Patient Name UHID	Mr. GURUDEEP SINGH MEENA 40012083	Lab No Collection Date	4028374 23/03/2024 11:12AM
Age/Gender	29 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	23/03/2024 11:26AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	23/03/2024 4:06PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	8952000034		

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Rang	ge
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)				Sample: Fl. Plasma
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)	205.5 H	mg/dl	71 - 109	
Method: Hexokinase assay. Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitori	ng of treatment in di	abetes mellitus and	evaluation of carbohvdrate m	netabolism in

and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolis iagnosis various diseases.

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP)				Sample: PLASMA
BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP)	114.7	mg/dl	Non – Diabetic: - < 140 mg/dl Pre – Diabetic: - 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: - >=200 mg/dl	

Method: Hexokinase assay. Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH				Sample: Serum
ТЗ	1.470	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690	
Τ4	7.21	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00	
тѕн	1.83	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05	

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

AldrinayVerna

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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BIOCHEMISTRY

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in the diagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages of hyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in theconcentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater oppositechanges in the TSH levels.

LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)

BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.30	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.15 L	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.15	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.30
SGOT	77.0 H	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGPT	131.4 H	U/L	0.0 - 41.0
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.8	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7
ALBUMIN	4.6	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
GLOBULIN	3.2		1.8 - 3.6
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	90	U/L	40 - 129
A/G RATIO	1.4 L	Ratio	1.5 - 2.5
GGTP	127.0 H	U/L	10.0 - 60.0

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Sample: Serum

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BIOCHEMISTRY

BILIRUBIN TOTAL :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated, water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS :- Method: Biuret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder. ALBUMIN :- Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE :- Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GCTP-GAMMA GLUTAWIL TRANSPEPTIDASE :- Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	224		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	32.0		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	156.6		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	46	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	231		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	7	%	

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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BIOCHEMISTRY

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.

interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders.

HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method. Interpretation:-HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease.

LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are

Synthesized in the liver. CHOLESTEROL VLDL :- Method: VLDL Calculative

Interpretation:-High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas.

DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction.

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

UREA	26.8	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	12.5	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.70	mg/dl	0.70 - 1.20
SODIUM	141.3	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.15	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	103.6	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	4.41	mg/dl	3.4 - 7.0
CALCIUM	9.95	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.00

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Sample: Serum

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BIOCHEMISTRY

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease. **URIC ACID** :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume.

diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation,drug abuse and increased alcohol consume. SODIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea,diminished reabsorption in the

kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake andkidney reabsorption. **POTASSIUM** :- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting ropal failure. Wigh level: Debudgation should burge DKA ropalfailure

renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure. CHLORIDE - SERUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL :- Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usuallyassociated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also beobserved in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

HBA1C

6.9

%

< 5.7% Nondiabetic 5.7-6.4% Pre-diabetic > 6.4% Indicate Diabetes

Known Diabetic Patients

< 7 % Excellent Control

7 - 8 % Good Control

Method : - Turbidimetric inhibition immunoassay (TINIA) Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbA1C and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA

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BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
BLOOD GROUPING	"AB" Rh Positive		

Note :

Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

AldrinayVerna

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

	ample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL) Sa URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL) NEGATIVE	
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)	ample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM) NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	
Sa	ample: Urine
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION	•
VOLUME 20 ml	
COLOUR PALE YELLOW P YELLOW	
APPEARANCE CLEAR CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION	
PH 6.0 5.5 - 7.0	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.020 1.016-1.022	
PROTEIN NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	
SUGAR NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	
BLOOD NEGATIVE	
KETONES NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	
NITRITE NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	
UROBILINOGEN NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	
LEUCOCYTE NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	
WBCS/HPF 1-2 /hpf 0-3	
RBCS/HPF 0-0 /hpf 0-2	
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF 1-2 /hpf 0-1	
CASTS NIL NIL	
CRYSTALS NIL NIL	

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

BACTERIA	NIL	NIL
OHTERS	NIL	NIL

Methodology:-

Methodology:-Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific Gravity: Proton re;ease from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method. interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Ra	nge
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)				Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	14.0	g/dl	13.0 - 17.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	45.4	%	40.0 - 50.0	
MCV	91.3	fl	82 - 92	
МСН	28.2	pg	27 - 32	
MCHC	30.8 L	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	4.97	millions/cu.mm	4.50 - 5.50	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	7.58	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	58.3	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	29.7	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	3.4	%	1 - 6	
BASOPHIL	0.4 L	%	1 - 2	
MONOCYTES	8.2	%	2 - 10	
PLATELET COUNT	2.57	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. MCV :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCH :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia,High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method:-Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry.Interpretation:-High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

LYMPHOCYTS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE)

10

mm/1st hr 0 - 15

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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Method:-Modified Westergrens. Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

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	X Ray		

Test Name

Result

Unit

Biological Ref. Range

X-RAY CHEST P. A. VIEW

Prominent bronchovascular markings are seen.

Both CP angles are clear.

Both hemi-diaphragms arenormal in shape and outlines.

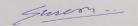
Cardiac shadow is withinnormal limits.

Visualized bony thorax is unremarkable.

Correlate clinically &with other related investigations.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. ABHINAY VERMA



Dr. SURESH KUMAR SAINI MBBS,MD RADIOLOGIST

DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS

UHID / IP NO	40012083 (8966)	RISNo./Status :	4028374/
Patient Name :	Mr. GURUDEEP SINGH MEENA	Age/Gender :	29 Y/M
Referred By :	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	23/03/2024 11:02AM/ OPSCR23- 24/16523	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	23/03/2024 11:56AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

ULTRASOUND STUDY OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver:	Normal in size & shows increased parenchymal echotexture . No obvious significant focal parenchymal mass lesion noted. Intrahepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal.
Gall Bladder:	Lumen is clear. Wall thickness is normal. CBD is normal.
Pancreas:	Normal in size & echotexture.
Spleen:	Normal in size & echotexture. No focal lesion seen.
	Bilateral kidneys are mildly bulky with multiple cysts. Echotexture is mildly increased.
Urinary Bladder:	Partially distended.
Prostate:	Grossly appears normal.

Others: No significant free fluid is seen in pelvic peritoneal cavity.

IMPRESSION: USG findings are suggestive of

- Fatty liver.
- Bilateral polycystic kidney disease with mild increased echotexture (Advise: RFT correlation).

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

ations

DR. APOORVA JETWANI Incharge & Senior Consultant Radiology MBBS, DMRD, DNB Reg. No. 26466, 16307

DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY

UHID / IP NO	40012083 (8966)	RISNo./Status :	4028374/
Patient Name :	Mr. GURUDEEP SINGH MEENA	Age/Gender :	29 Y/M
Referred By :	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	23/03/2024 11:02AM/ OPSCR23- 24/16523	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	23/03/2024 1:50PM	Company Name:	Final

REFERRAL REASON: HEALTH CHCEKUP

2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

M MODE DIMENSIONS: -

			No	rmal				Normal
IVSD	10.7	6-12mm			LVIDS	31.1	20-40mm	
LVIDD	47.4	32-57mm			LVPWS	17.8	mm	
LVPWD	11.2	6-12mm			AO	35.2	19-37mm	
IVSS	18.9	mm			LA	35.7	19-40mm	
LVEF	62-64	>55%			RA	-	mm	
DOPPLER MEASUREMENTS & CALCULATIONS:								
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY	VELOCITY (m/s)			GRADIENT		REGURGITATION	
					(mmHg <u>)</u>			
MITRAL	NORMAL	E	1.08	e'	-	-		NIL
VALVE		Α	0.70	E/e'	-			
TRICUSPID	NORMAL	E		0.76		-		NIL
VALVE		A 0.69		60	-			
		A		0.	0.09			
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.35			-		NIL	
VALVE								
PULMONARY	NORMAL	0.74					NIL	
VALVE						-		

COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 62-64%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- NORMAL LV DIASTOLIC FUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

IMPRESSION: - NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR FUNCTIONS

DR SUPRIY JAIN MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY) INCHARGE & SR. CONSULTANT INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY DR ROOPAM SHARMA MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE CONSULTANT & INCHARGE EMERGENCY, PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY AND WELLNESS CENTRE

DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS

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