Dr. Goyal's

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Sodala, Jaipur-302019

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Near Metro Piller No. 109-110, New Sanganer Road,

: www.drgoyalspathlab.com E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com	
Name: HCEMA PANWAR	Age: 39 Sex: 1emale
DOB: 31-03 1985	0 <u> </u>
Referred By: BOB (Medinheel),
Photo ID: aachar ID #: attec	hed.
Ht: 158 (cm)	Wt: <u>61</u> (Kg)
Chest (Expiration): 89 (cm)	Abdomen Circumference: (cm)
Blood Pressure: 103/13 mm Hg PR: 13/m	
Eye Examination: MISION NOON	oral 6/6. N/6 BU eyes.
Other: Not Sign	frant-
On examination he/she appears physically and mental	ly fit: Yes / No
Signature Of Examine :	Name of Examinee:
Signature Medical Examiner :	Name Medical Examiner
	»/

General Physical Examination





M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg. No.-017996

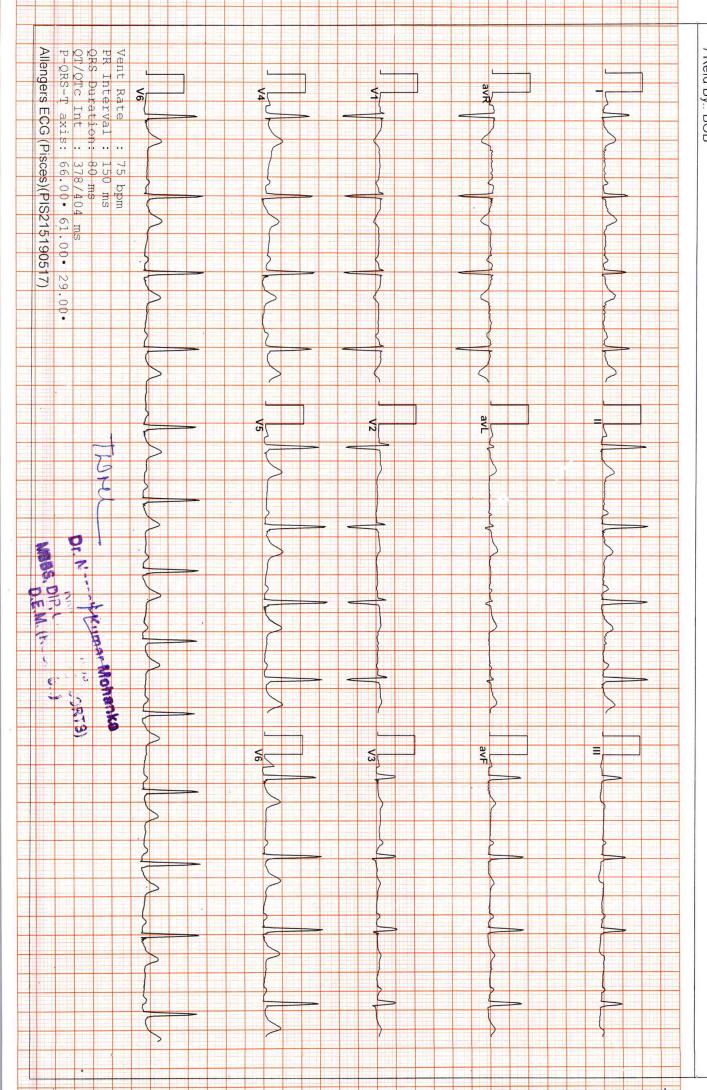
Dr. GOYAL'S PATH LAB & IMAGING CENTRE

129 / MRS. HEENA PANWAR / 39 Yrs / F/ Non Smoker

Heart Rate : 75 bpm / Tested On : 13-Apr-24 09:49:57 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 100 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s / Refd By.: BOB

ECG







Sodala, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: เขาและ drgoyalspathlab@an b5-mailsdrgoyalpiyush@gmail.comPatient ID :-122424959

NAME: - Mrs. HEENA PANWAR
Sex / Age: - Female 39 Yrs 14 Days

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA Sample Collected Time 13/04/2024 09:22:44

Final Authentication: 13/04/2024 12:34:25

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval

Lab/Hosp:-

BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)
Method:- HPLC

%

6.0

Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4 Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher ADA Target: 7.0

ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

Test Interpretation:

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable schiff base. It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose overthe period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasmaglucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHbdepends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb. High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to themean of HbA1C. Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1c measurements. The effects vary depending on the specific Hb vatiant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE
Method:- Calculated Parameter

126

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

MUKESHSINGH Technologist

Page No: 1 of 11



Dr. Goyal's Path Lab & Imaging Centre MC- 5509

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A STATE

NAME :- Mrs. HEENA PANWAR

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 14 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 13/04/2024 09:22:44

Final Authentication: 13/04/2024 12:34:25

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological R	lef Interval
HAEMOGARAM				
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	11.4 L	g/dL	12.0 - 15.0	
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	4.35	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHIL	52.3	%	40.0 - 80.0	11.00
LYMPHOCYTE	43.7 H	%	20.0 - 40.0	
EOSINOPHIL	1.0	%	1.0 - 6.0	
MONOCYTE	2.7	%	2.0 - 10.0	
BASOPHIL	0.3	%	0.0 - 2.0	18
NEUT#	2.28	10^3/uL	1.50 - 7.00	16.8
LYMPH#	1.91	10^3/uL	1.00 - 3.70	
EO#	0.04	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.40	
MONO#	0.11	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.70	
BASO#	0.01	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.10	218
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	3.84	x10^6/uL	3.80 - 4.80	
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	33.60 L	%	36.00 - 46.00	14
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	87.4	fL	83.0 - 101.0	-
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	29.7	pg	27.0 - 32.0	40
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	33.9	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5	
PLATELET COUNT	263	x10^3/uL	150 - 410	
RDW-CV	14.5 H	%	11.6 - 14.0	
MENTZER INDEX	22.76			

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

MUKESHSINGH Technologist

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Path Lab & Imaging Centre

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Website: அசுய drgovakpadalabocam of mailadrgovalpiyush@gmail.compatient ID :-122424959

NAME :- Mrs. HEENA PANWAR

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 14 Days

Lab/Hosp:-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Collected Time 13/04/2024 09:22:44

Final Authentication: 13/04/2024 12:34:25

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name

Value

Biological Ref Interval

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

22 H

mm/hr.

Unit

00 - 20

(ESR) Methodology: Measurment of ESR by cells aggregation.

Sample Type :- EDTA

Instrument Name : Indepedent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20)

Interpretation

: ESR test is a non-specific indicator ofinflammatory disease and abnormal protein states.

The test in used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g-tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction Levels are higher in pregnency due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR " x>100 value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia (CBC) interpretation of the control of the

MUKESHSINGH **Technologist**

Page No: 3 of 11





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NAME :- Mrs. HEENA PANWAR

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 14 Days Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 13/04/2024 09:22:44

Final Authentication: 13/04/2024 11:43:24

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interva
LIPID PROFILE			
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method	184.34	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High> 240
TRIGLYCERIDES Method:- GPO-PAP	95.18	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500
DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	46.18	mg/dl	Low < 40 High > 60
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	122.30	mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190
VLDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Calculated	19.04	mg/dl	0.00 - 80.00
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	3.99		0.00 - 4.90
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	2.65		0.00 - 3.50
TOTAL LIPID Method:-CALCULATED	531.08	mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism disorders.

 $TRIGLYCERIDES\ Instrument Name: Randox\ Rx\ Imola\ Interpretation: Triglyceride\ measurements\ are\ used\ in\ the\ diagnosis\ and\ treatment\ of\ diseases\ involving\ lipid\ metabolism\ and\ various\ endocrine\ disorders\ e.g.\ diabetes\ mellitus,\ nephrosis\ and\ liver\ obstruction.$

DIRECT HDLCHOLESTERO InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

DIRECT LDL-CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on lipid reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture.

TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED

TOTAL LITTO AND VEDE ARE CALCULATED

SURENDRAKHANGA

Page No: 4 of 11





Sodala, Jaipur-302019

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Website: พระพู drgoyals ลูลปังวิจัยวาม 65 สาลเป็นdrgoyalpiyush@gmail.comPatient ID :-122424959

NAME :- Mrs. HEENA PANWAR

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 14 Days

Lab/Hosp:-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 13/04/2024 09:22:44

Final Authentication: 13/04/2024 11:43:24

BIOCHEMISTRY

	DIOCHEM	INI	
Test Name LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- Colorimetric method SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- Colorimetric Method SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated SGOT	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interva
LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT			
	0.59	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 Premature < 6 days <16 Full-term < 6 days= 12 1month - <12 months <2 1-19 years <1.5 Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020)
	0.26	mg/dL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 >- 1 month - <0.2
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:-Calculated	0.33	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC	21.7	U/L	Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	15.2	U/L	Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:-AMP Buffer	64.70	IU/L	Women - Up to - 31.0 30.00 - 120.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC	25.40	U/L	7.00 - 32.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent	6.92	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.26	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.66	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.60		1.30 - 2.50

Total Bilirubin Methodology: Colorimetric method InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in rhesus incompatible babies. High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating the haemoglobin it is receiving.

AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of humans.

ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCCInstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing concentrations found in kidney, heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen and lung tissue respectively. Elevated levels of the transaminases can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular distances.

dystrophy and organ damage

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology AMP Buffer InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation:Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobilary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease.

TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology: Biuret Reagent InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromocresol Green InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving primarily the liver or kidneys. Globulin & A/G ratio is calculated.

Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal)

SURENDRAKHANGA

Page No: 5 of 11





Sodala, Jaipur-302019

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Website: Toure drgovalspathatoram 05-main-drgovalpiyush@gmail.comPatient ID:-122424959

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

NAME:- Mrs. HEENA PANWAR
Sex / Age:- Female 39 Yrs 14 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 13/04/2024 09:22:44

Final Authentication: 13/04/2024 10:35:02

IMMUNOASSAY

	miniono	ADDIAL		
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref	Interval
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE				
SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	1.080	ng/ml	0.970 - 1.690	
SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	6.820	ug/dl	5.520 - 12.970	
SERUM TSH ULTRA Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescence Immunoassay	2.930	μIU/mL	0.350 - 5.500	

Interpretation: Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and estimate the concentration of free T3.

Interpretation: The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, free T4 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4.Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TT4 concentrations in vivo.

Interpretation: TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid
	Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

NARENDRAKUMAR **Technologist**

Page No: 6 of 11



Dr. Goyal's Path Lab & Imaging Centre MC- 5509

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Near Metro Piller No. 109-110, New Sanganer Road,

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Website: พางพู drgovalจุดสปาเลย 65 การเป็น rgovalpiyush@gmail.comPatient ID :-122424959

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

NAME :- Mrs. HEENA PANWAR
Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 14 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- URINE

Sample Collected Time 13/04/2024 09:22:44

Final Authentication: 13/04/2024 10:28:58

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
Urine Routine			y G
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
COLOUR	PALE YEI	LLOW	PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
REACTION(PH) Method:- Reagent Strip(Double indicatior blue reaction)	6.0		5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY Method:- Reagent Strip(bromthymol blue)	1.025		1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN Method:- Reagent Strip (Sulphosalicylic acid test)	NIL		NIL
GLUCOSE Method:- Reagent Strip (Glu.Oxidase Peroxidase Benedict)	NIL		NIL
BILIRUBIN Method:- Reagent Strip (Azo-coupling reaction)	NEGATIV	E	NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN Method:- Reagent Strip (Modified ehrlich reaction)	NORMAL	,	NORMAL
KETONES Method:- Reagent Strip (Sodium Nitropruside) Rothera's	NEGATIV	E	NEGATIVE
NITRITE Method:- Reagent Strip (Diazotization reaction)	NEGATIV	E	NEGATIVE
RBC Method:- Reagent Strip (Peroxidase like activity)	NIL		NIL
MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		

VIJENDRAMEENA Technologist

Page No: 7 of 11





Sodala, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www drgovals and above of mail and a compatient ID: -122424959

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 14 Days

NAME :- Mrs. HEENA PANWAR

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, PLAIN/SEA bible Collected Time 13/04/2024 09:22:44

Final Authentication: 13/04/2024 11:43:24

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval		
FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma) Method:- GOD PAP	87.9	mg/dl	75.0 - 115.0		
Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)		111 - 125 mg/dL			
Diabetes Mellitus (DM)		> 126 mg/dL			

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola **Interpretation:** Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.

SERUM CREATININE Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.76	mg/dl	Men - 0.6-1.30 Women - 0.5-1.20
SERUM URIC ACID Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric	3.00	mg/dl	Men - 3.4-7.0 Women - 2.4-5.7

SURENDRAKHANGA

Page No: 8 of 11



Dr. Goyal's

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

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Name of the last o

NAME :- Mrs. HEENA PANWAR

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 14 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA, URINE

Sample Collected Time 13/04/2024 09:22:44

Final Authentication: 13/04/2024 12:34:25

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name

Value

Unit

Biological Ref Interval

BLOOD GROUP ABO

"B" POSITIVE

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology: Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name: Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone).

URINE SUGAR (FASTING) Collected Sample Received Nil

Nil

MUKESHSINGH, VIJENDRAMEENA **Technologist**

Page No: 10 of 11





Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Near Metro Piller No. 109-110, New Sanganer Road,

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NAME :- Mrs. HEENA PANWAR

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Female 39 Yrs 14 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 13/04/2024 09:22:44

Final Authentication: 13/04/2024 11:43:24

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)

8.4

mg/dl

0.0 - 23.0

*** End of Report ***

SURENDRAKHANGA

Page No: 11 of 11





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:- 13/04/2024 09:11:04

NAME :- Mrs. HEENA PANWAR

Sex / Age :- Female

39 Yrs 14 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-122424959 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40

Final Authentication: 13/04/2024 12:50:55

X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline.

Both the hilar shadows are normal.

Both the C.P.angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

Impression: - Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)

Dr. NAVNEET AGARWAL (MD, DNB RADIO-DIAGNOSIS, MNAMS) EX-SR NEURO-RADIOLOGY AIIMS NEW DELHI (RMC No. 33613 / 14911)

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 1 of 1

Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.) BILAL

Transcript by.

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996 DNB, (Radio-Diagnosis) RMC No. 21687

Dr. Navneet Agarwal MD, DNB (Radio Diagnosis) RMC No. 33613.14911

Dr. Poorvi Malik MBBS, MS, DNB (Radio Diagnosis) (Fetal Medicine) RMC No. 21505

Dr. Sarika Yadav MBBS, MS, DNB, FNB (Fetal Medicine) RMC No. 37951/17891 FMF Id 255595



Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date :- 13/04/2024 09:11:04

NAME: - Mrs. HEENA PANWAR
Sex / Age: - Female 39 Yrs 14 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-122424959 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 13/04/2024 11:38:42

BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40

ULTRA SOUND SCAN OF ABDOMEN

Liver is of normal size. Echo-texture is normal. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is of normal size. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas. Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation or calculus.

Urinary Bladder: is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Uterus is anteverted and normal in size and measures 82x54x47 mm.

A subserous fibroid of size ~ 35x29 mm noted on fundal anterior wall of uterus.

Endometrial echo is normal. Endometrial thickness is 9mm.

Both ovaries are visualised and are normal. No adnexal mass is seen. No significant free fluid is seen in pouch of douglas.

IMPRESSION:

* Subserous uterine fibroid.

Needs clinical correlation

*** End of Report ***

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D.

RMC Reg No. 017996

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Transcript by.

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:- 13/04/2024 09:11:04

NAME :- Mrs. HEENA PANWAR

39 Yrs 14 Days Sex / Age :- Female

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122424959

Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 13/04/2024 11:40:53

BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40 2D ECHO OPTION TMT (ADULT/CHILD)

2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY:

FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARIDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY:

MITRAL VALVE	ITRAL VALVE			NORMAL TRICUSPID VALVI				NORMAL			
AORTIC VALVI	E	NOR	MAL		PULMON	PULMONARY VALVE			NORMAL		
		M.MODE	EXAMIT	TATION:							
AO	22	mm	LA		27	Mm	IVS-D	8	mm		
IVS-S	14	mm	LVID		34	Mm	LVSD	21	mm		
LVPW-D	9	mm	LVPW-S		15	Mm	RV		mm		
RVWT	mm EDV	mm EDV		mm				MI	LVVS		ml
LVEF	68%				RWMA		ABSENT	<u> </u>			
					CHAN	MBERS:					
LA	NORN	1AL		RA			NORMAL				
LV	NORN	1AL		RV			NORMAL				
			NORMAL								
					COLOUR	DODDI FR					

					COL	OUR DOPPLER:			
		MITR	AL VAL	.VE					
E VELOCITY	0.9	90	m/se	PEAR	GRADIENT		Mm/hg		ng
A VELOCITY	0.	70	m/se	MEA	N GRADIEN	Г		Mm/hg	
MVA BY PHT	\neg		Cm2	MVA	BY PLANIM	ETRY		Cm2	
MITRAL REGURGITATION	ON					ABSENT			
		AORT	IC VAL	VE					
PEAK VELOCITY	1.1 m/sec P			PEAK GF	RADIENT		mm,	hg/	
AR VMAX			n	m/sec MEAN		MEAN GRADIENT		mm/hg	
AORTIC REGURGITATION	NC				ABSENT				
		TRICUS	SPID V	ALVE					
PEAK VELOCITY		0.64		m/sec	PEAK G	RADIENT	mm/h		nm/hg
MEAN VELOCITY				m/sec	MEAN	GRADIENT		n	nm/hg
VMax VELOCITY									
TRICUSPID REGURGITA	ATION				ABSENT				
		PULIV	IONAR	Y VALVE					
PEAK VELOCITY			0.89		M/sec.	PEAK GRADIENT			Mm/hg
MEAN VALOCITY						MEAN GRADIENT			Mm/hg
PULMONARY REGURG	ITATIO	ON				ABSENT			

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Impression--

- 1. Normal LV size & contractility
- 2. No RWMA, LVEF 68 %.
- 3. Normal cardiac chamber.
- 4. Normal valve
- 5. No clot, no vegetation, no pericardial effusion.

(Cardiologist)

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 2 of 2

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