

4, Vyankatesh Nagar, Jaina Road, Aurangabad. Ph. : (0240) 2333851, 2334868. Age: 847ELIM 1800 Blood Pressure: LARDA CENTER FORDINGETES & SELF CARE 2 (3 0 CENTRE FOR DIABETES & SELFCARE Phone No.2333687, 2324568 ORS. Complex: ., Vyankateshnaga, Jalna ST Segment: OT Interval: PR Interval: T. Wave . Name: PAR SUNTL KALE Height (Cms): 61/m 6 B a 0 CLINICAL SUMMARY: 833 24 Date: Recommendation: ECG FINDINGS: Mechanism: SARDA P. Wave: Rhythm: Weight: Rate: Axis:

Dr. Amey Jaju MBBS, DNB Radiology Fellowship in MSK Imaging



• DIGITAL X-RAY • 3D/4D/5D SONOGRAPHY • COLOUR DOPPLER

Regd. No.: 2019/05/3879 Patient Name: SUNIL KALE Date: 23/03/2024 Patient Id: 5543 Age/Sex: 34 Years / MALE Ref Phy: DR. SARDA Address:

ULTRASONOGRAPHY OF ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

LIVER: The liver is normal in size It measures 14.6 cm, shape, position, echogenicity and echotexture. Normal respiratory movements are seen. No focal solid or cystic mass lesion is noted.

BILIARY SYSTEM: Gall bladder shows normal physiological distention. No mural mass or calculus is noted. There is no evidence of pericholecystic fluid.CBD and intra hepatic biliary radicles show normal caliber.

PANCREAS: The pancreas is normal in size, shape, and echogenicity and echo texture. No solid or cystic mass lesion is noted. Pancreatic duct is not dilated.

SPLEEN: The spleen is normal in size It measures 10.2 cm, shape, position, echogenicity and echotexture. No focal mass lesion is noted.

KIDNEYS: Right kidney measures 9.9 x 5.0 cm. Left kidney measures 11.3 x 5.1 cm. Both kidneys are normal in size, shape, position, echogenicity and echotexture. Normal corticomedullary differentiation is noted. No focal solid or cystic mass lesion or any calculus is seen. Pelvicalyceal systems on both sides are normal.

URINARY BLADDER: The urinary bladder shows physiological distention. It shows normal wall thickness. No calculus or mass lesion is seen.

PROSTATE: The prostate is normal in shape, position, echogenicity and echotexture. The prostate measure 2.9 x 3.1 x 2.9 cm (volume = 13.6 gm). There is no focal solid or cystic mass lesion in it.

SEMINAL VESICALS: Both seminal vesicles are normal in size, shape, echogenicity and echotexture.

OTHERS: There is no free or loculated fluid collection in abdomen or pelvis. No significant lymphadenopathy is noted.

CONCLUSION:

SONOGRAPHY OF ABDOMEN & PELVIS IS NORMAL.

DR.AMEY JAJU, MBBS, DNB (RADIOLOGY)

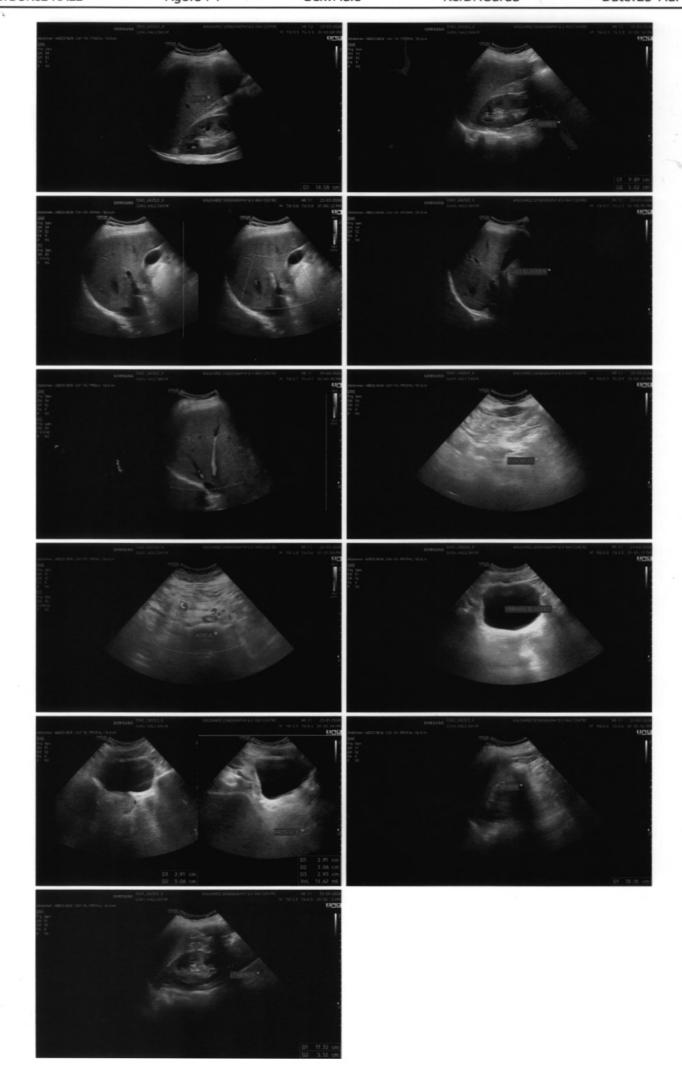
Fellowin MSK imaging

CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST



MINUSINEL SUNCTION A A IVIT CENTINE

Name:SUNIL KALE Age:34 Y Sex:Male RefDr:Sarda Date:23-Mar-2024



Dr. Amey Jaju MBBS, DNB Radiology Fellowship in MSK Imaging



◆ DIGITAL X-RAY
 ◆ 3D/4D/5D SONOGRAPHY
 ◆ COLOUR DOPPLER

Regd. No.: 2019/05/3879 Patient Name: SUNIL KALE

Patient Id: 5542

Ref Phy: DR. SARDA

Date: 23/03/2024

Age/Sex: 34 Years / MALE

Address:

RADIOGRAPH OF CHEST PA VIEW

Findings:

Both the lung fields are clear.

The broncho vascular markings are appears normal.

The hilar shadows are appears normal.

Both Cardiophrenic and Costophrenic angles are clear.

The Cardiac silhoutte is within normal limits.

Aortic shadow is normal.

Both domes of diaphragms are normal.

The visualised bony thorax is normal.

Impression:

No significant abnormality noted in X-ray chest.





DR AMEY S. JAJU, MBBS, DNB RADIOLOGY Fellow in MSK imaging

ANUSHREE SONOGRAPHY & X-RAY CENTRE

Name:Sunil Kale Age:34 Y Sex:Male RefDr:Dr. Sarda Date:23-Mar-2024



Name: Mr.Sunil Kale

Date:23/03/2024

Age/Sex :34Yrs/Male

Ref.By: Dr.Sarda Sir

STRESS TEST REPORT

- Protocol Bruce.
- Exercise Time- 9.02 Min.
- Baseline Heart Rate and Blood Pressure 69bpm, BP-132/83mm of Hg.
- Mets- 10.20.
- ST-T Segment Changes No Significant ST-T Changes.
- Angina- None.
- Arrhythmias- None.
- Other Symptoms None.
- Maximal Heart Rate and Blood Pressure 155 bpm, BP 182/83mm of Hg.
- Predicted Maximal Heart Rate Achieved 83%.
- Reason For Termination Target Heart rate achieved.

CONCLUSION: Stress Test Negative for Exercise Induced Ischemia.

DR.DEORAO THENGE M.D.D.N.B.(CARDIOLOGY)

> MD, DNB (Cardiology) Reg. No. 2001/02/491

Name: sunil kale Date: 23-03-2024 Time: 14:30

Age: 34 Gender: M Height: 180 cms Weight: 87 Kg ID: 158

Clinical History:

Medications:

Test Details:

Protocol: Bruce Predicted Max HR: 186 Target HR: 158 (85% of Pr. MHR)

Exercise Time: 0:09:02 Achieved Max HR: 155 (83% of Pr. MHR)

Max BP: 182/83 Max BP x HR: 28210 Max Mets: 10.2

Test Termination Criteria:

Protocol Details:

Stage Name	Stage Time	METS	Speed kmph	Grade %	Heart Rate	BP mmHg	RPP	Max ST Level	Max ST Slope mV/s
Supine	00:11	1	0	0	69	132/83	9108	1.1 V3	0.8 V3
Standing	00:40	1	0	0	63	132/83	8316	1.1 V3	0.7 V3
PreTest	00:13	1	1.6	0	66	132/83	8712	1 V3	0.7 V3
Stage: 1	03:00	4.7	2.7	10	98	142/83	13916	1.2 V3	1.2 V3
Stage: 2	03:00	7	4	12	128	152/83	19456	1 V3	1.7 V3
Stage: 3	03:00	10.1	5.5	14	155	162/83	25110	1.6 V3	2.9 V3
Peak Exercise	00:02	10.2	6.8	16	155	162/83	25110	1.8 V3	3.4 V3
Recoveryl	01:00	1	0	0	112	162/83	18144	3.4 V3	4.2 V3
Recovery2	01:00	1	0	0	86	172/83	14792	1.7 V3	1.6 V3
Recovery3	01:00	1	0	0	64	172/83	11008	0.6 V3	0.6 V3
Recovery4	01:00	i i	0	0	73	182/83	13286	0.5 V3	0.6 V3
Recovery5	00:07	1	0	0	66	182/83	12012	1.2 V3	0.7 V3

Interpretation

The Patient Exercised according to Bruce Protocol for 0:09:02 achieving a work level of 10.2 METS.

Resting Heart Rate, initially 69 bpm rose to a max. heart rate of 155bpm (83% of Predicted Maximum Heart Rate).

Resting Blood Pressure of 132/83 mmHg, rose to a maximum Blood Pressure of 182/83 mmHg

NEGATIVE STRESS TEST SUGGESTIVE OF ISCHEMIA.

Ref. Doctor: ----

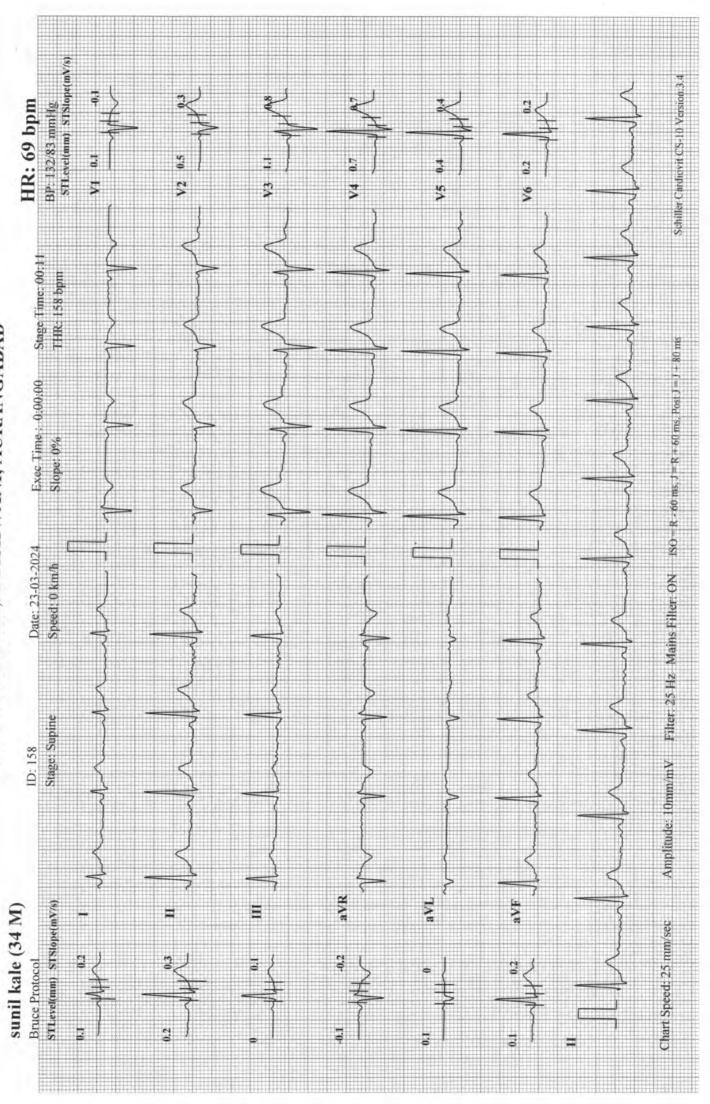
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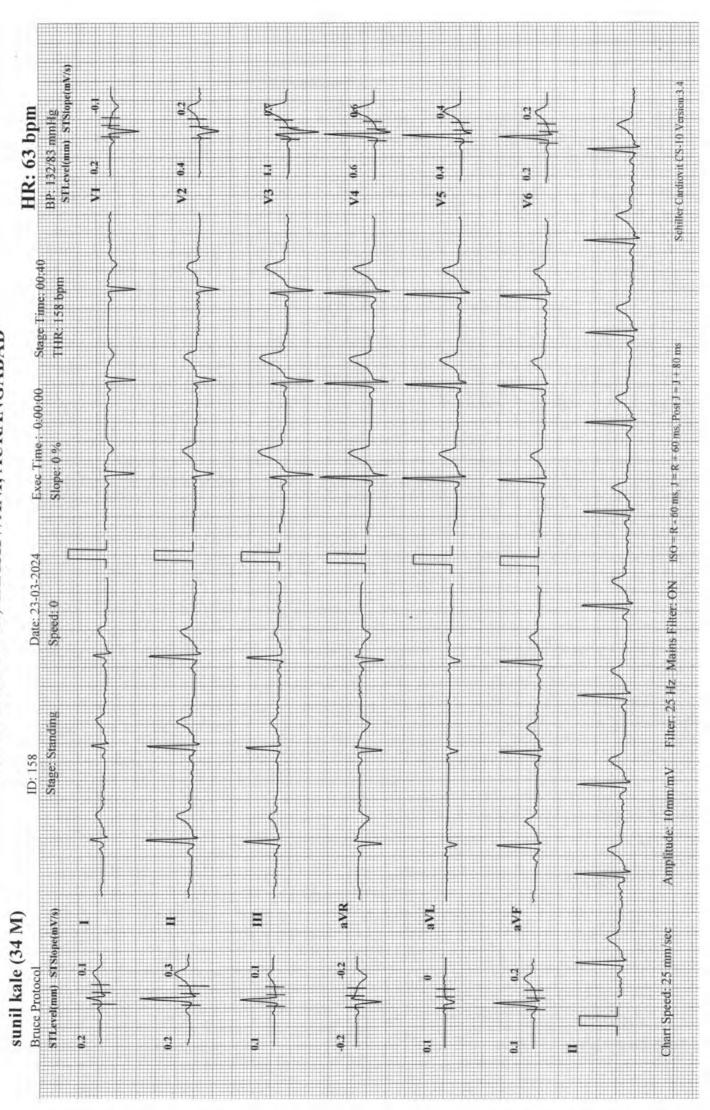
The Art of Diagnostics

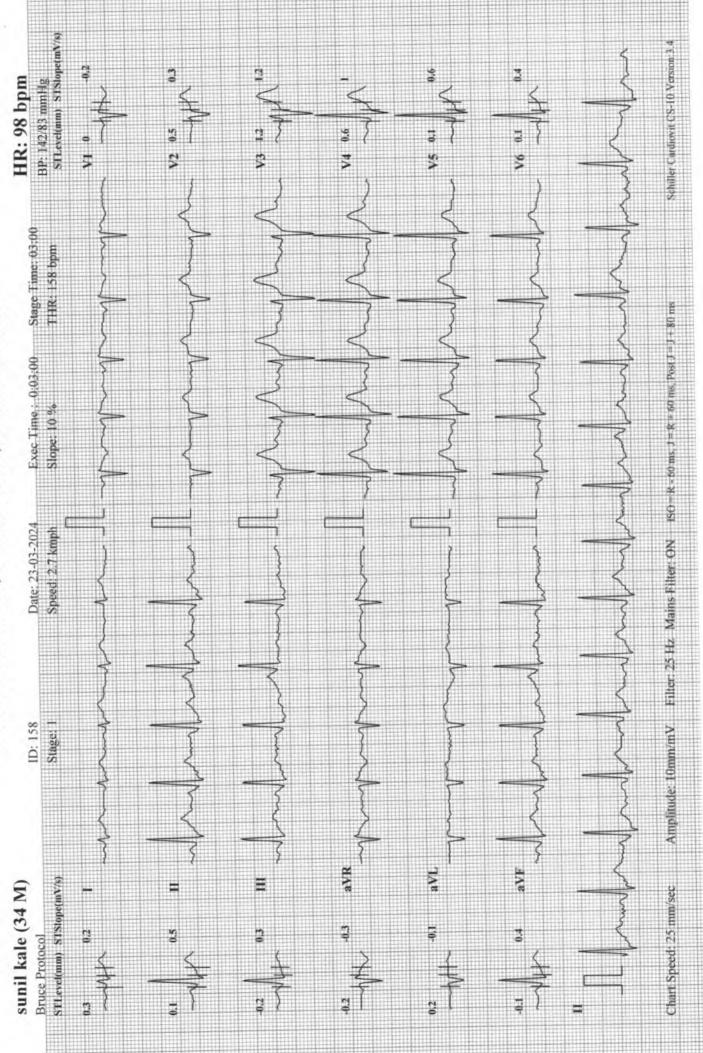
Doctor: DR.DEORAO THENGI

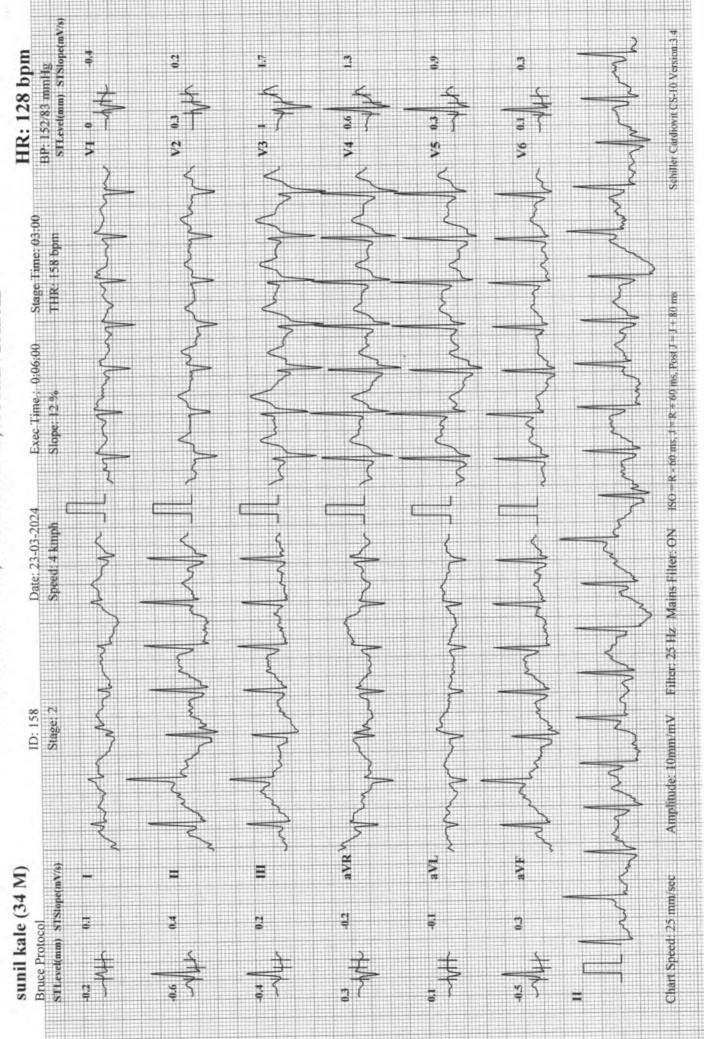
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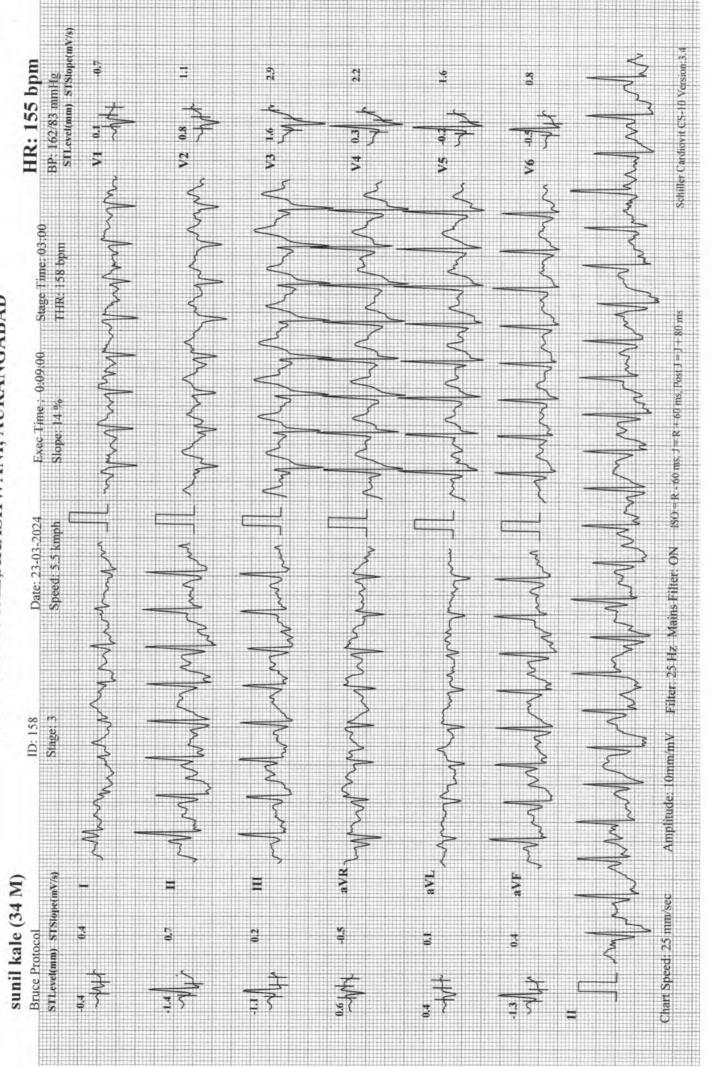
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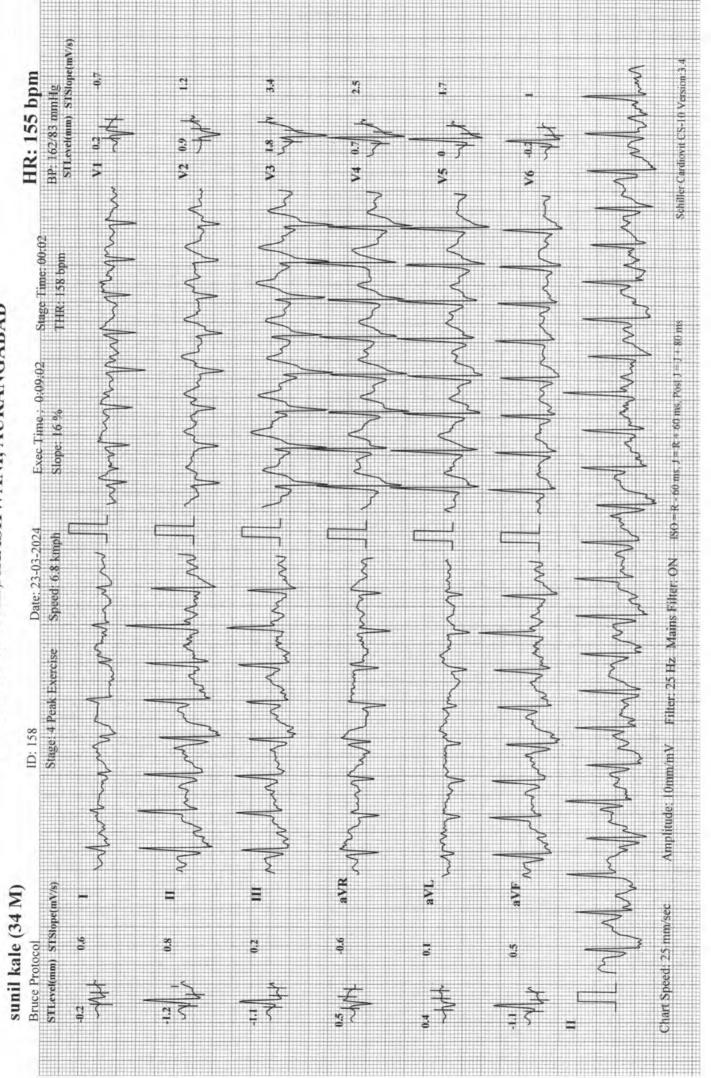


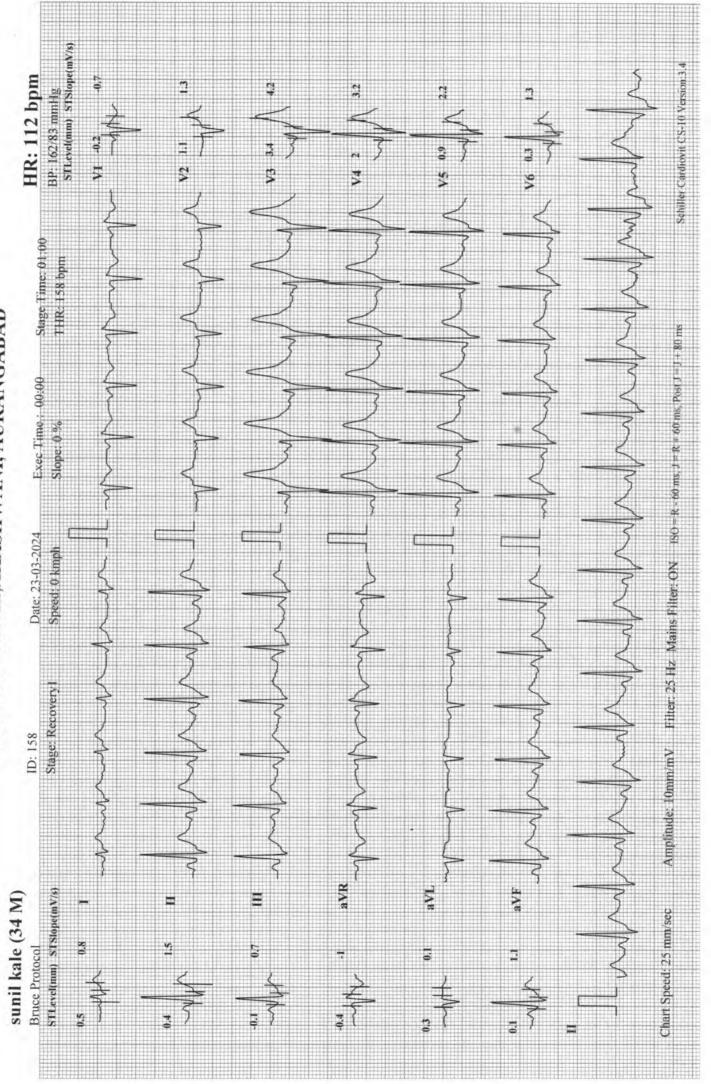


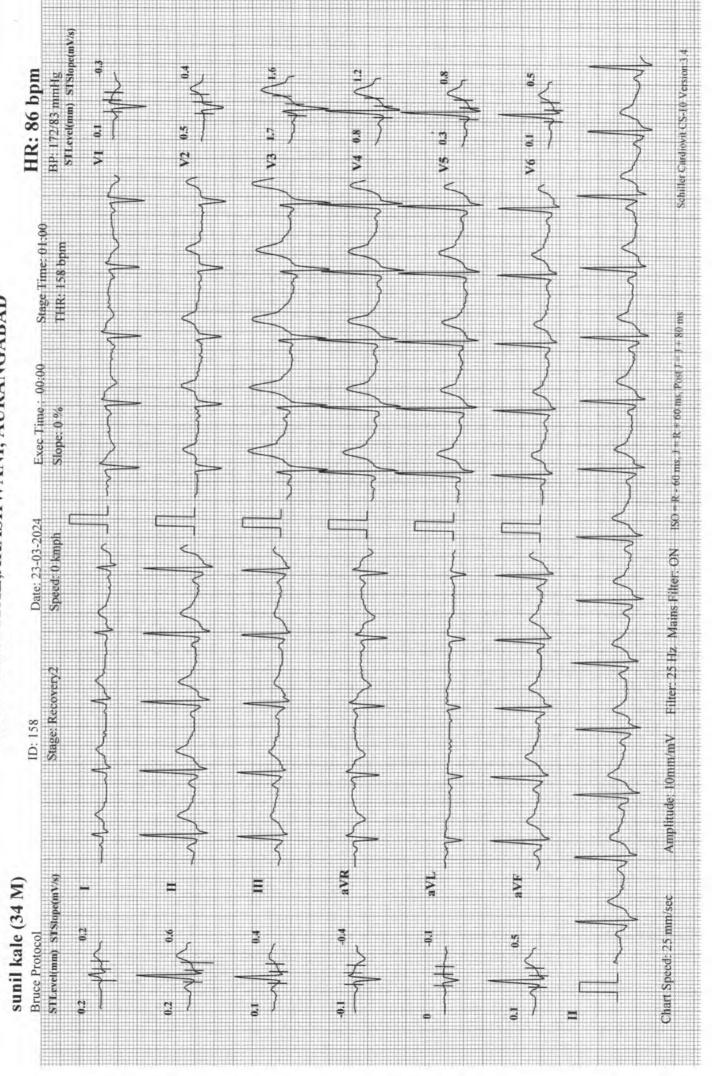


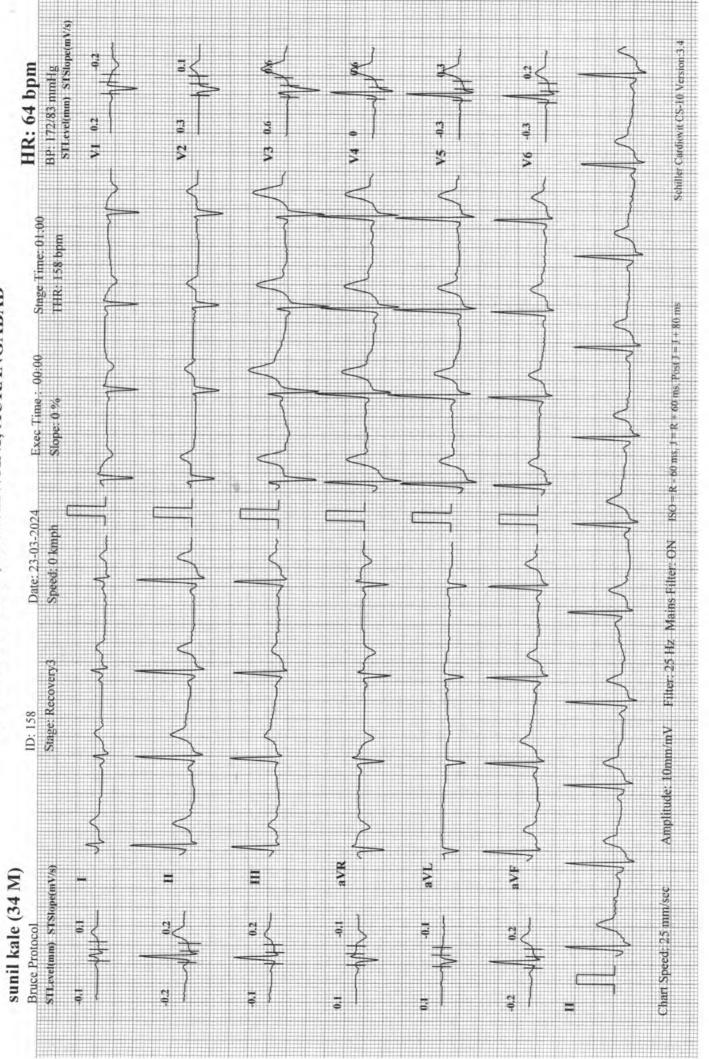


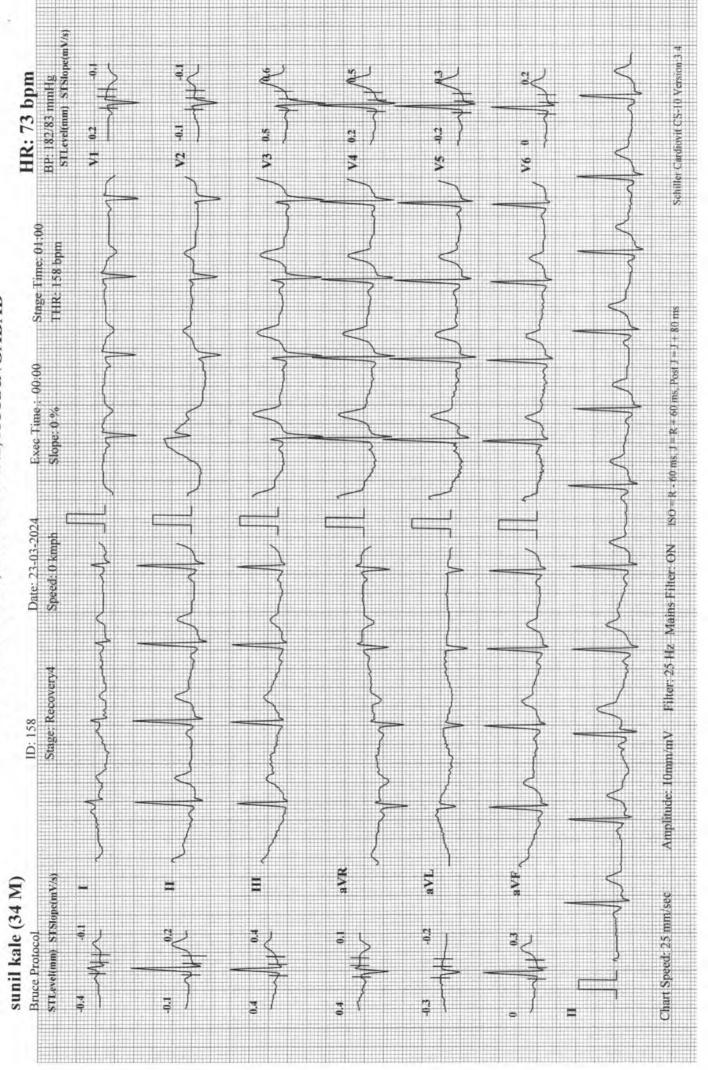












Date: 23 | 03 | 24 Sunil kale Age/Sex 34 M Name Address Kanchanwadi

OPHTHALMIC EXAMINATION REPORT

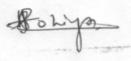
	Right Eye	<u>Left eye</u>
\Vision Distant	676	616
Vision Near	N6	N6
Anterior segment	NAD	NAD
Pupils	NSRTL	NSRTL
Lens	clear	clear
Tension	Normal	Normal
Fundus:-	DISC - WHL CID - 0.3	Disc-wall elD-0.3 FRT
Colour Vision	Normal	Normal

Impression:



(BE) within Normal Limits





SARDA

CENTRE FOR DIABETES & SELF CARE

mr. Sunit kall has undergen dentat cheek up No dentat ploblem.

Sarah° 23/3/24.

DP SONALI LOHIYA

Reg No A 6452 Tirupati Menalaga & Centra Chine Jaira Road Alderdays





Patient Name: MR SUNIL KALE

: Male

Ref. Dr. : MEDIWHEEL

Report Date : 26/03/2024



HAEMATOLOGY REPORT

Test Description Result Unit Biological Reference Range

BLOOD GROUP AND RH FACTOR

Blood Group

Age/Gender

'O'

Rh Factor

POSITIVE(+VE)

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Phone No.2333851, 2334858



Patient Name: MR SUNIL KALE

Age/Gender : Male

Report Date : 26/03/2024

Ref. Dr. : MEDIWHEEL



HBA1C/GLYCOCYLATED

HbA1c Glycosilated Haemoglobin

5.6

Method: HPLC, NGSP certified

Estimated Average Glucose :

114

mg/dL

%

As per American Diabetes Association (ADA)			
Reference Group	HbA1c in %		
Non diabetic adults >=18 years	<5.7		
At risk (Prediabetes)	5.7 - 6.4		
Diagnosing Diabetes	>= 6.5		
Therapeutic goals for glycemic control	Age > 19 years Goal of therapy: < 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0 Age < 19 years Goal of therapy: <7.5		

ADA criteria for correlation			
HbA1c(%)	Mean Plasma Glucose (mg/dL)		
6	126		
7	154		
8	183		
9	212		
10	240		
11	269		
12	298		

Note:1. Since HbA1c reflects long term fluctuations in the blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who is recently under good control may still have a high concentration of HbA1c. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled .

2. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targeting a goal of < 7.0 % may not be appropriate.

Comments:HbA1c provides an index of average blood glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemic control as compared to blood and urinary glucose determinations.

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Phone No. 2333851, 2334858



Patient Name: MR SUNIL KALE

SCD24/2843

Age/Gender

: Male

Ref. Dr. : MEDIWHEEL Report Date : 26/03/2024



BIOCHEMISTRY REPORT

Test Description	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Range
LIPID PROFILE	-		
Cholesterol-Total Method: CHOD/PAP	160	mg/dL	< 200 : Desirable 200-239 : Borderline risk > 240 : High risk
Triglycerides level Method: Lipase / Glycerol Kinase)	107	mg/dL	< 150 : Normal 150–199 : Borderline-High 200–499 : High > 500 : Very High
HDL Cholesterol Method: CHOD/PAP	40	mg/dL	< 40 : Low 40 - 60 : Optimal > 60 : Desirable
LDL Cholesterol Method: Homogeneous enzymatic end point assay	98.60	mg/dL	< 100 : Normal 100 - 129 : Desirable 130 – 159 : Borderline-High 160 – 189 : High > 190 : Very High
VLDL Cholesterol Method: Calculation	21.40	mg/dL	7 - 40
CHOL/HDL RATIO Method: Calculation	4.00	Ratio	3.5 - 5.0
LDL/HDL RATIO Method: Calculation	2.46	Ratio	0 - 3.5

ivietriou. Calculation			
Interpretation			
Lipid profile can measure the amount of Total cholesterol's and triglycerides in blood:			
Test	Comment		
Total cholesterol:	measures all the cholesterol in all the lipoprotein particles		
High-density lipoprotein cholesterol (HDL-C):	measures the cholesterol in HDL particles; often called "good cholesterol" because HDL-C takes up excess cholesterol and carries it to the liver for removal.		
Low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C):	measures the cholesterol in LDL particles; often called "bad cholesterol" because it deposits excess cholesterol in walls of blood vessels, which can contribute to atherosclerosis		
Triglycerides:	measures all the triglycerides in all the lipoprotein particles; most is in the very low-density lipoproteins (VLDL).		





Patient Name: MR SUNIL KALE

SCD24/2843

Age/Gender

Ref. Dr.

: Male

: MEDIWHEEL

Report Date

: 26/03/2024



BIOCHEMISTRY REPORT

Test Description	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Range		
BLOOD SUGAR FASTING & PP (BSI	- & PP)- INS				
BLOOD SUGAR FASTING Method: Hexokinase	88	mg/dl	70 - 110		
BLOOD SUGAR POST PRANDIAL Method: Hexokinase	100	mg/dl	70 - 140		
Method: Hexokinase ADA 2019 Guidelines for diagnosis of Diabetes Mellitus Fasting Plasma Glucose > 126 mg/dl Postprandial Blood Glucose > 200 mg/dl Random Blood Glucose > 200 mg/dl HbA1c Level > 6.5%					



Patient Name: MR SUNIL KALE

Age/Gender: N

Ref. Dr.

: Male

: MEDIWHEEL

Report Date

: 26/03/2024



BIOCHEMISTRY REPORT

Test Description	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Range
Serum Creatinine Method: Modified Jaffe's	0.8	mg/dL	0.70 - 1.40
URIC ACID	5.9	mg/dl	2.5 - 7.2

Uric Acid - Serum uric acid measurements are useful in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous renal and metabolic disorders, including renal failure, gout, leukemia, psoriasis, starvation or other wasting conditions, and in patients receiving cytotoxic drugs.



Patient Name: MR SUNIL KALE

Age/Gender

: Male

Ref. Dr.

: MEDIWHEEL

Report Date : 26/03/2024



LIVER FUNCTION TEST (LFT)

TOTAL BILIRUBIN	0.50	mg/dl	0.2 - 1.0
Method: Serum, Jendrassik Grof			
DIRECT BILIRUBIN	0.20	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3
Method: Serum, Diazotization			
INDIRECT BILIRUBIN	0.30	mg/dl	0.3 - 0.7
Method: Serum, Calculated			
SGPT (ALT)	18	U/L	15 - 40
Method: Serum, UV with P5P, IFCC 37 degree			
SGOT (AST)	19	U/L	15 - 40
Method: Serum, UV with P5P, IFCC 37 degree			
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	77	U/L	30 - 120
Method: DGKC			
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.0	g/dl	6.0 - 8.3
Method: Serum, Biuret, reagent blank end point			
SERUM ALBUMIN	4.5	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
Method: Serum, Bromocresol green			
SERUM GLOBULIN	2.50	g/dl	1.8 - 3.6
Method: Serum, Calculated			
A/G RATIO	1.80		1.2 - 2.2
Method: Serum, Calculated			
Gamma Glutamyl Transferase-Serum	25	IU/L	15 - 73
Method: Kinetic			

NOTE:

In known cases of Chronic Liver disease due to Viral Hepatitis B & C, Alcoholic liver disease or Non alcoholic fatty liver disease, Enhanced liver fibrosis (ELF) test may be used to evaluate liver fibrosis.

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Patient Name: MR SUNIL KALE

Age/Gender : Male

Report Date : 26/03/2024

Ref. Dr.

: MEDIWHEEL



BUN 11 7 - 21

Method: Calculated Clinical Significance:

Urea Nitrogen (BUN) - Urea is the principle waste product of protein catabolism. BUN is most commonly measured in the diagnosis and treatment of certain renal and metabolic diseases. Increased BUN concentration may result from increased production of urea due to

(1) diet or excessive destruction of cellular proteins as occurs in massive infection and fevers,

(2) reduced renal perfusion resulting from dehydration or heart failure,

(3) nearly all types of kidney disease, and

(4) mechanical obstruction to urine excretion such as is caused by stones, tumors, infection, or stricture. Decreased urea levels are less frequent and occur primarily in advanced liver disease and in overhydration.

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Patient Name: MR SUNIL KALE

SCD24/2843

Age/Gender : Male

Report Date : 26/03/2024

Ref. Dr. : MEDIWHEEL



IMMUNOASSAY REPORT

Test Description	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Range
Thyroid Function Test (TFT	<u>')</u>	•	
Т3	92.22	ng/dl	80-253 : 1 Yr-10 Yr,
		· ·	76-199 : 11 Yr-15 Yr,
			69-201 :16 Yr-18 Yr,
			87-173 : > 18 years,
T4	8.27	ng/dl	5.9-21.5 :10-31 Days,
		· ·	5.9-21.5 :0-1 Month,
			6.4-13.9 :2-12 Months,
			6.09-12.23 :>1 Yr
TSH(Serum)	0.91	ng/dl	0.52-16.0 :1 Day - 30 Days
- (,		· ·	0.55-7.10 :1 Mon-5 Years
			0.37-6.00 :6 Yrs-18 Years
			0.38-5.33 :18 Yrs-88 Years
			0.50-8.90 :88 Years

Method: ECLIA

Clinical features of thyroid disease			
Hypothyroidism	Hyperthyroidism	Grave's disease	
Lethargy	Tachycardia	Exophthalmos/proptosis	
Weight gain	Palpitations (atrial fibrillation)	Chemosis	
Cold intolerance	Hyperactivity	Diffuse symmetrical goitre	
Constipation	Weight loss with increased appetite	Pretibial myxoedema (rare)	
Hair loss	Heat intolerance	Other autoimmune conditions	
Dry skin	Sweating		
Depression	Diarrhoea		
Bradycardia	Fine tremor		
Memory impairment	Hyper-reflexia		
Menorrhagia	Goitre		
	Palmar erythema		
	Onycholysis		
	Muscle weakness and wasting		
	Oligomenorrhea/amenorrhoea		





Patient Name: MR SUNIL KALE

Age/Gender

: Male

Ref. Dr.

: MEDIWHEEL

Report Date : 2

: 26/03/2024



URINE EXAMINATION REPORT

Test Description	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Range
URINE ROUTINE	-	-	
Physical Examination			
Colour	Pale Yellow		Pale Yellow
Apperance	Clear		Clear
Reaction	Acidic		
Deposit	Absent		
Chemical Examination			
Specific Gravity	1.010		
Albumin	Absent		
Sugar	Absent		Absent
Acetone	Absent		
Microscopic Examination			
RBC's	Not seen	/hpf	Nil
Pus cells	Occasional	/hpf	2-3/hpf
Epithelial Cells	NIL	/hpf	1-2/hpf
Crystals	Absent		Absent

Not Seen

Absent



Not Seen

Absent

Casts

Amorphous Deposit



Patient Name: MR SUNIL KALE

SCD24/2843

Age/Gender

Ref. Dr.

: Male

: MEDIWHEEL

Report Date : 26/03/2024



Test Description	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Range
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT			
Total WBC Count	3,800	cell/cu.mm	4000 - 11000
Haemoglobin	14.6	g%	13 - 18
Platelet Count	1,58000	/cumm	150000 - 450000
RBC Count	4.40	/Mill/ul	4.20 - 6.00
RBC INDICES			
Mean Corp Volume MCV	100.5	fL	80 - 97
Mean Corp Hb MCH	33.2	pg	26 - 32
Mean Corp Hb Conc MCHC	33.0	gm/dL	31.0 - 36.0
Hematocrit HCT	44.2	%	37.0 - 51.0
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COL	JNT		
Neutrophils	56	%	40 - 75
Lymphocytes	37	%	20 - 45
Monocytes	04	%	02 - 10
Eosinophils	03	%	01 - 06
Basophils NOTE:	00	%	00 - 01

^{1.} As per the recommendation of International council for Standardization in Hematology, the differential leukocyte counts are additionally being reported as absolute numbers of each cell in per unit volume of blood.

ESR Male: 0-8 mm at 1 Hr. 10 mm/hr Female: 0-20 mm at 1 Hr.

INTERPRETATION:

- 1. It indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process, never diagnostic of a specific disease. Changes are more significant than a single abnormal test.
- 2. It is a prognostic test and used to monitor the course or response to treatment of diseases like tuberculosis, bacterial endocarditis, acute rheumatic fever, rheumatoid arthritis, SLE, Hodgkins disease, temporal arteritis, polymyalgia rheumatica.
- 3. It is also increased in pregnancy, multiple myeloma, menstruation, and hypothyroidism.

**** End of the report. ****

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^{2.} Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.



Patient Name: MR SUNIL KALE

Age/Gender : Male

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