Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MR Amrit RAJ DEVBRAT	STUDY DATE	21/12/2023 11:24AM
AGE / SEX	32 y / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011572323
ACCESSION NO.	NM11350340	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	21/12/2023 2:02PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY REPORT

		End diastole	End systole
		0.9	1.2
		4.3	2.3
mess (c	m)	1.0	1.2
		2.8	
		3.4	
6)		55%	
:	Normal i	in size. No RWMA. L	VEF=55%
:	Normal in size. Normal RV function.		
:	Normal in size		
:	Normal i	in size	
:	Trace MI	R.	
:	Normal		
:	Trace TF	R (PASP ~ 23 mmHg	g)
:	Normal		
:	Appears	normal.	
:	Intact.		
:	Intact.		
:	No peric	ardial effusion or th	nickening
		: Normal i : Normal i : Normal i : Normal i : Trace Mi : Trace Mi : Normal : Trace TF : Normal : Appears : Intact. : Intact.	0.94.3mess (cm)1.02.83.46)55%:Normal in size. No RWMA. I:Normal in size. No RWMA. I:Normal in size. No RWMA. I:Normal in size:Normal in size:Normal in size:Trace MR.:Trace TR (PASP ~ 23 mmHg:Normal:Appears normal.:Intact.

DOPPLER STUDY

VALVE	Peak Velocity (cm/sec)	Maximum P.G. (mmHg)	Mean P. G. (mmHg)	Regurgitation	Stenosis
MITRAL	E= 68 A=57	-	-	Trace	Nil
AORTIC	109	-	-	Nil	Nil
TRICUSPID	-	Ν	N	Trace	Nil
PULMONARY	71	Ν	N	Nil	Nil

SUMMARY & INTERPRETATION:

No LV regional wall motion abnormality with LVEF = 55%0











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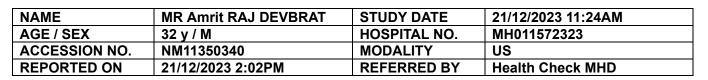
Awarded Emergency Excellence Services E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019

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GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L



- o Normal sized RA/RV/LV/LA with no chamber hypertrophy. Normal RV function.
- o Trace MR.
- o Trace TR (PASP ~ 23 mmHg)
- o Normal mitral inflow pattern.
- o IVC normal in size, >50% collapse with inspiration, suggestive of normal RA pressure.
- o No clot/ no vegetation/ no pericardial effusion.

Please correlate clinically.

Dr. Amit Gupta MBBS, MD (Medicine), DNB (Cardiology) DMC 22478 Senior Consultant Cardiology

******End Of Report*****











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Awarded Nursing Excellence Services N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

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32 Years

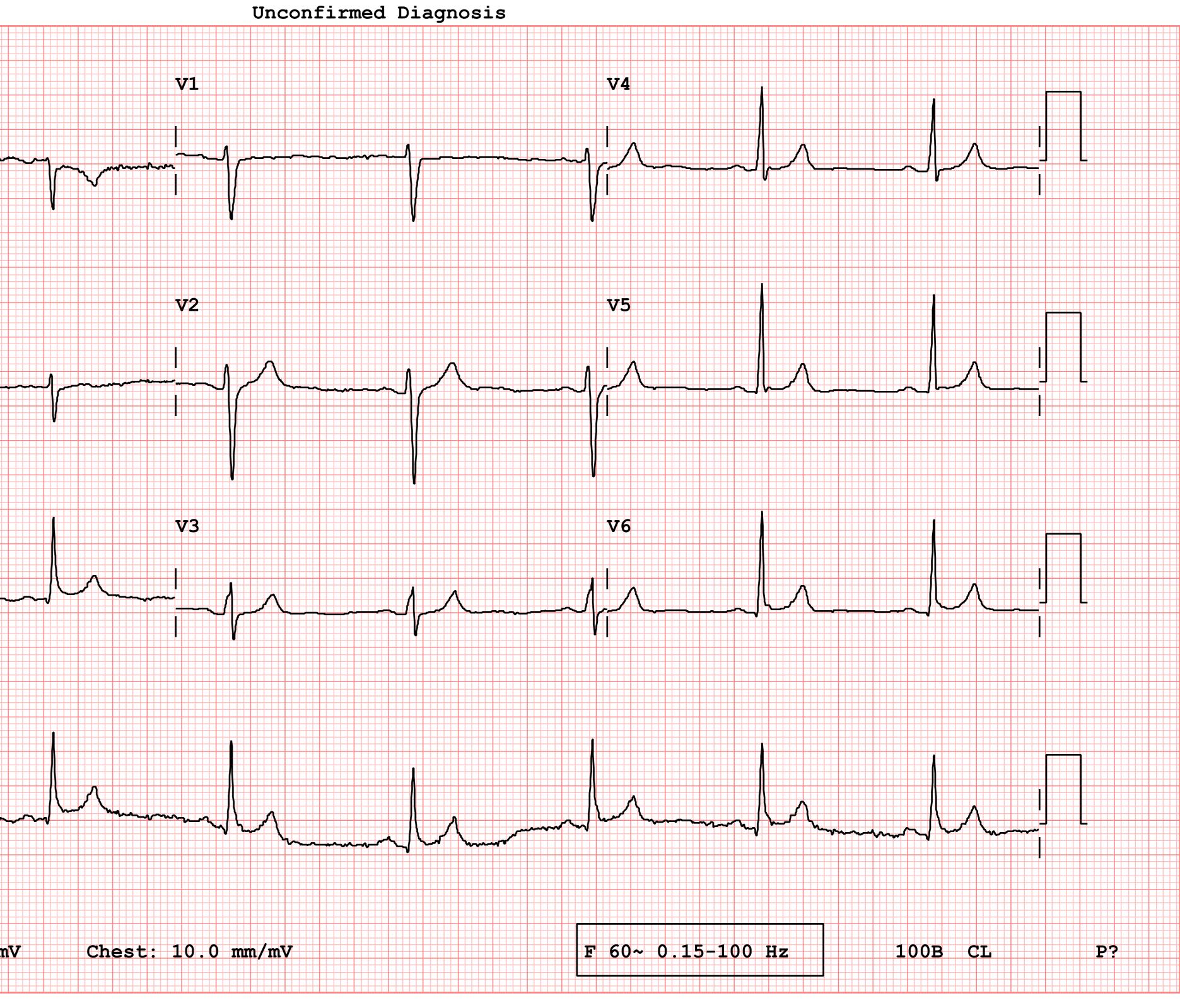
amrit raj devbrat

Male

Rate	58	-	•••
PR	162	. ST elev, probable normal early repol par	てて
QRSD	88		
	370		
QTC	364		
AXIS			
P	68		
QRS	79		
T 10 Teed	64		
12 Lead;	Stand	ard Placement	
	u	ml~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	***
1 Aur			
	······		
	^		
\sim	www.	M. Marmond M. Marmond M. Marmon	~~~
Device:		Speed: 25 mm/sec Limb: 10 mm/	/*

.....normal P axis, V-rate 50- 99
tern.....age<55</pre>

- NORMAL ECG -



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR AMRIT RAJ DEVBRAT	Age :	32 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH011572323	Lab No :	31231201002
Patient Episode	: H03000058816	Collection Date :	21 Dec 2023 09:38
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD: 21 Dec 2023 10:12	Reporting Date :	21 Dec 2023 11:51

Department of Transfusion Medicine (Blood Bank)

BLOOD GROUPING, RH TYPING & ANTIBODY SCREEN (TYPE & SCREEN) Specimen-Blood

Blood Group & Rh Typing (Agglutinaton by gel/tube technique)

Blood Group & Rh typing B Rh(D) Positive

Antibody Screening (Microtyping in gel cards using reagent red cells)

Final Antibody Screen Result Negative

Technical Note: ABO grouping and Rh typing is done by cell and serum grouping by microplate / gel technique. Antibody screening is done using a 3 cell panel of reagent red cells coated with Rh, Kell,Duffy,Kidd, Lewis, P,MNS,Lutheran and Xg antigens using gel technique.

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-----END OF REPORT-----

Dr Himanshu Lamba

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR AMRIT RAJ DEVBRAT	Age :	32 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH011572323	Lab No :	32231210004
Patient Episode	: H03000058816	Collection Date :	21 Dec 2023 09:38
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 21 Dec 2023 10:08	Reporting Date :	21 Dec 2023 13:20

BIOCHEMISTRY

	Specimen: EDI	TA Whole blood
	As per America	n Diabetes Association(ADA) 2010
HbA1c (Glycosylated Hemoglobin)	5.5 % [4.0-6.5]
	HbAlc in %	
	Non diabetic	2 adults : < 5.7 %
	Prediabetes	(At Risk) : 5.7 % - 6.4 %
	Diabetic Ran	nge : > 6.5 %
Methodology	High-Performance Liquid Chr	comatography(HPLC)
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)	111 mg/dl	

Use :

1.Monitoring compliance and long-term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes. 2.Index of diabetic control (direct relationship between poor control and development of complications).

3. Predicting development and progression of diabetic microvascular complications.

Limitations :

A1C values may be falsely elevated or decreased in those with chronic kidney disease.
 False elevations may be due in part to analytical interference from carbamylated hemoglobin formed in the presence of elevated concentrations of urea, with some assays.
 False decreases in measured A1C may occur with hemodialysis and altered red cell turnover, especially in the setting of erythropoietin treatment

References : Rao.L.V., Michael snyder.L. (2021). Wallach's Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests. 11th Edition. Wolterkluwer. NaderRifai, Andrea Rita Horvath, Carl T.wittwer. (2018) Teitz Text book

of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics.First edition,Elsevier,South Asia.

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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR AMRIT RAJ DEVB	RAT		Age	e :	32 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH011572323			Lab	No :	32231210004
Patient Episode	: H03000058816			Col	lection Date :	21 Dec 2023 09:38
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 21 Dec 2023 10:09)		Rep	oorting Date :	21 Dec 2023 14:38
		BIOCHE	EMISTRY	7		
Lipid Profile	(Serum)					
TOTAL CHOLESTE	ROL (CHOD/POD)	161	1	mg/dl	Moderat	[<200] ce risk:200-239 isk:>240
TRIGLYCERIDES	(GPO/POD)	260	# 1	mg/dl	Borderline High: 2	[<150] high:151-199 200 - 499 high:>500
HDL - CHOLESTE	ROL (Direct) omogenous Enzymatic	35	1	mg/dl	-	[30-60]
	erol (Calculated)	52	# 1	mg/dl	I	[10-40]
	(CALCULATED)LDL- CHO	DLESTEROL	74	mg/dl	Near/Above Borderlin	[<100] optimal-100-129 ne High:130-159 Risk:160-189
T.Chol/HDL.Cho	l ratio	4.6			4.0-5.	Optimal .0 Borderline gh Risk
LDL.CHOL/HDL.C	HOL Ratio	2.1				imal orderline gh Risk

Note:

Reference ranges based on ATP III Classifications. Recommended to do fasting Lipid Profile after a minimum of 8 hours of overnight fasting.

Technical Notes: Lipid profile is a panel of blood tests that serves as initial broad medical screening tool for abnormalities in lipids, the results of these tests can identify certain genetic

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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR AMRIT RAJ DEVBRAT	Age :	32 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH011572323	Lab No :	32231210004
Patient Episode	: H03000058816	Collection Date :	21 Dec 2023 09:38
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 21 Dec 2023 10:09	Reporting Date :	21 Dec 2023 14:38

BIOCHEMISTRY

diseases and determine approximate risks for cardiovascular disease, certain forms of pancreatitis and other diseases.

-----END OF REPORT------

Page 4 of 4

Neelan Singert.

Dr. Neelam Singal CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR AMRIT RAJ DEVBRAT	Age	:	32 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH011572323	Lab No	:	32231210004
Patient Episode	: H03000058816	Collection Date	:	21 Dec 2023 09:38
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 21 Dec 2023 10:09	Reporting Date	:	21 Dec 2023 14:42

BIOCHEMISTRY

THYROID PROFILE, Serum		Spe	ecimen Type : Serum
T3 – Triiodothyronine (ECLIA) T4 – Thyroxine (ECLIA)	1.310 9.820	ng/ml µg/dl	[0.800-2.040] [4.600-10.500]
Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (ECLIA)	2.610	µIU/mL	[0.340-4.250]

Note : TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4.a.m.and at a minimum between 6-10 pm.Factors such as change of seasons hormonal fluctuations, Ca or Fe supplements, high fibre diet, stress and illness affect TSH results.

* References ranges recommended by the American Thyroid Association

1) Thyroid. 2011 Oct;21(10):1081-125.PMID .21787128

2) http://www.thyroid-info.com/articles/tsh-fluctuating.html

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Interval
LIVER FUNCTION TEST (Serum)			
BILIRUBIN-TOTAL (Diazonium Ion)	1.22 #	mg/dl	[0.10-1.20]
BILIRUBIN - DIRECT (Diazotization)	0.31 #	mg/dl	[0.00-0.30]
BILIRUBIN - INDIRECT (Calculated)	0.91	mg/dl	[0.20-1.00]
SGOT/ AST (UV without P5P)	34	U/L	[10-50]
SGPT/ ALT (UV without P5P)	29	U/L	[0-41]
ALP (p-NPP,kinetic)*	127	U/L	[45-135]
TOTAL PROTEIN (Biuret)	8.0	g/dl	[7.0-9.0]
SERUM ALBUMIN (BCG-dye)	5.0	g/dl	[3.5-5.2]
SERUM GLOBULIN (Calculated)	3.0	g/dl	[1.8-3.4]
ALB/GLOB (A/G) Ratio(Calculated)	1.67		[1.10-1.80]



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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR AMRIT RAJ DEVBRAT	Age :	32 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH011572323	Lab No :	32231210004
Patient Episode	: H03000058816	Collection Date :	21 Dec 2023 09:38
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 21 Dec 2023 10:09	Reporting Date :	21 Dec 2023 14:37

BIOCHEMISTRY

Technical Notes:

Liver function test aids in diagnosis of various pre hepatic, hepatic and post hepatic causes of dysfunction like hemolytic anemia's, viral and alcoholic hepatitis and cholestasis of obstructive causes.

Test Name	Result	Unit B	iological Ref. Interval
KIDNEY PROFILE (Serum)			
BUN (Urease/GLDH)	6.00	mg/dl	[6.00-20.00]
SERUM CREATININE (Jaffe's method)	0.89	mg/dl	[0.80-1.60]
SERUM URIC ACID (Uricase)	6.3	mg/dl	[3.5-7.2]
SERUM CALCIUM (NM-BAPTA)	9.95	mg/dl	[8.00-10.50]
SERUM PHOSPHORUS (Molybdate, UV)	3.5	mg/dl	[2.5-4.5]
SERUM SODIUM (ISE)	139.0	mmol/l	[134.0-145.0]
SERUM POTASSIUM (ISE)	4.63	mmol/l	[3.50-5.20]
SERUM CHLORIDE (ISE Indirect)	100.4	mmol/L	[95.0-105.0]
eGFR	113.1	ml/min/1.73sq	.m [>60.0]

Technical Note

eGFR which is primarily based on Serum Creatinine is a derivation of CKD-EPI 2009 equation normalized to1.73 sq.m BSA and is not applicable to individuals below 18 years. eGFR tends to be less accurate when Serum Creatinine estimation is indeterminate e.g. patients at extremes of muscle mass, on unusual diets etc. and samples with severe Hemolysis / Icterus / Lipemia.

-----END OF REPORT-----

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Neefan Suga

Dr. Neelam Singal CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY

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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR AMRIT RAJ DEVBRAT	Age	:	32 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH011572323	Lab No	:	32231210005
Patient Episode	: H03000058816	Collection Date	:	21 Dec 2023 12:43
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 21 Dec 2023 14:07	Reporting Date	:	21 Dec 2023 16:02

BIOCHEMISTRY

Specimen Type : Plasma PLASMA GLUCOSE - PP

Plasma	GLUCOSE -	ΡP	(Hexokinase)	136	mg/dl	[70-140]
--------	-----------	----	--------------	-----	-------	----------

Note : Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying, brisk glucose absorption , post exercise

Specimen Type : Plasma

GLUCOSE-Fasting	(Hexokinase)	98
-----------------	--------------	----

98

mg/dl [74-106]

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-----END OF REPORT-----

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Dr. Neelam Singal CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR AMRIT RAJ DEVBRAT	Age :	:	32 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH011572323	Lab No :		33231206270
Patient Episode	: H03000058816	Collection Date :	:	21 Dec 2023 09:39
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 21 Dec 2023 10:15	Reporting Date :	:	21 Dec 2023 12:26

HAEMATOLOGY

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (Automated) Specimen-Whole Blood

ESR 4.0 mm/1sthour [0.0-10	ESR	4.0	mm/1sthour	[0.0-10.0
----------------------------	-----	-----	------------	-----------

Interpretation :

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non-specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants (e.g. pyogenic infections, inflammation and malignancies). The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week postpartum.

ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives).

It is especially low (0 -1mm) in polycythemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

Test Name	Result	Unit Bi	ological Ref. Interval
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (EDTA Blood)			
WBC Count (Flow cytometry)	7560	/cu.mm	[4000-10000]
RBC Count (Impedence)	5.36	million/cu.mm	[4.50-5.50]
Haemoglobin (SLS Method)	15.9	g/dL	[13.0-17.0]
Haematocrit (PCV)	45.8	00	[40.0-50.0]
(RBC Pulse Height Detector Method)			
MCV (Calculated)	85.4	fL	[83.0-101.0]
MCH (Calculated)	29.7	pg	[25.0-32.0]
MCHC (Calculated)	34.7 #	g/dL	[31.5-34.5]
Platelet Count (Impedence)	157000	/cu.mm	[150000-410000]
RDW-CV (Calculated)	14.7 #	8	[11.6-14.0]
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
Neutrophils (Flowcytometry)	52.4	00	[40.0-80.0]
Lymphocytes (Flowcytometry)	38.9	8	[20.0-40.0]



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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR AMRIT RAJ DEVBRAT	Age	:	32 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH011572323	Lab No	:	33231206270
Patient Episode	: H03000058816	Collection Date	:	21 Dec 2023 09:39
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 21 Dec 2023 10:15	Reporting Date	:	21 Dec 2023 10:46

HAEMATOLOGY

Monocytes (Flowcytometry)	5.6		00	[2.0-10.0]
Eosinophils (Flowcytometry)	2.4		00	[1.0-6.0]
Basophils (Flowcytometry)	0.7 #	:	90 0	[1.0-2.0]
IG	0.10		00	
Neutrophil Absolute(Flouroscence fl	ow cytometry)	4.0	/cu mm	[2.0-7.0]x10 ³
Lymphocyte Absolute(Flouroscence fl	ow cytometry)	2.9	/cu mm	[1.0-3.0]x10 ³
Monocyte Absolute(Flouroscence flow	cytometry)	0.4	/cu mm	[0.2-1.2]x10 ³
Eosinophil Absolute(Flouroscence fl	ow cytometry)	0.2	/cu mm	[0.0-0.5]x10 ³
Basophil Absolute(Flouroscence flow	cytometry)	0.1	/cu mm	[0.0-0.1]x10 ³

Complete Blood Count is used to evaluate wide range of health disorders, including anemia, infection, and leukemia. Abnormal increase or decrease in cell counts as revealed may indicate that an underlying medical condition that calls for further evaluation.

-----END OF REPORT-----

010

Dr.Himansha Pandey



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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR AMRIT RAJ DEVBRAT	Age	:	32 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH011572323	Lab No	:	38231201903
Patient Episode	: H03000058816	Collection Date	e :	21 Dec 2023 09:38
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 21 Dec 2023 13:00	Reporting Date	e :	21 Dec 2023 13:41

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Biological Ref. Interval
ROUTINE URINE ANALYSIS		
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION		
Colour (Visual)	PALE YELLOW	(Pale Yellow - Yellow)
Appearance (Visual)	CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION		
Reaction[pH]	6.5	(5.0-9.0)
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator Metho	od))	
Specific Gravity	1.005	(1.003-1.035)
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator Metho	od))	
Bilirubin	Negative	NEGATIVE
Protein/Albumin	Negative	(NEGATIVE-TRACE)
(Reflectance photometry(Indicator Meth	od)/Manual SSA)	
Glucose	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)
(Reflectance photometry (GOD-POD/Bened	lict Method))	
Ketone Bodies	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)
(Reflectance photometry(Legal's Test)/	'Manual Rotheras)	
Urobilinogen	NORMAL	(NORMAL)
Reflactance photometry/Diazonium salt	reaction	
Nitrite	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
Reflactance photometry/Griess test		
Leukocytes	NIL	NEGATIVE
Reflactance photometry/Action of Ester	ase	
BLOOD	NIL	NEGATIVE
(Reflectance photometry(peroxidase))		
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION (Manual) Me	thod: Light microscopy on	centrifuged urine
WBC/Pus Cells	1-2 /hpf	(4-6)
Red Blood Cells	NIL	(1-2)
Epithelial Cells	1-2 /hpf	(2-4)
Casts	NIL	(NIL)
Crystals	NIL	(NIL)
Bacteria	NIL	
Yeast cells	NIL	
Interpretation:		

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR AMRIT RAJ DEVBRAT	Age :	32 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH011572323	Lab No :	38231201903
Patient Episode	: H03000058816	Collection Date :	21 Dec 2023 09:38
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 21 Dec 2023 13:00	Reporting Date :	21 Dec 2023 13:41

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

URINALYSIS-Routine urine analysis assists in screening and diagnosis of various metabolic , urological, kidney and liver disorders

Protein: Elevated proteins can be an early sign of kidney disease. Urinary protein excretion can also be temporarily elevated by strenuous exercise, orthostatic proteinuria, dehydration, urina tract infections and acute illness with fever

Glucose: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of glucose in urine.

Other causes include pregnancy, hormonal disturbances, liver disease and certain medications.

Ketones: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of ketones in urine.

Ketones can also be seen in starvation, frequent vomiting, pregnancy and strenuous exercise. Blood: Occult blood can occur in urine as intact erythrocytes or haemoglobin, which can occur in various urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders.

Leukocytes: An increase in leukocytes is an indication of inflammation in urinary tract or kidneys Most Common cause is bacterial urinary tract infection.

Nitrite: Many bacteria give positive results when their number is high. Nitrite concentration duri infection increases with length of time the urine specimen is retained in bladder prior to collection.

pH: The kidneys play an important role in maintaining acid base balance of the body. Conditions of the body producing acidosis/alkalosis or ingestion of certain type of food can affect the pH of urine.

Specific gravity: Specific gravity gives an indication of how concentrated the urine is. Increased Specific gravity is seen in conditions like dehydration, glycosuria and proteinuria while decrease Specific gravity is seen in excessive fluid intake, renal failure and diabetes insipidus. Bilirubin: In certain liver diseases such as biliary obstruction or hepatitis,

bilirubin gets excreted in urine.

Urobilinogen: Positive results are seen in liver diseases like hepatitis and cirrhosis and in case of hemolytic anemia.

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-----END OF REPORT------

Dr.Himansha Pandey

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Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MR Amrit RAJ DEVBRAT	STUDY DATE	21/12/2023 10:25AM
AGE / SEX	32 y / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011572323
ACCESSION NO.	R6590740	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	21/12/2023 1:40PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

Results:

Liver is enlarged in size (~16 cm) and shows grade I fatty changes. No focal intra-hepatic lesion is detected. Intra-hepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal in calibre.

Gall bladder appears echofree with normal wall thickness.

Common bile duct is normal in calibre.

Pancreas is normal in size and echopattern.

Spleen is normal in size (~ 11.0 cm) and echopattern.

Both kidneys are normal in position, size (RK \sim 9.8 x 4.8 cm and LK \sim 10.2 x 5.2 cm) and outline. Cortico-medullary differentiation of both kidneys is maintained. Central sinus echoes are compact. No focal lesion or calculus seen. Bilateral pelvicalyceal systems are not dilated.

Urinary bladder is normal in wall thickness with clear contents. No significant intra or extraluminal mass is seen.

Prostate appears normal in size and echotexture. It measures approx. 20.7 cc in volume. Small (11 x 8 mm) cystic lesion in midline with tract (1 mm wide) projecting medially possibly collecting with urethra.

No significant free fluid is detected.

IMPRESSION:

- Small cyst in prostate possibly communicating with urethra (kindly rule out
- possibility of urethral diverticulum.
- Hepatomegaly with grade I fatty infiltration.

Please correlate clinically.

Dr. Roly Srivastava MBBS, DNB DMC No.45626 CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST







******End Of Report*****





H-2019-0640/09/06/2019-08/06/2022

Awarded Emergency Excellence Services MC/3228/04/09/2019-03/09/2021 E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

Awarded Nursing Excellence Services

Awarded Clean & Green Hospital N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019

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