



CID : 2405000915
Name : MRS.VINITA YADAV
Age / Gender : 33 Years / Female
Consulting Dr. : -
Reg. Location : Borivali West (Main Centre)

Collected : 19-Feb-2024 / 09:46
Reported : 19-Feb-2024 / 16:58

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AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE

CBC (Complete Blood Count), Blood

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u>	<u>METHOD</u>
<u>RBC PARAMETERS</u>			
Haemoglobin	12.9	12.0-15.0 g/dL	Spectrophotometric
RBC	4.46	3.8-4.8 mil/cmm	Elect. Impedance
PCV	40.0	36-46 %	Measured
MCV	89.7	80-100 fl	Calculated
MCH	29.0	27-32 pg	Calculated
MCHC	32.3	31.5-34.5 g/dL	Calculated
RDW	16.3	11.6-14.0 %	Calculated
<u>WBC PARAMETERS</u>			
WBC Total Count	6670	4000-10000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
<u>WBC DIFFERENTIAL AND ABSOLUTE COUNTS</u>			
Lymphocytes	27.4	20-40 %	
Absolute Lymphocytes	1827.6	1000-3000 /cmm	Calculated
Monocytes	5.6	2-10 %	
Absolute Monocytes	373.5	200-1000 /cmm	Calculated
Neutrophils	55.7	40-80 %	
Absolute Neutrophils	3715.2	2000-7000 /cmm	Calculated
Eosinophils	10.5	1-6 %	
Absolute Eosinophils	700.4	20-500 /cmm	Calculated
Basophils	0.8	0.1-2 %	
Absolute Basophils	53.4	20-100 /cmm	Calculated
Immature Leukocytes	-		
WBC Differential Count by Absorbance & Impedance method/Microscopy.			
<u>PLATELET PARAMETERS</u>			
Platelet Count	307000	150000-400000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
MPV	9.5	6-11 fl	Calculated
PDW	17.9	11-18 %	Calculated
<u>RBC MORPHOLOGY</u>			
Hypochromia	-		
Microcytosis	-		



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Macrocytosis	-
Anisocytosis	Mild
Poikilocytosis	Mild
Polychromasia	-
Target Cells	-
Basophilic Stippling	-
Normoblasts	-
Others	-
WBC MORPHOLOGY	-
PLATELET MORPHOLOGY	-
COMMENT	Eosinophilia

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood

ESR, EDTA WB-ESR 14 2-20 mm at 1 hr. Sedimentation

Clinical Significance: The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), also called a sedimentation rate is the rate red blood cells sediment in a period of time.

Interpretation:

Factors that increase ESR: Old age, Pregnancy, Anemia

Factors that decrease ESR: Extreme leukocytosis, Polycythemia, Red cell abnormalities- Sickle cell disease

Limitations:

- It is a non-specific measure of inflammation.
- The use of the ESR as a screening test in asymptomatic persons is limited by its low sensitivity and specificity.

Reflex Test: C-Reactive Protein (CRP) is the recommended test in acute inflammatory conditions.

Reference:

- Pack Insert
- Brigden ML. Clinical utility of the erythrocyte sedimentation rate. American family physician. 1999 Oct 1;60(5):1443-50.

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD Borivali Lab, Borivali West

*** End Of Report ***



Bmhasakar

Dr.KETAKI MHASKAR
M.D. (PATH)
Pathologist



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<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u>	<u>METHOD</u>
GLUCOSE (SUGAR) FASTING, Fluoride Plasma	91.7	Non-Diabetic: < 100 mg/dl Impaired Fasting Glucose: 100-125 mg/dl Diabetic: >/= 126 mg/dl	Hexokinase
GLUCOSE (SUGAR) PP, Fluoride Plasma PP/R	73.8	Non-Diabetic: < 140 mg/dl Impaired Glucose Tolerance: 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: >/= 200 mg/dl	Hexokinase
BILIRUBIN (TOTAL), Serum	0.52	0.1-1.2 mg/dl	Colorimetric
BILIRUBIN (DIRECT), Serum	0.24	0-0.3 mg/dl	Diazo
BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT), Serum	0.28	0.1-1.0 mg/dl	Calculated
TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum	7.7	6.4-8.3 g/dL	Biuret
ALBUMIN, Serum	4.8	3.5-5.2 g/dL	BCG
GLOBULIN, Serum	2.9	2.3-3.5 g/dL	Calculated
A/G RATIO, Serum	1.7	1 - 2	Calculated
SGOT (AST), Serum	14.3	5-32 U/L	NADH (w/o P-5-P)
SGPT (ALT), Serum	13.6	5-33 U/L	NADH (w/o P-5-P)
GAMMA GT, Serum	6.3	3-40 U/L	Enzymatic
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, Serum	75.6	35-105 U/L	Colorimetric
BLOOD UREA, Serum	16.8	12.8-42.8 mg/dl	Kinetic
BUN, Serum	7.8	6-20 mg/dl	Calculated
CREATININE, Serum	0.58	0.51-0.95 mg/dl	Enzymatic



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eGFR, Serum	122	(ml/min/1.73sqm)	Calculated
		Normal or High: Above 90	
		Mild decrease: 60-89	
		Mild to moderate decrease: 45-59	
		Moderate to severe decrease: 30-44	
		Severe decrease: 15-29	
		Kidney failure: <15	

Note: eGFR estimation is calculated using 2021 CKD-EPI GFR equation w.e.f 16-08-2023

URIC ACID, Serum	3.3	2.4-5.7 mg/dl	Enzymatic
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*** End Of Report ***



Bmhasakar

Dr.KETAKI MHASKAR
M.D. (PATH)
Pathologist



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AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c)

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), EDTA WB - CC	5.1	Non-Diabetic Level: < 5.7 % Prediabetic Level: 5.7-6.4 % Diabetic Level: >/= 6.5 %	HPLC
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG), EDTA WB - CC	99.7	mg/dl	Calculated

Intended use:

- In patients who are meeting treatment goals, HbA1c test should be performed at least 2 times a year
- In patients whose therapy has changed or who are not meeting glycemic goals, it should be performed quarterly
- For microvascular disease prevention, the HbA1C goal for non pregnant adults in general is Less than 7%.

Clinical Significance:

- HbA1c, Glycosylated hemoglobin or glycated hemoglobin, is hemoglobin with glucose molecule attached to it.
- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.

Test Interpretation:

- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of Glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.
- HbA1c test may be used to screen for and diagnose diabetes or risk of developing diabetes.
- To monitor compliance and long term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
- Index of diabetic control, predicting development and progression of diabetic micro vascular complications.

Factors affecting HbA1c results:

Increased in: High fetal hemoglobin, Chronic renal failure, Iron deficiency anemia, Splenectomy, Increased serum triglycerides, Alcohol ingestion, Lead/opiate poisoning and Salicylate treatment.

Decreased in: Shortened RBC lifespan (Hemolytic anemia, blood loss), following transfusions, pregnancy, ingestion of large amount of Vitamin E or Vitamin C and Hemoglobinopathies

Reflex tests: Blood glucose levels, CGM (Continuous Glucose monitoring)

References: ADA recommendations, AACC, Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests 10th edition.

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Dr.KETAKI MHASKAR
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AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE
BLOOD GROUPING & Rh TYPING

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>
ABO GROUP	A
Rh TYPING	Positive

NOTE: Test performed by automated Erythrocytes magnetized technology (EMT) which is more sensitive than conventional methods.

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood and/or serum

Clinical significance:
ABO system is most important of all blood group in transfusion medicine

Limitations:

- ABO blood group of new born is performed only by cell (forward) grouping because allo antibodies in cord blood are of maternal origin.
- Since A & B antigens are not fully developed at birth, both Anti-A & Anti-B antibodies appear after the first 4 to 6 months of life. As a result, weaker reactions may occur with red cells of newborns than of adults.
- Confirmation of newborn's blood group is indicated when A & B antigen expression and the isoagglutinins are fully developed at 2 to 4 years of age & remains constant throughout life.
- Cord blood is contaminated with Wharton's jelly that causes red cell aggregation leading to false positive result
- The Hh blood group also known as Oh or Bombay blood group is rare blood group type. The term Bombay is used to refer the phenotype that lacks normal expression of ABH antigens because of inheritance of hh genotype.

References:

1. Denise M Harmening, Modern Blood Banking and Transfusion Practices- 6th Edition 2012. F.A. Davis company. Philadelphia
2. AABB technical manual

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab
*** End Of Report ***



Dr. Vrushi Shroff

Dr.VRUSHALI SHROFF
M.D.(PATH)
Pathologist



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LIPID PROFILE

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
CHOLESTEROL, Serum	135.2	Desirable: <200 mg/dl Borderline High: 200-239mg/dl High: >/=240 mg/dl	CHOD-POD
TRIGLYCERIDES, Serum	99.4	Normal: <150 mg/dl Borderline-high: 150 - 199 mg/dl High: 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high:>/=500 mg/dl	GPO-POD
HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	38.7	Desirable: >60 mg/dl Borderline: 40 - 60 mg/dl Low (High risk): <40 mg/dl	Homogeneous enzymatic colorimetric assay
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	96.5	Desirable: <130 mg/dl Borderline-high:130 - 159 mg/dl High:160 - 189 mg/dl Very high: >/=190 mg/dl	Calculated
LDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	76.0	Optimal: <100 mg/dl Near Optimal: 100 - 129 mg/dl Borderline High: 130 - 159 mg/dl High: 160 - 189 mg/dl Very High: >/= 190 mg/dl	Calculated
VLDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	20.5	< /= 30 mg/dl	Calculated
CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	3.5	0-4.5 Ratio	Calculated
LDL CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	2.0	0-3.5 Ratio	Calculated

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*** End Of Report ***



Dr.JAGESHWAR MANDAL
CHOUPAL
MBBS, DNB PATH
Pathologist



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AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE
THYROID FUNCTION TESTS

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u>	<u>METHOD</u>
Free T3, Serum	4.7	3.5-6.5 pmol/L	ECLIA
Free T4, Serum	17.2	11.5-22.7 pmol/L First Trimester:9.0-24.7 Second Trimester:6.4-20.59 Third Trimester:6.4-20.59	ECLIA
sensitiveTSH, Serum	2.75	0.35-5.5 microIU/ml First Trimester:0.1-2.5 Second Trimester:0.2-3.0 Third Trimester:0.3-3.0 mIU/ml	ECLIA



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Interpretation:

A thyroid panel is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose various thyroid disorders.

Clinical Significance:

- 1)TSH Values between high abnormal upto15 microIU/ml should be correlated clinically or repeat the test with new sample as physiological factors can give falsely high TSH.
- 2)TSH values may be trasiently altered becuae of non thyroidal illness like severe infections,liver disease, renal and heart severe burns, trauma and surgery etc.

TSH	FT4 / T4	FT3 / T3	Interpretation
High	Normal	Normal	Subclinical hypothyroidism, poor compliance with thyroxine, drugs like amiodarone, Recovery phase of non-thyroidal illness, TSH Resistance.
High	Low	Low	Hypothyroidism, Autoimmune thyroiditis, post radio iodine Rx, post thyroidectomy, Anti thyroid drugs, tyrosine kinase inhibitors & amiodarone, amyloid deposits in thyroid, thyroid tumors & congenital hypothyroidism.
Low	High	High	Hyperthyroidism, Graves disease, toxic multinodular goiter, toxic adenoma, excess iodine or thyroxine intake, pregnancy related (hyperemesis gravidarum, hydatiform mole)
Low	Normal	Normal	Subclinical Hyperthyroidism, recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism, drugs like steroids & dopamine), Non thyroidal illness.
Low	Low	Low	Central Hypothyroidism, Non Thyroidal Illness, Recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism.
High	High	High	Interfering anti TPO antibodies, Drug interference: Amiodarone, Heparin, Beta Blockers, steroids & anti epileptics.

Diurnal Variation:TSH follows a diurnal rhythm and is at maximum between 2 am and 4 am , and is at a minimum between 6 pm and 10 pm. The variation is on the order of 50 to 206%. Biological variation:19.7%(with in subject variation)

Reflex Tests:Anti thyroid Antibodies,USG Thyroid ,TSH receptor Antibody. Thyroglobulin, Calcitonin

Limitations:

1. Samples should not be taken from patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (i.e. >5 mg/day) until atleast 8 hours following the last biotin administration.
2. Patient samples may contain heterophilic antibodies that could react in immunoassays to give falsely elevated or depressed results. this assay is designed to minimize interference from heterophilic antibodies.

Reference:

- 1.O.koulouri et al. / Best Practice and Research clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism 27(2013)
- 2.Interpretation of the thyroid function tests, Dayan et al. THE LANCET . Vol 357
- 3.Tietz ,Text Book of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Biology -5th Edition
- 4.Biological Variation:From principles to Practice-Callum G Fraser (AACC Press)

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*** End Of Report ***



Bmhasakar

Dr.KETAKI MHASKAR
M.D. (PATH)
Pathologist

SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS - BORIVALI WEST

Patient Name: VINITA YADAV

Date and Time: 19th Feb 24 12:40 PM

Patient ID: 2405000915

Age **33** NA NA
years months days

Gender **Female**

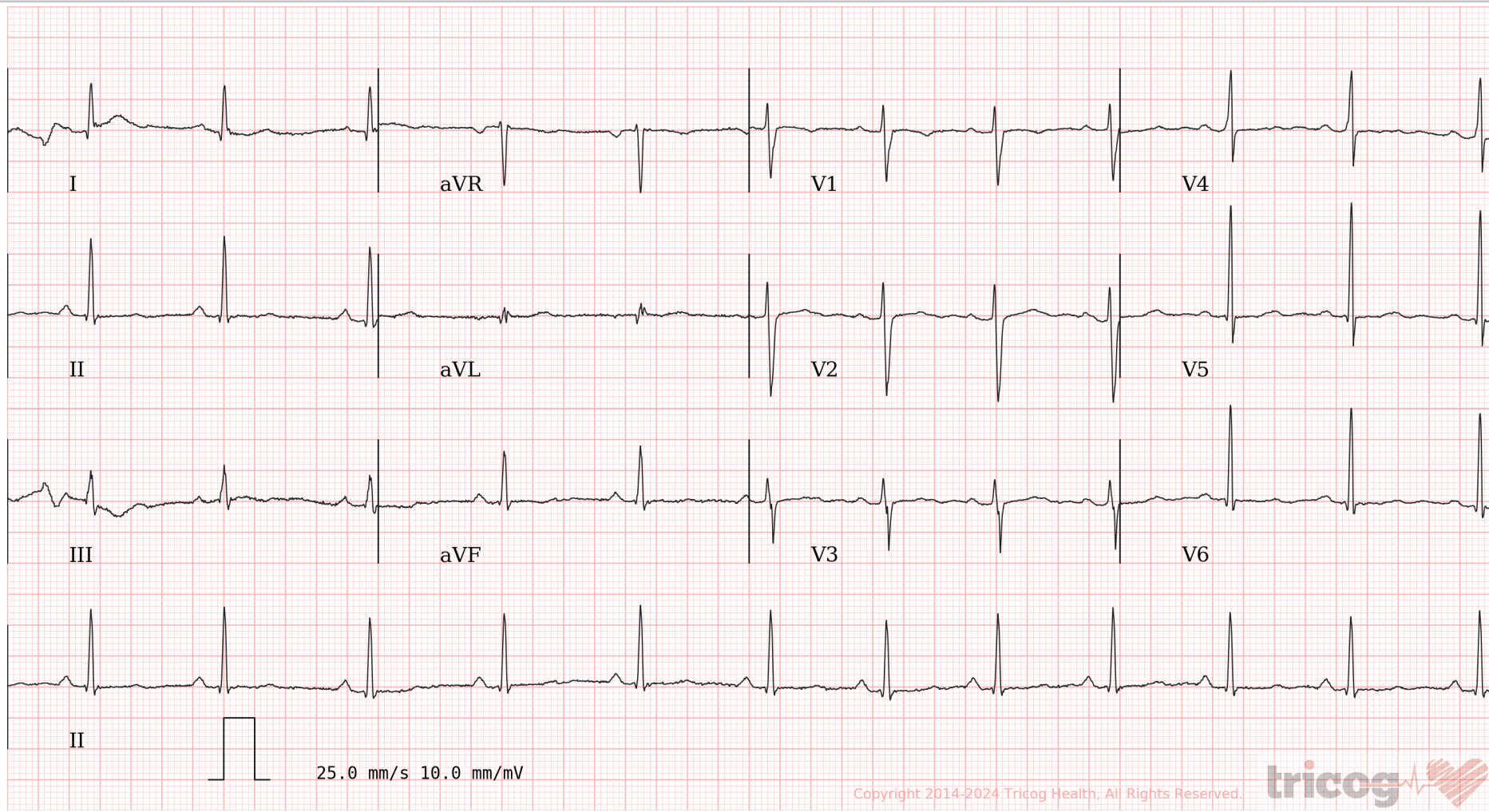
Heart Rate **73bpm**

Patient Vitals

BP: NA
Weight: NA
Height: NA
Pulse: NA
Spo2: NA
Resp: NA
Others: _____

Measurements

QRSD: 82ms
QT: 400ms
QTcB: 440ms
PR: 168ms
P-R-T: 69° 51° -5°



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ECG Within Normal Limits: Sinus Rhythm Sinus Arrhythmia Seen. Please correlate clinically.

REPORTED BY

Dr Nitin Sonavane
M.B.B.S.AFLH, D.DIAB, D.CARD
Consultant Cardiologist
87714



CID : 2405000915
Name : Mrs VINITA YADAV
Age / Sex : 33 Years/Female
Ref. Dr :
Reg. Location : Borivali West

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Reported : 19-Feb-2024/11:04

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

LIVER: Liver is normal in size 12.3 cm., shape and echotexture. There is no intra-hepatic biliary radical dilatation. No evidence of any obvious focal lesion.

GALL BLADDER: Gall bladder is distended and appears normal. No obvious wall thickening is noted. There is no evidence of any calculus.

PORTAL VEIN: Portal vein is normal. **CBD:** CBD is normal.

PANCREAS: Pancreas appears normal in echotexture. There is no evidence of any focal lesion or calcification.

KIDNEYS: Right kidney measures 9.2 x 3.5 cm. Left kidney measures 9.2 x 4.3 cm. Both kidneys are normal in shape and echotexture. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. There is no evidence of any hydronephrosis, hydroureter or calculus.

SPLEEN: Spleen is normal in size, shape and echotexture. No focal lesion is seen.

URINARY BLADDER: Urinary bladder is distended and normal. Wall thickness is within normal limits.

UTERUS: Uterus is anteverted, normal and measures 6.4 x 4.6 x 4.6 cm. Uterine myometrium shows homogenous echotexture. Endometrium is normal in thickness and measures 7.9 mm. Cervix appears normal.

OVARIES: Both ovaries appear normal in size and echotexture. The right ovary measures 2.4 x 2.3 x 2.7 cm (volume 8.4 cc). The left ovary measures 2.7 x 1.6 x 2.4 cm (volume 6 cc).

Bilateral adnexa is clear.

No free fluid or obvious significant lymphadenopathy is seen.



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Opinion:

- **No significant abnormality is detected.**

For clinical correlation and follow up.

Note: Investigations have their limitations. Solitary radiological investigations never confirm the final diagnosis. They only help in diagnosing the disease in correlation to clinical symptoms and other related tests. USG is known to have inter-observer variations. Further / Follow-up imaging may be needed in some cases for confirmation / exclusion of diagnosis. Patient was explained in detail verbally about the USG findings, USG measurements and its limitations. In case of any typographical error in the report, patient is requested to immediately contact the center for rectification within 7 days post which the center will not be responsible for any rectification. Please interpret accordingly.

-----End of Report-----

DR.SUDHANSHU SAXENA
Consultant Radiologist
M.B.B.S DMRE (RadioDiagnosis)
RegNo .MMC 2016061376.



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X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Both lung fields are clear.

Both costo-phrenic angles are clear.

The cardiac size and shape are within normal limits.

The domes of diaphragm are normal in position and outlines.

The skeleton under review appears normal.

IMPRESSION:

NO SIGNIFICANT ABNORMALITY IS DETECTED.

Kindly correlate clinically.

Note: Investigations have their limitations. Solitary radiological investigations never confirm the final diagnosis. They only help in diagnosing the disease in correlation to clinical symptoms and other related tests. X ray is known to have inter-observer variations. Further / follow-up imaging may be needed in some cases for confirmation / exclusion of diagnosis. Please interpret accordingly. In case of any typographical error / spelling error in the report, patient is requested to immediately contact the centre within 7 days post which the center will not be responsible for any rectification.

-----End of Report-----

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