

3.Normal T4 levels accompanied by ↑ T3 levels and low TSH are seen in patients with T3 Thyrotoxicosis

4.Normal or ↓ T3 & ↑T4 levels indicate T4 Thyrotoxicosis (problem is conversion of T4 to T3)

5.Normal T3 & T4 along with \(\tau \) TSH indicate mild / Subclinical Hyperthyroidism

. COMMENTS: Assay results should be interpreted in context to the clinical condition and associated results of other investigations. Previous treatment with corticosteroid therapy may result in lower TSH levels while thyroid hormone levels are normal. Results are invalidated if the client has undergone a radionuclide scan within 7-14 days before the test.

Disclaimer-TSH is an important marker for the diagnosis of thyroid dysfunction. Recent studies have shown that the TSH distribution progressively shifts to a higher concentration with age ,and it is debatable whether this is due to a real change with age or an increasing proportion of unrecognized thyroid disease in the elderly

. Reference ranges are from Teitz fundamental of clinical chemistry 8th ed (2018

Test performed by Instrument: Beckman coulter Dxi 800

Note: The result obtained relate only to the sample given/ received & tested. A single test result is not always indicative of a disease, it has to be correlated with clinical data for interpretation.

*** End of Report ***

echnologist e No: 16 of 16 MD (Pathology) RMC No. 17226



 B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023

⊕ +91 141 4824885
⊕ maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com





NAME :- Mr. SURESH KUMAR MAAN

Age :-48 Yrs 10 Mon 21 Days

Sex :-

Patient ID :-12234951

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:06:09

Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA

Lab/Hosp:-

Company:-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 24/03/2024 10:59:20

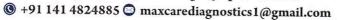
CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
Urine Routine			•
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
COLOUR	PALE YELI	LOW	PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
REACTION(PH)	6.5		5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.025	CANAL CONTRACTOR	1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN	NIL		NIL
SUGAR	NIL		NIL
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE	E	NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL		NORMAL
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF · ·	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT	The state of the s	ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		

Technologist MGR Page No: 12 of 16



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MR. SURESH KUMAR MAAN	48 Y/M
Registration Date: 23/03/2024	Ref. by: BANK OF BARODA

CHEST-X RAY (PA VIEW)

Bilateral lung fields appear clear.

Bilateral costo-phrenic angles appear clear.

Cardiothoracic ratio is normal.

Thoracic soft tissue and skeletal system appear unremarkable.

Soft tissue shadows appear normal.

Degenerative changes are seen in visualized bones and spine.

IMPRESSION: No significant abnormality is detected.

Shallni

DR.SHALINI GOEL
M.B.B.S, D.N.B (Radiodiagnosis)

RMC no.: 21954







(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

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MR. SURESH KUMAR MAAN	48 Y/M
Registration Date: 23/03/2024	Ref. by: BANK OF BARODA

ULTRASOUND OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver is of normal size (12.0 cm). Echo-texture is normal. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intrahepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is partially distended. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape (9.4 cm). Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. Collecting system does not show any calculus or dilatation.

Right kidney is measuring approx. 10.0 x 4.1 cm.

Left kidney is measuring approx. 11.4 x 5.2 cm.

Urinary bladder is well distended and does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Prostate is normal in size with normal echotexture and outline.

No enlarged nodes are visualized. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified. No significant free fluid is seen in pelvis.

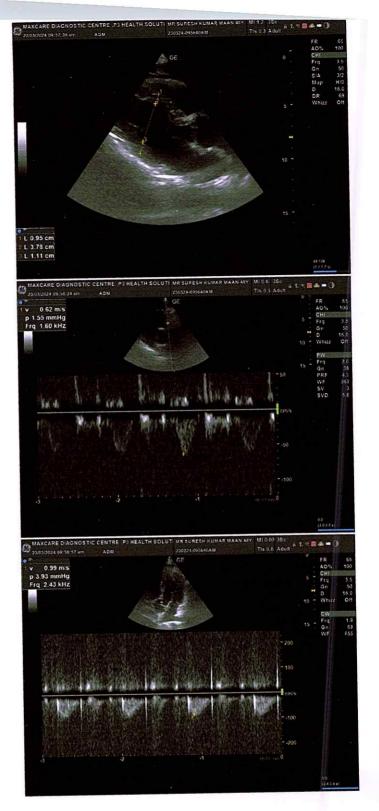
IMPRESSION:- No significant abnormality is detected.

Shallni

DR.SHALINI GOEL
M.B.B.S, D.N.B (Radiodiagnosis)
RMC no.: 21954

This Report Is Not Valid For Medico Legal Purpose







(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

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NORMAL



MR.SURESH KUMAR MAAN	48 Y/M			
Registration Date:23/03/2024	Ref. by: BANK OF BARODA			

TRICUSPID VALVE

2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY:

FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARIDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY:

WITTAL VALVE		1401	NOMINAL			TRICOSPID VALVE			NORMAL	
AORTIC VALVE			NORMAL			PULMONARY VALVE			NORMAL	
				M.MOD	E EXAMITA	TION:				
AO	3.0	Cm	LA		3.1	cm	IVS-D	0.9	cm	
IVS-S	1.2	cm	LVID		3.8	cm	LVSD	2.9	cm	
LVPW-D	1.1	cm	LVPW-S		1.3	cm	RV		cm	
RVWT		cm	ED	V		MI	LVVS		ml	
LVEF	55-60%	ó			RWM	RWMA ABSEN				
				Cl	HAMBERS:					
LA	NOR	MAL		RA			NORMAL			
LV NORMAL			RV			NORMAL				
PERICARDIUM				NORMAL		-88				
			49	COLO	UR DOPPLE	R:				
		MITRAL	VALVE			2				
E VELOCITY	VELOCITY 0.73 m/se		m/se	c PEAK	PEAK GRADIENT			Mm/hg		
A VELOCITY 0.59 m/se		ec MEAN GRADIENT				Mm/hg				
MVA BY PHT		Cm2	Cm2 MVA BY PLANIMETRY				Cm2			
MITRAL REGUR	RGITATION			65326		ABSENT				
		AORTIC	VALVE		(A	NESSE M				
PEAK VELOCITY 0.99		1	m/sec Pi		RADIENT		mm/hg			
AR VMAX		198		n/sec MEAN GRADIENT			mm/hg			
AORTIC REGURGITATION				ABSENT						
		TRICUSPI	D VAL	/E	P An		6			
PEAK VELOCITY		W.	m/sec PEAK GRADII		RADIENT	DIENT		mm/hg		
MEAN VELOCITY		TO THE	m/sec	MEAN	GRADIENT		mm/hg			
VMax VELOCIT	Υ		V		it in the second					
				William.						
TRICUSPID REG	URGITATIO	N		-0.	MILD					
		PULMO	NARY \	/ALVE						
PEAK VELOCITY 0.62		0.62		M/sec. PEAK GRADIE		NT		Mm/hg		
MEAN VALOCITY					MEAN GRADIENT			Mm/hg		
PULMONARY F	REGURGITA	TION				ABSENT				

Impression-

MITRAL VALVE

- NORMAL LV SIZE & CONTRACTILITY.
- NO RWMA, LVEF 55-60%.
- MILD TR/ PAH (RVSP 24 MMHG+ RAP).
- NORMAL DIASTOLIC FUNCTION.
- NO CLOT, NO VEGETATION, NO PERICARDIAL EFFUSION.

DI WOTI AGARWAL

O Cardiologist)

M.B.B. RMC NO. 127255

NORMAL

יems (א) בזם P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP B-14, Vidhyadhar nahar , Jaipur Ref.: BANK OF BARODA 128541925461259/Mr Suresh Kumar Maan 48Yrs-11Months/Male P-QRS-T axis: 44 - - 4 - 34 (Deg) Comments: Vent Rate: 68 bpm; PR Interval: 162 ms; QRS Duration: FINDINGS: Normal Sinus Rhythm avR Test Date: 23-Mar-2024(2:45:12 P) Notch: 50Hz 0.05Hz - 35Hz 12 98 ms; QT/QTc Int: 358/382 ms Kgs/31 Cms 10mm/mV BP: ___ 25mm/Sec mmHg HR: 68 apm 8 QT/QTc: 358/382ms P-QRS-T Axis: 44 - -4 - 34 (Deg) PR Interval: 162 ms QRS Duration: 98 ms そさて D.E.M. (RCGP-UK) Dr. Naresh Kumar Mohanka RMC No.: 35703