

11809162

mr sudhir kumar v

3/29/2024 10:10:16 AM

37 Years

Female

Rate 72 . Sinus rhythm.....normal P axis, V-rate 50- 99  
 . Right bundle branch block.....QRSd>120, terminal axis(90,270)  
 PR 162 . Extensive anterior infarct, acute.....ST >0.20mV, V1-V6  
 QRSD 139  
 QT 392  
 QTc 430

--AXIS--

P 40

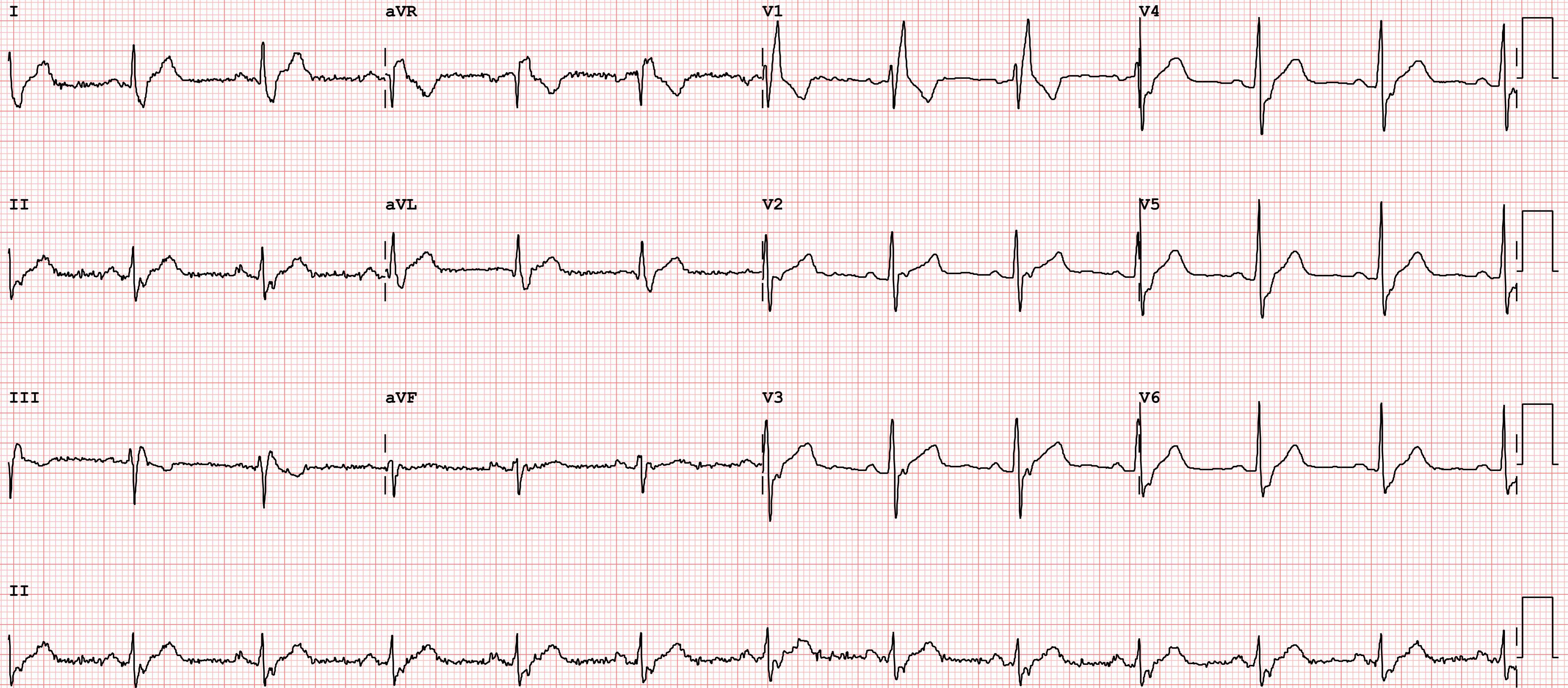
QRS -48

T 15

12 Lead; Standard Placement

- ABNORMAL ECG -  
 >>> Acute MI <<<

Unconfirmed Diagnosis



# Human Care Medical Charitable Trust

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

## Department Of Laboratory Medicine

**Name** : MR SUDHIR YADAV **Age** : 37 Yr(s) Sex :Male  
**Registration No** : MH011809162 **Lab No** : 31240301558  
**Patient Episode** : H03000061803 **Collection Date** : 29 Mar 2024 09:23  
**Referred By** : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date** : 29 Mar 2024 16:08  
**Receiving Date** : 29 Mar 2024 10:54

## Department of Transfusion Medicine ( Blood Bank )

BLOOD GROUPING, RH TYPING & ANTIBODY SCREEN (TYPE & SCREEN)  
Specimen-Blood

Blood Group & Rh Typing (Agglutination by gel/tube technique)

Blood Group & Rh typing O Rh(D) Positive

Antibody Screening (Microtyping in gel cards using reagent red cells)

Final Antibody Screen Result Negative

### Technical Note:

ABO grouping and Rh typing is done by cell and serum grouping by microplate / gel technique. Antibody screening is done using a 3 cell panel of reagent red cells coated with Rh, Kell, Duffy, Kidd, Lewis, P, MNS, Lutheran and Xg antigens using gel technique.

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-----END OF REPORT-----



Dr Himanshu Lamba

# Human Care Medical Charitable Trust

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## Department Of Laboratory Medicine

**Name** : MR SUDHIR YADAV **Age** : 37 Yr(s) Sex :Male  
**Registration No** : MH011809162 **Lab No** : 32240315478  
**Patient Episode** : H03000061803 **Collection Date** : 29 Mar 2024 09:22  
**Referred By** : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date** : 29 Mar 2024 13:44  
**Receiving Date** : 29 Mar 2024 10:35

### BIOCHEMISTRY

Specimen: EDTA Whole blood

HbA1c (Glycosylated Hemoglobin) 5.1 %  
As per American Diabetes Association (ADA) 2010 [4.0-6.5]  
HbA1c in %  
Non diabetic adults : < 5.7 %  
Prediabetes (At Risk ) : 5.7 % - 6.4 %  
Diabetic Range : > 6.5 %

Estimated Average Glucose (eAG) 100 mg/dl

#### Use :

1. Monitoring compliance and long-term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
2. Index of diabetic control (direct relationship between poor control and development of complications).
3. Predicting development and progression of diabetic microvascular complications.

#### Limitations :

1. A1C values may be falsely elevated or decreased in those with chronic kidney disease.
2. False elevations may be due in part to analytical interference from carbamylated hemoglobin formed in the presence of elevated concentrations of urea, with some assays.
3. False decreases in measured A1C may occur with hemodialysis and altered red cell turnover, especially in the setting of erythropoietin treatment

References : Rao.L.V.,Michael snyder.L.(2021).Wallach's Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests. 11th Edition. Wolterkluwer. NaderRifai,Andrea Rita Horvath,Carl T.wittwer.

(2018)Teitz Text book

of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics.First edition,Elsevier,South Asia.

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## Department Of Laboratory Medicine

**Name** : MR SUDHIR YADAV **Age** : 37 Yr(s) Sex :Male  
**Registration No** : MH011809162 **Lab No** : 32240315478  
**Patient Episode** : H03000061803 **Collection Date** : 29 Mar 2024 09:22  
**Referred By** : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date** : 29 Mar 2024 15:45  
**Receiving Date** : 29 Mar 2024 10:30

### BIOCHEMISTRY

#### Lipid Profile (Serum)

|  |                   |                       |  |
|--|-------------------|-----------------------|--|
| <b>TOTAL CHOLESTEROL (CHOD/POD)</b>                                    | <b>204 #</b>      | <b>mg/dl</b>          | <b>[&lt;200]</b><br>Moderate risk:200-239<br>High risk:>240  |
| <b>TRIGLYCERIDES (GPO/POD)</b>   | <b>239 #</b>      | <b>mg/dl</b>          | <b>[&lt;150]</b><br>Borderline high:151-199<br>High: 200 - 499<br>Very high:>500                       |
| <b>HDL - CHOLESTEROL (Direct)</b><br>Methodology: Homogenous Enzymatic | <b>61 #</b>       | <b>mg/dl</b>          | <b>[30-60]</b>   |
| <b>VLDL - Cholesterol (Calculated)</b><br>LDL- CHOLESTEROL             | <b>48 #</b><br>95 | <b>mg/dl</b><br>mg/dl | <b>[10-40]</b><br>[<100]<br>Near/Above optimal-100-129<br>Borderline High:130-159<br>High Risk:160-189 |
| T.Chol/HDL.Chol ratio  | 3.3               |                       | <4.0 Optimal<br>4.0-5.0 Borderline<br>>6 High Risk   |
| LDL.CHOL/HDL.CHOL Ratio  | 1.6               |                       | <3 Optimal<br>3-4 Borderline<br>>6 High Risk   |

Note:  
Reference ranges based on ATP III Classifications.  
Recommended to do fasting Lipid Profile after a minimum of 8 hours of overnight fasting.

Technical Notes:  
Lipid profile is a panel of blood tests that serves as initial broad medical screening tool for abnormalities in lipids, the results of these tests can identify certain genetic diseases and determine approximate risks for cardiovascular disease, certain forms of

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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

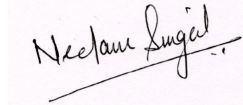
**Name** : MR SUDHIR YADAV **Age** : 37 Yr(s) Sex :Male  
**Registration No** : MH011809162 **Lab No** : 32240315478  
**Patient Episode** : H03000061803 **Collection Date** : 29 Mar 2024 09:22  
**Referred By** : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date** : 29 Mar 2024 15:45  
**Receiving Date** : 29 Mar 2024 10:30

## BIOCHEMISTRY

pancreatitis and other diseases.

Page 4 of 4

-----END OF REPORT-----



**Dr. Neelam Singal**  
**CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY**

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## Department Of Laboratory Medicine

**Name** : MR SUDHIR YADAV **Age** : 37 Yr(s) Sex :Male  
**Registration No** : MH011809162 **Lab No** : 32240315478  
**Patient Episode** : H03000061803 **Collection Date** : 29 Mar 2024 09:22  
**Referred By** : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date** : 29 Mar 2024 23:26  
**Receiving Date** : 29 Mar 2024 10:30

## BIOCHEMISTRY

### THYROID PROFILE, Serum

Specimen Type : Serum

|                                     |       |        |                |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|----------------|
| T3 - Triiodothyronine (ECLIA)       | 1.520 | ng/ml  | [0.800-2.040]  |
| T4 - Thyroxine (ECLIA)              | 8.490 | µg/dl  | [4.600-10.500] |
| Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (ECLIA) | 1.570 | µIU/mL | [0.340-4.250]  |

Note : TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4.a.m.and at a minimum between 6-10 pm.Factors such as change of seasons hormonal fluctuations,Ca or Fe supplements,high fibre diet,stress and illness affect TSH results.

\* References ranges recommended by the American Thyroid Association

1) Thyroid. 2011 Oct;21(10):1081-125.PMID .21787128

2) <http://www.thyroid-info.com/articles/tsh-fluctuating.html>

| Test Name | Result | Unit | Biological Ref. Interval |
|-----------|--------|------|--------------------------|
|-----------|--------|------|--------------------------|

### LIVER FUNCTION TEST (Serum)

|                                    |      |       |             |
|------------------------------------|------|-------|-------------|
| BILIRUBIN-TOTAL (Diazonium Ion)    | 0.61 | mg/dl | [0.10-1.20] |
| BILIRUBIN - DIRECT (Diazotization) | 0.25 | mg/dl | [0.00-0.30] |
| BILIRUBIN - INDIRECT (Calculated)  | 0.36 | mg/dl | [0.20-1.00] |
| SGOT/ AST (UV without P5P)         | 25.4 | U/L   | [10.0-50.0] |
| SGPT/ ALT (UV without P5P)         | 33.7 | U/L   | [0.0-41.0]  |
| ALP (p-NPP,kinetic)*               | 79   | U/L   | [45-135]    |
| TOTAL PROTEIN (Biuret)             | 7.4  | g/dl  | [7.0-9.0]   |
| SERUM ALBUMIN (BCG-dye)            | 4.5  | g/dl  | [3.5-5.2]   |
| SERUM GLOBULIN (Calculated)        | 2.9  | g/dl  | [1.8-3.4]   |
| ALB/GLOB (A/G) Ratio(Calculated)   | 1.55 |       | [1.10-1.80] |

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MC-3228



# Human Care Medical Charitable Trust

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

## Department Of Laboratory Medicine

**Name** : MR SUDHIR YADAV **Age** : 37 Yr(s) Sex :Male  
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**Patient Episode** : H03000061803 **Collection Date** : 29 Mar 2024 09:22  
**Referred By** : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date** : 29 Mar 2024 15:45  
**Receiving Date** : 29 Mar 2024 10:30

## BIOCHEMISTRY

### Technical Notes:

Liver function test aids in diagnosis of various pre hepatic, hepatic and post hepatic causes of dysfunction like hemolytic anemia's, viral and alcoholic hepatitis and cholestasis of obstructive causes.

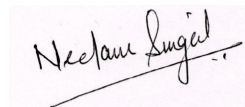
| Test Name                         | Result | Unit            | Biological Ref. Interval |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| <b>KIDNEY PROFILE (Serum)</b>     |        |                 |                          |
| BUN (Urease/GLDH)                 | 17.00  | mg/dl           | [6.00-20.00]             |
| SERUM CREATININE (Jaffe's method) | 0.89   | mg/dl           | [0.80-1.60]              |
| SERUM URIC ACID (Uricase)         | 6.5    | mg/dl           | [3.5-7.2]                |
| SERUM CALCIUM (NM-BAPTA)          | 9.66   | mg/dl           | [8.00-10.50]             |
| SERUM PHOSPHORUS (Molybdate, UV)  | 3.2    | mg/dl           | [2.5-4.5]                |
| SERUM SODIUM (ISE)                | 143.0  | mmol/l          | [134.0-145.0]            |
| SERUM POTASSIUM (ISE)             | 4.97   | mmol/l          | [3.50-5.20]              |
| SERUM CHLORIDE (ISE Indirect)     | 102.7  | mmol/L          | [95.0-105.0]             |
| eGFR                              | 109.2  | ml/min/1.73sq.m | [>60.0]                  |

### Technical Note

eGFR which is primarily based on Serum Creatinine is a derivation of CKD-EPI 2009 equation normalized to 1.73 sq.m BSA and is not applicable to individuals below 18 years. eGFR tends to be less accurate when Serum Creatinine estimation is indeterminate e.g. patients at extremes of muscle mass, on unusual diets etc. and samples with severe Hemolysis / Icterus / Lipemia.

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-----END OF REPORT-----



**Dr. Neelam Singal**  
**CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY**

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## Department Of Laboratory Medicine

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**Registration No** : MH011809162 **Lab No** : 32240315479  
**Patient Episode** : H03000061803 **Collection Date** : 29 Mar 2024 13:38  
**Referred By** : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date** : 29 Mar 2024 15:27  
**Receiving Date** : 29 Mar 2024 13:44

### BIOCHEMISTRY

Specimen Type : Plasma

#### PLASMA GLUCOSE - PP

Plasma GLUCOSE - PP (Hexokinase) 131 mg/dl [70-140]

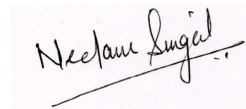
Note : Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying, brisk glucose absorption , post exercise

Specimen Type : Serum/Plasma

Plasma GLUCOSE-Fasting (Hexokinase) 91 mg/dl [74-106]

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-----END OF REPORT-----



**Dr. Neelam Singal**  
**CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY**



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## Department Of Laboratory Medicine

**Name** : MR SUDHIR YADAV **Age** : 37 Yr(s) Sex :Male  
**Registration No** : MH011809162 **Lab No** : 33240309668  
**Patient Episode** : H03000061803 **Collection Date** : 29 Mar 2024 09:23  
**Referred By** : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date** : 29 Mar 2024 13:05  
**Receiving Date** : 29 Mar 2024 10:33

## HAEMATOLOGY

### ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (Automated) Specimen-Whole Blood

ESR 5.0 mm/1sthour [0.0-10.0]

#### Interpretation :

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non-specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants (e.g. pyogenic infections, inflammation and malignancies). The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week postpartum.

ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives).

It is especially low (0 -1mm) in polycythemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

| Test Name   | Result          | Unit          | Biological Ref. Interval |
|---|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| <b>COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (EDTA Blood)</b>                |                 |               |                          |
| WBC Count (Flow cytometry)                              | 5660            | /cu.mm        | [4000-10000]             |
| RBC Count (Impedence)                                   | 5.30            | million/cu.mm | [4.50-5.50]              |
| Haemoglobin (SLS Method)                                | 15.6            | g/dL          | [13.0-17.0]              |
| Haematocrit (PCV)<br>(RBC Pulse Height Detector Method) | 47.3            | %             | [40.0-50.0]              |
| MCV (Calculated)  | 89.2            | fL            | [83.0-101.0]             |
| MCH (Calculated)  | 29.4            | pg            | [25.0-32.0]              |
| MCHC (Calculated)                                       | 33.0            | g/dL          | [31.5-34.5]              |
| <b>Platelet Count (Impedence)</b>                       | <b>148000 #</b> | <b>/cu.mm</b> | <b>[150000-410000]</b>   |
| RDW-CV (Calculated)                                     | 13.0            | %             | [11.6-14.0]              |
| <b>DIFFERENTIAL COUNT</b>                               |                 |               |                          |
| Neutrophils (Flowcytometry)                             | 50.5            | %             | [40.0-80.0]              |
| <b>Lymphocytes (Flowcytometry)</b>                      | <b>41.3 #</b>   | <b>%</b>      | <b>[20.0-40.0]</b>       |

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**Patient Episode** : H03000061803 **Collection Date** : 29 Mar 2024 09:23  
**Referred By** : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date** : 29 Mar 2024 11:30  
**Receiving Date** : 29 Mar 2024 10:33

### HAEMATOLOGY

|   |              |          |                           |
|---|--------------|----------|---------------------------|
| Monocytes (Flowcytometry)                         | 6.7          | %        | [2.0-10.0]                |
| Eosinophils (Flowcytometry)                       | 1.1          | %        | [1.0-6.0]                 |
| <b>Basophils (Flowcytometry)</b>                  | <b>0.4 #</b> | <b>%</b> | <b>[1.0-2.0]</b>          |
| IG  | 0.20         | %        |                           |
| Neutrophil Absolute(Flouorescence flow cytometry) | 2.9          | /cu mm   | [2.0-7.0]x10 <sup>3</sup> |
| Lymphocyte Absolute(Flouorescence flow cytometry) | 2.3          | /cu mm   | [1.0-3.0]x10 <sup>3</sup> |
| Monocyte Absolute(Flouorescence flow cytometry)   | 0.4          | /cu mm   | [0.2-1.2]x10 <sup>3</sup> |
| Eosinophil Absolute(Flouorescence flow cytometry) | 0.1          | /cu mm   | [0.0-0.5]x10 <sup>3</sup> |
| Basophil Absolute(Flouorescence flow cytometry)   | 0.0          | /cu mm   | [0.0-0.1]x10 <sup>3</sup> |

Complete Blood Count is used to evaluate wide range of health disorders, including anemia, infection, and leukemia. Abnormal increase or decrease in cell counts as revealed may indicate that an underlying medical condition that calls for further evaluation.

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-----END OF REPORT-----

**Dr. Shalakha Agrawal**  
Associate Consultant, M.B.B.S, M.D. Pathology  
--2020



# Human Care Medical Charitable Trust

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## Department Of Laboratory Medicine

**Name** : MR SUDHIR YADAV **Age** : 37 Yr(s) Sex :Male  
**Registration No** : MH011809162 **Lab No** : 38240303588  
**Patient Episode** : H03000061803 **Collection Date** : 29 Mar 2024 09:22  
**Referred By** : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date** : 29 Mar 2024 13:15  
**Receiving Date** : 29 Mar 2024 10:39

### CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

| Test Name   | Result       | Biological Ref. Interval |
|---|--------------|--------------------------|
| <b>ROUTINE URINE ANALYSIS</b>   |              |                          |
| <b>MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION</b>  |              |                          |
| Colour (Visual)   | PALE YELLOW  | (Pale Yellow - Yellow)   |
| Appearance (Visual)   | CLEAR        |                          |
| <b>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION</b>   |              |                          |
| Reaction[pH]<br>(Reflectancephotometry (Indicator Method))                            | 5.0          | (5.0-9.0)                |
| Specific Gravity<br>(Reflectancephotometry (Indicator Method))                        | 1.020        | (1.003-1.035)            |
| Bilirubin   | Negative     | NEGATIVE                 |
| Protein/Albumin<br>(Reflectance photometry (Indicator Method)/Manual SSA)             | Negative     | (NEGATIVE-TRACE)         |
| Glucose<br>(Reflectance photometry (GOD-POD/Benedict Method))                         | NOT DETECTED | (NEGATIVE)               |
| Ketone Bodies<br>(Reflectance photometry (Legal's Test)/Manual Rotheras)              | NOT DETECTED | (NEGATIVE)               |
| Urobilinogen<br>Reflectance photometry/Diazonium salt reaction                        | NORMAL       | (NORMAL)                 |
| Nitrite<br>Reflectance photometry/Griess test   | NEGATIVE     | NEGATIVE                 |
| Leukocytes<br>Reflectance photometry/Action of Esterase                               | NIL          | NEGATIVE                 |
| BLOOD<br>(Reflectance photometry (peroxidase))  | NIL          | NEGATIVE                 |
| <b>MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION (Manual) Method: Light microscopy on centrifuged urine</b> |              |                          |
| WBC/Pus Cells   | 2-4 /hpf     | (4-6)                    |
| Red Blood Cells   | NIL          | (1-2)                    |
| Epithelial Cells  | 1-2 /hpf     | (2-4)                    |
| Casts   | NIL          | (NIL)                    |
| Crystals  | NIL          | (NIL)                    |
| Bacteria  | NIL          |                          |
| Yeast cells   | NIL          |                          |

#### Interpretation:

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**Receiving Date** : 29 Mar 2024 10:39

### CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

URINALYSIS--Routine urine analysis assists in screening and diagnosis of various metabolic , urological, kidney and liver disorders

**Protein:** Elevated proteins can be an early sign of kidney disease. Urinary protein excretion can also be temporarily elevated by strenuous exercise, orthostatic proteinuria, dehydration, urinary tract infections and acute illness with fever

**Glucose:** Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of glucose in urine.

Other causes include pregnancy, hormonal disturbances, liver disease and certain medications.

**Ketones:** Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of ketones in urine.

Ketones can also be seen in starvation, frequent vomiting, pregnancy and strenuous exercise.

**Blood:** Occult blood can occur in urine as intact erythrocytes or haemoglobin, which can occur in various urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders.

**Leukocytes:** An increase in leukocytes is an indication of inflammation in urinary tract or kidneys. Most Common cause is bacterial urinary tract infection.

**Nitrite:** Many bacteria give positive results when their number is high. Nitrite concentration during infection increases with length of time the urine specimen is retained in bladder prior to collection.

**pH:** The kidneys play an important role in maintaining acid base balance of the body. Conditions of the body producing acidosis/alkalosis or ingestion of certain type of food can affect the pH of urine.

**Specific gravity:** Specific gravity gives an indication of how concentrated the urine is. Increased Specific gravity is seen in conditions like dehydration, glycosuria and proteinuria while decrease Specific gravity is seen in excessive fluid intake, renal failure and diabetes insipidus.

**Bilirubin:** In certain liver diseases such as biliary obstruction or hepatitis, bilirubin gets excreted in urine.

**Urobilinogen:** Positive results are seen in liver diseases like hepatitis and cirrhosis and in case of hemolytic anemia.

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-----END OF REPORT-----

**Dr. Shalakha Agrawal**  
Associate Consultant, M.B.B.S, M.D. Pathology  
--2020



|               |                    |              |                   |
|---------------|--------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| NAME          | MR , SUDHIR YADAV  | STUDY DATE   | 29/03/2024 9:38AM |
| AGE / SEX     | 37 y / M           | HOSPITAL NO. | MH011809162       |
| ACCESSION NO. | R7142418           | MODALITY     | US                |
| REPORTED ON   | 29/03/2024 10:05AM | REFERRED BY  | Health Check MHD  |

## USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

### Results:

Liver is normal in size (12.1 cm) and echopattern. No focal intra-hepatic lesion is detected. Intra-hepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal in calibre.

Gall bladder appears echofree with normal wall thickness.  
Common bile duct is normal in calibre.

Pancreas is normal in size and echopattern.

Spleen is normal in size (9.7 cm) and echopattern.

Both kidneys are normal in position, size and outline. Cortico-medullary differentiation of both kidneys is maintained. No focal lesion or calculus seen on either side. Bilateral pelvicalyceal systems are not dilated.

Urinary bladder is normal in wall thickness with clear contents. No significant intra or extraluminal mass is seen.

Prostate is normal in size, shape and echopattern. It measures 15.1 cc in volume.

No significant free fluid is detected.

**IMPRESSION: Normal study.**

**Kindly correlate clinically**

**Dr. Nipun Gumber MBBS, MD DMC No.90272**

**ASSOCIATE CONSULTANT**

**\*\*\*\*\*End Of Report\*\*\*\*\***



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|               |                    |              |                   |
|---------------|--------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| NAME          | MR , SUDHIR YADAV  | STUDY DATE   | 29/03/2024 4:19PM |
| AGE / SEX     | 37 y / M           | HOSPITAL NO. | MH011809162       |
| ACCESSION NO. | R7142419           | MODALITY     | CR                |
| REPORTED ON   | 29/03/2024 11:26AM | REFERRED BY  | Health Check MHD  |

## X-RAY CHEST – PA VIEW

### FINDINGS:

Lung fields appear normal on both sides.  
Cardia appears normal.  
Both costophrenic angles appear normal.  
Both domes of the diaphragm appear normal.  
Bony cage appear normal.

### IMPRESSION:

No significant abnormality noted.  
Needs correlation with clinical findings and other investigations.

**Dr. Nipun Gumber MBBS, MD DMC No.90272**

**ASSOCIATE CONSULTANT**

**\*\*\*\*\*End Of Report\*\*\*\*\***



NABH Accredited Hospital  
H-2019-0640/09/06/2019-08/06/2022



NABL Accredited Hospital  
MC/3228/04/09/2019-03/09/2021



Awarded Emergency Excellence Services  
E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021



Awarded Nursing Excellence Services  
N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021



Awarded Clean & Green Hospital  
IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019

[www.manipalhospitals.com](http://www.manipalhospitals.com) E [info@manipalhospitals.com](mailto:info@manipalhospitals.com) P +91 11 4967 4967

Home sample collection: +91 74 2876 9482 Pharmacy Home Delivery: +91 84 4848 6472