



Hiranandani
HOSPITAL

(A Fortis Network Hospital)

Hiranandani Fortis Hospital
Mini Seashore Road,
Sector 10 - A, Vashi,
Navi Mumbai - 400 703.
Tel. : +91-22-3919 9222
Fax : +91-22-3919 9220/21
Email : vashi@vashihospital.com

BMI CHART

Date: 13/04/2024

Name: Mrs. Namita Behere Age: 35 yrs

Sex: M / F

BP: 110/60mmHg Height (cms): 158cm Weight(kgs): 51kg BMI: _____

WEIGHT lbs	100	105	110	115	120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	
kgs	45.5	47.7	50.0	52.3	54.5	56.8	59.1	61.4	63.6	65.9	68.2	70.5	72.7	75.0	77.3	79.5	81.8	84.1	86.4	88.6	90.9	93.2	95.5	97.7	
HEIGHT in/cm	Underweight					Healthy					Overweight					Obese					Extremely Obese				
5'0" - 152.4	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	
5'1" - 154.9	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	36	37	38	39	40	
5'2" - 157.4	18	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	
5'3" - 160.0	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	
5'4" - 162.5	17	18	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	
5'5" - 165.1	16	17	18	19	20	20	21	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	30	30	31	32	33	34	35	35	
5'6" - 167.6	16	17	17	18	19	20	21	21	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	29	30	31	32	33	34	34	
5'7" - 170.1	15	16	17	18	18	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	29	30	31	32	33	33	
5'8" - 172.7	15	16	16	17	18	19	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30	31	32	32	
5'9" - 176.2	14	15	16	17	17	18	19	20	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30	31	31	
5'10" - 177.8	14	15	15	16	17	18	18	19	20	20	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30	30	
5'11" - 180.3	14	14	15	16	16	17	18	18	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30	
6'0" - 182.8	13	14	14	15	16	17	17	18	19	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	27	28	29	
6'1" - 185.4	13	13	14	15	15	16	17	17	18	19	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	27	28	
6'2" - 187.9	12	13	14	14	15	16	16	17	18	18	19	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	27	
6'3" - 190.5	12	13	13	14	15	15	16	16	17	18	18	19	20	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	26	
6'4" - 193.0	12	12	13	14	14	15	15	16	17	17	18	18	19	20	20	21	22	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	

Doctors Notes:

Signature



UHID	13088601	Date	13/04/2024		
Name	Mrs Namita Behera	Sex	F	Age	35
OPD	Ophthal	Health Check Up			

Chc No

Drug allergy: → Not known
 Sys illness: → No
Habit: → No

Hx No

Uvlt R → RA 6/6P
 → L 6/6

Ref → RA -0.50 @ 6/6
 → LA Phnear 6/6

MM → RA → No
 → LA No

FOP → RA 14.8
 → G 15.1

All ok

* Soft drops — (1) — (1) — (1)
 ↓
 15 days.

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10 -A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703
 Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39199220
 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255
 For Appointment: 022 - 39199222 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300
 www.fortishealthcare.com |
 CIN : U85100MH2005PTC154823
 GST IN: 27AABCH5894DIZG | PAN NO: AABCH5894D



Hiranandani
 HOSPITAL

Fortis Network Hospital

7387691540

UHID	13088601	Date	13/04/2024		
Name	Mrs Namita Behera	Sex	F	Age	35
OPD	Dental	Health Check Up			

PMH - Medication of UTI

Drug allergy:
 Sys illness:

OLE-

Decayed teeth $\bar{0}$
 Impacted teeth \bar{c} $\frac{8}{8}$

Advice -

Extraction \bar{c} $\frac{8}{8}$

Dr. Sushritha

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10 -A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703
 Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39199220
 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255
 For Appointment: 022 - 39199222 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300
 www.fortishealthcare.com |
 CIN : U85100MH2005PTC154823
 GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG | PAN NO: AABCH5894D



Hiranandani
HOSPITAL
 A Fortis Network Hospital

UHID	13088601	Date	13/04/2024		
Name	Mrs Namita Behera	Sex	F	Age	35
OPD	PAP	Health Check Up			

Drug allergy:
 Sys illness:

35yo / ms - 8y of P.L. A / LMS. Syr bark.

No chief complaint

Came for PAP.

Imp - 15/3/2024

(PIB) |
 (PH) | NAD.

Rx history - Lupa breast sx (+) x 13 yrs back
 ↓
 as per H/o pt - Bengaluru

Adw

H/o i defects.

PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002304

PATIENT ID : FH.13088601

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female

DRAWN : 13/04/2024 09:55:00

RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 09:58:10

REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:10:26

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status **Final**

Results

Biological Reference Interval Units

HAEMATOLOGY - CBC

CBC-5, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

Parameter	Result	Reference Interval	Units
HEMOGLOBIN (HB) METHOD : SLS METHOD	10.4 Low	12.0 - 15.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT METHOD : HYDRODYNAMIC FOCUSING	5.83 High	3.8 - 4.8	mil/ μ L
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT METHOD : FLUORESCENCE FLOW CYTOMETRY	5.51	4.0 - 10.0	thou/ μ L
PLATELET COUNT METHOD : HYDRODYNAMIC FOCUSING BY DC DETECTION	204	150 - 410	thou/ μ L

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES

HEMATOCRIT (PCV) METHOD : CUMULATIVE PULSE HEIGHT DETECTION METHOD	34.6 Low	36.0 - 46.0	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	59.3 Low	83.0 - 101.0	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	17.8 Low	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION(MCHC) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	30.1 Low	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	17.6 High	11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	10.2		

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT

NEUTROPHILS METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING	63	40.0 - 80.0	%
--	----	-------------	---



Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
(Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
Consultant Pathologist

Page 1 Of 16



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd
Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703
Maharashtra, India
Tel : 022-39199222, 022-49723322, Fax :
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000914845

PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : **0022XD002304**

PATIENT ID : FH.13088601

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female

DRAWN : 13/04/2024 09:55:00

RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 09:58:10

REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:10:26

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status Final

Test Report Status	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
LYMPHOCYTES METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING	31	20.0 - 40.0	%
MONOCYTES METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING	5	2.0 - 10.0	%
EOSINOPHILS METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING	1	1 - 6	%
BASOPHILS METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING	0	0 - 2	%
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	3.47	2.0 - 7.0	thou/ μ L
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.71	1.0 - 3.0	thou/ μ L
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.28	0.2 - 1.0	thou/ μ L
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.06	0.02 - 0.50	thou/ μ L
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.00 Low	0.02 - 0.10	thou/ μ L
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR) METHOD : CALCULATED	2.0		

MORPHOLOGY

RBC

METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

MILD HYPOCHROMASIA, MICROCYTOSIS(++), ANISOPOLYCYTOSIS (+)

WBC

METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

NORMAL MORPHOLOGY

PLATELETS

METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

ADEQUATE

IMPRESSION

MICROCYTIC HYPOCHROMIC ANAEMIA

(Signature)
Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
(Reg.no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
Consultant Pathologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd
Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703
Maharashtra, India
Tel : 022-39199222, 022-49723322, Fax :
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000914845

PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA
REF. DOCTOR :
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

 FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
 FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
 MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002304
PATIENT ID : FH.13088601
CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601
ABHA NO :
AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female
DRAWN : 13/04/2024 09:55:00
RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 09:58:10
REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:10:26
CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-150124OPCR020496


BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status Final
Results
Biological Reference Interval Units
Interpretation(s)

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.



Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
 (Reg.no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
 Consultant Pathologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd

 Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
 Navi Mumbai, 400703
 Maharashtra, India

Tel : 022-39199222, 022-49723322, Fax :

CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 2200000914945

PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002304

PATIENT ID : FH.13088601

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female
DRAWN : 13/04/2024 09:55:00
RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 09:58:10
REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:10:26

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
--------------------	-------	---------	-------------------------------	-------

HAEMATOLOGY

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), EDTA BLOOD

E.S.R **26 High** **0 - 20** **mm at 1 hr**
METHOD : WESTERGREN METHOD

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HBA1C **5.2** **< 116.0** **mg/dL**
Non-diabetic: < 5.7 %
Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4
Diabetics: > or = 6.5
Therapeutic goals: < 7.0
Action suggested : > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)
METHOD : HB VARIANT (HPLC)
ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG) **102.5**
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

Interpretation(s)

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), EDTA BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION :-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition. CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculitides, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR (>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-40 mm/hr (52 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm/hr (95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythemia vera, Sickle cell anemia

LIMITATIONS

False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs (Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

False Decreased : Poikilocytosis, (Sickle Cells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs (Quinine, salicylates)

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
(Reg, no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
Consultant Pathologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd
Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703
Maharashtra, India
Tel : 022-39199222, 022-49723322, Fax :
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000914845



PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002304

PATIENT ID : FH.13088601

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female
DRAWN : 13/04/2024 09:55:00
RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 09:58:10
REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:10:26

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
--------------------	-------	---------	-------------------------------	-------

REFERENCE :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition. GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HbA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
 2. Diagnosing diabetes.
 3. Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).
- The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patient's metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.
1. eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to mg/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
 2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
 3. eAG is calculated as $eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7$

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

1. Shortened Erythrocyte survival : Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.
2. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin).
3. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addition are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.
4. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in
 - a) Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
 - b) Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)
 - c) HbF > 25% on alternate platform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c. Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
(Reg, no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
Consultant Pathologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd
Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703
Maharashtra, India
Tel : 022-39199222, 022-49723322, Fax :
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000914845



MC-5837

PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002304

PATIENT ID : FH.13088601

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female

DRAWN : 13/04/2024 09:55:00

RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 09:58:10

REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:10:26

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
--------------------	-------	---------	-------------------------------	-------

IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP	TYPE A
METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION	
RH TYPE	POSITIVE
METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION	

Interpretation(s)

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
(Reg.no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
Consultant Pathologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd
Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703
Maharashtra, India
Tel : 022-39199222, 022-49723322, Fax :
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000914845

PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002304

PATIENT ID : FH.13088601

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female

DRAWN : 13/04/2024 09:55:00

RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 09:58:10

REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:10:26

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
--------------------	-------	---------	-------------------------------	-------

BIOCHEMISTRY

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM

BILIRUBIN, TOTAL METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GROFF	0.64	0.2 - 1.0	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GROFF	0.16	0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.48	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD : BIURET	8.0	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
ALBUMIN METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING	4.0	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
GLOBULIN METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	4.0	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.0	1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE(AST/SGOT) METHOD : UV WITH PSP	18	15 - 37	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) METHOD : UV WITH PSP	17	< 34.0	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE METHOD : PNPP-ANP	61	30 - 120	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) METHOD : GAMMA GLUTAMYL CARBOXY 4NITROANILIDE	20	5 - 55	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE METHOD : LACTATE -PYRUVATE	101	81 - 234	U/L

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA

FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR) METHOD : HEXOKINASE	100	Normal : < 100 Pre-diabetes: 100-125 Diabetes: >=126	mg/dL
---	-----	--	-------

Rekha N

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD
(Reg No. MMC 2001/06/2354)
Microbiologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd

Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703

Maharashtra, India

Tel : 022-39199222, 022-49723322, Fax :

CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000914845



PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002304

PATIENT ID : FH.13088601

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female
DRAWN : 13/04/2024 09:55:00
RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 09:58:10
REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:10:26

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
--------------------	-------	---------	-------------------------------	-------

KIDNEY PANEL - 1

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN METHOD : UREASE - UV	9	6 - 20	mg/dL
CREATININE EGFR- EPI			
CREATININE METHOD : ALKALINE PICRATE KINETIC JAFFES	0.66	0.60 - 1.10	mg/dL
AGE	35		years
GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE (FEMALE) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	117.24	Refer Interpretation Below	mL/min/1.73m2

BUN/CREAT RATIO

BUN/CREAT RATIO METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	13.64	5.00 - 15.00	
--	-------	--------------	--

URIC ACID, SERUM

URIC ACID METHOD : URICASE UV	4.0	2.6 - 6.0	mg/dL
----------------------------------	-----	-----------	-------

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM

TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD : BIURET	8.0	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
----------------------------------	-----	-----------	------

Rekha N

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD
(Reg No. MMC 2001/06/2354)
Microbiologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd
Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703
Maharashtra, India
Tel : 022-39199222,022-49723322, Fax :
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000914845



PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002304

PATIENT ID : FH.13088601

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female
DRAWN : 13/04/2024 09:55:00
RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 09:58:10
REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:10:26

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
--------------------	-------	---------	-------------------------------	-------

ALBUMIN, SERUM

ALBUMIN	4.0	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING			

GLOBULIN

GLOBULIN	4.0	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			

ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM

SODIUM, SERUM	138	136 - 145	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT			
POTASSIUM, SERUM	3.94	3.50 - 5.10	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT			
CHLORIDE, SERUM	104	98 - 107	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT			

Interpretation(s)

Interpretation(s)

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. **Elevated levels** results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). **Conjugated (direct) bilirubin** is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease. **Conjugated (direct) bilirubin** is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors & Scarring of the bile ducts. **Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin** may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

Rekha. N

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD
(Reg No. MMC 2001/06/2354)
Microbiologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd
Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703
Maharashtra, India
Tel : 022-39199222, 022-49723322, Fax :
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000914845



PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002304

PATIENT ID : FH.13088601

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female

DRAWN : 13/04/2024 09:55:00

RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 09:58:10

REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:10:26

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
--------------------	-------	---------	-------------------------------	-------

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Pagets disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilsons disease.

GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.

Total Protein also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

Albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and so that no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Increased in: Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs: corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in: Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach, fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases (e.g. galactosemia), Drugs: insulin, ethanol, propranolol, sulfonylureas, tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE: While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.

CREATININE EGFR- EPI-- Kidney disease outcomes quality initiative (KDOQI) guidelines state that estimation of GFR is the best overall indices of the Kidney function.

- It gives a rough measure of number of functioning nephrons .Reduction in GFR implies progression of underlying disease.
- The GFR is a calculation based on serum creatinine test.
- Creatinine is mainly derived from the metabolism of creatine in muscle, and its generation is proportional to the total muscle mass. As a result, mean creatinine generation is higher in men than in women, in younger than in older individuals, and in blacks than in whites.
- Creatinine is filtered from the blood by the kidneys and excreted into urine at a relatively steady rate.
- When kidney function is compromised, excretion of creatinine decreases with a consequent increase in blood creatinine levels. With the creatinine test, a reasonable estimate of the actual GFR can be determined.
- This equation takes into account several factors that impact creatinine production, including age, gender, and race.
- CKD EPI (Chronic kidney disease epidemiology collaboration) equation performed better than MDRD equation especially when GFR is high (>60 ml/min per 1.73m2).. This formula has less bias and greater accuracy which helps in early diagnosis and also reduces the rate of false positive diagnosis of CKD.

References:
National Kidney Foundation (NKF) and the American Society of Nephrology (ASN).
Estimated GFR Calculated Using the CKD-EPI equation-<https://testguide.labmed.uw.edu/guideline/egfr>
Ghuman JK, et al. Impact of Removing Race Variable on CKD Classification Using the Creatinine-Based 2021 CKD-EPI Equation. Kidney Med 2022, 4:100471. 35756325
Harrison's Principle of Internal Medicine, 21st ed. pg 62 and 334

URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels: Dietary (High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome
Causes of decreased levels: Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM- is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease.

Rekha.n

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD
(Reg No. MMC 2001/06/2354)
Microbiologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd
Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703
Maharashtra, India
Tel : 022-39199222, 022-49723322, Fax :
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : -

Patient Ref. No. 22000000914845



PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002304

PATIENT ID : FH.13088601

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female
DRAWN : 13/04/2024 09:55:00
RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 09:58:10
REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:10:26

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
--------------------	-------	---------	-------------------------------	-------

Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.
ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

Rekha N

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD
(Reg No. MMC 2001/06/2354)
Microbiologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd
Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703
Maharashtra, India
Tel : 022-39199222, 022-49723322, Fax :
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000914845



PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002304

PATIENT ID : FH.13088601

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female
DRAWN : 13/04/2024 09:55:00
RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 09:58:10
REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:10:26

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
--------------------	-------	---------	-------------------------------	-------

BIOCHEMISTRY - LIPID

LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	152	< 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High >= 240 High	mg/dL
METHOD : ENZYMATIC/COLORIMETRIC, CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE			
TRIGLYCERIDES	63	< 150 Normal 150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High >=500 Very High	mg/dL
METHOD : ENZYMATIC ASSAY			
HDL CHOLESTEROL	46	< 40 Low >=60 High	mg/dL
METHOD : DIRECT MEASURE - PEG			
LDL CHOLESTEROL, DIRECT	91	< 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near or above optimal 130 - 159 Borderline High 160 - 189 High >= 190 Very High	mg/dL
METHOD : DIRECT MEASURE WITHOUT SAMPLE PRETREATMENT			
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	106	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	12.6	<= 30.0	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
CHOL/HDL RATIO	3.3	3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk 4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk 7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			

Rekha N

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD
(Reg No. MMC 2001/06/2354)
Microbiologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd

Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703

Maharashtra, India

Tel : 022-39199222, 022-49723322, Fax :

CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000914945



PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002304

PATIENT ID : FH.13088601

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female
DRAWN : 13/04/2024 09:55:00
RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 09:58:10
REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:10:26

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
--------------------	-------	---------	-------------------------------	-------

LDL/HDL RATIO		2.0	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				

Interpretation(s)

Rekha. N

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD
(Reg No. MMC 2001/06/2354)
Microbiologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd
Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703
Maharashtra, India
Tel : 022-39199222, 022-49723322, Fax :
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000914845

PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
 FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
 MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002304

PATIENT ID : FH.13088601

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female
DRAWN : 13/04/2024 09:55:00
RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 09:58:10
REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:10:26

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232
 CORP-OPD
 BILLNO-150124OPCR020496
 BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
--------------------	-------	---------	-------------------------------	-------

CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS

KIDNEY PANEL - 1

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR METHOD : PHYSICAL	PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE METHOD : VISUAL	HAZY

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY- DOUBLE INDICATOR METHOD	6.0	4.7 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (APPARENT PKA CHANGE OF PRETREATED POLYELECTROLYTES IN RELATION TO IONIC CONCENTRATION)	1.010	1.003 - 1.035
PROTEIN METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY - PROTEIN-ERROR-OF-INDICATOR PRINCIPLE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
GLUCOSE METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DOUBLE SEQUENTIAL ENZYME REACTION-GOD/POD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
KETONES METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ROTHERA'S PRINCIPLE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BLOOD METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, PEROXIDASE LIKE ACTIVITY OF HAEMOGLOBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BILIRUBIN METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DIAZOTIZATION- COUPLING OF BILIRUBIN WITH DIAZOTIZED SALT	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
UROBILINOGEN METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (MODIFIED EHRlich REACTION)	NORMAL	NORMAL
NITRITE METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CONVERSION OF NITRATE TO NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ESTERASE HYDROLYSIS ACTIVITY	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED

Rekha N

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD
 (Reg No. MMC 2001/06/2354)
 Microbiologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd
 Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
 Navi Mumbai, 400703
 Maharashtra, India
 Tel : 022-39199222, 022-49723322, Fax :
 CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
 Email :-



Patient Ref. No. 22000000914845

PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA		REF. DOCTOR :	
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507		ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002304	
FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD		AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female	
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,		DRAWN : 13/04/2024 09:55:00	
MUMBAI 440001		RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 09:58:10	
		REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:10:26	
CLINICAL INFORMATION :			
UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232			
CORP-OPD			
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496			
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496			

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
---------------------------	--------------	----------------	--------------------------------------	--------------

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

RED BLOOD CELLS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
PUS CELL (WBC'S) METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	10-15	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	15-20	0-5	/HPF
CASTS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED		
CRYSTALS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED		
BACTERIA METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
YEAST METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
REMARKS			

URINARY MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION DONE ON URINARY CENTRIFUGED SEDIMENT.

Interpretation(s)

Rekha N.

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD
(Reg No. MMC 2001/06/2354)
Microbiologist



View Details

View Report

PERFORMED AT :
Agilus Diagnostics Ltd
 Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
 Navi Mumbai, 400703
 Maharashtra, India
 Tel : 022-39199222,022-49723322, Fax :
 CIN - U74699PB1995PLC045956
 Email : -



PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002304

PATIENT ID : FH.13088601

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female

DRAWN : 13/04/2024 09:55:00

RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 09:58:10

REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:10:26

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval Units

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

T3

116.1

Non-Pregnant Women ng/dL

80.0 - 200.0

Pregnant Women

1st Trimester:105.0 - 230.0

2nd Trimester:129.0 - 262.0

3rd Trimester:135.0 - 262.0

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, COMPETITIVE PRINCIPLE

T4

7.82

Non-Pregnant Women µg/dL

5.10 - 14.10

Pregnant Women

1st Trimester: 7.33 - 14.80

2nd Trimester: 7.93 - 16.10

3rd Trimester: 6.95 - 15.70

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, COMPETITIVE PRINCIPLE

TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)

3.640

Non Pregnant Women µIU/mL

0.27 - 4.20

Pregnant Women (As per American Thyroid Association)

1st Trimester 0.100 - 2.500

2nd Trimester 0.200 - 3.000

3rd Trimester 0.300 - 3.000

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE,SANDWICH IMMUNOASSAY

Interpretation(s)

****End Of Report****

Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
(Reg.no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
Consultant Pathologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd
Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703
Maharashtra, India
Tel : 022-39199222,022-49723322, Fax :
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : -

Patient Ref. No. 22000000914845



PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002372

PATIENT ID : FH.13088601

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female

DRAWN : 13/04/2024 12:32:00

RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 12:31:52

REPORTED : 13/04/2024 14:04:20

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
--------------------	-------	---------	-------------------------------	-------

BIOCHEMISTRY

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)	102	70 - 140	mg/dL
METHOD : HEXOKINASE			

Interpretation(s)

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c

End Of Report

Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession

Rukha. N

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD
(Reg No. MMC 2001/06/2354)
Microbiologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd
Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703
Maharashtra, India
Tel : 022-39199222,022-49723322, Fax :
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000914913

PATIENT NAME : MRS.NAMITA BEHERA

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL - VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XD002414

PATIENT ID : FH.13088601

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13088601

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Female

DRAWN : 13/04/2024 14:38:00

RECEIVED : 13/04/2024 14:46:26

REPORTED : 15/04/2024 10:56:18

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:13088601 REQNO-1691232
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496
BILLNO-150124OPCR020496

Test Report Status **Final**

Units

CYTOLOGY

PAPANICOLAOU SMEAR

PAPANICOLAOU SMEAR

TEST METHOD

CONVENTIONAL GYNEC CYTOLOGY

SPECIMEN TYPE

TWO UNSTAINED CERVICAL SMEARS RECEIVED

REPORTING SYSTEM

2014 BETHESDA SYSTEM FOR REPORTING CERVICAL CYTOLOGY

SPECIMEN ADEQUACY

SATISFACTORY

METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

MICROSCOPY

SMEARS STUDIED SHOW SUPERFICIAL SQUAMOUS CELLS,
INTERMEDIATE SQUAMOUS CELLS, OCCASIONAL SQUAMOUS
METAPLASTIC CELLS, OCCASIONAL CLUSTERS OF ENDOCERVICAL CELLS
IN THE BACKGROUND OF FEW POLYMORPHS.

INTERPRETATION / RESULT

NEGATIVE FOR INTRAEPITHELIAL LESION OR MALIGNANCY

Comments


PLEASE NOTE PAPANICOLAOU SMEAR STUDY IS A SCREENING PROCEDURE FOR CERVICAL
CANCER WITH INHERENT FALSE NEGATIVE RESULTS, HENCE SHOULD BE INTERPRETED
WITH CAUTION.

NO CYTOLOGICAL EVIDENCE OF HPV INFECTION IN THE SMEARS STUDIED.

End Of Report

Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession

Page 1 Of 1


Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
(Reg,no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
Consultant Pathologist



View Details



View Report

PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd

Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703
Maharashtra, India

Tel : 022-39199222, 022-49723322, Fax :

CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email :-



Patient Ref. No. 22000000914955

HC

S.M. M.H.

[Handwritten signature]

Rate 63 . Sinus rhythm.....
 . RSR' in V1 or V2, probably normal variant.....normal P axis, V-rate 50- 99
 . Baseline wander in lead(s) II, III, aVF, V3, V4, V6
 . Partial missing lead(s) : V3, V4

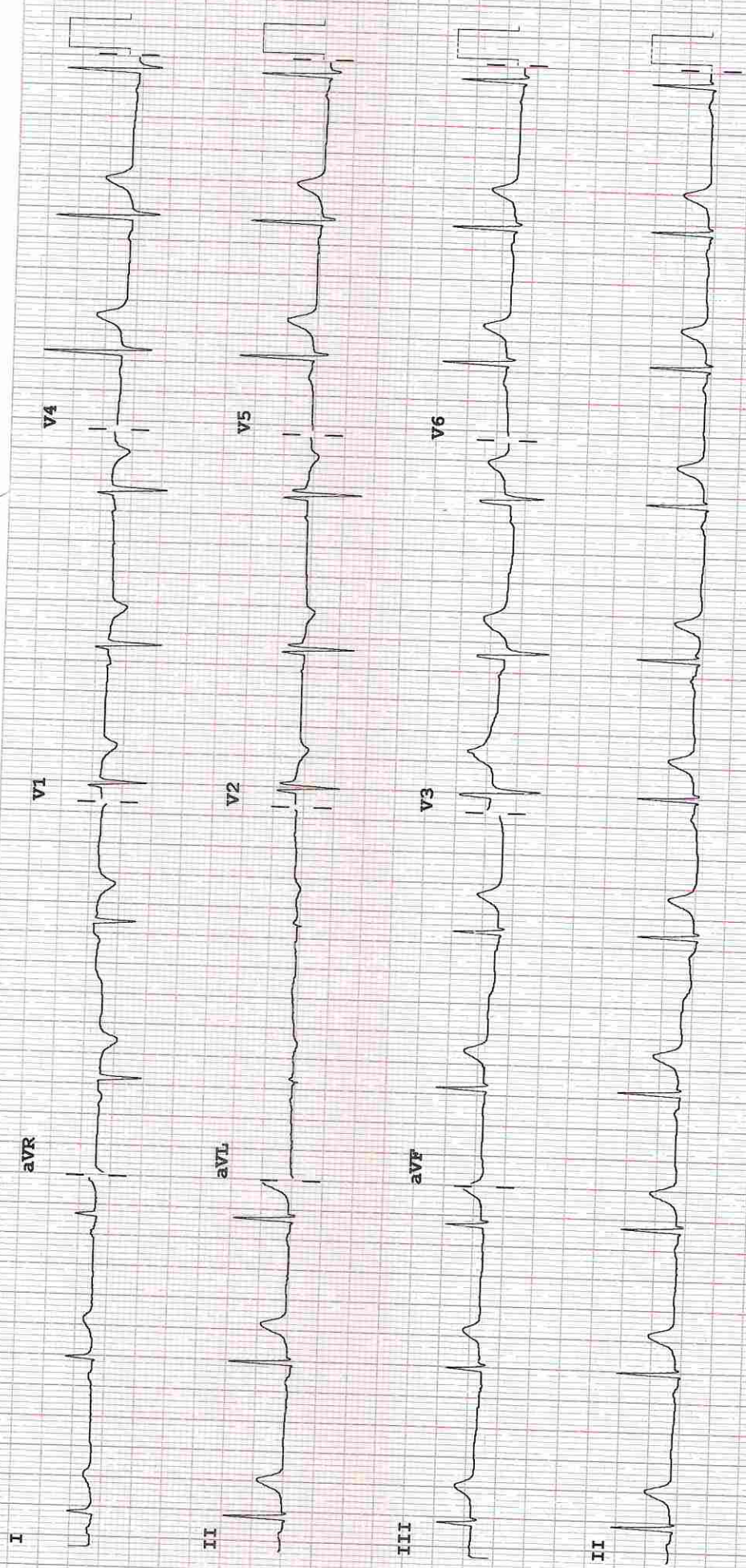
PR 148
 QRS 90
 QT 373
 QTc 382

--AXIS--
 P 27
 QRS 60
 T 68

- OTHERWISE NORMAL ECG -

12 Lead; Standard Placement

Unconfirmed Diagnosis



Device: Speed: 25 mm/sec Limb: 10 mm/mV Chest: 10.0 mm/mV

F 50~ 0.50-100 Hz W

100B CL P?



DEPARTMENT OF NIC

Date: 13/Apr/2024

Name: Mrs. Namita Behera

UHID | Episode No : 13088601 | 20873/24/1501

Age | Sex: 35 YEAR(S) | Female

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2404/43531 | 13-Apr-2024

Order Station : FO-OPD

Admitted On | Reporting Date : 13-Apr-2024 16:28:52

Bed Name :

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .

ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY TRANSTHORACIC

FINDINGS:

- No left ventricle regional wall motion abnormality at rest.
- Normal left ventricle systolic function. LVEF = 60%.
- No left ventricle diastolic dysfunction. No e/o raised LVEDP.
- Trivial mitral regurgitation.
- No aortic regurgitation. No aortic stenosis.
- Trivial tricuspid regurgitation. No pulmonary hypertension. PASP = 25 mm of Hg.
- Intact IVS and IAS.
- No left ventricle clot/vegetation/pericardial effusion.
- Normal right atrium and right ventricle dimension.
- Normal left atrium and left ventricle dimension.
- Normal right ventricle systolic function. No hepatic congestion.
- IVC measures 12 mm with normal inspiratory collapse .

????M-MODE MEASUREMENTS:

LA	28	mm
AO Root	18	mm
AO CUSP SEP	14	mm
LVID (s)	27	mm
LVID (d)	43	mm
IVS (d)	08	mm
LVPW (d)	09	mm
RVID (d)	26	mm
RA	28	mm
LVEF	60	%

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

Mini-Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39133220

Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199200 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

www.fortishealthcare.com | vashi@fortishealthcare.com

CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823

GST IN : 27AABCH5894D1ZG

PAN NO : AABCH5894D



Hiranandani
HOSPITAL
(A Fortis Network Hospital)

DEPARTMENT OF NIC

Date: 13/Apr/2024

Name: Mrs. Namita Behera
Age | Sex: 35 YEAR(S) | Female
Order Station : FO-OPD
Bed Name :

UHID | Episode No : 13088601 | 20873/24/1501
Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2404/43531 | 13-Apr-2024
Admitted On | Reporting Date : 13-Apr-2024 16:28:52
Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .

DOPPLER STUDY:

E WAVE VELOCITY: 0.9 m/sec.
A WAVE VELOCITY: 0.6 m/sec
E/A RATIO: 1.5

	PEAK (mmHg)	MEAN (mmHg)	V max (m/sec)	GRADE OF REGURGITATION
MITRAL VALVE	N			Trivial
AORTIC VALVE	05			Nil
TRICUSPID VALVE	25			Trivial
PULMONARY VALVE	2.0			Nil

Final Impression :

- No RWMA.
- Trivial MR and TR. No PH.
- Normal LV and RV systolic function.

DR. PRASHANT PAWAR
DNB(MED), DNB (CARD)

DR.AMIT SINGH,
MD(MED),DM(CARD)

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39133220

Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199200 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

www.fortishealthcare.com | vashi@fortishealthcare.com

CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823

GST IN : 27AABCH5894D1ZG

PAN NO : AABCH5894D



Hiranandani
HOSPITAL
(A Fortis Network Hospital)

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Date: 13/Apr/2024

Name: Mrs. Namita Behera

Age | Sex: 35 YEAR(S) | Female

Order Station : FO-OPD

Bed Name :

UHID | Episode No : 13088601 | 20873/24/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2404/43531 | 13-Apr-2024

Admitted On | Reporting Date : 13-Apr-2024 11:08:19

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .

X-RAY-CHEST- PA

Findings:

Both lung fields are clear.

The cardiac shadow appears within normal limits.

Trachea and major bronchi appears normal.

Both costophrenic angles are well maintained.

Bony thorax is unremarkable.

DR. YOGINI SHAH

DMRD., DNB. (Radiologist)



(For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)

Patient Name	: Namita Behera	Patient ID	: 13088601
Sex / Age	: F / 35Y 9M 3D	Accession No.	: PHC.7917113
Modality	: US	Scan DateTime	: 13-04-2024 11:12:06
IPID No	: 20873/24/1501	ReportDatetime	: 13-04-2024 12:07:28

USG – WHOLE ABDOMEN

LIVER is normal in size and echogenicity. No IHBR dilatation. No focal lesion is seen in liver. Portal vein appears normal in caliber.

GALL BLADDER is physiologically distended. Gall bladder reveals normal wall thickness. No evidence of calculi in gall bladder. No evidence of pericholecystic collection.

CBD appears normal in caliber.

SPLEEN is normal in size and echogenicity.

BOTH KIDNEYS are normal in size and echogenicity. The central sinus complex is normal. No evidence of calculi/hydronephrosis.

Right kidney measures 9.9 x 3.7 cm. Left kidney measures 10.9 x 4.3 cm.

PANCREAS: Head and body of pancreas is visualised and appears normal. Rest of the pancreas is obscured.

URINARY BLADDER is normal in capacity and contour. Bladder wall is normal in thickness. No evidence of intravesical calculi.

UTERUS is normal in size, measuring 7.9 x 5.7 x 4.3 cm.

Endometrium measures 6.6 mm in thickness.

Both ovaries are normal.

Right ovary measures 3.2 x 2.0 cm. Left ovary measures 2.7 x 1.6 cm.

No evidence of ascites.

Impression:

- No significant abnormality is detected.

DR. KUNAL NIGAM
M.D. (Radiologist)



(For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Date: 13/Apr/2024

Name: Mrs. Namita Behera

Age | Sex: 35 YEAR(S) | Female

Order Station : FO-OPD

Bed Name :

UHID | Episode No : 13088601 | 20873/24/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2404/43531 | 13-Apr-2024

Admitted On | Reporting Date : 13-Apr-2024 14:27:50

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF.

USG - BREAST

Findings:

Bilateral breast parenchyma appears normal.

No evidence of solid or cystic lesion.

No dilated ducts are noted.

The fibroglandular architecture is well maintained.

Retromammory soft tissues appear normal.

No evidence of axillary lymphadenopathy.

Impression:

- No significant abnormality detected.

DR. YOGINI SHAH

DMRD., DNB. (Radiologist)