

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION REPORT

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EXAMINATION FINDINGS: Height (cms): Weight (kg): Blood Pressure Pulse Cardiovascular: Respiratory: Genitourinary:	Thane Ghodbundar road AGE
EXAMINATION FINDINGS: Height (cms): Weight (kg): Blood Pressure Pulse Cardiovascular: Respiratory: Genitourinary:	Ales
Height (cms): Weight (kg): Blood Pressure Pulse Cardiovascular: Respiratory: Genitourinary: Temp (0c): Skin: Nails: Lymph Node:	Ales
Weight (kg): Blood Pressure 2 /82 Nails: Pulse Lymph Node: Systems: Cardiovascular: Respiratory: Genitourinary:	Aleb
Blood Pressure 12 /82 Nails: Pulse Lymph Node: Cardiovascular: Respiratory: Genitourinary:	
Pulse Lymph Node: Cardiovascular: Respiratory: Genitourinary:	MD
Systems: Cardiovascular: Respiratory: Genitourinary:	10
Cardiovascular: Respiratory: Genitourinary:	*1
Respiratory: Genitourinary:	
Respiratory: Genitourinary:	9
GI System:	
CNS:	
Impression:	
All Reports-C	\supset
Advice:	

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Date: 2/3/24
Name: S. Roe OUI oe del sex/Age: 15 -013.

8 2 mps/Kul Sex/Age: 153.

EYE CHECK UP

Chief complaints: 12 0

Systemic Diseases:

Past history:

Unaided Vision:

Aided Vision:

1212 /3 24/8 K'VBC 132 /3 KVBCK16

Refraction:

(Right Eye)

(Left Eye)

	Sph	Cyl	Axis	Vn	Sph	Cyl	Axis	Vn
Distance								
Near								

Colour Vision: Normal Abnormal

Remark: Vse au Specks



CID : 2406223730

Name : MR.SAMJISKAR SHARDUL HIRAMAN

Age / Gender : 33 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. :

Reg. Location : G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

Authenticity Check

Use a QR Code Scanner Application To Scan the Code

Collected

Reported

: 02-Mar-2024 / 13:37 : 02-Mar-2024 / 16:11 R

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AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE

	CBC (Complet	e Blood Count), Blood	
PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
RBC PARAMETERS			
Haemoglobin	15.6	13.0-17.0 g/dL	Spectrophotometric
RBC	5.21	4.5-5.5 mil/cmm	Elect. Impedance
PCV	48.2	40-50 %	Measured
MCV	92.4	80-100 fl	Calculated
MCH	29.8	27-32 pg	Calculated
MCHC	32.3	31.5-34.5 g/dL	Calculated
RDW	12.6	11.6-14.0 %	Calculated
WBC PARAMETERS			
WBC Total Count	4760	4000-10000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
WBC DIFFERENTIAL AND	ABSOLUTE COUNTS		
Lymphocytes	31.8	20-40 %	
Absolute Lymphocytes	1513.7	1000-3000 /cmm	Calculated
Monocytes	5.9	2-10 %	
Absolute Monocytes	280.8	200-1000 /cmm	Calculated
Neutrophils	57.5	40-80 %	
Absolute Neutrophils	2737.0	2000-7000 /cmm	Calculated
Eosinophils	4.7	1-6 %	
Absolute Eosinophils	223.7	20-500 /cmm	Calculated
Basophils	0.1	0.1-2 %	
Absolute Basophils	4.8	20-100 /cmm	Calculated
Immature Leukocytes	-1.		
WBC Differential Count by Abs	sorbance & Impedance metho	od/Microscopy.	
PLATELET PARAMETERS			
Platelet Count	193000	150000-400000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance

193000	150000-400000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
9.1	6-11 fl	Calculated
11.4	11-18 %	Calculated
	9.1	9.1 6-11 fl

RBC MORPHOLOGY

Hypochromia -Microcytosis -

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Macrocytosis

Anisocytosis

Poikilocytosis

Polychromasia

Target Cells

Basophilic Stippling

Normoblasts

Others Normocytic, Normochromic

WBC MORPHOLOGY

PLATELET MORPHOLOGY

COMMENT

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood

ESR, EDTA WB-ESR 5 2-15 mm at 1 hr.

Sedimentation

Clinical Significance: The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), also called a sedimentation rate is the rate red blood cells sediment in a period of time.

Interpretation:

Factors that increase ESR: Old age, Pregnancy, Anemia

Factors that decrease ESR: Extreme leukocytosis, Polycythemia, Red cell abnormalities- Sickle cell disease

Limitations:

- It is a non-specific measure of inflammation.
- The use of the ESR as a screening test in asymptomatic persons is limited by its low sensitivity and specificity.

Reflex Test: C-Reactive Protein (CRP) is the recommended test in acute inflammatory conditions.

Reference:

- Brigden ML. Clinical utility of the erythrocyte sedimentation rate. American family physician. 1999 Oct 1;60(5):1443-50.

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West ** End Of Report ***

Dr. VANDANA KULKARNI

M.D (Path) Pathologist

Hukanni

Page 2 of 10



: 2406223730

Name

: MR. SAMJISKAR SHARDUL HIRAMAN

Age / Gender

: 33 Years / Male

Note: Kindly note in change in reference range w.e.f. 07-09-2023

Consulting Dr. Reg. Location

: -

: G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

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AFREOCAMI	HEALT	THCARE	BELOW	40	MALE/FEMALE
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PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
GLUCOSE (SUGAR) FASTING, Fluoride Plasma	83.3	Non-Diabetic: < 100 mg/dl Impaired Fasting Glucose: 100-125 mg/dl Diabetic: >/= 126 mg/dl	Hexokinase
GLUCOSE (SUGAR) PP, Fluoride Plasma PP/R	101.9	Non-Diabetic: < 140 mg/dl Impaired Glucose Tolerance: 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: >/= 200 mg/dl	Hexokinase
BILIRUBIN (TOTAL), Serum	1.19	0.3-1.2 mg/dl	Vanadate oxidation
BILIRUBIN (DIRECT), Serum	0.40	0-0.3 mg/dl	Vanadate oxidation
BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT), Serum	0.79	<1.2 mg/dl	Calculated
TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum	8.0	5.7-8.2 g/dL	Biuret
ALBUMIN, Serum	4.6	3.2-4.8 g/dL	BCG
GLOBULIN, Serum	3.4	2.3-3.5 g/dL	Calculated
A/G RATIO, Serum	1.4	1 - 2	Calculated
SGOT (AST), Serum	23.0	<34 U/L	Modified IFCC
SGPT (ALT), Serum	22.3	10-49 U/L	Modified IFCC
GAMMA GT, Serum	<7.0	<73 U/L	Modified IFCC
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, Serum	60.0	46-116 U/L	Modified IFCC
BLOOD UREA, Serum	19.6	19.29-49.28 mg/dl	Calculated
BUN, Serum	9.2	9.0-23.0 mg/dl	Urease with GLDH
CREATININE, Serum	0.94	0.73-1.18 mg/dl	Enzymatic



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: 02-Mar-2024 / 13:37

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:02-Mar-2024 / 17:51

eGFR, Serum

110

(ml/min/1.73sgm)

Normal or High: Above 90 Mild decrease: 60-89

Mild to moderate decrease: 45-

Moderate to severe decrease:30

-44

Severe decrease: 15-29 Kidney failure:<15

Note: eGFR estimation is calculated using 2021 CKD-EPI GFR equation w.e.f 16-08-2023

URIC ACID, Serum

6.9

3.7-9.2 mg/dl

Absent

Uricase/ Peroxidase

Urine Sugar (Fasting) Urine Ketones (Fasting) Absent Absent

Absent

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West *** End Of Report ***

> Mujawar Dr.IMRAN MUJAWAR M.D (Path) **Pathologist**



: 2406223730

Name

: MR. SAMJISKAR SHARDUL HIRAMAN

Age / Gender

: 33 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. Reg. Location

. .

: G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

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:02-Mar-2024 / 16:29

AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c)

PARAMETER

RESULTS

BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE

METHOD

Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), EDTA WB - CC

4.7

88.2

Non-Diabetic Level: < 5.7 % Prediabetic Level: 5.7-6.4 % HPLC

Diabetic Level: >/= 6.5 %

mg/dl

Calculated

Estimated Average Glucose

(eAG), EDTA WB - CC

Intended use:

- . In patients who are meeting treatment goals, HbA1c test should be performed at least 2 times a year
- In patients whose therapy has changed or who are not meeting glycemic goals, it should be performed quarterly
- For microvascular disease prevention, the HbA1C goal for non pregnant adults in general is Less than 7%.

Clinical Significance:

- HbA1c, Glycosylated hemoglobin or glycated hemoglobin, is hemoglobin with glucose molecule attached to it.
- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.

Test Interpretation:

- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of Glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.
- HbA1c test may be used to screen for and diagnose diabetes or risk of developing diabetes.
- To monitor compliance and long term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
- Index of diabetic control, predicting development and progression of diabetic micro vascular complications.

Factors affecting HbA1c results:

Increased in: High fetal hemoglobin, Chronic renal failure, Iron deficiency anemia, Splenectomy, Increased serum triglycerides, Alcohol ingestion, Lead/opiate poisoning and Salicylate treatment.

Decreased in: Shortened RBC lifespan (Hemolytic anemia, blood loss), following transfusions, pregnancy, ingestion of large amount of Vitamin E or Vitamin C and Hemoglobinopathies

Reflex tests: Blood glucose levels, CGM (Continuous Glucose monitoring)

References: ADA recommendations, AACC, Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests 10th edition.

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West
*** End Of Report ***

Dr. VANDANA KULKARNI M.D (Path)

M.D (Path) Pathologist

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CID : 2406223730

Name : MR. SAMJISKAR SHARDUL HIRAMAN

Age / Gender : 33 Years / Male

Consulting Dr.

Reg. Location

: G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

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Collected Reported

: 02-Mar-2024 / 13:37 :02-Mar-2024 / 18:57 R

AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE URINE EXAMINATION REPORT

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
Color	Pale yellow	Pale Yellow	
Reaction (pH)	Acidic (5.5)	4.5 - 8.0	Chemical Indicator
Specific Gravity	1.010	1.010-1.030	Chemical Indicator
Transparency	Clear	Clear	*
Volume (ml)	50		
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
Proteins	Absent	Absent	pH Indicator
Glucose	Absent	Absent	GOD-POD
Ketones	Absent	Absent	Legals Test
Blood	Absent	Absent	Peroxidase
Bilirubin	Absent	Absent	Diazonium Salt
Urobilinogen	Normal	Normal	Diazonium Salt
Nitrite	Absent	Absent	Griess Test
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATIO	<u>on</u>		
Leukocytes(Pus cells)/hpf	0-1	0-5/hpf	
Red Blood Cells / hpf	Absent	0-2/hpf	
Epithelial Cells / hpf	1-2		
Casts	Absent	Absent	
Crystals	Absent	Absent	
Amorphous debris	Absent	Absent	
Bacteria / hpf	1-2	Less than 20/hpf	
Others			

Interpretation: The concentration values of Chemical analytes corresponding to the grading given in the report are as follows:

- Protein (1+ = 25 mg/dl, 2+ =75 mg/dl, 3+ = 150 mg/dl, 4+ = 500 mg/dl)
- Glucose(1+ = 50 mg/dl, 2+ =100 mg/dl, 3+ =300 mg/dl, 4+ =1000 mg/dl)
- Ketone (1 + = 5 mg/dl, 2 + = 15 mg/dl, 3 + = 50 mg/dl, 4 + = 150 mg/dl)

Reference: Pack inert

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West

Dr. VANDANA KULKARNI M.D (Path)

Pathologist

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: 2406223730

Name

: MR. SAMJISKAR SHARDUL HIRAMAN

Age / Gender

: 33 Years / Male

Consulting Dr.

: -

Reg. Location

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AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE BLOOD GROUPING & Rh TYPING

PARAMETER

RESULTS

ABO GROUP

AB

Rh TYPING

Positive

NOTE: Test performed by Semi- automated column agglutination technology (CAT)

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood and/or serum

Clinical significance:

ABO system is most important of all blood group in transfusion medicine

Limitations:

- . ABO blood group of new born is performed only by cell (forward) grouping because allo antibodies in cord blood are of maternal origin.
- Since A & B antigens are not fully developed at birth, both Anti-A & Anti-B antibodies appear after the first 4 to 6 months of life. As a result, weaker reactions may occur with red cells of newborns than of adults.
- Confirmation of newborn's blood group is indicated when A & B antigen expression and the isoagglutinins are fully developed at 2 to 4 years of age & remains constant throughout life.
- · Cord blood is contaminated with Wharton's jelly that causes red cell aggregation leading to false positive result
- The Hh blood group also known as Oh or Bombay blood group is rare blood group type. The term Bombay is used to refer the phenotype that lacks normal expression of ABH antigens because of inheritance of hh genotype.

Refernces:

- 1. Denise M Harmening, Modern Blood Banking and Transfusion Practices- 6th Edition 2012. F.A. Davis company. Philadelphia
- 2. AABB technical manual

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West
*** End Of Report ***

Dr.VANDANA KULKARNI M.D (Path) Pathologist

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: 2406223730

Name

: MR. SAMJISKAR SHARDUL HIRAMAN

Age / Gender

: 33 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. Reg. Location

. .

C D

: G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

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Collected Reported : 02-Mar-2024 / 13:37 : 02-Mar-2024 / 20:56 R

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AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE LIPID PROFILE

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
CHOLESTEROL, Serum	176.2	Desirable: <200 mg/dl Borderline High: 200-239mg/dl High: >/=240 mg/dl	CHOD-POD
TRIGLYCERIDES, Serum	132.0		Enzymatic colorimetric
HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	55.9	Desirable: >60 mg/dl Borderline: 40 - 60 mg/dl Low (High risk): <40 mg/dl	Elimination/ Catalase
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	120.3	Desirable: <130 mg/dl Borderline-high:130 - 159 mg/dl High:160 - 189 mg/dl Very high: >/=190 mg/dl	Calculated
LDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	93.9	Optimal: <100 mg/dl Near Optimal: 100 - 129 mg/dl Borderline High: 130 - 159 mg/dl High: 160 - 189 mg/dl Very High: >/= 190 mg/dl	Calculated
VLDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	26.4	< /= 30 mg/dl	Calculated
CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	3.2	0-4.5 Ratio	Calculated
LDL CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	1.7	0-3.5 Ratio	Calculated

^{*}Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab
*** End Of Report ***





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Dr.JYOT THAKKER.. M.D. (PATH), DPB Pathologist & AVP(Medical Services)

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: 2406223730

Name

: MR. SAMJISKAR SHARDUL HIRAMAN

Age / Gender

: 33 Years / Male

Consulting Dr.

: .

Reg. Location

: G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

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Collected Reported : 02-Mar-2024 / 13:37 : 02-Mar-2024 / 20:44 R

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AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE THYROID FUNCTION TESTS

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
Free T3, Serum	4.8	3.5-6.5 pmol/L	CLIA
Free T4, Serum	16.1	11.5-22.7 pmol/L	CLIA
sensitiveTSH, Serum	3.602	0.55-4.78 microIU/ml	CLIA



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Age / Gender : 33 Years / Male

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A thyroid panel is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose various thyroid disorders.

Clinical Significance:

1)TSH Values between high abnormal upto 15 microIU/ml should be correlated clinically or repeat the test with new sample as physiological factors

can give falsely high TSH.

2)TSH values may be trasiently altered becuase of non thyroidal illness like severe infections, liver disease, renal and heart severe burns, trauma and surgery etc.

TSH	FT4/T4	FT3/T3	Interpretation
High	Normal	Normal	Subclinical hypothyroidism, poor compliance with thyroxine, drugs like amiodarone, Recovery phase of non-thyroidal illness, TSH Resistance.
High	Low	Low	Hypothyroidism, Autoimmune thyroiditis, post radio iodine Rx, post thyroidectomy, Anti thyroid drugs, tyrosine kinase inhibitors & amiodarone, amyloid deposits in thyroid, thyroid tumors & congenital hypothyroidism.
Low	High	High	Hyperthyroidism, Graves disease, toxic multinodular goiter, toxic adenoma, excess iodine or thyroxine intake, pregnancy related (hyperemesis gravidarum, hydatiform mole)
Low	Normal	Normal	Subclinical Hyperthyroidism, recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism, drugs like steroids & dopamine), Non thyroidal illness.
Low	Low	Low	Central Hypothyroidism, Non Thyroidal Illness, Recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism.
High	High	High	Interfering anti TPO antibodies, Drug interference: Amiodarone, Heparin, Beta Blockers, steroids & anti epileptics.

Diumal Variation:TSH follows a diurnal rhythm and is at maximum between 2 am and 4 am, and is at a minimum between 6 pm and 10 pm. The variation is on the order of 50 to 206%. Biological variation:19.7%(with in subject variation)

Reflex Tests:Anti thyroid Antibodies, USG Thyroid , TSH receptor Antibody. Thyroglobulin, Calcitonin

Limitations:

- 1. Samples should not be taken from patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (i.e. >5 mg/day) until atleast 8 hours following the last biotin administration.
- 2. Patient samples may contain heterophilic antibodies that could react in immunoassays to give falsely elevated or depressed results. this assay is designed to minimize interference from heterophilic antibodies.

Reference:

- 1.O.koulouri et al. / Best Practice and Research clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism 27(2013)
- 2.Interpretation of the thyroid function tests, Dayan et al. THE LANCET . Vol 357
- 3. Tietz , Text Book of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Biology -5th Edition
- 4. Biological Variation: From principles to Practice-Callum G Fraser (AACC Press)

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab
*** End Of Report ***





Dr.ANUPA DIXIT
M.D.(PATH)
Consultant Pathologist & Lab Director

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Page 10 of 10



Authenticity Check << QRCode>>

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CID

: 2406223730

Name

: Mr SAMJISKAR SHARDUL

HIRAMAN

Age / Sex

: 33 Years/Male

Ref. Dr Reg. Location . 33 Icars/Man

: G B Road, Thane West Main Centre

Reg. Date Reported Application To Scan the Code: 02-Mar-2024

: 02-Mar-2024 / 15:03

Use a QR Code Scanner

X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Both lung fields are clear.

Both costo-phrenic angles are clear.

The cardiac size and shape are within normal limits.

The domes of diaphragm are normal in position and outlines.

The skeleton under review appears normal.

IMPRESSION:

NO SIGNIFICANT ABNORMALITY IS DETECTED.

-----End of Report-----

Dr.GAURAV FARTADE
MBBS, DMRE
Reg No -2014/04/1786
Consultant Radiologist

Click here to view images << ImageLink>>



Name: MR. SHARDUL SAMJISKAR	Age :33 YRS /MALE	
Ref. By :	Date: 02.03.2024	

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USG ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

LIVER: Liver appears normal in size(14 cm) and echotexture. There is no intra-hepatic biliary radical dilatation. No evidence of any focal lesion.

GALL BLADDER: Gall bladder is distended and appears normal. Wall thickness is within normal limits. There is no evidence of any calculus. No evidence of pericholecystic fluid collection/fat strandings. No evidence of sludge.

PORTAL VEIN: Portal vein is normal. CBD: CBD is normal.

<u>PANCREAS:</u> Pancreas appears normal in echotexture. There is no evidence of any focal lesion or calcification. Pancreatic duct is not dilated.

KIDNEYS: Right kidney measures 10.5 x 4.3 cm. Left kidney measures 11.2 x 4.6 cm. Both kidneys are normal in shape and echotexture. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. There is no evidence of any hydronephrosis, hydroureter or calculus.

SPLEEN: Spleen is normal in size, (11.4 cm) shape and echotexture. No focal lesion is seen.

<u>URINARY BLADDER:</u> Urinary bladder is partilly distended and normal. Wall thickness is within normal limits.

<u>PROSTATE:</u> Prostate is normal in size,17 cc in volume and shows normal echotexture. No evidence of any focal lesion. Median lobe does not show significant hypertrophy.

No free fluid or significant lymphadenopathy is seen.

Gaseous distention of bowel loops, visulised bowels shows normal forward peristalsis movements.



PORT

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IMPRESSION: NO SIGNIFICANT ABNORMALITY IS NOTED AT PRESENT SCAN.

Note:Investigations have their limitations. Solitary radiological investigations never confirm the final diagnosis. They only help in diagnosing the disease in correlation to clinical symptoms and other related tests. USG is known to have inter-observer variations. Further/follow-up imaging may be needed in some cases for confirmation / exclusion of diagnosis.

Advice: Clinical co-relation and further imaging evaluation if indicated.

DR. SHIVANGINI V. INGOLE M.B.B.S., DMRE (CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST) REG NO. 2018/12/6130



Name: MR. SHARDUL SAMJISKAR	Age :33 YRS /MALE
Ref. By :	Date: 02.03.2024

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2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY

M - MODE FINDINGS:

LVIDD	45	mm
LVIDS	29	mm
LVEF	60	%
IVS	10	mm
PW	7	mm
AO	21	mm
LA	31	mm

2D ECHO:

- · All cardiac chambers are normal in size
- · Left ventricular contractility: Normal
- Regional wall motion abnormality: Absent.
- Systolic thickening: Normal, LVEF = 60%
- Mitral, tricuspid, aortic, pulmonary valves are: Normal.
- Great arteries : Aorta and pulmonary artery are : Normal .
- Inter artrial and inter ventricular septum are intact.
- · Pulmonary veins, IVC, hepatic veins are normal.
- No pericardial effusion. No intracardiac clots or vegetation.



PATIENT NAME: MR. SHARDUL SAMJISKAR

COLOR DOPPLER:

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- Mitral valve doppler E- 0.9 m/s, A 0.5 m/s.
- · Mild TR.
- No aortic / mitral regurgition. Aortic velocity 1.3 m/s, PG 6.4 mmHg
- No significant gradient across aortic valve.
- · No diastolic dysfunction.

IMPRESSION:

- NO REGIONAL WALL MOTION ABNORMALITY AT REST.
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION.

-----End of the Report-----

DR.YÓGESH KHARCHE
DNB(MEDICINE) DNB (CARDIOLOGY)
CONSULTANAT INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGIST.