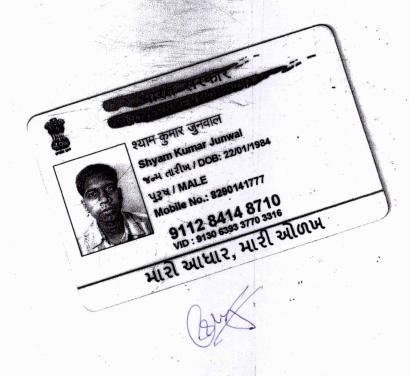
Dr. Goyal's

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Near Metro Piller No. 109-110, New Sanganer Road, Sodala. Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787 General Physical Examination

/w. drgoyalspathlab.com E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com	
Date of Examination: 10 08 24	
Name: SHYAM LÛMAR JUNWAL	Age: 40 Sex: Male
DOB: 22 01 1984	
Referred By:	-
Photo ID: Nachay ID #: attache	d
Ht: <u>163</u> (cm)	Wt: <u>69</u> (Kg)
Chest (Expiration): 9.5 (cm)	Abdomen Circumference: 90 (cm
Blood Pressure: 120/86 mm Hg PR: 68	min
BMI 26.0	
Eye Examination: \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	historice 6/6
Colour Misign normal.	
Other: Not sigh	if cont.
	,
On examination he/she appears physically and men	tally fit: Yes / No
Signature Of Examine :	Name of Examinee:
Signature Medical Examiner :	Name Medical Examiner
D. W.B. B.B. WO. D. 17990	
" Ros	





Dr. Rivus Goval Dr. M.B.B. D.M.R.D.996 RMC Reg. No. 017996

Heart Rate : 95 bpm / Tested On : 10-Mar-24 11:35:14 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 100 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s / Refd By.: BOB / MEDIWHEEL

DR. GOYALS PATH LAB & IMAGING CENTER 102337467 / MR SHYAM KUMAR JUNWAL / 40 Yrs / M/ Non Smoker

Allengers ECG (Pisces)(PIS218210312) QT/QTc Int : P-QRS-T axis: Vent Rate QRS Duration: 86 ms
QT/QTc int : 336/397 ms
P+QRS-F axis: 55.00 19.00 28.00 PR Interval: avR ۲ ٧<u>٠</u> 146 ms 95 bpm 180° 90° Ħ 30 19 .00° Axis T 28.00 55.00 8 ****3 Reported By: MBBS, DIP, CARDIO (ESCORTS)
By: D.E.M. (RCGP-UK) D. Naresh Kumar Mohenka RMC No. 35703 3

Dr. Goya Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Near Metro Piller No. 109-110, New Sanganer A 6ad, 5509

Sodala, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www. drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

:- 10/03/2024 08:59:55

NAME :- Mr. SHYAM KUMAR JUNWAL

Sex / Age :- Male

40 Yrs 1 Mon 17 Days

Company :-MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA

Patient ID: -12236280

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 10/03/2024 12:20:10

HAEMATOLOGY

Sample Collected Time 10/03/2024 09:20:12

Biological Ref Interval Test Name Value Unit

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)

Method:- HPLC

5.8

%

Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4 Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN

Test Interpretation:

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable schiff base.It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose overthe period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasmaglucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHbdepends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb.High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measureof the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to themean of HbA1C Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1cmeasurements. The effects vary depending on the specific Hb vatiant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE

Method:- Calculated Parameter

120

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

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Page No: 1 of 11



Dr. Goyal's Path Lab & Imaging Centre

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40 Yrs 1 Mon 17 Days

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Website: www. drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

NAME :- Mr. SHYAM KUMAR JUNWAL

Date :- 10/03/2024 08:59:55

Patient ID :-12236280

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sex / Age :- Male

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 10/03/2024 09:20:12

Final Authentication: 10/03/2024 12:20:10

HAEMATOLOGY

	HALMAIC	LUGI	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
HAEMOGARAM			
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	14.9	g/dL	13.0 - 17.0
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	6.91	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHIL	55.0	%	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	35.9	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL	4.8	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	4.0	%	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL	0.3	%	0.0 - 2.0
NEUT#	3.81	10^3/uL	1.50 - 7.00
LYMPH#	2.48	10^3/uL	1.00 - 3.70
EO#	0.33	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.40
MONO#	0.27	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.70
BASO#	0.02	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.10
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	5.50	x10^6/uL	4.50 - 5.50
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	46.90	%	40.00 - 50.00
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	85.0	fL	83.0 - 101.0
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	26.9 L	pg	27.0 - 32.0
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	31.7	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
PLATELET COUNT	211	x10^3/uL	150 - 410
RDW-CV	13.9	%	11.6 - 14.0
MENTZER INDEX	15.45		

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

AJAYSINGH **Technologist**

Page No: 2 of 11





Path Lab & Imaging Centre

NAME :- Mr. SHYAM KUMAR JUNWAL

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Near Metro Piller No. 109-110, New Sanganer Road,

Sodala, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www. drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

Date :- 10/03/2024 08:59:55

Patient ID: -12236280

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male 40 Yrs 1 Mon 17 Days Lat

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA Sample Collected Time 10/03/2024 09:20:12

Final Authentication: 10/03/2024 12:20:10

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

09

mm/hr.

00 - 13

(ESR) Methodology: Measurment of ESR by cells aggregation.

Instrument Name : Indepedent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20)

Interpretation: ESR test is a non-specific indicator of inflammatory disease and abnormal protein states.

The test in used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g-tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction

Levels are higher in pregnency due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR " x>100 value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia (CBC) the the dology: TJC DLC Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method, TRBC, PCV, PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance. and MCH, MCV, MCHC, MENTZER INDEX are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L, Japan

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:- 10/03/2024 08:59:55

Patient ID: -12236280

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

NAME :- Mr. SHYAM KUMAR JUNWAL 40 Yrs 1 Mon 17 Days Sex / Age :- Male

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 10/03/2024 09:20:12

Final Authentication: 10/03/2024 10:24:16

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIPID PROFILE			
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method	178.61	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High> 240
TRIGLYCERIDES Method:- GPO-PAP	96.93	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500
DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	41.98	mg/dl	Low < 40 High > 60
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	120.47	mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190
VLDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Calculated	19.39	mg/dl	0.00 - 80.00
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	4.25		0.00 - 4.90
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	2.87		0.00 - 3.50
TOTAL LIPID Method:- CALCULATED	519.82	mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism

TRIGLYCERIDES InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction

DIRECT HDLCHOLESTERO InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

DIRECT LDL-CHOLESTEROLI Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on lipid reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture.

TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED

MANOJCHOUDHARY

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NAME :- Mr. SHYAM KUMAR JUNWAL

:- 10/03/2024 08:59:55

Patient ID: -12236280

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

40 Yrs 1 Mon 17 Days Sex / Age :- Male

Lab/Hosp:-

Company:- MediWheel Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 10/03/2024 09:20:12

Final Authentication: 10/03/2024 10:24:16

BIOCHEMISTRY

	BIOCHEN	ISTRY	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT			
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- Colorimetric method	0.52	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 Premature < 6 days <16 Full-term < 6 days= 12 1month - <12 months <2 1-19 years <1.5 Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020)
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.15	mg/dL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 >- 1 month - <0.2
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.37	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC	37.4 H	U/L	Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	63.9 H	U/L	Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:-AMP Buffer	69.50	IU/L	30.00 - 120.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC	33.80	U/L	11.00 - 50.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent	6.86	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.45	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.41	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.85		1.30 - 2.50

Total BilirubinMethodology: Colorimetric method InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in rhesus incompatible babies. High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating the haemoglobin it is receiving.

AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of huma ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCCInstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing concentrations found in kidney, heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen and lung tissue respectively. Elevated levels of the transaminases can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage.

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology: AMP Buffer InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobilary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease

TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology: Biuret Reagent InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromocresol Green InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving primarily the liver or kidneys. Globulin & A/G ratio is calculated.

Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal)

MANOJCHOUDHARY

Page No: 5 of 11





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NAME :- Mr. SHYAM KUMAR JUNWAL

Date :- 10/03/2024 08:59:55

Patient ID: -12236280

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male

40 Yrs 1 Mon 17 Days

Lab/Hosp:-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 10/03/2024 09:20:12

Final Authentication: 10/03/2024 10:54:47

IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE		•	
SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	1.360	ng/ml	0.970 - 1.690
SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	10.300	ug/dl	6.530 - 13.210
SERUM TSH ULTRA Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescence Immunoassay	2.174	μIU/mL	0.350 - 5.500

Interpretation: Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and estimate the concentration of free T3.

Interpretation: The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, free T4 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4.Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TT4 concentrations in vivo.

Interpretation: TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid
	Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

NARENDRAKUMAR Technologist

Page No: 6 of 11



Dr. Goyal Path Lab & Imaging Centre

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:- 10/03/2024 08:59:55

Patient ID: -12236280 NAME :- Mr. SHYAM KUMAR JUNWAL Ref. By Dr:- BOB

40 Yrs 1 Mon 17 Days Sex / Age :- Male

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- URINE

Sample Collected Time 10/03/2024 09:20:12

Final Authentication: 10/03/2024 11:04:24

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Name Value Unit				
Urine Routine			•		
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION					
COLOUR	PALE YE	LLOW	PALE YELLOW		
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear		
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION					
REACTION(PH) Method:- Reagent Strip(Double indicatior blue reaction)	6.0		5.0 - 7.5		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY Method:- Reagent Strip(bromthymol blue)	1.010		1.010 - 1.030		
PROTEIN Method:- Reagent Strip (Sulphosalicylic acid test)	NIL		NIL		
GLUCOSE Method:- Reagent Strip (Glu.Oxidase Peroxidase Benedict)	NIL		NIL		
BILIRUBIN Method:- Reagent Strip (Azo-coupling reaction)	NEGATIV	/E	NEGATIVE		
UROBILINOGEN Method:- Reagent Strip (Modified ehrlich reaction)	NORMAI	_	NORMAL		
KETONES Method:- Reagent Strip (Sodium Nitropruside) Rothera's	NEGATIV	/E	NEGATIVE		
NITRITE Method:- Reagent Strip (Diazotization reaction)	NEGATIV	/E	NEGATIVE		
MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION					
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL		
WBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	2-3		
EPITHELIAL CELLS	1-2	/HPF	2-3		
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT		
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT		
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT		
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT		
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT		
OTHER	ABSENT				

TRILOK Technologist

Page No: 7 of 11



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NAME :- Mr. SHYAM KUMAR JUNWAL

Date :- 10/03/2024 08:59:55

Patient ID: -12236280

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male

40 Yrs 1 Mon 17 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, KOx/Na Sabbipie IDaile Republication 12:08:17

Final Authentication: 10/03/2024 13:26:30

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma) Method:- GOD PAP	106.2	mg/dl	75.0 - 115.0
Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)	111	- 125 mg/dL	
Diabetes Mellitus (DM)	> 12	26 mg/dL ·	

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola **Interpretation:** Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma)

143.8 H

mg/dl

70.0 - 140.0

Method:- GOD PAP
Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.

SERUM CREATININE Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.86	mg/dl	Men - 0.6-1.30 Women - 0.5-1.20
SERUM URIC ACID Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric	6.26	mg/dl	Men - 3.4-7.0 Women - 2.4-5.7

MANOJCHOUDHARY

Page No: 8 of 11





Path Lab & Imaging Centre

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Date :- 10/03/2024 08:59:55

Patient ID: -12236280

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male 40 Yrs 1 Mon 17 Days

NAME :- Mr. SHYAM KUMAR JUNWAL

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA, URINE, URINE-PP

Sample Collected Time 10/03/2024 12:08:03

Final Authentication: 10/03/2024 14:02:45

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval

BLOOD GROUP ABO

"B" POSITIVE

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology: Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name: Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone).

URINE SUGAR (FASTING)
Collected Sample Received

Nil

Nil

URINE SUGAR PP Collected Sample Received Nil

Nil

AJAYSINGH, TRILOK **Technologist**

Page No: 10 of 11





Path Lab & Imaging Centre

NAME :- Mr. SHYAM KUMAR JUNWAL

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Near Metro Piller No. 109-110, New Sanganer Road,

Sodala, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www. drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

40 Yrs 1 Mon 17 Days

Date :- 10/03/2024 08:59:55

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)

Patient ID: -12236280

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sex / Age :- Male

Sample Collected Time 10/03/2024 09:20:12

9.1

Final Authentication: 10/03/2024 10:24:16

0.0 - 23.0

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval

*** End of Report ***

mg/dl

MANOJCHOUDHARY

Page No: 11 of 11





Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787



:- 10/03/2024 08:59:55 Date

NAME :- Mr. SHYAM KUMAR JUNWAL

Sex / Age :- Male

40 Yrs 1 Mon 17 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -12236280 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 10/03/2024 12:23:08

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline.

Both the hilar shadows are normal.

Both the C.P.angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

Impression: - Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)



DR ABHISHEK JAIN MBBS. DNB. (RADIO DIAGNOSIS) **RMC NO. 21687**

*** End of Report ***

Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.) **ANITASHARMA**

Transcript by.

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996

Page No: 1 of 1

Dr. Ashis MBBS, MD (Retro Beet) Fetal Medicine Consultant FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22430

Dr. Abhishek Jain RMC No. 21687

Dr. Navneet Agarwal RMC No. 33613/14911

Dr. Poorvi Malik MBBS, DNB, (Radio-Diagnosis) MD, DNB (Radio Diagnosis) MBBS, MD, DNB (Radio Diagnosis) RMC No. 21505



Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787



Date :- 10/03/2024 08:59:55

NAME :- Mr. SHYAM KUMAR JUNWAL

Sex / Age :- Male

40 Yrs 1 Mon 17 Days

Company :-MediWheel Patient ID :-12236280 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 10/03/2024 11:18:19

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver is of normal size. Echo-texture is bright. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is of normal size. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation or calculus.

Urinary bladder is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Prostate is normal in size with normal echo-texture and outline. No enlarged nodes are visualised. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified No significant free fluid is seen in peritoneal cavity.

IMPRESSION:

* Grade I fatty liver.

Needs clinical correlation.

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 1 of 1

BILAL

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996

Dr. Ashish Choudhary MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) Fetal Medicine Consultant FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22430 RMC No. 21687

Dr. Navneet Agarwal

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Transcript by.

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BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE 2D ECHO OPTION TMT (ADULT/CHILD)

2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY:

_FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARIDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY:

MITRAL VALVE		NORI	MAL	TRICUS	PID VALVE		NORMAL	
AORTIC VALVE		NORI	MAL	PULMO	NARY VALVE		NORMAL	
		M.MODE	EXAMITATION:					
AO	27	mm	LA	31	Mm	IVS-D	9	mm
IVS-S	13	mm	LVID	44	Mm	LVSD	28	mm
LVPW-D	10	mm	LVPW-S	15	Mm	RV		mm
RVWT		mm	EDV		MI	LVVS		ml
LVEF	67%			RWMA		ABSENT		
				CH	AMBERS:			

LA	NORMAL .	RA	NORMAL
LV	NORMAL	RV	NORMAL
PERICARDIUM		NORMAL	

COLOUR DOPPLER:

	М	TRAL VA	ALVE						
E VELOCITY	0.67	m/s	ec	PEAK (GRADIENT			Mm/h	g
A VELOCITY	0.52	m/s	ec	MEAN	GRADIENT	г		Mm/hg	
MVA BY PHT		Cm2		MVA B	Y PLANIM	ETRY		Cm2	
MITRAL REGURGITATION	ON					ABSENT			
	AC	ORTIC VA	LVE						-
PEAK VELOCITY	1.0		m/sec		PEAK GR	ADIENT		mm/l	ng
AR VMAX m/sec				MEAN G	RADIENT		mm/l	ng	
AORTIC REGURGITATION	ON				ABSENT				
	TRI	CUSPID \	VALVE						
PEAK VELOCITY	0.5	8	m/	sec	PEAK G	RADIENT		mı	m/hg
MEAN VELOCITY			m/	sec	MEAN (MEAN GRADIENT		mm/h	
VMax VELOCITY									
TRICUSPID REGURGIT	ATION				ABSENT				
	PL	LMONA	RY VAI	VE					
PEAK VELOCITY		0.69			M/sec.	PEAK GRADIENT			Mm/hg
MEAN VALOCITY						MEAN GRADIENT			Mm/hg
PULMONARY REGURG	SITATION					ABSENT			-

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AHSAN Transcript by.

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996 Dr. Ashish Choudhary

MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) Fetal Medicine Consultant FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22430 Dr. Abhishek Jain RMC No. 21687

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Impression--

- 1. Normal LV size & contractility
- 2. No RWMA, LVEF 67 %.
- 3. Normal cardiac chamber.
- 4. Normal valve
- 5. No clot, no vegetation, no pericardial effusion.

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 2 of 2

AHSAN Transcript by.

