

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION REPORT

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| Patient Name | + Binon Kumar IHARMA | Sex/Age M/49 |
|--------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Date | | Location Thane, GB Road |

History and Complaints

EXAMINATION FINDINGS:

Clo-Bloating
- Festy Liver

| Height (cms): | -169 | Temp (0c): | (), | |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|
| Weight (kg): | -69.9. | Skin: | 1 Warts | |
| Blood Pressure | 130/80 | Nails: | 1 in rapo | |
| Pulse | min | Lymph Node: | I.IVAL. | |
| Creatorna | | | | |
| Systems: | | | | |
| Cardiovascular: | 7 | | | |
| Respiratory: | | | | |
| Genitourinary: | NAP | + | | |
| GI System: | | | | |
| CNS: | | | | |
| Impression: No | ed to chai | rge Bl | glass for | D/NVISION |
| Dys | slipidencia | | lical Herria | |
| 1 | SCOT | | 1. 1.10.16 | |
| F | afty river | , Culbi | may menua | |



- Low Feet, Lawsugar Diet, Reg Exercise. o Advice: Fye Check-up.

- Physician's consultation for Dyslipidenna - Surgeon's consultation for Hermia.

| 1) | Hypertension: | |
|-----|--------------------------------------|---------|
| 2) | IHD | |
| 3) | Arrhythmia | |
| 4) | Diabetes Mellitus | 11/11 |
| 5) | Tuberculosis | |
| 6) | Asthama | |
| 7) | Pulmonary Disease | |
| 8) | Thyroid/ Endocrine disorders | |
| 9) | Nervous disorders | |
| 10) | GI system | |
| 11) | Genital urinary disorder | |
| 12) | Rheumatic joint diseases or symptoms | NI |
| 13) | Blood disease or disorder | |
| 14) | Cancer/lump growth/cyst | |
| 15) | Congenital disease | |
| 16) | Surgeries | Herria, |
| 17) | Musculoskeletal System | Herria |
| | | 00 (|

PERSONAL HISTORY:

1) Alcohol

2) Smoking

3) Diet

Medication

Di Manasee Kulkarni M.B.B.S 2005/09/3439 Rore, No nuixed

REGD. OFFICE: Dr. Lal PathLabs Ltd., Block E, Sector-18, Rohini, New Delhi - 110085. | CIN No.: L74899DL1995PLC065388



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Date: 13/4/24 Shorma CID: 730B

Name: 13/4/24 Shorma Sex/Age: 12-43

EYE CHECK UP

Chief complaints: Le W

Systemic Diseases:

Past history:

Unaided Vision: 1326/6 XW274/2

Aided Vision: 1326/6 XW274/2

Refraction:

(Right Eye)

(Left Eye)

| | Sph | Cyl | Axis | Vn | Sph | Cyl | Axis | Vn |
|----------|-----|--|------|----|-----|-----|------|----|
| Distance | | | | | | | | |
| Near | | The state of the s | | | | | | |

Remark: Merk to dange BRg/ Les And P/j/

MR. PRAKASH KUDVA
SR. OPTOMETRIST



: 2410422448

Name

: MR. BINOD KUMAR SHARMA

Age / Gender

: 49 Years / Male

Consulting Dr.

: -

Reg. Location

: G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/TMT

| CBC (Complete Blood Count), Blood | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| PARAMETER | RESULTS | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE | METHOD | | | |
| RBC PARAMETERS | | TO T | METHOD | | | |
| Haemoglobin RBC PCV MCV MCH MCHC RDW | 13.1 4.58 43.4 94.7 28.6 30.2 16.6 | 13.0-17.0 g/dL 4.5-5.5 mil/cmm 40-50 % 80-100 fl 27-32 pg 31.5-34.5 g/dL 11.6-14.0 % | Spectrophotometric Elect. Impedance Measured Calculated Calculated Calculated Calculated | | | |
| WBC PARAMETERS WBC Total Count WBC DIFFERENTIAL AND A | 5930 BSOLUTE COUNTS | 4000-10000 /cmm | Elect. Impedance | | | |
| Lymphocytes Absolute Lymphocytes Monocytes | 20.2 1197.9 5.4 | 20-40 % 1000-3000 /cmm 2-10 % | Calculated | | | |
| Absolute Monocytes Neutrophils | 320.2 71.2 | 200-1000 /cmm 40-80 % | Calculated | | | |
| Absolute Neutrophils Eosinophils | 4222.2 3.1 | 2000-7000 /cmm 1-6 % | Calculated | | | |
| Absolute Eosinophils Basophils | 183.8 0.1 | 20-500 /cmm 0.1-2 % | Calculated | | | |
| Absolute Basophils Immature Leukocytes | 5.9 | 20-100 /cmm | Calculated | | | |

WBC Differential Count by Absorbance & Impedance method/Microscopy.

PLATELET PARAMETERS

Microcytosis

| Platelet Count MPV PDW RBC MORPHOLOGY | 107000 | 150000-400000 /cmm | Elect. Impedance |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------------------|------------------|
| | 13.1 | 6-11 fl | Calculated |
| | 30.7 | 11-18 % | Calculated |
| Hypochromia | | | |

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Macrocytosis

Anisocytosis

Mild

Poikilocytosis

Mild

Polychromasia

Target Cells

Basophilic Stippling

Normoblasts

-

Others

WBC MORPHOLOGY

PLATELET MORPHOLOGY

Platelet count may not be representative due to presence of megaplatelets

Megaplatelets seen on smear

Platelets reduced on smear.

COMMENT

Result rechecked.

Kindly correlate clinically.

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood

ESR, EDTA WB-ESR

10

2-15 mm at 1 hr.

Sedimentation



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Clinical Significance: The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), also called a sedimentation rate is the rate red blood cells sediment in a period of time.

Interpretation:

Factors that increase ESR: Old age, Pregnancy, Anemia

Factors that decrease ESR: Extreme leukocytosis, Polycythemia, Red cell abnormalities- Sickle cell disease

Limitations:

- It is a non-specific measure of inflammation.
- The use of the ESR as a screening test in asymptomatic persons is limited by its low sensitivity and specificity.

Reflex Test: C-Reactive Protein (CRP) is the recommended test in acute inflammatory conditions.

Reference:

- Pack Insert
- Brigden ML. Clinical utility of the erythrocyte sedimentation rate. American family physician. 1999 Oct 1;60(5):1443-50.

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West
*** End Of Report ***

Dr.VANDANA KULKARNI M.D (Path) Pathologist

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/TMT

PARAMETER

RESULTS

BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE

METHOD

GLUCOSE (SUGAR) FASTING,

Fluoride Plasma

89.5

Non-Diabetic: < 100 mg/dl Impaired Fasting Glucose:

Hexokinase

100-125 mg/dl

Diabetic: >/= 126 mg/dl

GLUCOSE (SUGAR) PP, Fluoride 110.0 Plasma PP/R

Non-Diabetic: < 140 mg/dl Impaired Glucose Tolerance: 140-199 mg/dl

Hexokinase

Diabetic: >/= 200 mg/dl

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West *** End Of Report *

> Mujawar Dr.IMRAN MUJAWAR M.D (Path) **Pathologist**

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/TMT

| DADA A A PROPERTY | KIDNEY FUNC | TION TESTS | |
|-------------------|-------------|--|------------------|
| PARAMETER | RESULTS | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE | METHOD |
| BLOOD UREA, Serum | 25.0 | 19.29-49.28 mg/dl | |
| BUN, Serum | 11.7 | | Calculated |
| CREATININE, Serum | | 9.0-23.0 mg/dl | Urease with GLDH |
| | 0.85 | 0.73-1.18 mg/dl | Enzymatic |
| eGFR, Serum | 107 | (ml/min/1.73sqm) Normal or High: Above 90 Mild decrease: 60-89 Mild to moderate decrease: 45-59 Moderate to severe decrease:30 -44 Severe decrease: 15-29 Kidney failure:<15 | Calculated |
| Motor of FD | | | |

Note: eGFR estimation is calculated using 2021 CKD-EPI GFR equation

| | acco dailing ZOZI CND- | er! Grk equation | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum | 7.5 | 5.7-8.2 g/dL | Biuret |
| ALBUMIN, Serum | 4.6 | 3.2-4.8 g/dL | |
| GLOBULIN, Serum | 2.9 | | BCG |
| A/G RATIO, Serum | | 2.3-3.5 g/dL | Calculated |
| | 1.6 | 1 - 2 | Calculated |
| URIC ACID, Serum | 7.6 | 3.7-9.2 mg/dl | Uricase/ Peroxidase |
| PHOSPHORUS, Serum | 3.2 | 2.4-5.1 mg/dl | |
| CALCIUM, Serum | 9.8 | 8.7-10.4 mg/dl | Phosphomolybdate |
| SODIUM, Serum | 140 | | Arsenazo |
| POTASSIUM, Serum | | 136-145 mmol/l | IMT |
| | 4.7 | 3.5-5.1 mmol/l | IMT |
| CHLORIDE, Serum | 103 | 98-107 mmol/l | IMT |
| | | | |

^{*}Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab *** End Of Report ***





Sund Small Dr. VRUSHALI SHROFF M.D.(PATH) Pathologist

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/TMT GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c)

PARAMETER

RESULTS

BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE METHOD

Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), EDTA WB - CC

Estimated Average Glucose

5.6

Non-Diabetic Level: < 5.7 % Prediabetic Level: 5.7-6.4 %

HPI C

Diabetic Level: >/= 6.5 %

mg/dl

Calculated

(eAG), EDTA WB - CC

114.0

Intended use:

- in patients who are meeting treatment goals, HbA1c test should be performed at least 2 times a year
- In patients whose therapy has changed or who are not meeting glycemic goals, it should be performed quarterly
- For microvascular disease prevention, the HbA1C goal for non pregnant adults in general is Less than 7%.

Clinical Significance:

- HbA1c, Glycosylated hemoglobin or glycated hemoglobin, is hemoglobin with glucose molecule attached to it.
- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.

Test Interpretation:

- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of Glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.
- HbA1c test may be used to screen for and diagnose diabetes or risk of developing diabetes.
- To monitor compliance and long term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
- Index of diabetic control, predicting development and progression of diabetic micro vascular complications.

Factors affecting HbA1c results:

Increased in: High fetal hemoglobin, Chronic renal failure, Iron deficiency anemia, Splenectomy, Increased serum triglycerides, Alcohol ingestion, Lead/opiate poisoning and Salicylate treatment.

Decreased in: Shortened RBC lifespan (Hemolytic anemia, blood loss), following transfusions, pregnancy, ingestion of large amount of Vitamin E or Vitamin C and Hemoglobinopathies

Reflex tests: Blood glucose levels, CGM (Continuous Glucose monitoring)

References: ADA recommendations, AACC, Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests 10th edition.

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Dr. VANDANA KULKARNI

M.D (Path) **Pathologist**

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/TMT PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN (PSA)

PARAMETER

RESULTS

BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE METHOD

TOTAL PSA, Serum

0.587

<4.0 ng/ml

CLIA

Kindly note change in platform w.e.f. 24-01-2024

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Clinical Significance:

- PSA is detected in the serum of males with normal, benign hyper-plastic, and malignant prostate tissue.
- Monitoring patients with a history of prostate cancer as an early indicator of recurrence and response to treatment.
- Prostate cancer screening 4. The percentage of Free PSA (FPSA) in serum is described as being significantly higher in patients with BPH than in patients with prostate cancer. 5. Calculation of % free PSA (ie. FPSA/TPSA x 100), has been suggested as way of improving the differentiation of BPH and Prostate cancer.

Increased In- Prostate diseases, Cancer, Prostatitis, Benign prostatic hyperplasia, Prostatic ischemia, Acute urinary retention, Manipulations like Prostatic massage, Cystoscopy, Needle biopsy, Transurethral resection, Digital rectal examination, Radiation therapy, Indwelling catheter Vigorous bicycle exercise, Drugs (e.g., testosterone), Physiologic fluctuations. Also found in small amounts in other cancers (sweat and salivary glands, breast, colon, lung, ovary) and in Skene glands of female urethra and in term placenta ,Acute renal failure, Acute myocardial

Decreased In- Ejaculation within 24-48 hours, Castration, Antiandrogen drugs (e.g., finasteride), Radiation therapy, Prostatectomy, PSA falls 17% in 3 days after lying in hospital, Artifactual (e.g., improper specimen collection; very high PSA levels). Finasteride (5-α reductase

Reflex Tests: % FREE PSA , USG Prostate

Limitations:

- tPSA values determined on patient samples by different testing procedures cannot be directly compared with one another and could be the cause of erroneous medical interpretations. If there is a change in the tPSA assay procedure used while monitoring therapy, then the tPSA values obtained upon changing over to the new procedure must be confirmed by parallelmeasurements with both methods. Immediate PSA testing following digital rectal examination, ejaculation, prostatic massage, indwelling catheterization, ultrasonography and needle biopsy of prostate is not recommended as they falsely elevate levels.
- Patients who have been regularly exposed to animals or have received immunotherapy or diagnostic procedures utilizing immunoglobulins or immunoglobulin fragments may produce antibodies, e.g. HAMA, that interferes with immunoassays.
- PSA results should be interpreted in light of the total clinical presentation of the patient, including: symptoms, clinical history, data from additional tests, and other appropriate information.
- Serum PSA concentrations should not be interpreted as absolute evidence for the presence or absence of prostate cancer.

Note: The concentration of PSA in a given specimen, determined with assay from different manufacturers, may not be comparable due to differences in assay methods and reagent specificity.

Reference:

- Wallach's Interpretation of diagnostic tests
- Total PSA Pack insert

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab *** End Of Report *





Dr.ANUPA DIXIT M.D.(PATH)

Det =

Consultant Pathologist & Lab Director

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: 49 Years / Male

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/TMT BLOOD GROUPING & Rh TYPING

PARAMETER

RESULTS

ABO GROUP

AB

Rh TYPING

Negative

NOTE: Test performed by Semi- automated column agglutination technology (CAT)

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood and/or serum

Clinical significance:

ABO system is most important of all blood group in transfusion medicine

Limitations:

- ABO blood group of new born is performed only by cell (forward) grouping because allo antibodies in cord blood are of maternal origin.
- Since A & B antigens are not fully developed at birth, both Anti-A & Anti-B antibodies appear after the first 4 to 6 months of life. As a result, weaker reactions may occur with red cells of newborns than of adults.
- Confirmation of newborn's blood group is indicated when A & B antigen expression and the isoagglutinins are fully developed at 2 to 4 years of age & remains constant throughout life.
- Cord blood is contaminated with Wharton's jelly that causes red cell aggregation leading to false positive result
- The Hh blood group also known as Oh or Bombay blood group is rare blood group type. The term Bombay is used to refer the phenotype that lacks normal expression of ABH antigens because of inheritance of hh genotype.

Refernces:

- 1. Denise M Harmening, Modern Blood Banking and Transfusion Practices- 6th Edition 2012. F.A. Davis company. Philadelphia
- AABB technical manual

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West * End Of Report *

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Dr. VANDANA KULKARNI M.D (Path) **Pathologist**

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/TMT LIPID PROFILE

| PARAMETER | RESULTS | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE | METHOD |
|-------------------------------------|---------|--|------------------------|
| CHOLESTEROL, Serum | 244.0 | Desirable: <200 mg/dl Borderline High: 200-239mg/dl High: >/=240 mg/dl | CHOD-POD |
| TRIGLYCERIDES, Serum | 159 | Normal: <150 mg/dl Borderline-high: 150 - 199 mg/dl High: 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high:>/=500 mg/dl | Enzymatic colorimetric |
| HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum | 47.8 | Desirable: >60 mg/dl Borderline: 40 - 60 mg/dl Low (High risk): <40 mg/dl | Elimination/ Catalase |
| NON HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum | 196.2 | Desirable: <130 mg/dl Borderline-high:130 - 159 mg/dl High:160 - 189 mg/dl Very high: >/=190 mg/dl | Calculated |
| LDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum | 164.4 | Optimal: <100 mg/dl Near Optimal: 100 - 129 mg/dl Borderline High: 130 - 159 mg/dl High: 160 - 189 mg/dl Very High: >/= 190 mg/dl | Calculated |
| VLDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum | 31.8 | < /= 30 mg/dl | Calculated |
| CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum | 5.1 | 0-4.5 Ratio | Calculated |
| LDL CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum | 3.4 | 0-3.5 Ratio | Calculated |

^{*}Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab
*** End Of Report ***



Dr. VRUSHALI SHROFF M.D. (PATH) Pathologist

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:13-Apr-2024 / 19:04

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/TMT THYROID FUNCTION TESTS

| DADAMETER | | | |
|---------------------|---------|----------------------|--------|
| PARAMETER | RESULTS | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE | METHOD |
| Free T3, Serum | 5.3 | 3.5-6.5 pmol/L | CLIA |
| Free T4, Serum | 14.6 | 11.5-22.7 pmol/L | CLIA |
| sensitiveTSH, Serum | 1.959 | 0.55-4.78 microIU/ml | CLIA |



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Interpretation:

A thyroid panel is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose various thyroid disorders.

Clinical Significance:

1)TSH Values between high abnormal upto15 microIU/ml should be correlated clinically or repeat the test with new sample as physiological

can give falsely high TSH.

2)TSH values may be trasiently altered becuase of non thyroidal illness like severe infections, liver disease, renal and heart severe burns,

| TSH | FT4/T4 | FT3 / T3 | and solver builts, |
|------|--------|----------|--|
| High | Normal | | Interpretation |
| | Nonnai | Normal | Subclinical hypothyroidism, poor compliance with thyroxine, drugs like amiodarone, Recovery phase of non-thyroidal illness, TSH Resistance. |
| High | Low | Low | Hypothyroidian A |
| | - | | Hypothyroidism, Autoimmune thyroiditis, post radio iodine Rx, post thyroidectomy, Anti thyroid drugs, tyrosine Hyperthyroidism, Grayes dispass their |
| Low | High | High | Hyperthyroidism, Graves disease toxic multipart for the state of the s |
| | | | Hyperthyroidism, Graves disease, toxic multinodular goiter, toxic adenoma, excess iodine or thyroxine intake, pregnancy related (hyperemesis gravidarum, hydatiform mole) |
| Low | Normal | Normal | Subclinical Hyperthyroidian |
| | | | Subclinical Hyperthyroidism, recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism, drugs like steroids & dopamine), Non thyroidal |
| _OW | Low | Low | Central Hypothyroidism No. The Contral Hypothyroidism No. The |
| ligh | High | High | Central Hypothyroidism, Non Thyroidal Illness, Recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism. |
| | | 3 | Interfering anti TPO antibodies, Drug interference: Amiodarone, Heparin, Beta Blockers, steroids & anti- |

tion:TSH follows a diurnal rhythm and is at maximum between 2 am and 4 am, and is at a minimum between 6 pm and 10 pm. The variation is on the order of 50 to 206%. Biological variation: 19.7% (with in subject variation)

Reflex Tests:Anti thyroid Antibodies,USG Thyroid ,TSH receptor Antibody. Thyroglobulin, Calcitonin

Limitations:

- 1. Samples should not be taken from patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (i.e. >5 mg/day) until atleast 8 hours
- 2. Patient samples may contain heterophilic antibodies that could react in immunoassays to give falsely elevated or depressed results. this assay is designed to minimize interference from heterophilic antibodies.

Reference:

- 1.O.koulouri et al. / Best Practice and Research clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism 27(2013) 2.Interpretation of the thyroid function tests, Dayan et al. THE LANCET . Vol 357
- 3. Tietz , Text Book of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Biology -5th Edition
- 4.Biological Variation:From principles to Practice-Callum G Fraser (AACC Press)

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab *** End Of Report ***



Dr.ANUPA DIXIT M.D.(PATH)

Consultant Pathologist & Lab Director

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/TMT LIVER FUNCTION TESTS

| PARAMETER | RESULTS | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE | METHOD |
|--------------------------------|---------|----------------------|--------------------|
| BILIRUBIN (TOTAL), Serum | 1.20 | 0.3-1.2 mg/dl | Vanadate oxidation |
| BILIRUBIN (DIRECT), Serum | 0.34 | 0-0.3 mg/dl | Vanadate oxidation |
| BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT), Serum | 0.86 | <1.2 mg/dl | Calculated |
| TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum | 7.5 | 5.7-8.2 g/dL | Biuret |
| ALBUMIN, Serum | 4.6 | 3.2-4.8 g/dL | BCG |
| GLOBULIN, Serum | 2.9 | 2.3-3.5 g/dL | Calculated |
| A/G RATIO, Serum | 1.6 | 1 - 2 | Calculated |
| SGOT (AST), Serum | 35.3 | <34 U/L | Modified IFCC |
| SGPT (ALT), Serum | 43.6 | 10-49 U/L | Modified IFCC |
| GAMMA GT, Serum | 37.0 | <73 U/L | Modified IFCC |
| ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, Serum | 81.6 | 46-116 U/L | Modified IFCC |

^{*}Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab
*** End Of Report ***



Dr. VRUSHALI SHROFF M.D. (PATH) Pathologist

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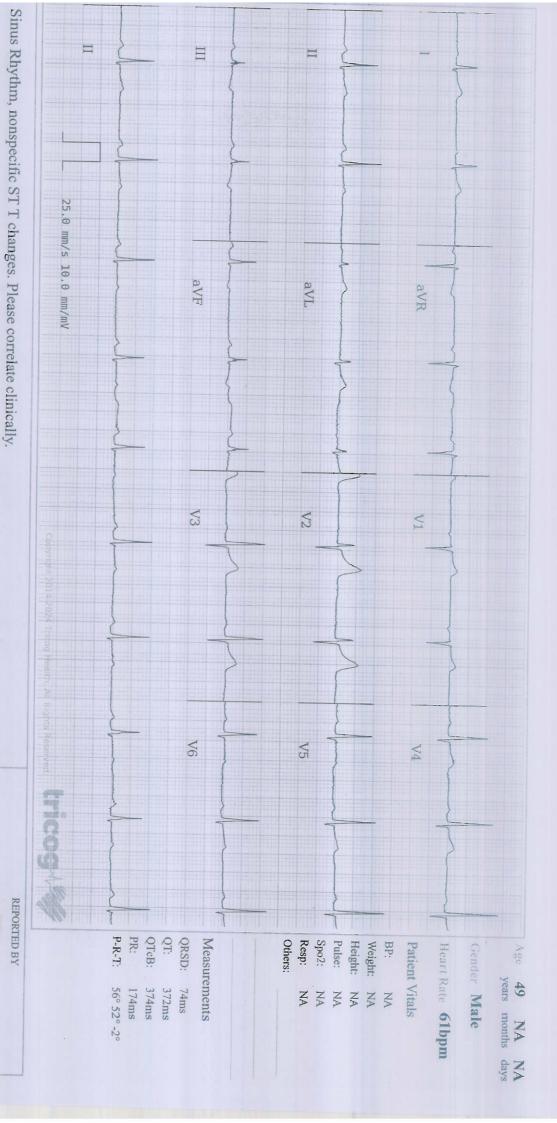


Patient ID:

SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS - G B ROAD, THANE WEST

Patient Name: BINOD KUMAR SHARMA 2410422448

Date and Time: 13th Apr 24 10:24 AM



DR SHAILAJA PILLAJ MBBS, MD Physican MD Physican 49972



: 2410422448

Name

: Mr BINOD KUMAR SHARMA

Age / Sex

Reg. Location

: 49 Years/Male

Ref. Dr

cei. Dr

: G B Road, Thane West Main Centre

Reg. Date

Reported

Application To Scan the Code: 13-Apr-2024

Use a OR Code Scanner

Authenticity Check

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: 13-Apr-2024 / 15:41

X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Both lung fields are clear.

Both costo-phrenic angles are clear.

The cardiac size and shape are within normal limits.

The domes of diaphragm are normal in position and outlines.

The skeleton under review appears normal.

IMPRESSION:

NO SIGNIFICANT ABNORMALITY IS DETECTED.

--End of Report---

Dr.GAURAV FARTADE
MBBS, DMRE
Reg No -2014/04/1786
Consultant Radiologist

Click here to view images http://3.111.232.119/iRISViewer/NeoradViewer?

Acces

sionNo 2024041311483845

Page no 1 of 1



| Name: MR. BINOD SHARMA | Age: 49 YRS / MALE | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ref. By: | Date: 13.04.2024 | | | | | |

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USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

EXCESSIVE BOWEL GAS:

LIVER: Liver appears normal in size (14.0 cm) and shows increased echoreflectivity. There is no intra-hepatic biliary radical dilatation. No evidence of any focal lesion.

GALL BLADDER: Gall bladder is partially distended. No obvious calculus.

PORTAL VEIN: Portal vein is normal. CBD: CBD is normal.

PANCREAS: Pancreas appears normal in echotexture. There is no evidence of any focal lesion or calcification. Pancreatic duct is not dilated.

KIDNEYS: Right kidney measures 9.5 x 4.2 cm. Left kidney measures 9.8 x 4.3 cm. Both kidneys are normal in shape and echotexture. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. There is no evidence of any hydronephrosis, hydroureter or calculus.

SPLEEN: Spleen is normal in size, shape and echotexture. No focal lesion is seen.

URINARY BLADDER: Urinary bladder is distended and normal. Wall thickness is within normal limits.

PROSTATE: Prostate is normal in size and echotexture and measures $3.0 \times 3.0 \times 4.1$ cm in dimension and 20 cc in volume. No evidence of any focal lesion. Median lobe does not show significant hypertrophy.

No free fluid or significant lymphadenopathy is seen.

There is a 12 mm defect in the anterior abdominal wall at umbilical region with herniation of fat within, suggestive of umbilical hernia.

IMPRESSION:

- © GRADE I FATTY INFILTRATION OF LIVER.
- **O** UMBILICAL HERNIA.

Advice:Clinical co-relation sos further evaluation and follow up.

Note:Investigations have their limitations. Solitary radiological investigations never confirm the final diagnosis. They only help in diagnosing the disease in correlation to clinical symptoms and other related tests. USG is known to have inter-observer variations. Further/follow-up imaging may be needed in some cases for confirmation / exclusion of diagnosis.

> DR.GAURI VARMA MBBS.DMRE

(CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST)

REGD. OFFICE: Dr. Lal PathLabs Ltd., Block E, Sector-18, Rohini, New Delhi - 110085. | CIN No.: L74899DL1995PLC065388

MUMBAI OFFICE: Suburban Diagnostics (India) Pvt. Ltd., Aston, 2nd Floor, Sundervan Complex, Above Mercedes Showroom, Andheri West, Mumbai - 400053.

1461 (9869350334) / BINOD KUMAR SHARMA / 49 Yrs / M / 164 Cms / 69 Kg Date: 13 / 04 / 2024 09:55:43 AM



| History Test End Reasons | Initial HR (ExStrt) : 67 bpm 39% of Target initial BP (ExStrt) : 120/80 (mm/Hg) Max WorkLoad Attained : 8.2 Fair response to ind Max ST Dep Lead & Avg ST Value : II & -0.4 mm in PeakEx | Exercise Time | FINDINGS: | Recovery | | Recovery | Реакцх | DAUCE Stage 2 | BBLICE Stage 1 | BBLIGE | | oraniong | Otopine oupine | Stage |
|---|--|---------------|-----------|----------|---------|----------|--------|---------------|----------------|--------|--------|----------|-------------------|------------|
| ons | Strt) Strt) d Attained ead & Avg ST | | | 09:09 | 04:00 | 0 A | 07:46 | 06:42 | 03:42 | 00:42 | 00:35 | 00:23 | 00:03 | Time |
| : No | : 67 bpr : 120/80 : 8.2 Fai | . 07:04 | | 1:23 | 1:00 | Š | 1:04 | 3:00 | 3:00 | 0:07 | 0:12 | 0:20 | 0:03 | Duration |
| : No : Heart Rate Achieved | 67 bpm 39% of Target 171 120/80 (mm/Hg) 8.2 Fair response to induced stress II & -0.4 mm in PeakEx | | | 00.0 | 00.0 | | 03.4 | 02.5 | 01.7 | 00.0 | 00.00 | 00.0 | 00.0 | Speed(mph) |
| | et 171 nduced stress Ex | | | 00.0 | 00.0 | | 5 | 12.0 | 10.0 | 0.00 | 00.0 | 00.0 | 00.0 | Elevation |
| | | | | 01.0 | 01.2 | 7.00 | 3 | 07.1 | 04.7 | 01.0 | 01.0 | 01.0 | 01.0 | METS |
| | Max HR Atta | | | 096 | 106 | 148 | Š | 127 | 108 | 067 | 064 | 067 | 064 | Rate |
| | ined 148 bpm 87% of ined 140/80 (mm/Hg) | | 00 /0 | F (%) | 62 % | 87 % | | 74 % | 63 % | 39 % | 37 % | 39 % | 37% | % THB |
| ined 148 bpm 87% of Target 171 ined 140/80 (mm/Hg) | | 120/80 | 10000 | 140/80 | 140/80 | 170/00 | 140/90 | 130/80 | 120/80 | 120/80 | 120/80 | 120/80 | 7 | |
| | et 171 | | 115 | 140 | 4 4 0 | 207 | 1// | 7 1 0 | 1 000 | 0 0/0 | 0700 | 000 | OZ6 | |
| | | | 90 | 00 | | 3 | 00 | 00 | 8 6 | 200 | 3 8 | 8 00 | PVC | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Comments | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 |

: Heart Rate Achieved

Doctor : DR. SHAILAJA PILLAI

OF SHAILAJA PILLA R.NO. 49972

REPORT



1461/BINOD KUMAR SHARMA / 49 Yrs / M / 164 Cms / 69 Kg Date: 13 / 04 / 2024 09:55:43 AM

REPORT No significant ST T changes seen.
 HR and Blood pressure response to exercise is normal. 1. Stress test is negative for ischemia. STRESS ECG RESULTS: The initial HR was recorded as 67.0 bpm, and the maximum predicted Target Heart Rate 171.0. The BP increased at the time of The Test was completed because of Heart Rate Achieved. Sample Name: Stress Test Graded Exercise Treadmill PROCEDURE DONE: Graded exercise treadmill stress test.

Doctor: DR. SHAILAJA PILLAI

DY. SHAILAJA PILLA

1461 / BINOD KUMAR SHARMA / 49 Yrs / Male / 164 Cm / 69 Kg

6X2 Combine Medians + 1 Rhythm STANDING (00:00)



Date: 13 / 04 / 2024 09:55:43 AM METs: 1.0 HR: 67 Target HR: 39% of 171 BP: 120/80 Post J @80mSec

ExTime: 00:00 Speed: 0.0 mph Grade: 00.00 % 25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cm/mV

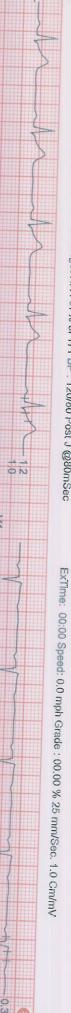


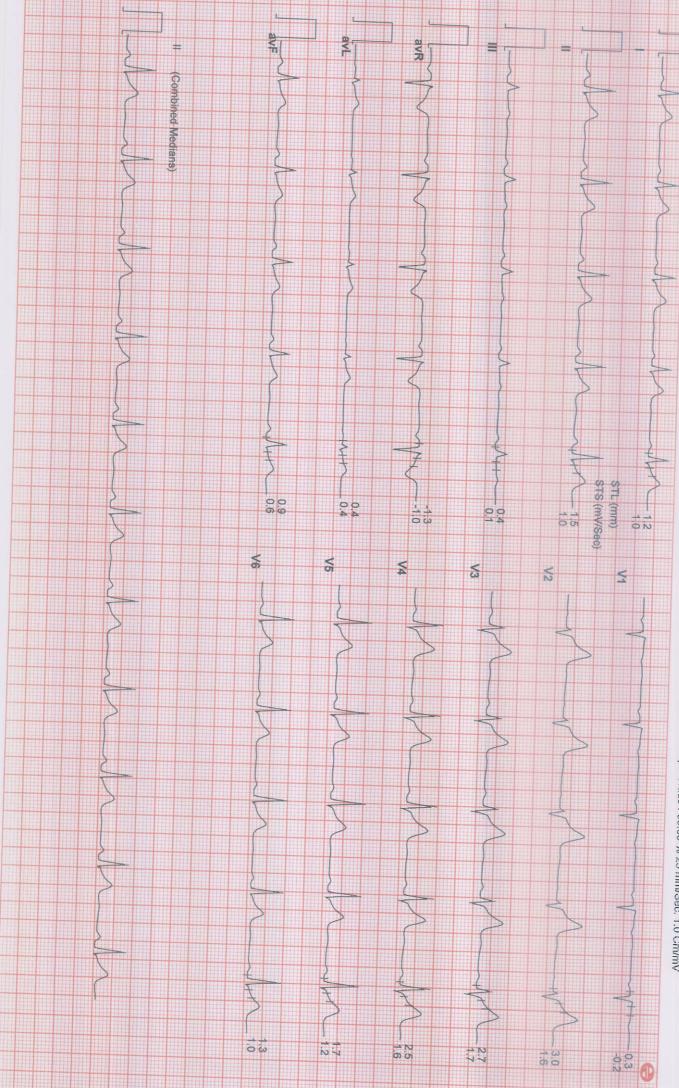
1461 / BINOD KUMAR SHARMA / 49 Yrs / Male / 164 Cm / 69 Kg

6X2 Combine Medians + 1 Rhythm HV (00:00)



Date: 13 / 04 / 2024 09:55:43 AM METs: 1.0 HR: 64 Target HR: 37% of 171 BP: 120/80 Post J @80mSec





1461 / BINOD KUMAR SHARMA / 49 Yrs / Male / 164 Cm / 69 Kg

6X2 Combine Medians + 1 Rhythm ExStrt



Date: 13 / 04 / 2024 09:55:43 AM METs: 1.0 HR: 67 Target HR: 39% of 171 BP: 120/80 Post J @80mSec



1461 / BINOD KUMAR SHARMA / 49 Yrs / Male / 164 Cm / 69 Kg

6X2 Combine Medians + 1 Rhythm BRUCE : Stage 1 (03:00)



Date: 13 / 04 / 2024 09:55:43 AM METs: 4.7 HR: 108 Target HR: 63% of 171 BP: 130/80 Post J @80mSec

ExTime: 03:00 Speed: 1.7 mph Grade: 10.00 % 25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cm/mV



avL

(Combined Medians)

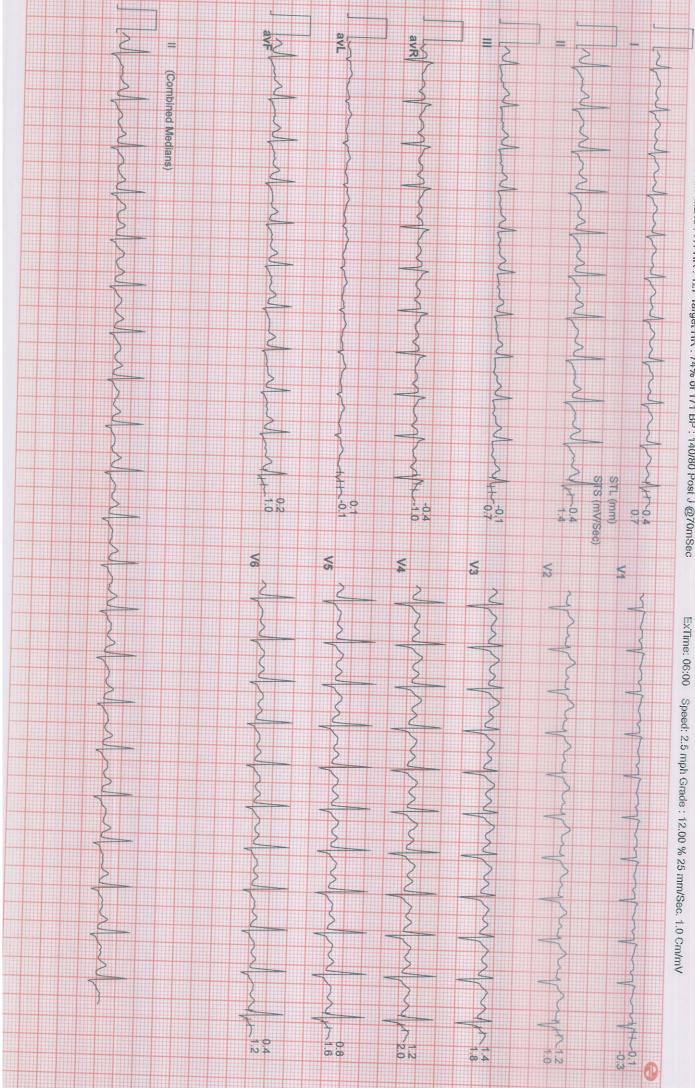
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1461 / BINOD KUMAR SHARMA / 49 Yrs / Male / 164 Cm / 69 Kg

6X2 Combine Medians + 1 Rhythm BRUCE : Stage 2 (03:00)



Date: 13 / 04 / 2024 09:55:43 AM METs: 7.1 HR: 127 Target HR: 74% of 171 BP: 140/80 Post J @70mSec



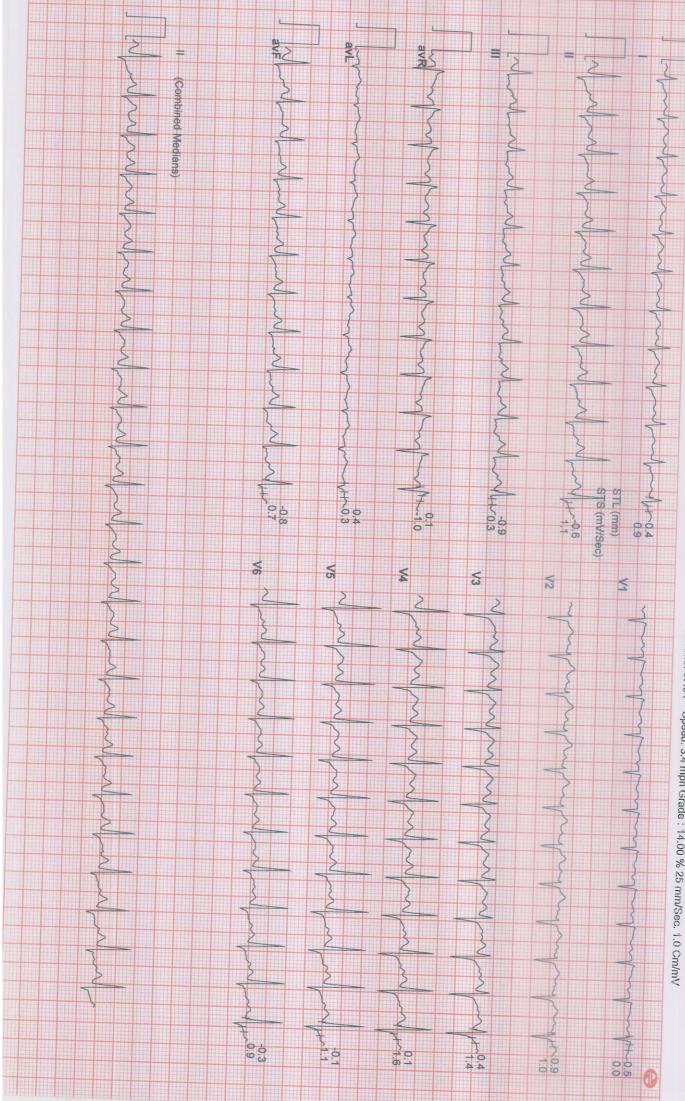
1461 / BINOD KUMAR SHARMA / 49 Yrs / Male / 164 Cm / 69 Kg

6X2 Combine Medians + 1 Rhythm
PeakEx



Date: 13 / 04 / 2024 09:55:43 AM METs: 8.2 HR: 148 Target HR: 87% of 171 BP: 140/80 Post J @60mSec

A: 140/80 Post J @60mSec ExTime: 07:04 Speed: 3.4 mph Grade : 14.00 % 25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cm/mV

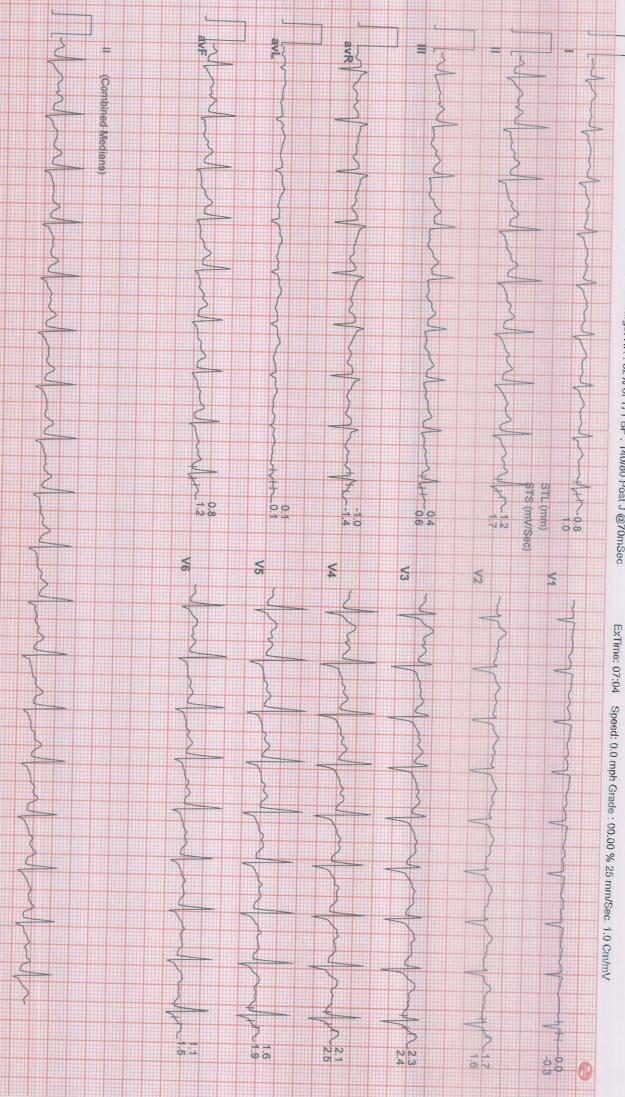


1461 / BINOD KUMAR SHARMA / 49 Yrs / Male / 164 Cm / 69 Kg

6X2 Combine Medians + 1 Rhythm Recovery: (01:00)



Date: 13 / 04 / 2024 09:55:43 AM METs: 1.1 HR: 106 Target HR: 62% of 171 BP: 140/80 Post J @70mSec



1461 / BINOD KUMAR SHARMA / 49 Yrs / Male / 164 Cm / 69 Kg

Date: 13 / 04 / 2024 09:55:43 AM METs: 1.0 HR: 96 Target HR: 56% of 171 BP: 120/80 Post J @80mSec

6X2 Combine Medians + 1 Rhythm Recovery: (01:23)



