Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075



GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MRS Bharti KAPOOR	STUDY DATE	05/04/2024 3:15PM
AGE / SEX	56 y / F	HOSPITAL NO.	MH013268625
ACCESSION NO.	R7184292	MODALITY	CR
REPORTED ON	05/04/2024 1:56PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

X-RAY CHEST - PA VIEW

FINDINGS:

Lung fields appear normal on both sides.

Cardia appears normal.

Both costophrenic angles appear normal.

Both domes of the diaphragm appear normal.

Bony cage appear normal.

IMPRESSION:

No significant abnormality noted.

Needs correlation with clinical findings and other investigations.

Dr. Nipun Gumber MBBS, MD DMC No.90272

ASSOCIATE CONSULTANT

*****End Of Report*****











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56 Years Female Rate . Sinus rhythm..... V-rate 50-99 . Abnormal R-wave progression, early transition......QRS area>0 in V2 PR 141 92 QRSD 379 QT 438 QTc --AXIS--71 14 QRS - OTHERWISE NORMAL ECG -Unconfirmed Diagnosis 12 Lead; Standard Placement **V**1 **V4** aVR I **V2** II **V**5 aVL III

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS BHARTI KAPOOR Age : 56 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Patient Episode: H03000062070Collection Date : 05 Apr 2024 09:33Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHDReporting Date : 05 Apr 2024 12:40

Receiving Date : 05 Apr 2024 11:39

Department of Transfusion Medicine (Blood Bank)

BLOOD GROUPING, RH TYPING & ANTIBODY SCREEN (TYPE & SCREEN) Specimen-Blood

Blood Group & Rh Typing (Agglutinaton by gel/tube technique)

Blood Group & Rh typing O Rh(D) Positive

Antibody Screening (Microtyping in gel cards using reagent red cells)

Cell Panel I NEGATIVE
Cell Panel II NEGATIVE
Cell Panel III NEGATIVE
Autocontrol NEGATIVE

Final Antibody Screen Result Negative

Technical Note:

ABO grouping and Rh typing is done by cell and serum grouping by microplate / gel technique. Antibody screening is done using a 3 cell panel of reagent red cells coated with Rh, Kell, Duffy, Kidd, Lewis, P, MNS, Lutheran and Xg antigens using gel technique.

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-----END OF REPORT-----

Dr Himanshu Lamba

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS BHARTI KAPOOR Age : 56 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date**: 05 Apr 2024 11:59

Receiving Date : 05 Apr 2024 10:17

BIOCHEMISTRY

Specimen: EDTA Whole blood

As per American Diabetes Association (ADA) 2010

HbA1c (Glycosylated Hemoglobin) 9.7 # % [4.0-6.5]

HbA1c in %

Non diabetic adults : < 5.7 %

Prediabetes (At Risk) : 5.7 % - 6.4 %

Diabetic Range : > 6.5 %

Estimated Average Glucose (eAG) 232 mg/dl

Use

- 1.Monitoring compliance and long-term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
- 2. Index of diabetic control (direct relationship between poor control and development of complications).
- 3. Predicting development and progression of diabetic microvascular complications.

Limitations :

- 1. AIC values may be falsely elevated or decreased in those with chronic kidney disease.
- 2.False elevations may be due in part to analytical interference from carbamylated hemoglobin formed in the presence of elevated concentrations of urea, with some assays.
- 3. False decreases in measured A1C may occur with hemodialysis and altered red cell turnover, especially in the setting of erythropoietin treatment

References: Rao.L.V., Michael snyder.L.(2021). Wallach's Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests. 11th Edition. Wolterkluwer. NaderRifai, Andrea Rita Horvath, Carl T. wittwer. (2018) Teitz Text book

of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics. First edition, Elsevier, South Asia.

Page 2 of 4

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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS BHARTI KAPOOR Age : 56 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 05 Apr 2024 11:55

Receiving Date : 05 Apr 2024 10:15

BIOCHEMISTRY

Lipid Profile (Serum)

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL (CHOD/POD)	248	#	mg/dl	[<200] Moderate risk:200-239 High risk:>240
TRIGLYCERIDES (GPO/POD)	122		mg/dl	[<150] Borderline high:151-199 High: 200 - 499 Very high:>500
<pre>HDL - CHOLESTEROL (Direct) Methodology: Homogenous Enzymatic</pre>	68	#	mg/dl	[30-60]
VLDL - Cholesterol (Calculated)	24		mg/dl	[10-40]
LDL- CHOLESTEROL	156	#	mg/dl	<pre>[<100] Near/Above optimal-100-129 Borderline High:130-159 High Risk:160-189</pre>
T.Chol/HDL.Chol ratio	3.6			<4.0 Optimal 4.0-5.0 Borderline >6 High Risk
LDL.CHOL/HDL.CHOL Ratio	2.3			<3 Optimal 3-4 Borderline >6 High Risk

Note:

Reference ranges based on ATP III Classifications. Recommended to do fasting Lipid Profile after a minimum of 8 hours of overnight fasting.

Technical Notes:

Lipid profile is a panel of blood tests that serves as initial broad medical screening tool for abnormalities in lipids, the results of these tests can identify certain genetic diseases and determine approximate risks for cardiovascular disease, certain forms of

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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS BHARTI KAPOOR Age : 56 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date**: 05 Apr 2024 11:55

Receiving Date : 05 Apr 2024 10:15

BIOCHEMISTRY

pancreatitis and other diseases.

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-----END OF REPORT-----

Dr. Neelam Singal

CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY

Neelan Luga

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS BHARTI KAPOOR Age : 56 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 05 Apr 2024 15:03

Receiving Date : 05 Apr 2024 10:15

BIOCHEMISTRY

THYROID PROFILE, Serum

T3 - Triiodothyronine (ECLIA)	1.450	ng/ml	[0.400-1.810]
T4 - Thyroxine (ECLIA)	11.290	μg/dl	[4.600-12.000]
Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (ECLIA)	1.660	μIU/mL	[0.340-4.250]

1st Trimester:0.6 - 3.4 micIU/mL 2nd Trimester:0.37 - 3.6 micIU/mL 3rd Trimester:0.38 - 4.04 micIU/mL

Note: TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4.a.m.and at a minimum between 6-10 pm.Factors such as change of seasons hormonal fluctuations, Ca or Fe supplements, high fibre diet, stress and illness affect TSH results.

- * References ranges recommended by the American Thyroid Association
- 1) Thyroid. 2011 Oct; 21(10):1081-125.PMID .21787128
- 2) http://www.thyroid-info.com/articles/tsh-fluctuating.html

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Specimen Type : Serum



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS BHARTI KAPOOR Age : 56 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 05 Apr 2024 11:55

Receiving Date : 05 Apr 2024 10:15

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Interval
LIVER FUNCTION TEST (Serum)			
BILIRUBIN-TOTAL (Diazonium Ion)	0.34	mg/dl	[0.10-1.20]
BILIRUBIN - DIRECT (Diazotization)	0.17	mg/dl	[0.00-0.30]
BILIRUBIN - INDIRECT (Calculated)	0.17 #	mg/dl	[0.20-1.00]
SGOT/ AST (UV without P5P)	44.8 #	U/L	[10.0-35.0]
SGPT/ ALT (UV without P5P)	34.6 #	U/L	[0.0-33.0]
ALP (p-NPP, kinetic) *	76	U/L	[46-118]
TOTAL PROTEIN (Biuret)	8.1	g/dl	[7.0-9.0]
SERUM ALBUMIN (BCG-dye)	4.2	g/dl	[3.5-5.2]
SERUM GLOBULIN (Calculated)	3.9 #	g/dl	[1.8-3.4]
ALB/GLOB (A/G) Ratio(Calculated)	1.08 #		[1.10-1.80]

Technical Notes:

Liver function test aids in diagnosis of various pre hepatic, hepatic and post hepatic causes of dysfunction like hemolytic anemia's, viral and alcoholic hepatitis and cholestasis of obstructive causes.

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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS BHARTI KAPOOR Age : 56 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 05 Apr 2024 11:54

Receiving Date : 05 Apr 2024 10:15

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit E	Biological Ref. Interval
KIDNEY PROFILE (Serum)			
BUN (Urease/GLDH)	13.00	mg/dl	[6.00-20.00]
SERUM CREATININE (Jaffe's method)	0.61	mg/dl	[0.60-1.40]
SERUM URIC ACID (Uricase)	2.5 #	mg/dl	[2.6-6.0]
SERUM CALCIUM (NM-BAPTA)	9.79	mg/dl	[8.00-10.50]
SERUM PHOSPHORUS (Molybdate, UV)	4.1	mg/dl	[2.5-4.5]
SERUM SODIUM (ISE)	139.0	mmol/l	[134.0-145.0]
SERUM POTASSIUM (ISE)	4.35	mmol/l	[3.50-5.20]
SERUM CHLORIDE (ISE Indirect)	101.0	mmol/L	[95.0-105.0]
eGFR	101.7	ml/min/1.73sc	1.m [>60.0]

Technical Note

eGFR which is primarily based on Serum Creatinine is a derivation of CKD-EPI 2009 equation normalized to1.73 sq.m BSA and is not applicable to individuals below 18 years. eGFR tends to be less accurate when Serum Creatinine estimation is indeterminate e.g. patients at extremes of muscle mass, on unusual diets etc. and samples with severe Hemolysis / Icterus / Lipemia.

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-----END OF REPORT-----

Dr. Neelam Singal

CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS BHARTI KAPOOR Age : 56 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 05 Apr 2024 16:12

Receiving Date : 05 Apr 2024 14:23

BIOCHEMISTRY

Specimen Type : Plasma
PLASMA GLUCOSE - PP

Plasma GLUCOSE - PP (Hexokinase) 310 # mg/dl [70-140]

Note: Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying,

brisk glucose absorption , post exercise $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right$

Specimen Type : Serum/Plasma

Plasma GLUCOSE-Fasting (Hexokinase) 166 # mg/dl [74-106]

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-----END OF REPORT-----

Dr. Neelam Singal

CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS BHARTI KAPOOR Age : 56 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 05 Apr 2024 13:09

Receiving Date : 05 Apr 2024 10:18

HAEMATOLOGY

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (Automated) Specimen-Whole Blood

ESR 61.0 # mm/1sthour [0.0-20.0]

Interpretation :

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non-specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants (e.g. pyogenic infections, inflammation and malignancies). The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week postpartum.

ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives).

It is especially low (0 - 1mm) in polycythemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

Test Name	Result	Unit Bio	ological Ref. Interval
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (EDTA Blood)			
WBC Count (Flow cytometry)	7060	/cu.mm	[4000-10000]
RBC Count (Impedence)	4.46	million/cu.mm	[3.80-4.80]
Haemoglobin (SLS Method)	11.6 #	g/dL	[12.0-15.0]
Haematocrit (PCV)	37.2	ું ૧	[36.0-46.0]
(RBC Pulse Height Detector Method)			
MCV (Calculated)	83.4	fL	[83.0-101.0]
MCH (Calculated)	26.0	bà	[25.0-32.0]
MCHC (Calculated)	31.2 #	g/dL	[31.5-34.5]
Platelet Count (Impedence)	304000	/cu.mm	[150000-410000]
RDW-CV (Calculated)	14.6 #	&	[11.6-14.0]
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
Neutrophils (Flowcytometry)	56.2	90	[40.0-80.0]
Lymphocytes (Flowcytometry)	34.1	90	[20.0-40.0]

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS BHARTI KAPOOR Age : 56 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 05 Apr 2024 10:58

Receiving Date : 05 Apr 2024 10:18

HAEMATOLOGY

Monocytes (Flowcytometry)	7.1		ଚ୍ଚ	[2.0-10.0]
Eosinophils (Flowcytometry)	2.3		%	[1.0-6.0]
Basophils (Flowcytometry)	0.3 #	:	%	[1.0-2.0]
IG	0.10		ଖ	
Neutrophil Absolute (Flouroscence flo	ow cytometry)	4.0	/cu mm	$[2.0-7.0] \times 10^{3}$
Lymphocyte Absolute (Flouroscence flo	ow cytometry)	2.4	/cu mm	$[1.0-3.0] \times 10^{3}$
Monocyte Absolute(Flouroscence flow	cytometry)	0.5	/cu mm	$[0.2-1.2] \times 10^{3}$
Eosinophil Absolute (Flouroscence flo	ow cytometry)	0.2	/cu mm	$[0.0-0.5] \times 10^{3}$
Basophil Absolute(Flouroscence flow	cytometry)	0.0	/cu mm	$[0.0-0.1] \times 10^{3}$

Complete Blood Count is used to evaluate wide range of health disorders, including anemia, infection, and leukemia. Abnormal increase or decrease in cell counts as revealed may indicate that an underlying medical condition that calls for further evaluation.

-----END OF REPORT-----

Dr. Shalakha Agrawal Associate Consultant,M.B.B.S,M.D. Pathology --2020

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS BHARTI KAPOOR Age : 56 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date**: 05 Apr 2024 20:50

Receiving Date : 05 Apr 2024 12:31

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Biological Ref. Interval
ROUTINE URINE ANALYSIS		
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION		
Colour (Visual)	PALE YELLOW	(Pale Yellow - Yellow)
Appearance (Visual)	CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION		
Reaction[pH]	5.0	(5.0-9.0)
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator N	Method))	
Specific Gravity	1.005	(1.003-1.035)
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator M	Method))	
Bilirubin	Negative	NEGATIVE
Protein/Albumin	Negative	(NEGATIVE-TRACE)
(Reflectance photometry(Indicator	Method)/Manual SSA)	
Glucose	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)
(Reflectance photometry (GOD-POD/E	Benedict Method))	
Ketone Bodies	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)
(Reflectance photometry(Legal's Te	est)/Manual Rotheras)	
Urobilinogen	NORMAL	(NORMAL)
Reflactance photometry/Diazonium s	salt reaction	
Nitrite	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
Reflactance photometry/Griess test	-	
Leukocytes	NIL	NEGATIVE
Reflactance photometry/Action of B	Esterase	
BLOOD	NIL	NEGATIVE
(Reflectance photometry(peroxidase	e))	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION (Manual)	Method: Light microscop	y on centrifuged urine
WBC/Pus Cells	2-4 /hpf	(4-6)
Red Blood Cells	NIL	(1-2)
Epithelial Cells	2-4 /hpf	(2-4)
Casts	NIL	(NIL)
Crystals	NIL	(NIL)
Bacteria	NIL	
Yeast cells	NIL	

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Interpretation:

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS BHARTI KAPOOR Age : 56 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 05 Apr 2024 20:50

Receiving Date : 05 Apr 2024 12:31

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

 $\textit{URINALYSIS-Routine urine analysis assists in screening and diagnosis of various metabolic , urological, kidney and liver disorders \\$

Protein: Elevated proteins can be an early sign of kidney disease. Urinary protein excretion can also be temporarily elevated by strenuous exercise, orthostatic proteinuria, dehydration, urina tract infections and acute illness with fever

Glucose: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of glucose in urine.

Other causes include pregnancy, hormonal disturbances, liver disease and certain medications.

Ketones: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of ketones in urine.

Ketones can also be seen in starvation, frequent vomiting, pregnancy and strenuous exercise.

Blood: Occult blood can occur in urine as intact erythrocytes or haemoglobin, which can occur in various urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders.

Leukocytes: An increase in leukocytes is an indication of inflammation in urinary tract or kidneys Most Common cause is bacterial urinary tract infection.

Nitrite: Many bacteria give positive results when their number is high. Nitrite concentration duri infection increases with length of time the urine specimen is retained in bladder prior to collection.

pH: The kidneys play an important role in maintaining acid base balance of the body. Conditions of the body producing acidosis/alkalosis or ingestion of certain type of food can affect the pH of urine.

Specific gravity: Specific gravity gives an indication of how concentrated the urine is. Increased Specific gravity is seen in conditions like dehydration, glycosuria and proteinuria while decrease Specific gravity is seen in excessive fluid intake, renal failure and diabetes insipidus.

Bilirubin: In certain liver diseases such as biliary obstruction or hepatitis,

bilirubin gets excreted in urine.

Urobilinogen: Positive results are seen in liver diseases like hepatitis and cirrhosis and in case of hemolytic anemia.

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Dr. Shalakha Agrawal Associate Consultant,M.B.B.S,M.D. Pathology --2020



Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075



GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MRS Bharti KAPOOR	STUDY DATE	05/04/2024 10:20AM
AGE / SEX	56 y / F	HOSPITAL NO.	MH013268625
ACCESSION NO.	R7184291	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	05/04/2024 2:52PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

Results:

Liver is enlarged in size (~16.6 cm) and shows diffusely increased echogenicity suggestive of grade I fatty liver. No focal intra-hepatic lesion is detected. Intra-hepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal in calibre.

Gall bladder appears echofree with normal wall thickness. Common bile duct is normal in calibre.

Pancreas is normal in size and echopattern.

Spleen is normal in size (~8.3 cm) and echopattern.

Both kidneys are normal in position, size and outline. Cortico-medullary differentiation of both kidneys is maintained. Bilateral pelvicalyceal systems are not dilated. Left kidney shows tiny concretion ~2.9 mm at middle calyx.

Urinary bladder is normal in wall thickness with clear contents. No significant intra or extraluminal mass is seen.

Uterus is not visualized (history of hysterectomy).

Bilateral adnexal region appears unremarkable.

No significant free fluid is detected.

IMPRESSION:

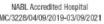
- Hepatomegaly with grade I fatty liver.
- Tiny concretion in left kidney.

Kindly correlate clinically.











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GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MRS Bharti KAPOOR	STUDY DATE	05/04/2024 10:20AM
AGE / SEX	56 y / F	HOSPITAL NO.	MH013268625
ACCESSION NO.	R7184291	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	05/04/2024 2:52PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

Dr. Nipun Gumber MBBS, MD DMC No.90272 **ASSOCIATE CONSULTANT**

*****End Of Report****











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