Patient Nam		Lab No Collection Date	4028339 23/03/2024 9:12AM
UHID Age/Gender	40012052 33 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	23/03/2024 9:35AM
IP/OP Locati	on O-OPD	Report Date	23/03/2024 12:06PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9460352127		

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)				Sample: Fl. Plasma
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)	96.0	mg/dl	71 - 109	

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH				Sample: Serum
ТЗ	1.330	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690	
Τ4	9.41	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00	
TSH	1.81	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05	

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in the diagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages of hyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in theconcentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater oppositechanges in the TSH levels.

LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)			
BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.55	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.34	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.21	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.30
SGOT	19.0	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGPT	18.3	U/L	0.0 - 41.0

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Aldrinan Van

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Sample: Serum

Patient Name	Mr. PARUL BHARGAVA		La	ib No	4028339	
UHID	40012052		Co	ollection Date	23/03/2024 9:12AM	
Age/Gender	33 Yrs/Male		Re	eceiving Date	23/03/2024 9:35AM	
IP/OP Location	O-OPD		Re	eport Date	23/03/2024 12:06PM	
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT		Re	eport Status	Final	
Mobile No.	9460352127					
			BIOCHEMISTRY			
TOTAL PROTEIN		74	a/dl	66-87		

TOTAL PROTEIN	7.4	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7
ALBUMIN	4.8	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
GLOBULIN	2.6		1.8 - 3.6
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	94	U/L	40 - 129
A/G RATIO	1.9	Ratio	1.5 - 2.5
GGTP	14.0	U/L	10.0 - 60.0

BILIRUBIN TOTAL :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated,

water soluble bilirubin. SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS :- Method: Bluret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder. ALBUMIN :- Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE :- Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE :- Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	197		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	62.2		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	119.7		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	22	mg/dl	10 - 50

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

AlbinayVan

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mr. PARUL BHARGAVA		Lab No	4028339	
UHID	40012052		Collection Date	23/03/2024 9:12AM	
Age/Gender	33 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	23/03/2024 9:35AM		
IP/OP Location	O-OPD		Report Date	23/03/2024 12:06PM	
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT		Report Status	Final	
Mobile No.	9460352127				
		BIOCHEMIST	RY		
TRIGLYCERIDES		110	Normal :- <150 Border Line:- 15 High :- 200 - 499 Very high :- > 50	0 - 199 mg/dl 9 mg/dl	
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RA	ATIO	3 %			
CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay. interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method. Interpretation:-HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease. LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver. CHOLESTEROL VLDL :- Method: VLDL Calculative TDECKUPTUPENCE. Wethod: ODD eccentration experimented					

INIGLYCERIDES :- Method: GPO-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas.

DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction. CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

UREA	25.80	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	12	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.74	mg/dl	0.70 - 1.20
SODIUM	140	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.22	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	102.8	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	4.4	mg/dl	3.4 - 7.0
CALCIUM	9.87	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.00

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

AldrinayVerna

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Sample: Serum

Patient Name UHID	Mr. PARUL BHARGAVA 40012052	Lab No Collection Date	4028339 23/03/2024 9:12AM
Age/Gender	33 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	23/03/2024 9:35AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	23/03/2024 12:06PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9460352127		

BIOCHEMISTRY

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease. URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume.

SODIUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the

kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake andkidney reabsorption. POTASSIUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting

chabitat in Action in the interference renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

. UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL :- Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usuallyassociated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also beobserved in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

HBA1C

5.5

%

< 5.7% Nondiabetic 5.7-6.4% Pre-diabetic > 6 4% Indicate Diabetes

Known Diabetic Patients

Excellent Control < 7 %

7 - 8 % Good Control > 8 % Poor Control

Method : - Turbidimetric inhibition immunoassay (TINIA) Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbAlC and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

AlerinaryVen

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA

Patient Name UHID	Mr. PARUL BHARGAVA 40012052	Lab No Collection Date	4028339 23/03/2024 9:12AM
Age/Gender	33 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	23/03/2024 9:35AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	23/03/2024 12:06PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9460352127		

BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
BLOOD GROUPING	"B" Rh Positive		

BLOOD GROUPING

Note :

Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mr. PARUL BHARGAVA	Lab No	4028339
UHID	40012052	Collection Date	23/03/2024 9:12AM
Age/Gender	33 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date Report Date	23/03/2024 9:35AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Status	23/03/2024 12:06PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT		Final
Mobile No.	9460352127		

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

URINE SUGAR (RANDOM) Sample: Urine	е
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM) NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	
Sample: Urine	э
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION	
VOLUME 20 ml	
COLOUR PALE YELLOW P YELLOW	
APPEARANCE CLEAR CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION	
PH 5.0 L 5.5 - 7.0	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.000 1.016-1.022	
PROTEIN NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	
SUGAR NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	
BLOOD NEGATIVE	
KETONES NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	
NITRITE NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	
UROBILINOGEN NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	
LEUCOCYTE NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	
WBCS/HPF 0-1 /hpf 0-3	
RBCS/HPF 0-0 /hpf 0-2	
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF 1-2 /hpf 0-1	
CASTS NIL NIL	
CRYSTALS NIL NIL	
BACTERIA NIL NIL	
OHTERS NIL NIL	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

AldrinaryVana

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name UHID	Mr. PARUL BHARGAVA 40012052	Lab No Collection Date	4028339 23/03/2024 9:12AM
Age/Gender	33 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	23/03/2024 9:35AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	23/03/2024 12:06PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9460352127		

Methodology:-

Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific Gravity: Proton re;ease from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method. interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Patient Name	Mr. PARUL BHARGAVA	Lab No	4028339
UHID	40012052	Collection Date	23/03/2024 9:12AM
Age/Gender	33 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	23/03/2024 9:35AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	23/03/2024 12:06PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9460352127		

HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Rar	nge
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)				Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	15.0	g/dl	13.0 - 17.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	46.1	%	40.0 - 50.0	
MCV	88.5	fl	82 - 92	
MCH	28.8	pg	27 - 32	
MCHC	32.5	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	5.21	millions/cu.mm	4.50 - 5.50	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	5.38	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	59.9	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	29.9	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	2.0	%	1 - 6	
BASOPHIL	0.6 L	%	1 - 2	
MONOCYTES	7.6	%	2 - 10	
PLATELET COUNT	2.23	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. MCV :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCH :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia,High-Polycythemia. TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method:-Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry.Interpretation:-High-Leucocytosis, Low-

Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

LYMPHOCYTS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE)

10

mm/1st hr 0 - 15

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

AlerinaryVan

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name UHID	Mr. PARUL BHARGAVA 40012052	Lab No Collection Date	4028339 23/03/2024 9:12AM
Age/Gender	33 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date Report Date	23/03/2024 9:35AM
IP/OP Location Referred By	O-OPD Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	23/03/2024 12:06PM Final
Mobile No.	9460352127		

Method:-Modified Westergrens. Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Patient Name	Mr. PARUL BHARGAVA	Lab No	4028339
UHID	40012052	Collection Date	23/03/2024 9:12AM
Age/Gender	33 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	23/03/2024 9:35AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	23/03/2024 12:06PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9460352127		
	X Ray		

Test Name

Result

Unit

Biological Ref. Range

X-RAY CHEST P. A. VIEW

Both lung fields areclear.

Both CP angles areclear.

Both hemi-diaphragms arenormal in shape and outlines.

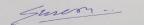
Cardiac shadow is withinnormal limits.

Visualized bony thoraxis unremarkable.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS



Dr. SURESH KUMAR SAINI MBBS,MD RADIOLOGIST

DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS

UHID / IP NO	40012052 (8910)	RISNo./Status :	4028339/
Patient Name :	Mr. PARUL BHARGAVA	Age/Gender :	33 Y/M
Referred By :	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	23/03/2024 8:50AM/ OPSCR23- 24/16481	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	23/03/2024 10:26AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

ULTRASOUND STUDY OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver:	Normal in size & echotexture. No obvious significant focal parenchymal mass lesion noted. Intrahepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal.
Gall Bladder:	Lumen is clear. Wall thickness is normal. CBD is normal.
Pancreas:	Normal in size & echotexture.
Spleen:	Normal in size & echotexture. No focal lesion seen.
Right Kidney:	Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis noted. Calculus of size approx. 6mm, seen at middle calyx.
Left Kidney:	Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or obstructive calculus noted.
Urinary Bladder:	Normal in size, shape & volume. No obvious calculus or mass lesion is seen. Wall thickness is normal.
Prostate:	Is normal in size and echotexture.
Others: <u>IMPRESSION</u> : USG	No significant free fluid is seen in pelvic peritoneal cavity. findings are suggestive of

• Right renal calculus.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

reson

DR. APOORVA JETWANI Incharge & Senior Consultant Radiology MBBS, DMRD, DNB Reg. No. 26466, 16307

DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY

UHID / IP NO	40012052 (8910)	RISNo./Status :	4028339/
Patient Name :	Mr. PARUL BHARGAVA	Age/Gender :	33 Y/M
Referred By :	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	23/03/2024 8:50AM/ OPSCR23- 24/16481	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	23/03/2024 12:21PM	Company Name:	Final

REFERRAL REASON: HEALTH CHECKUP

2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

M MODE DIMENSIONS: -

			No	rmal				Normal
IVSD	11.2	6-12mm			LVIDS	28.0	20-40mm	
LVIDD	41.8		32-	57mm		LVPWS	17.8	mm
LVPWD	10.2		6-1	2mm		AO	26.0	19-37mm
IVSS	17.8		J	mm		LA	34.2	19-40mm
LVEF	62-64		>	55%		RA	-	mm
	DOPPLEF	R MEA	SUREN	1ENTS &	& CALC	ULATIONS	:	
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY		VELOC	CITY (m	/s)	GRADIENT		REGURGITATION
						(mml	<u> Ig)</u>	
MITRAL	NORMAL	Е	1.19	e'	-	-		NIL
VALVE		Α	0.63	E/e'	-			
TRICUSPID	NORMAL		E 0.63		RVSP 35	mmHg	MILD TR	
VALVE			A	0.	43	-		
		A 0.43						
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.20		-		NIL		
VALVE								
PULMONARY	NORMAL	0.72				NIL		
VALVE						-		

COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 62-64%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- NORMAL LV DIASTOLIC FUNCTION
- MILD TR/PAH, OTHER CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

IMPRESSION: - MILD TR/PAH, NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR FUNCTIONS

DR SUPRIY JAIN MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY) INCHARGE & SR. CONSULTANT INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY DR ROOPAM SHARMA MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE CONSULTANT & INCHARGE EMERGENCY, PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY AND WELLNESS CENTRE

Patient Name UHID	Mr. PARUL 345432	Lab No Collection Date	655642 23/03/2024 10:56AM		
Age/Gender	33 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	23/03/2024 11:02AM	- HIGH	
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	23/03/2024 12:27PM	MC-2561	
Referred By	Dr. EHCC Consultant	Report Status	Final	WIC-2561	
Mobile No.	9773349797				
BIOCHEMISTRY					

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
				Sample: Serum
PSA (TOTAL)	0.55	ng/mL	0.00 - 4.00	

Total (Free + complexed) PSA - Prostate specific antigen (tPSA)

Method : ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA Interpretation:-PSA determinations are employed are the monitoring of progress and efficiency of therapy in patients with prostate carcinoma or receiving hormonal therapy.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. MAHENDRA KUMAR

moti Starmer (

Dr. SWATI SHARMA MBBS | MD | INCHARGE MICROBIOLOGY

Dr. ASHISH SHARMA **CONSULTANT & INCHARGE PATHOLOGY** MBBS | MD | PATHOLOGY

Page: 1 Of 1