Patient Name Mrs. VEENU JAIN Lab No 4028189 UHID 40012004 **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:17AM 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender 56 Yrs/Female **Receiving Date Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 22/03/2024 2:06PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name Result Unit **Biological Ref. Range BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)** Sample: Fl. Plasma **BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)** 71 - 109 98.8 mg/dl

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Mobile No.

9413090190

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP) Sample: PLASMA

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP) 134.0 Non - Diabetic: - < 140 mg/dl mg/dl

Pre - Diabetic: - 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: ->=200 mg/dl

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH Sample: Serum

Т3	2.250 H	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690
T4	9.12	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00
TSH	3.58	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name UHID	Mrs. VEENU JAIN 40012004	Lab No Collection Date	4028189 22/03/2024 9:17AM
Age/Gender	56 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	22/03/2024 9:42AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	22/03/2024 2:06PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9413090190		

BIOCHEMISTRY

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

 $Interpretation: -The \ determination \ of \ T3 \ is \ utilized \ in \ the diagnosis \ of \ T3-hyperthyroidism \ the \ detection \ of \ early \ stages \ of hyperthyroidism \ and \ for \ indicating \ a \ diagnosis \ of \ thyrotoxicosis \ factitia.$

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

1.3 L

21.0

Interpretation:—The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in the concentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater opposite changes in the TSH levels.

LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)				Sample: Serum
BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.82	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20	
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.52	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00	
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.30	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.30	
SGOT	15.0	U/L	0.0 - 32.0	
SGPT	21.6	U/L	0.0 - 33.0	
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.5	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7	
ALBUMIN	4.2	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2	
GLOBULIN	3.3		1.8 - 3.6	
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	76	U/L	35 - 104	

Ratio

U/L

1.5 - 2.5

0.0 - 40.0

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

A/G RATIO

GGTP

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Page: 2 Of 11

Patient Name Mrs. VEENU JAIN Lab No 4028189 UHID **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:17AM 40012004 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 56 Yrs/Female Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 22/03/2024 2:06PM Referred By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT Final

Report Status

Mobile No. 9413090190

BIOCHEMISTRY

BILIRUBIN TOTAL :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated. water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation: -SGOT (AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS: - Method: Bluret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder. ALBUMIN :- Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE :- Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE: - Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	126		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	35.0		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	76.1		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	23	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	116		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	4	%	

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mrs. VEENU JAIN Lab No 4028189 UHID 40012004 **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:17AM 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 56 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 22/03/2024 2:06PM

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Mobile No. 9413090190

BIOCHEMISTRY

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.

interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method.

Interpretation: -HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease. LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay.

Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver.
CHOLESTEROL VLDL: - Method: VLDL Calculative

Interpretation: -High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas.

DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction.

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

Sample: Serum

UREA	26.40	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	12	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.68	mg/dl	0.50 - 0.90
SODIUM	142	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.42	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	104.8	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	5.0	mg/dl	2.4 - 5.7
CALCIUM	9.04	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.00

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mrs. VEENU JAIN Lab No 4028189 UHID **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:17AM 40012004 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 56 Yrs/Female Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 22/03/2024 2:06PM Referred By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9413090190

BIOCHEMISTRY

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method: -Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease.
URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume.

SODIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake and kidney reabsorption.

POTASSIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting

renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure.

CHLORIDE - SERUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL: - Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usually associated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also be observed in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA

HBA1C 6.2 % <5.7% Nondiabetic

5.7-6.4% Pre-diabetic > 6.4% Indicate Diabetes

Known Diabetic Patients
< 7 % Excellent Control
7 - 8 % Good Control
> 8 % Poor Control

Method: - Turbidimetric inhibition immunoassay (TINIA)

Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbA1C and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mrs. VEENU JAIN Lab No 4028189 UHID 40012004 **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:17AM 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 56 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 22/03/2024 2:06PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION

Biological Ref. Range Test Name Result Unit

BLOOD GROUPING "O" Rh Positive

Mobile No.

1. Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
2. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

9413090190

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Lab No 4028189 Mrs. VEENU JAIN **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:17AM UHID 40012004 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 56 Yrs/Female **Report Date** O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 22/03/2024 2:06PM Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Referred By Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 9413090190

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
				Sample: Urine
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				
VOLUME	20	ml		
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		P YELLOW	
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
PH	6.0		5.5 - 7.0	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.010		1.016-1.022	
PROTEIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
SUGAR	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BLOOD	NEGATIVE			
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
LEUCOCYTE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
WBCS/HPF	2-3	/hpf	0 - 3	
RBCS/HPF	0-0	/hpf	0 - 2	
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF	1-2	/hpf	0 - 1	
CASTS	NIL		NIL	
CRYSTALS	NIL		NIL	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Mrs. VEENU JAIN **Patient Name** Lab No 4028189 UHID 40012004 **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:17AM 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender 56 Yrs/Female **Receiving Date Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 22/03/2024 2:06PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final 9413090190 Mobile No.

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

NIL **BACTERIA** NIL **OHTERS** NIL NIL

Methodology:-

Methodology:Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific
Gravity: Proton re;ease from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue
(Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method.
interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

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Patient Name Mrs. VEENU JAIN Lab No 4028189 UHID 40012004 **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:17AM 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender 56 Yrs/Female **Receiving Date** Report Date **IP/OP Location** O-OPD 22/03/2024 2:06PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)			Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	9.3 L	g/dl	12.0 - 15.0
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	31.3 L	%	36.0 - 46.0
MCV	60.1 L	fl	82 - 92
MCH	17.9 L	pg	27 - 32
MCHC	29.7 L	g/dl	32 - 36
RBC COUNT	5.21 H	millions/cu.mm	3.80 - 4.80
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	7.01	10^3/ uL	4 - 10
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHILS	66.7	%	40 - 80
LYMPHOCYTE	25.1	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS	2.4	%	1 - 6
BASOPHIL	0.9 L	%	1 - 2
MONOCYTES	4.9	%	2 - 10
PLATELET COUNT	2.41	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

MCV :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.
MCH :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.
MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method: -Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry. Interpretation: -High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry LYMPHOCYTS : - Method: Optical detectorblock based on FlowcytometryEOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE) 15 mm/1st hr 0 - 15

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Mobile No.

9413090190

Patient Name Lab No Mrs. VEENU JAIN 4028189 22/03/2024 9:17AM UHID 40012004 **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 56 Yrs/Female **Report Date** O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 22/03/2024 2:06PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9413090190

Method:-Modified Westergrens.
Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

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Page: 10 Of 11

Patient Name Mrs. VEENU JAIN Lab No 4028189 UHID 40012004 **Collection Date** 22/03/2024 9:17AM 22/03/2024 9:42AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 56 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 22/03/2024 2:06PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9413090190

X Ray

Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range

X-RAY CHEST P. A. VIEW

Prominent bronchovascular markings are seen.

Few nodular opacities noted at left parahilar region.

Both CP angles are clear.

Both hemi-diaphragms are normal in shape and outlines.

Cardiac shadow is within normal limits.

Visualized bony thorax is unremarkable.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Gurer ..

Dr. SURESH KUMAR SAINI

MBBS,MD RADIOLOGIST

Page: 11 Of 11

DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS

UHID / IP NO	40012004 (8780)	RISNo./Status:	4028189/
Patient Name:	Mrs. VEENU JAIN	Age/Gender:	56 Y/F
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No:	22/03/2024 8:47AM/ OPSCR23- 24/16385	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	22/03/2024 2:05PM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

USG REPORT - BOTH BREASTS

RIGHT BREAST:

Parenchyma

Skin Thickness normal.

Sub cutaneous fat normal.

No ductal Dilatation.

No focal lesion seen.

Fibroglandular echogenicity normal.

Nipple areolar complex normal.

Retromammary

Retromammary area appeared normal.

Axillary Tail

Axillary Tail: Normal.

Axillary Nodes

No significant enlargement of axillary node seen.

LEFT BREAST:

Parenchyma

Skin Thickness normal.

Sub cutaneous fat normal.

No ductal Dilatation.

No focal lesion seen.

Fibroglandular echogenicity normal.

Nipple areolar complex normal.

DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS

UHID / IP NO	40012004 (8780)	RISNo./Status:	4028189/
Patient Name:	Mrs. VEENU JAIN	Age/Gender:	56 Y/F
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No:	22/03/2024 8:47AM/ OPSCR23- 24/16385	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	22/03/2024 2:05PM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

Retromammary

Retromammary area appeared normal.

Axillary Tail

Axillary Tail: Normal.

Axillary Nodes

No significant enlargement of axillary node seen.

IMPRESSION:

- Right breast parenchyma is normal.
- Right axilla normal.
- Left breast parenchyma is normal.
- Left axilla normal.
 - Suggested clinical correlation for further evaluation.

DR. MRINAL CHOUDHARY

MBBS, MD Radiodiagnosis

Reg. No. 48304, 27464

DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY

UHID / IP NO	40012004 (8780)	RISNo./Status:	4028189/
Patient Name:	Mrs. VEENU JAIN	Age/Gender:	56 Y/F
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No:	22/03/2024 8:47AM/ OPSCR23- 24/16385	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	22/03/2024 1:03PM	Company Name:	Final

REFERRAL REASON: HEALTH CHCEKUP

2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

M MODE DIMENSIONS: -

Normal Normal								
IVSD	11.8		6-12mm			LVIDS	32.2	20-40mm
LVIDD	48.0		32-	57mm		LVPWS	18.1	mm
LVPWD	11.8		6-1	l2mm		AO	31.7	19-37mm
IVSS	17.7]	mm		LA	38.1	19-40mm
LVEF	60-62		>	55%		RA	-	mm
	DOPPLEI	R MEA	SUREN	AENTS &	& CALC	ULATIONS	:	
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY		VELOC	CITY (m/	/s)	GRADIENT		REGURGITATION
						(mm	Hg <u>)</u>	
MITRAL	NORMAL	E	0.85	e'	-	-		MILD MR
VALVE		A	1.00	E/e'	-			
TRICUSPID	NORMAL		E 0.54		-		NIL	
VALVE		A 0.75		-				
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.31		-		NIL		
VALVE								
PULMONARY VALVE	NORMAL			0.82		-		NIL
	1	1				1		1

COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 60-62%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- GRADE I LV DIASTOLIC DYSFUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

IMPRESSION: - MILD MR, GRADE I LV DIASTOLIC DYSFUNCTION, NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR SYSTOLIC FUNCTION

DR SUPRIY JAIN
MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY)
INCHARGE & SR. CONSULTANT
INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY

DR ROOPAM SHARMA
MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE
CONSULTANT & INCHARGE
EMERGENCY, PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY
AND WELLNESS CENTRE

DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS

UHID / IP NO	40012004 (8780)	RISNo./Status:	4028189/
Patient Name:	Mrs. VEENU JAIN	Age/Gender:	56 Y/F
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Report Date :	22/03/2024 10:21AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

ULTRASOUND STUDY OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver: Normal in size & shows diffuse increased parenchymal echogenicity. No obvious

significant focal parenchymal mass lesion noted. Intrahepatic biliary radicals are not

dilated. Portal vein is normal.

Gall Bladder: Lumen is clear. Wall thickness is normal. CBD is normal.

Pancreas: Normal in size & echotexture.

Spleen: Normal in size & echotexture. No focal lesion seen.

Right Kidney: Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary

differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or obstructive

calculus noted.

Left Kidney: Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary

differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or obstructive

calculus noted.

Urinary Bladder: Normal in size, shape & volume. No obvious calculus or mass lesion is seen. Wall

thickness is normal.

Uterus: Normal in size & anteverted in position with postmenopausal senile status.

Endometrial thickness is normal (2.8mm). Endometrial cavity is empty. No mass lesion

is seen. Cervix is normal.

Both ovaries: Atrophied.

Others: No significant free fluid is seen in pelvic peritoneal cavity.

IMPRESSION: USG findings are suggestive of

• Fatty liver grade – I.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

DR. SURESH KUMAR SAINI RADIOLOGIST

MBBS, MD.

Reg. No. 22597, 36208.

Juresy -