



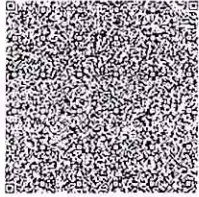
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**भारत सरकार**  
 Unique Identification Authority of India  
 Government of India

नामांकन क्रम/ Enrolment No.: 2091/04372/00588

To  
 किरण जांगिड  
 Kiran Jangid  
 W/O Manoj Kumar Jangid  
 25  
 TIBAVALI DHANI  
 BHASINGHPURA  
 Bhasinghpura  
 Dheendha  
 Jaipur Rajasthan - 303328  
 7062700816

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**2989 7169 6136**

VID : 9194 2557 3266 8392

मेरा आधार, मेरी पहचान



भारत सरकार  
 Government of India



किरण जांगिड  
 Kiran Jangid  
 जन्म तिथि/DOB: 05/06/1979  
 महिला/ FEMALE



~~2989 7169 6136~~

VID : 9194 2557 3266 8392

मेरा आधार, मेरी पहचान



Government of India



AADHAAR

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- पहचान का प्रमाण ऑनलाइन ऑथेंटिकेशन द्वारा प्राप्त करें।
- यह एक इलेक्ट्रॉनिक प्रक्रिया द्वारा बना हुआ पत्र है।

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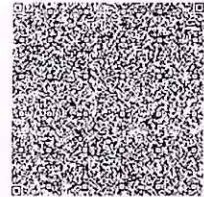
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 भासिंहपुरा, भीरसिंहपुरा, जयपुर,  
 राजस्थान - 303328

Address:  
 W/O Manoj Kumar Jangid, 25, TIBAVALI  
 DHANI, BHASINGHPURA, Bhasinghpura,  
 Jaipur,  
 Rajasthan - 303328



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*Kir*

Dr. PIYUSH GOYAL  
 MBBS, DMR (Radiologist)  
 RMC No.-037041



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- Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023
- ⦿ +91 141 4824885 ⦿ maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com



## General Physical Examination

Date of Examination: 09/03/24

Name: Kishan Jangid Age: 44 yrs DOB: 05/06/1979 Sex: Female

Referred By: BANK of BARODA

Photo ID: AADHAR CARD ID #: 6136

Ht: 165 (cm)

Wt: 66 (Kg)

Chest (Expiration): 87 (cm)

Abdomen Circumference: 80 (cm)

Blood Pressure: 125/85 mm Hg PR: 79 / min RR: 18 / min Temp: Afebrile

BMI 24.2

Eye Examination: with Calass  
RIE 6/6, N/6, NCB  
LE 6/6, N/6, NCB

Other: 100

On examination he/she appears physically and mentally fit:  Yes /  No

Signature Of Examinee: [Signature] Name of Examinee: Kishan Jangid

Signature Medical Examiner: [Signature] Name Medical Examiner: Dr. Piyush Goyal  
MBBS, DMRD (Radiologist)  
RMC No. 037041





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**NAME :- Mrs. KIRAN JANGID**

Age :- 44 Yrs 9 Mon 5 Days

Sex :- Female

Patient ID :-12234814

Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Date :- 09/03/2024

08:46:54

Final Authentication : 09/03/2024 18:16:28

## HAEMOGARAM

### HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE			
<b>HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)</b>	13.1	g/dL	12.0 - 15.0
<b>TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT</b>	6.90	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00
<b>DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT</b>			
NEUTROPHIL	61.0	%	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	35.0	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL	2.0	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	2.0	%	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL	0.0	%	0.0 - 2.0
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	4.19	$\times 10^6/uL$	3.80 - 4.80
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	37.70	%	36.00 - 46.00
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	90.0	fL	83.0 - 101.0
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	29.0	pg	27.0 - 32.0
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	32.2	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
<b>PLATELET COUNT</b>	248	$\times 10^3/uL$	150 - 410
RDW-CV	14.0	%	11.6 - 14.0

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Page No: 1 of 16

**DR.TANU RUNGTA**  
MD (Pathology)  
RMC No. 17226



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<b>NAME :- Mrs. KIRAN JANGID</b>	Patient ID :-12234814	Date :- 09/03/2024	08:46:54
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Sex :- Female	Lab/Hosp :-		
	Company :- Mr.MEDIWHEEL		

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## HAEMATOLOGY

### Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

Method:- Westergreen

12

mm in 1st hr

00 - 20

The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR or sed rate) is a relatively simple, inexpensive, non-specific test that has been used for many years to help detect inflammation associated with conditions such as infections, cancers, and autoimmune diseases. ESR is said to be a non-specific test because an elevated result often indicates the presence of inflammation but does not tell the health practitioner exactly where the inflammation is in the body or what is causing it. An ESR can be affected by other conditions besides inflammation. For this reason, the ESR is typically used in conjunction with other tests, such as C-reactive protein. ESR is used to help diagnose certain specific inflammatory diseases, including temporal arteritis, systemic vasculitis and polymyalgia rheumatica. (For more on these, read the article on Vasculitis.) A significantly elevated ESR is one of the main test results used to support the diagnosis. This test may also be used to monitor disease activity and response to therapy in both of the above diseases as well as



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Page No: 2 of 16

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MD (Pathology)  
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	Company :- Mr.MEDIWHEEL		

(CBC): Methodology: TLC,DLC Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method,TRBC,PCV,PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance. and MCH,MCV,MCHC,MENTZER INDEX are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L,Japan





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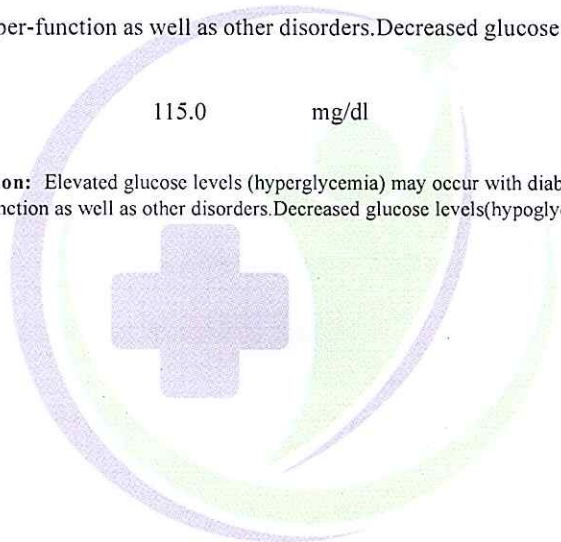
## BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma) Method:- GOD POD	109.0	mg/dl	70.0 - 115.0
Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)	111 - 125 mg/dL		
Diabetes Mellitus (DM)	> 126 mg/dL		

Instrument Name: HORIBA CA60 Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma) Method:- GOD PAP	115.0	mg/dl	70.0 - 140.0
---	-------	-------	--------------

Instrument Name: HORIBA Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .



**DR. TANU RUNGTA**  
MD (Pathology)  
RMC No. 17226

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Page No: 4 of 16





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## HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------

### GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)

Method:- CAPILLARY with EDTA

5.3 mg%

Non-Diabetic < 6.0  
Good Control 6.0-7.0  
Weak Control 7.0-8.0  
Poor control > 8.0

### MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE

Method:- Calculated Parameter

105 mg/dL

68 - 125

### INTERPRETATION

AS PER AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION (ADA)

Reference Group HbA1c in %

Non diabetic adults >=18 years < 5.7

At risk (Prediabetes) 5.7 - 6.4

Diagnosing Diabetes >= 6.5

### CLINICAL NOTES

In vitro quantitative determination of HbA1c in whole blood is utilized in long term monitoring of glycemia. The HbA1c level correlates with the mean glucose concentration prevailing in the course of the patient's recent history (approx - 6-8 weeks) and therefore provides much more reliable information for glycemia monitoring than do determinations of blood glucose or urinary glucose. It is recommended that the determination of HbA1c be performed at intervals of 4-6 weeks during Diabetes Mellitus therapy. Results of HbA1c should be assessed in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical examinations and other findings.

Some of the factors that influence HbA1c and its measurement [Adapted from Gallagher et al]

#### 1. Erythropoiesis

- Increased HbA1c: iron, vitamin B12 deficiency, decreased erythropoiesis.

- Decreased HbA1c: administration of erythropoietin, iron, vitamin B12, reticulocytosis, chronic liver disease.

2. Altered Haemoglobin-Genetic or chemical alterations in hemoglobin: hemoglobinopathies, HbF, methemoglobin, may increase or decrease HbA1c.

#### 3. Glycation

- Increased HbA1c: alcoholism, chronic renal failure, decreased intraerythrocytic pH.

- Decreased HbA1c: certain hemoglobinopathies, increased intra-erythrocyte pH

#### 4. Erythrocyte destruction

- Increased HbA1c: increased erythrocyte life span: Splenectomy.

- Decreased A1c: decreased RBC life span: hemoglobinopathies, splenomegaly, rheumatoid arthritis or drugs such as antiretrovirals, ribavirin & dapson.

#### 5. Others

- Increased HbA1c: hyperbilirubinemia, carbamylated hemoglobin, alcoholism, large doses of aspirin, chronic opiate use, chronic renal failure

- Decreased HbA1c: hypertriglyceridemia, reticulocytosis, chronic liver disease, aspirin, vitamin C and E, splenomegaly, rheumatoid arthritis or drugs

**DR. TANU RUNGTA**  
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Page No: 5 of 16



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## HAEMATOLOGY

**BLOOD GROUP ABO**

Method:- Haemagglutination reaction

"O" POSITIVE



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**DR.TANU RUNGTA**  
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RMC No. 17226

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MGR  
Page No: 6 of 16





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## BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
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### LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL  
Method:- CHOD-PAP methodology

186.00 mg/dl

Desirable <200  
Borderline 200-239  
High > 240

InstrumentName:MISPA PLUS Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism disorders.

TRIGLYCERIDES  
Method:- GPO-PAP

214.00 H mg/dl

Normal <150  
Borderline high 150-199  
High 200-499  
Very high >500

InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation : Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction.

DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL  
Method:- Direct clearance Method

48.60 mg/dl

MALE- 30-70  
FEMALE - 30-85

Instrument Name:Rx Daytona plus Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

LDL CHOLESTEROL  
Method:- Calculated Method

101.73 mg/dl

Optimal <100  
Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129  
Borderline High 130-159  
High 160-189  
Very High > 190

VLDL CHOLESTEROL  
Method:- Calculated

42.80 mg/dl

0.00 - 80.00

T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO  
Method:- Calculated

3.83

0.00 - 4.90

LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO  
Method:- Calculated

2.09

0.00 - 3.50

TOTAL LIPID  
Method:- CALCULATED

653.66 mg/dl

400.00 - 1000.00

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological & analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NCEP guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is

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Page No: 7 of 16

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MD (Pathology)  
RMC No. 17226



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## BIOCHEMISTRY

recommended

3 Low HDL levels are associated with Coronary Heart Disease due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.



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**DR.TANU RUNGTA**  
MD (Pathology)  
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Page No: 8 of 16





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## BIOCHEMISTRY

### LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT

SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- DMSO/Diazo	0.68	mg/dL	Infants : 0.2-8.0 mg/dL Adult - Up to - 1.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- DMSO/Diazo	0.24	mg/dL	Up to 0.40 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.44	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC	26.5	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	33.5	U/L	0.0 - 35.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:- DGKC - SCE	68.50	U/L	42.00 - 110.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- Szasz methodology Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal) are observed with infectious hepatitis.	21.30	U/L	5.00 - 32.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Direct Biuret Reagent	6.54	g/dl	6.00 - 8.40
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.21	g/dl	3.50 - 5.50
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.33	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.81		1.30 - 2.50

**Interpretation :** Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

**Note :-** These are group of tests that can be used to detect the presence of liver disease, distinguish among different types of liver disorders, gauge the extent of known liver damage, and monitor the response to treatment. Most liver diseases cause only mild symptoms initially, but these diseases must be detected early. Some tests are associated with functionality (e.g., albumin), some with cellular integrity (e.g., transaminase), and some with conditions linked to the biliary tract (gamma-glutamyl transferase and alkaline phosphatase). Conditions with elevated levels of ALT and AST include hepatitis A,B ,C ,paracetamol toxicity etc. Several biochemical tests are useful in the evaluation and management of patients with hepatic dysfunction. Some or all of these measurements are also carried out (usually about twice a year for routine cases) on those individuals taking certain medications, such as anticonvulsants, to ensure that the medications are not adversely impacting the person's liver.

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Page No: 9 of 16

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MD (Pathology)  
RMC No. 17226



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## BIOCHEMISTRY

### RFT / KFT WITH ELECTROLYTES

SERUM UREA Method:- Urease/GLDH	29.50	mg/dl	10.00 - 50.00
------------------------------------	-------	-------	---------------

**InstrumentName:** HORIBA CA 60 **Interpretation :** Urea measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain renal and metabolic diseases.

SERUM CREATININE Method:- Jaffe's Method	1.06	mg/dl	Males : 0.6-1.50 mg/dl Females : 0.6 -1.40 mg/dl
---	------	-------	---

#### Interpretation :

Creatinine is measured primarily to assess kidney function and has certain advantages over the measurement of urea. The plasma level of creatinine is relatively independent of protein ingestion, water intake, rate of urine production and exercise. Depressed levels of plasma creatinine are rare and not clinically significant.

SERUM URIC ACID	5.66	mg/dl	2.40 - 7.00
-----------------	------	-------	-------------

**InstrumentName:**HORIBA YUMIZEN CA60 Daytona plus **Interpretation: Elevated Urate:**High purine diet,Alcohol• Renal insufficiency,Drugs , Polycythaemia vera, Malignancies,Hypothyroidism,Rare enzyme defects ,Downs syndrome,Metabolic syndrome, Pregnancy,Gout.

SODIUM Method:- ISE	137.4	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
------------------------	-------	--------	---------------

POTASSIUM Method:- ISE	4.09	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
---------------------------	------	--------	-------------

CHLORIDE Method:- ISE	98.4	mmol/L	94.0 - 110.0
--------------------------	------	--------	--------------

SERUM CALCIUM Method:- Arsenazo III Method	9.10	mg/dL	8.80 - 10.20
---	------	-------	--------------

**InstrumentName:**MISPA PLUS **Interpretation:** Serum calcium levels are believed to be controlled by parathyroid hormone and vitamin D. Increases in serum PTH or vitamin D are usually associated with hypercalcemia .Hypocalcemia may be observed in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis and pancreatitis.

SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Direct Biuret Reagent	6.54	g/dl	6.00 - 8.40
---	------	------	-------------

SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.21	g/dl	3.50 - 5.50
---	------	------	-------------

SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.33	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
--	------	-------	-------------

A/G RATIO	1.81		1.30 - 2.50
-----------	------	--	-------------

**Interpretation :** Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of dis liver, kidney and

**DR.TANU RUNGTA**  
MD (Pathology)  
RMC No. 17226

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Page No: 10 of 16





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<b>NAME :- Mrs. KIRAN JANGID</b>	Patient ID :-12234814	Date :- 09/03/2024	08:46:54
Age :- 44 Yrs 9 Mon 5 Days	Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA		
Sex :- Female	Lab/Hosp :-		
	Company :-	Mr.MEDIWHEEL	

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## BIOCHEMISTRY

bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

### INTERPRETATION

Kidney function tests are group of tests that can be used to evaluate how well the kidneys are functioning. Creatinine is a waste product that comes from protein in the diet and also comes from the normal wear and tear of muscles of the body. In blood, it is a marker of GFR. In urine, it can remove the need for 24-hour collections for many analytes or be used as a quality assurance tool to assess the accuracy of a 24-hour collection. Higher levels may be a sign that the kidneys are not working properly. As kidney disease progresses, the level of creatinine and urea in the blood increases. Certain drugs are nephrotoxic hence KFT is done before and after initiation of treatment with these drugs.

Low serum creatinine values are rare, they almost always reflect low muscle mass.

Apart from renal failure Blood Urea can increase in dehydration and GI bleed



*Tanu Rungta*

**DR. TANU RUNGTA**  
MD (Pathology)  
RMC No. 17226

**Technologist**  
MGR  
Page No: 11 of 16



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## CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

URINE SUGAR (FASTING)  
Collected Sample Received

Nil

Nil



*Tanu Rungta*

**DR. TANU RUNGTA**  
MD (Pathology)  
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**Technologist**  
MGR  
Page No: 13 of 16





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## TOTAL THYROID PROFILE

### IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------

**THYROID-TRIiodothyronine T3**

0.93

ng/mL

0.70 - 2.04

Method:- ECLIA

NOTE: In pregnancy total T3,T4 increase to 1.5 times the normal range.

**Reference Range (T3):** Premature Infants 26-30 Weeks ,3-4 days

0.24 - 1.32 ng/ml

Full-Term Infants 1-3 days

0.89 - 4.05 ng/ml

1 Week

0.91 - 3.00 ng/ml

1- 11 Months

0.85 - 2.50 ng/ml

Prepubertal Children

1.19 - 2.18 ng/ml

**Reference Ranges (T4):** Premature Infants 26-30 weeks ,3-4 days

2.60 - 14.0 ug/dl

Full -Term Infants 1-3 days

8.20 - 19.9 ug/dl

1 weeks 6.00 - 15.9 ug/dl 1-11 Months

6.10 - 14.9 ug/dl

Prepubertal children 12 months-2yrs

6.80 - 13.5 ug/dl

Prepubertal children 3-9 yrs

5.50 - 12.8 ug/dl

**Reference Ranges (TSH):** Premature Infants 26-32 weeks ,3-4 Days

0.80 - 6.9 uIU/ml

Full Term Infants 4 Days

1.36 - 16 uIU/ml

1 - 11 Months:0.90 - 7.70 | Prepubertal children:0.60 - 5.50.Primary malfunction of the thyroid gland may result in hyper or low release of T3 or T4

In additional as TSH directly affect thyroid function malfunction of the pituitary or the hypothalamus influences the thyroid gland activity. Disease in

any portion of the thyroid pituitary hypothalamus system may influence the level of T3 and T4 in the blood in Primary hypo thyroidism TSH levels

are significantly elevated while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism TSH levels may be low

Method:- ECLIA

**THYROID THYROXINE (T4)**

3.68

ug/dl

5.10 - 14.10

Method:- ECLIA

NOTE-TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 AM and min between 6-10 PM. The variation is the order of 50% hence time of the day has influence on the measures serum TSH concentration.Dose and time of drug intake also influence the test result. Transient increase in TSH levels or abnormal TSH levels can be seen in some non thyroidal conditions,simultaneous measurement of TSH with free T4 is useful in evaluating differential diagnosis

INTERPRETATION-Ultra Sensitive 4th generation assay 1.Primary hyperthyroidism is accompanied by ↑serum T3 & T4 values along with \* TSH level.2.Low TSH,high FT4 and TSH receptor antibody(TRAbs) +ve seen in patients with Graves disease 3.Low TSH,high FT4 and TSH receptor antibody(TRAbs) -ve seen in patients with Toxic adenoma/Toxic Multinodular goiter 4.HighTSH,Low FT4 and Thyroid microsomal antibody increased seen in patients with Hashimotos thyroiditis 5.HighTSH,Low FT4 and Thyroid microsomal antibody normal seen in patients with Iodine deficiency/Congenital T4 synthesis deficiency 6.Low TSH,Low FT4 and TRH stimulation test -Delayed response seen in patients with Tertiary hypothyroidism 7.Primary hypothyroidism is accompanied by ↓ serum T3 and T4 values & \*serum TSH levels8.Normal T4 levels accompanied by \* T3 levels and low TSH are seen in patients with T3 Thyrotoxicosis9.Normal or \* T3 & \* T4 10.Normal T3 & T4 along with \* TSH indicate mild / Subclinical Hyperthyroidism .11.Normal T3 & \* T4 along with \* TSH is seen in Hypothyroidism .12.Normal T3 & T4 levels with \* TSH indicate Mild / Subclinical Hypoth

DURING PREGNANCY - REFERENCE RANGE for TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association) 1st Trimester : 0.10-2.50 uIU/mL 2nd Trimester : 0.20-3.00 uIU/mL 3rd Trimester : 0.30-3.00 uIU/mL The production, circulation, and disintegration of thyroid hormones are altered throughout the stages of pregnancy.

REMARK-Assay results should be interpreted in context to the clinical condition and associated results of other investigations. Previous treatment with corticosteroid therapy may result in lower TSH levels while thyroid hormone levels are normal. Results are invalidated if the client has undergone a radionuclide scan within 7-14 days before the test. Abnormal thyroid test findings often found in critically ill patients should be repeated after the critical nature of the condition is resolved.TSH is an important marker for the diagnosis of thyroid dysfunction.Recent studies have shown that the TSH distribution progressively shifts to a higher concentration with age ,and it is debatable whether this is due to a real change with age or an increasing proportion of unrecognized thyroid disease in the elderly.

**TSH**

1.402

μIU/mL

0.350 - 5.500

Method:- ECLIA

**DR.TANU RUNGTA**  
MD (Pathology)  
RMC No. 17226

**Technologist**  
MGR  
Page No: 15 of 16

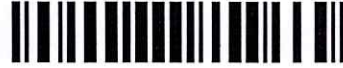




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## IMMUNOASSAY

4th Generation Assay, Reference ranges vary between laboratories

### PREGNANCY - REFERENCE RANGE for TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)

1st Trimester : 0.10-2.50 uIU/mL

2nd Trimester : 0.20-3.00 uIU/mL

3rd Trimester : 0.30-3.00 uIU/mL

The production, circulation, and disintegration of thyroid hormones are altered throughout the stages of pregnancy.

NOTE-TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 AM and min between 6-10 PM. The variation is the order of 50% hence time of the day has influence on the measures serum TSH concentration. Dose and time of drug intake also influence the test result.

### INTERPRETATION

1. Primary hyperthyroidism is accompanied by ↑ serum T3 & T4 values along with ↓ TSH level.
2. Primary hypothyroidism is accompanied by ↓ serum T3 and T4 values & ↑ serum TSH levels
3. Normal T4 levels accompanied by ↑ T3 levels and low TSH are seen in patients with T3 Thyrotoxicosis
4. Normal or ↓ T3 & ↑ T4 levels indicate T4 Thyrotoxicosis ( problem is conversion of T4 to T3)
5. Normal T3 & T4 along with ↓ TSH indicate mild / Subclinical Hyperthyroidism

. **COMMENTS:** Assay results should be interpreted in context to the clinical condition and associated results of other investigations. Previous treatment with corticosteroid therapy may result in lower TSH levels while thyroid hormone levels are normal. Results are invalidated if the client has undergone a radionuclide scan within 7-14 days before the test.

. **Disclaimer:** TSH is an important marker for the diagnosis of thyroid dysfunction. Recent studies have shown that the TSH distribution progressively shifts to a higher concentration with age, and it is debatable whether this is due to a real change with age or an increasing proportion of unrecognized thyroid disease in the elderly.

. **Reference ranges are from Teitz fundamental of clinical chemistry 8th ed (2018)**

Test performed by Instrument : Beckman coulter Dxi 800

. **Note:** The result obtained relate only to the sample given/ received & tested. A single test result is not always indicative of a disease, it has to be correlated with clinical data for interpretation.

\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

**DR. TANU RUNGTA**  
MD (Pathology)  
RMC No. 17226

**Technologist**

MGR  
Page No: 16 of 16





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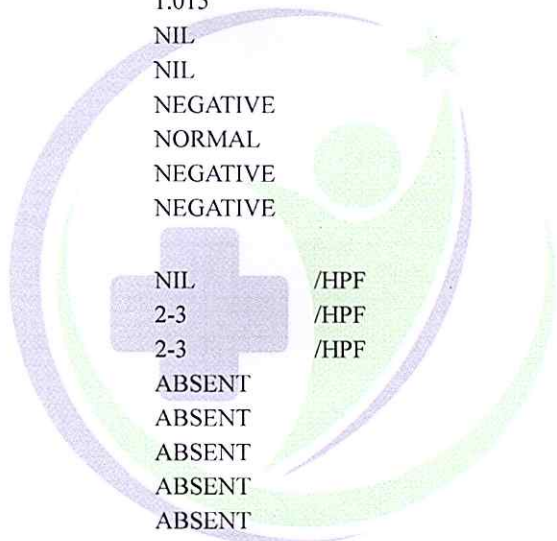


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## CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
<b>Urine Routine</b>			
<b><u>PHYSICAL EXAMINATION</u></b>			
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
<b><u>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION</u></b>			
REACTION(PH)	6.5		5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.015		1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN	NIL		NIL
SUGAR	NIL		NIL
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL		NORMAL
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
<b><u>MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION</u></b>			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		ABSENT



**DR.TANU RUNGTA**  
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**Technologist**  
MGR  
Page No: 12 of 16



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NAME:	MRS. KIRAN JANGID	AGE	44 YRS/F
REF.BY	BANK OF BARODA	DATE	09/03/2024

## CHEST X-RAY (PA VIEW)

Bilateral lung fields appear clear.

Bilateral costo-phrenic angles appear clear.

Cardiothoracic ratio is normal.

Thoracic soft tissue and skeletal system appear unremarkable.

Soft tissue shadows appear normal.

**IMPRESSION:** No significant abnormality is detected.

**DR.SHALINI GOEL**

**M.B.B.S, D.N.B (Radiodiagnosis)**

**RMC No.: 21954**





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MRS. KIRAN JANGID	Age : 44 Y/F
Registration Date: 09/03/2024	Ref. by: BANK OF BARODA

## ULTRASOUND OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

**Liver** is of normal size (12.3 cm) **with increased echotexture**. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intrahepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

**Gall bladder** is well distended. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

**Pancreas** is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

**Spleen** is of normal size and shape (9.1 cm). Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

**Kidneys** are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation or calculus.

**Right kidney** is measuring approx. 10.7 x 4.7 cm.

**Left kidney** is measuring approx. 11.5 x 4.9 cm.

**Urinary bladder** does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

**Uterus** is anteverted and normal in size (measuring approx. 8.0 x 2.5 x 4.4 cm).

Myometrium shows normal echo -pattern. No focal space occupying lesion is seen. Endometrial echo is normal. Endometrial thickness is 10.2 mm. *Few tiny nabothian cysts are noted in cervix.*

Both ovaries are visualized and are normal. No adnexal mass lesion is seen.

No enlarged nodes are visualized. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified.

No significant free fluid is seen in pouch of Douglas.

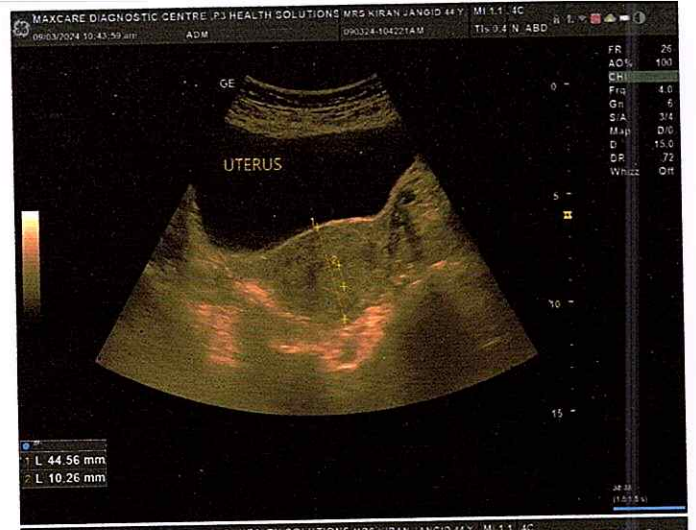
### IMPRESSION:

- **Grade I fatty liver.**
- **Rest no significant abnormality is detected**

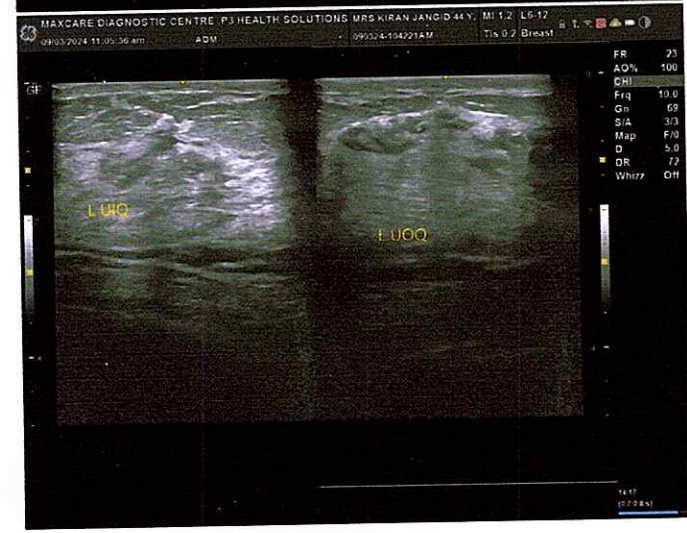
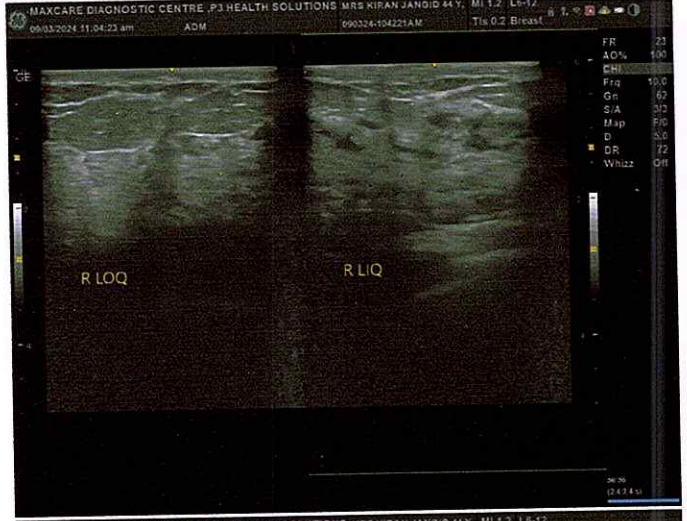
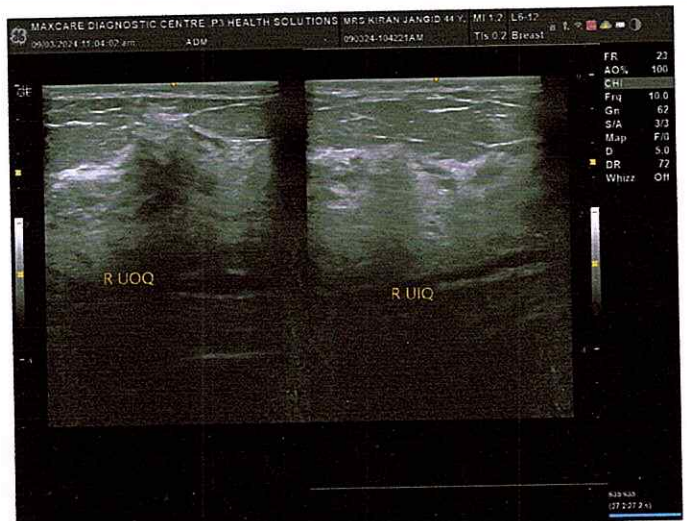
DR. SHALINI GOEL  
M.B.B.S, D.N.B (Radiodiagnosis)  
RMC no.: 21954

**Dr. SHALINI GOEL**  
**MBBS, DNB (Radiologist)**  
**RMC No. 21954**  
**P-3 Health Solutions LLP**











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MRS. KIRAN JANGID	Age : 44 Y/F
Registration Date: 09/03/2024	Ref. by: BANK OF BARODA

## Ultrasonography report: Breast and Axilla

### Both breasts:-

Skin, subcutaneous tissue and retroareolar region is normal.

Fibro glandular tissue shows normal architecture and echotexture.

Pre-and retro mammary regions are unremarkable.

No obvious cyst, mass or architectural distortion visualized.

Axillary lymph nodes are not significantly enlarged and their hilar shadows are preserved.

**IMPRESSION: No significant abnormality is detected.**

DR.SHALINI GOEL  
M.B.B.S, D.N.B (Radiodiagnosis)  
RMC no.: 21954

**Dr. SHALINI GOEL**  
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<b>Registration Date: 09/03/2024</b>	<b>Ref. by: BANK OF BARODA</b>

### 2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY: FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY:

MITRAL VALVE	NORMAL	TRICUSPID VALVE	NORMAL
AORTIC VALVE	NORMAL	PULMONARY VALVE	NORMAL

#### M.MODE EXAMINATION:

AO	3.0	Cm	LA	3.1	cm	IVS-D	0.9	cm
IVS-S	1.2	cm	LVID	4.2	cm	LVSD	2.6	cm
LVPW-D	0.9	cm	LVPW-S	1.2	cm	RV		cm
RVWT		cm	EDV		ml	LVVS		ml
LVEF	55-60%		RWMA			ABSENT		

#### CHAMBERS:

LA	NORMAL	RA	NORMAL
LV	NORMAL	RV	NORMAL
PERICARDIUM	NORMAL		

#### COLOUR DOPPLER:

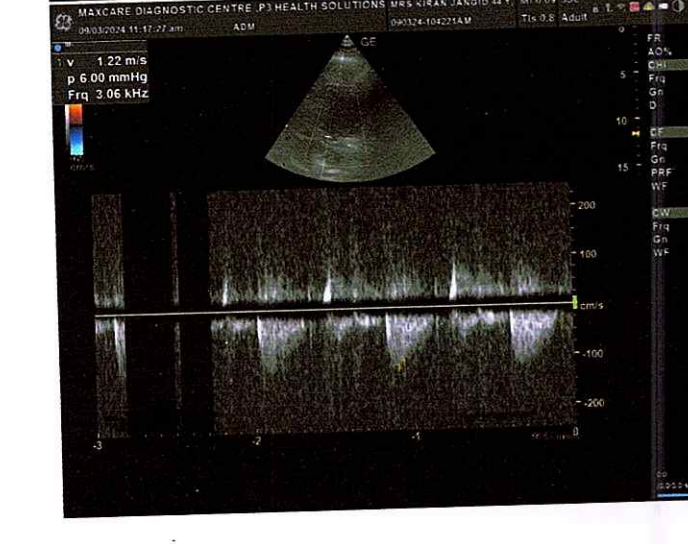
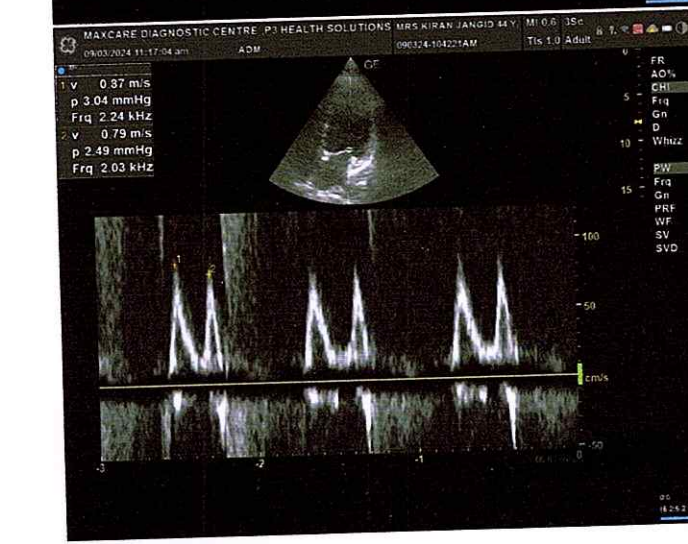
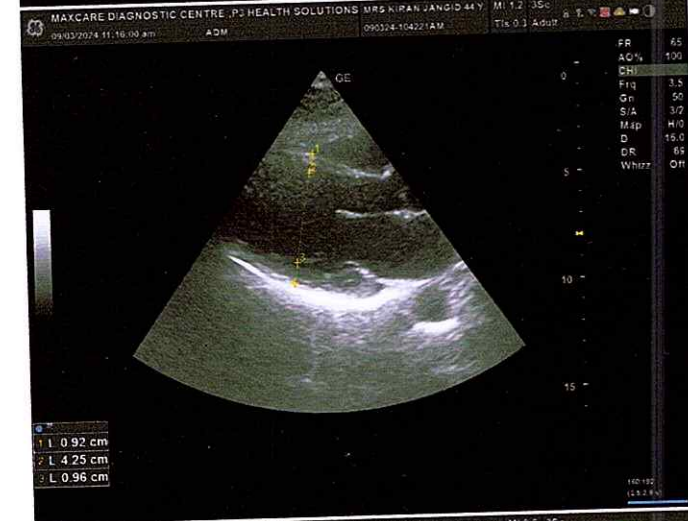
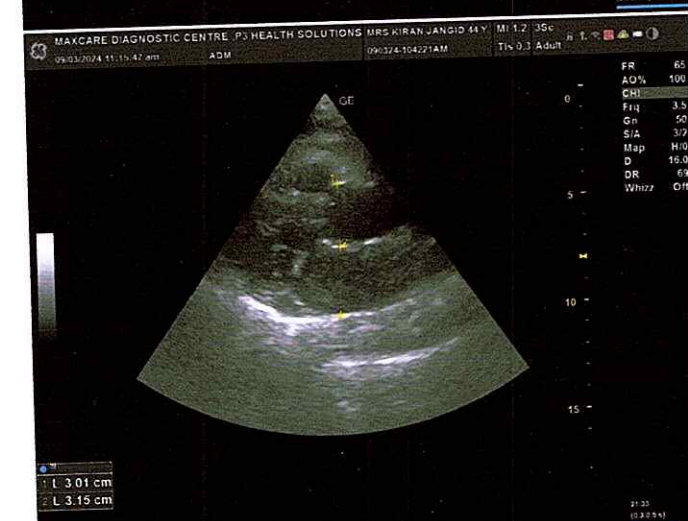
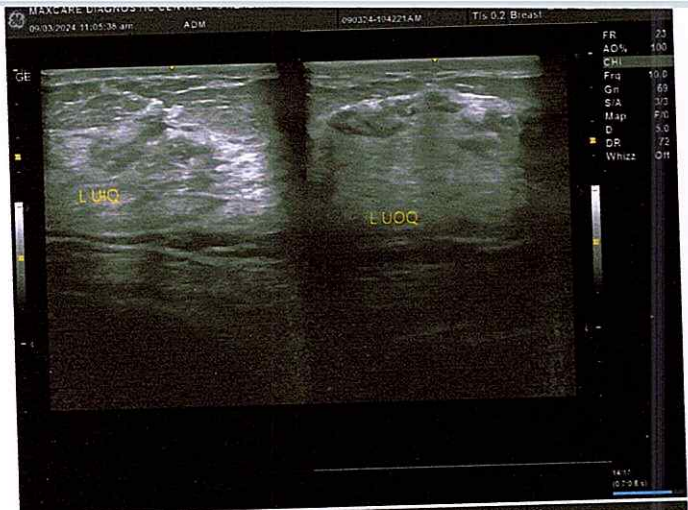
MITRAL VALVE				
E VELOCITY	0.87	m/sec	PEAK GRADIENT	Mm/hg
A VELOCITY	0.79	m/sec	MEAN GRADIENT	Mm/hg
MVA BY PHT		Cm2	MVA BY PLANIMETRY	Cm2
MITRAL REGURGITATION			ABSENT	
AORTIC VALVE				
PEAK VELOCITY	1.22	m/sec	PEAK GRADIENT	mm/hg
AR VMAX		m/sec	MEAN GRADIENT	mm/hg
AORTIC REGURGITATION			ABSENT	
TRICUSPID VALVE				
PEAK VELOCITY		m/sec	PEAK GRADIENT	mm/hg
MEAN VELOCITY		m/sec	MEAN GRADIENT	mm/hg
VMax VELOCITY				
TRICUSPID REGURGITATION			ABSENT	
PULMONARY VALVE				
PEAK VELOCITY	0.64	M/sec.	PEAK GRADIENT	Mm/hg
MEAN VELOCITY			MEAN GRADIENT	Mm/hg
PULMONARY REGURGITATION			ABSENT	

#### Impression—

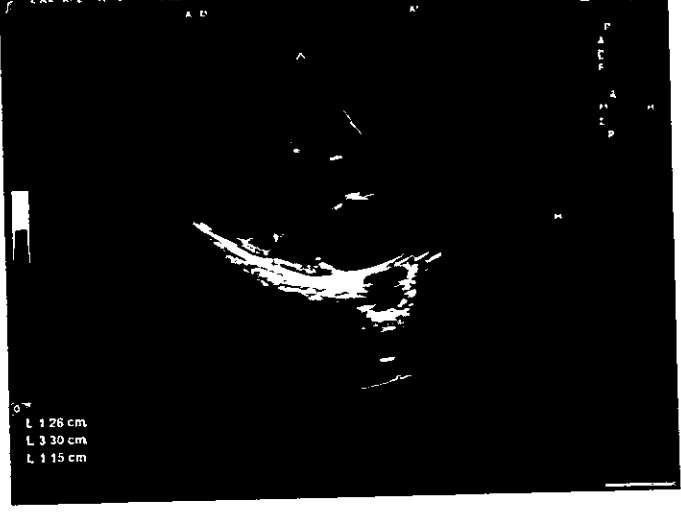
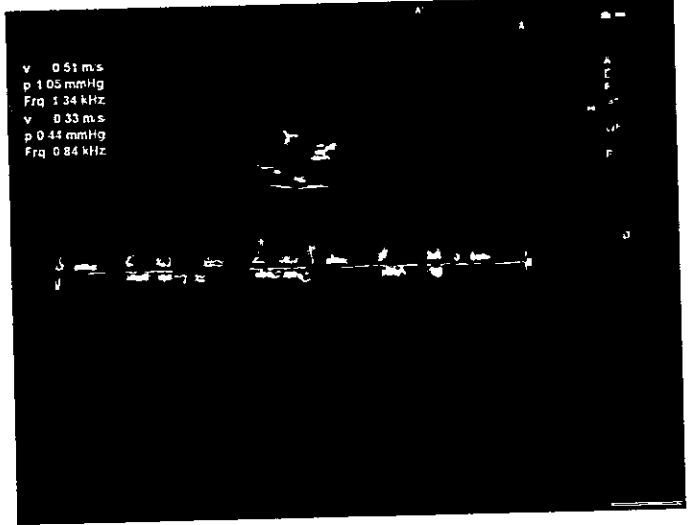
- NORMAL LV SIZE & CONTRACTILITY.
- NO RWMA, LVEF 55-60%.
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL.
- NORMAL DIASTOLIC FUNCTION.
- NO CLOT, NO VEGETATION, NO PERICARDIAL EFFUSION.

(Cardiologist)

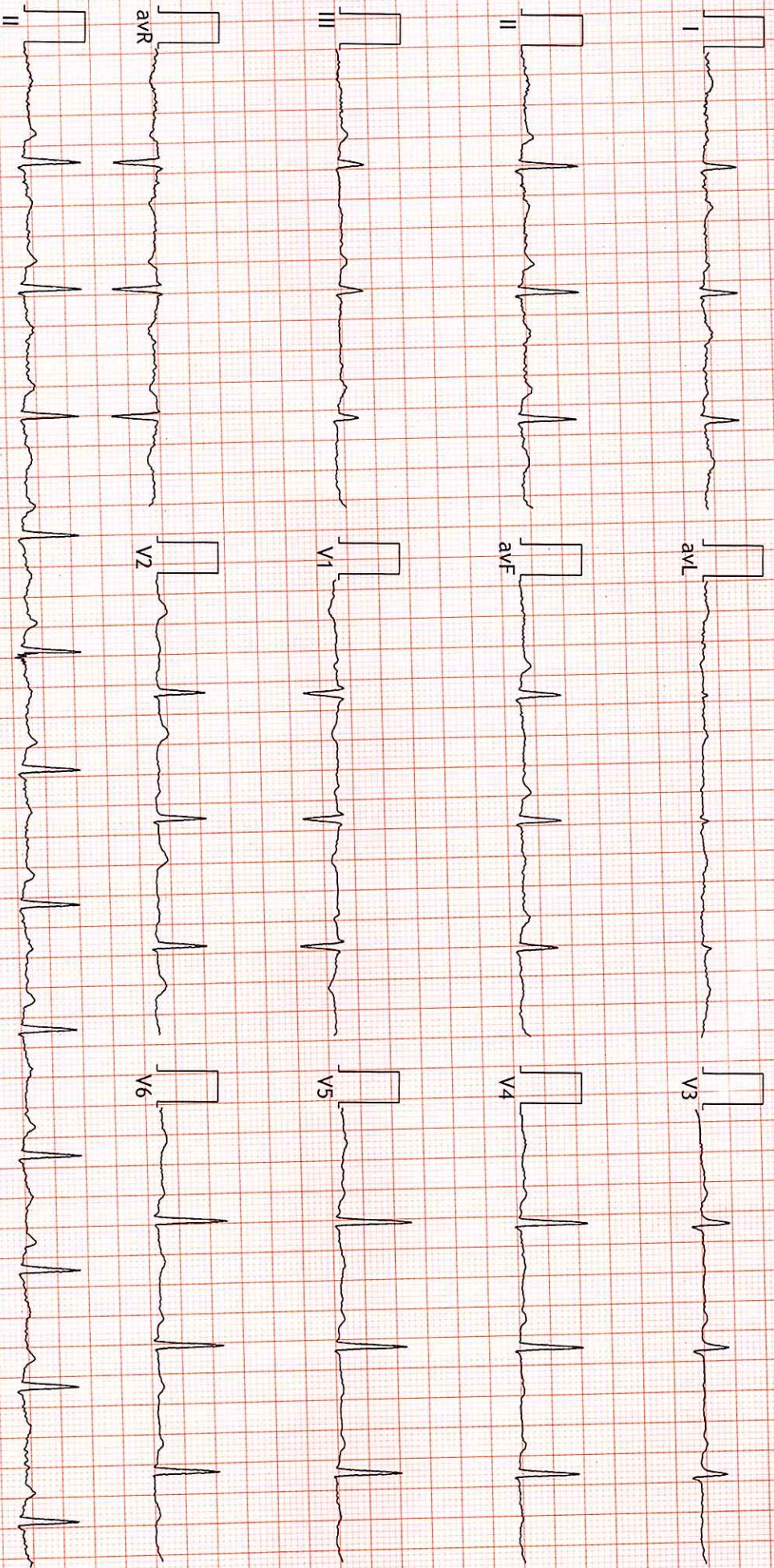












FINDINGS: Normal Sinus Rhythm with Abnormal QTc Interval

Vent Rate : 73 bpm; PR Interval : 212 ms; QRS Duration: 104 ms; QT/QTc Int : 402/446 ms

P-QRS-T axis: 63 • 49 • 29 • (Deg)

Comments :

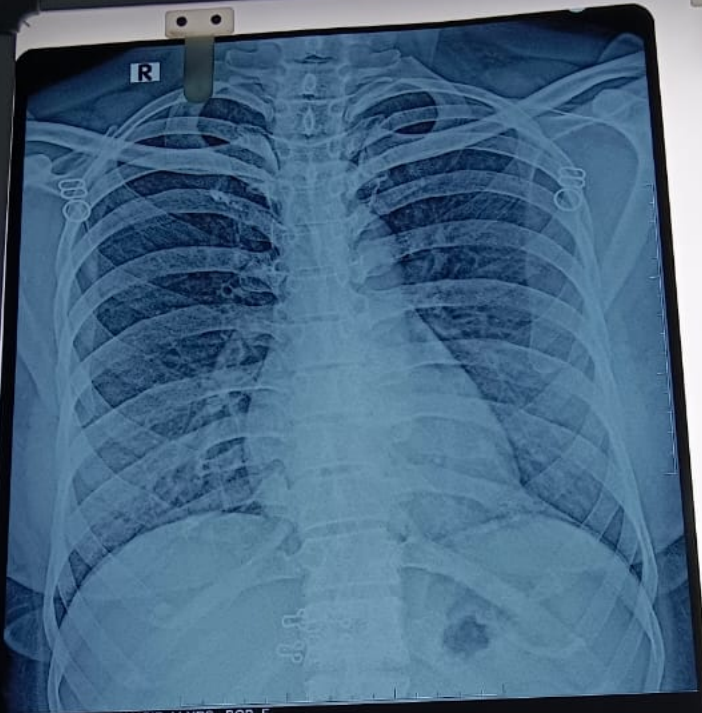
Dr. Naresh Kumar Mohanka

RMC No.: 35703

M.B.B.S., DIP. CARDIO (ESCORTS)

D.E.M. (RCGP-UK)





12234814 KIRAN JANGID 44 YRS , BOB F

09 MAR 2024

MAXCARE DIAGNOSTIC (ASSOCIATES OF P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP)

