. Baseline wander in lead(s) III,aVF,V6

Rate

. Sinus rhythm..... V-rate 50-99

PR 125 92 QRSD 380 QT 413 QTc --AXIS--75 - NORMAL ECG -QRS 57 12 Lead; Standard Placement Unconfirmed Diagnosis V1 aVR **V4** # V2 **V**5 II aVL III F 60~ 0.15-100 Hz Speed: 25 mm/sec Chest: 10.0 mm/mV 100B CL Limb: 10 mm/mV **P?** Device:

Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075



GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MRS Madhu KUMARI	STUDY DATE	21/12/2023 11:07AM
AGE / SEX	26 y / F	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011572346
ACCESSION NO.	NM11350436	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	21/12/2023 2:07PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

### 2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY REPORT

### Findings:

	End diastole	End systole
IVS thickness (cm)	0.9	1.0
Left Ventricular Dimension (cm)	4.2	2.4
Left Ventricular Posterior Wall thickness (cm)	1.0	1.2

Aortic Root Diameter (cm)	2.5
Left Atrial Dimension (cm)	2.7
Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction (%)	60%

LEFT VENTRICLE Normal in size. No RWMA. LVEF= 60% Normal in size. Normal RV function. RIGHT VENTRICLE

**LEFT ATRIUM** Normal in size **RIGHT ATRIUM** Normal in size Trace MR. MITRAL VALVE **AORTIC VALVE** Normal

TRICUSPID VALVE Trace TR (PASP ~ 23 mmHg)

**PULMONARY VALVE** Normal

MAIN PULMONARY ARTERY &

**ITS BRANCHES** 

Appears normal.

INTERATRIAL SEPTUM Intact. INTERVENTRICULAR SEPTUM Intact.

**PERICARDIUM** No pericardial effusion or thickening

### **DOPPLER STUDY**

VALVE	Peak Velocity (cm/sec)	Maximum P.G. (mmHg)	Mean P. G. (mmHg)	Regurgitation	Stenosis
MITRAL	E= 87 A=55	-	-	Trace	Nil
AORTIC	119	-	-	Nil	Nil
TRICUSPID	-	N	N	Trace	Nil
PULMONARY	63	N	N	Nil	Nil

### **SUMMARY & INTERPRETATION:**

No LV regional wall motion abnormality with LVEF = 60%











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Awarded Nursing Excellence Services N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019

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Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075



GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MRS Madhu KUMARI	STUDY DATE	21/12/2023 11:07AM
AGE / SEX	26 y / F	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011572346
ACCESSION NO.	NM11350436	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	21/12/2023 2:07PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

- Normal sized RA/RV/LV/LA with no chamber hypertrophy. Normal RV function.
- o Trace MR.
- o Trace TR (PASP ~ 23 mmHg)
- o Normal mitral inflow pattern.
- o IVC normal in size, >50% collapse with inspiration, suggestive of normal RA pressure.
- No clot/ no vegetation/ no pericardial effusion.

Please correlate clinically.

Dr. Amit Gupta MBBS, MD (Medicine), DNB (Cardiology) DMC 22478

**Senior Consultant Cardiology** 

\*\*\*\*\*End Of Report\*\*\*\*\*











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Awarded Nursing Excellence Services N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

: MRS MADHU KUMARI Report Date : 22/12/2023 Age[year(s)] / Sex : 26 Yr(s)/Female Episode No : H03000058817

: MH011572346 Reg No

#### PHYSICIAN REPORT

Urine Examination : Normal

Stool Examination

CBC : Normal

Blood Biochemical Analysis X-Ray Chest : Normal : Normal **ECG** 

Treadmill (stress) Test

Echo Cardiography : NAD

Ultrasonography : ?HEPATICOLILLITHIASIS IN SEGMENT VII OF RIGHT LOBE OF

LIVER

ECG

Audiometry Other Tests Special Test

<u>Impression</u>

**Advice** 

TAB NEUROBION FORTE 1 TAB BD FOR 10 DAYS

OBG REFERENCE TO DR RUCHIKA

GASTROENTEROLOGY REFERENCE TO DR AVNISH SETH FOR INCIDENTAL USG FINDINGS

Examined By

Dr. Vaibhay Sood











Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

### Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS MADHU KUMARI Age : 26 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date : 21 Dec 2023 11:47

**Receiving Date** : 21 Dec 2023 10:12

### **Department of Transfusion Medicine (Blood Bank)**

BLOOD GROUPING, RH TYPING & ANTIBODY SCREEN (TYPE & SCREEN) Specimen-Blood

Blood Group & Rh Typing (Agglutinaton by gel/tube technique)

Blood Group & Rh typing AB Rh(D) Positive

Antibody Screening (Microtyping in gel cards using reagent red cells)

Final Antibody Screen Result Negative

#### Technical Note:

ABO grouping and Rh typing is done by cell and serum grouping by microplate / gel technique. Antibody screening is done using a 3 cell panel of reagent red cells coated with Rh, Kell, Duffy, Kidd, Lewis, P, MNS, Lutheran and Xg antigens using gel technique.

Page 1 of 4

-----END OF REPORT-----

Dambo

Dr Himanshu Lamba

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

### Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS MADHU KUMARI Age : 26 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 21 Dec 2023 13:20

**Receiving Date** : 21 Dec 2023 10:08

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Specimen: EDTA Whole blood

As per American Diabetes Association(ADA) 2010

HbA1c (Glycosylated Hemoglobin) 5.0 % [4.0-6.5]

HbA1c in %

Non diabetic adults : < 5.7 %

Prediabetes (At Risk ) : 5.7 % - 6.4 %

Diabetic Range : > 6.5 %

Methodology High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC)

Estimated Average Glucose (eAG) 97 mg/dl

#### Use :

- 1.Monitoring compliance and long-term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
- 2. Index of diabetic control (direct relationship between poor control and development of complications).
- 3. Predicting development and progression of diabetic microvascular complications.

#### Limitations :

- 1. AlC values may be falsely elevated or decreased in those with chronic kidney disease.
- 2.False elevations may be due in part to analytical interference from carbamylated hemoglobin formed in the presence of elevated concentrations of urea, with some assays.
- 3. False decreases in measured A1C may occur with hemodialysis and altered red cell turnover, especially in the setting of erythropoietin treatment

References: Rao.L.V., Michael snyder.L.(2021). Wallach's Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests. 11th Edition. Wolterkluwer. NaderRifai, Andrea Rita Horvath, Carl T. wittwer. (2018) Teitz Text book

of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics. First edition, Elsevier, South Asia.

Page 2 of 4

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

### Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS MADHU KUMARI Age : 26 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 21 Dec 2023 13:38

**Receiving Date** : 21 Dec 2023 10:09

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

#### Lipid Profile (Serum)

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL (CHOD/POD)	170	mg/dl	[<200] Moderate risk:200-239 High risk:>240
TRIGLYCERIDES (GPO/POD)	92	mg/dl	[<150] Borderline high:151-199 High: 200 - 499 Very high:>500
HDL - CHOLESTEROL (Direct) Methodology: Homogenous Enzymatic	58	mg/dl	[30-60]
VLDL - Cholesterol (Calculated)	18	mg/dl	[10-40]
(CALCULATED)LDL- CHO	DLESTEROL	94 mg/dl	[<100] Near/Above optimal-100-129 Borderline High:130-159 High Risk:160-189
T.Chol/HDL.Chol ratio	2.9		<4.0 Optimal 4.0-5.0 Borderline >6 High Risk
LDL.CHOL/HDL.CHOL Ratio	1.6		<pre>&lt;3 Optimal 3-4 Borderline &gt;6 High Risk</pre>

#### Note:

Reference ranges based on ATP III Classifications. Recommended to do fasting Lipid Profile after a minimum of 8 hours of overnight fasting.

#### Technical Notes:

Lipid profile is a panel of blood tests that serves as initial broad medical screening tool for abnormalities in lipids, the results of these tests can identify certain genetic

Page 3 of 4

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### Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS MADHU KUMARI Age : 26 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date : 21 Dec 2023 13:38

**Receiving Date** : 21 Dec 2023 10:09

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

diseases and determine approximate risks for cardiovascular disease, certain forms of pancreatitis and other diseases.

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-----END OF REPORT-----

Dr. Neelam Singal

CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

### Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS MADHU KUMARI Age : 26 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 21 Dec 2023 13:42

**Receiving Date** : 21 Dec 2023 10:09

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

#### THYROID PROFILE, Serum

T3 - Triiodothyronine (ECLIA)	1.070	ng/ml	[0.800-2.040]
T4 - Thyroxine (ECLIA)	6.590	μg/dl	[5.500-11.000]
Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (ECLIA)	4.080	μIU/mL	[0.340-4.250]

1st Trimester:0.6 - 3.4 micIU/mL 2nd Trimester:0.37 - 3.6 micIU/mL 3rd Trimester:0.38 - 4.04 micIU/mL

Note: TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4.a.m.and at a minimum between 6-10 pm.Factors such as change of seasons hormonal fluctuations, Ca or Fe supplements, high fibre diet, stress and illness affect TSH results.

- \* References ranges recommended by the American Thyroid Association
- 1) Thyroid. 2011 Oct; 21(10):1081-125.PMID .21787128
- 2) http://www.thyroid-info.com/articles/tsh-fluctuating.html

Page1 of 8

Specimen Type : Serum



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### Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS MADHU KUMARI Age : 26 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 21 Dec 2023 13:39

**Receiving Date** : 21 Dec 2023 10:09

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Interval
LIVER FUNCTION TEST (Serum)			
BILIRUBIN-TOTAL (Diazonium Ion)	0.55	mg/dl	[0.10-1.20]
BILIRUBIN - DIRECT (Diazotization)	0.19	mg/dl	[0.00-0.30]
BILIRUBIN - INDIRECT (Calculated)	0.36	mg/dl	[0.20-1.00]
SGOT/ AST (UV without P5P)	21	U/L	[10-35]
SGPT/ ALT (UV without P5P)	16	U/L	[0-33]
ALP (p-NPP, kinetic) *	88	U/L	[37-98]
TOTAL PROTEIN (Biuret)	8.1	g/dl	[7.0-9.0]
SERUM ALBUMIN (BCG-dye)	4.9	g/dl	[3.5-5.2]
SERUM GLOBULIN (Calculated)	3.2	g/dl	[1.8-3.4]
ALB/GLOB (A/G) Ratio(Calculated)	1.53	-	[1.10-1.80]

#### Technical Notes:

Liver function test aids in diagnosis of various pre hepatic, hepatic and post hepatic causes of dysfunction like hemolytic anemia's, viral and alcoholic hepatitis and cholestasis of obstructive causes.

Page 2 of 8



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

### Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS MADHU KUMARI Age 26 Yr(s) Sex :Female

**Registration No** : MH011572346 Lab No 32231210007

**Patient Episode** : H03000058817 **Collection Date:** 21 Dec 2023 09:43

**Referred By** : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 21 Dec 2023 13:37

**Receiving Date** : 21 Dec 2023 10:09

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test Name	Result	Unit B	iological Ref. Interval
KIDNEY PROFILE (Serum)			
BUN (Urease/GLDH)	5.00 #	mg/dl	[6.00-20.00]
SERUM CREATININE (Jaffe's method)	0.61	mg/dl	[0.60-1.40]
SERUM URIC ACID (Uricase)	4.4	mg/dl	[2.6-6.0]
SERUM CALCIUM (NM-BAPTA)	9.50	mg/dl	[8.00-10.50]
SERUM PHOSPHORUS (Molybdate, UV)	2.9	mg/dl	[2.5-4.5]
SERUM SODIUM (ISE)	136.0	mmol/l	[134.0-145.0]
SERUM POTASSIUM (ISE)	4.76	mmol/l	[3.50-5.20]
SERUM CHLORIDE (ISE Indirect)	100.6	mmol/L	[95.0-105.0]
eGFR	125.5	ml/min/1.73sq	.m [>60.0]

Technical Note

eGFR which is primarily based on Serum Creatinine is a derivation of CKD-EPI 2009 equation normalized to 1.73 sq.m BSA and is not applicable to individuals below 18 years. eGFR tends to be less accurate when Serum Creatinine estimation is indeterminate e.g. patients at extremes of muscle mass, on unusual diets etc. and samples with severe Hemolysis / Icterus / Lipemia.

Page 3 of 8

-----END OF REPORT-----

Dr. Neelam Singal

CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

### Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS MADHU KUMARI Age : 26 Yr(s) Sex :Female

**Registration No** : MH011572346 Lab No 32231210008

**Patient Episode** : H03000058817 **Collection Date:** 21 Dec 2023 12:44

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 21 Dec 2023 16:12

**Receiving Date** : 21 Dec 2023 14:07

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Specimen Type : Plasma PLASMA GLUCOSE - PP

Plasma GLUCOSE - PP (Hexokinase) 103 mg/dl [70-140]

Note : Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying,

brisk glucose absorption , post exercise

Specimen Type : Plasma

GLUCOSE-Fasting (Hexokinase) 98 mg/dl [74-106]

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----END OF REPORT-----

Dr. Neelam Singal

CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

### Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS MADHU KUMARI Age : 26 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 21 Dec 2023 12:26

**Receiving Date** : 21 Dec 2023 10:15

### HAEMATOLOGY

### ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (Automated) Specimen-Whole Blood

ESR 8.0 mm/1sthour [0.0-20.0]

#### Interpretation :

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non-specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants (e.g. pyogenic infections, inflammation and malignancies). The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week postpartum.

ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives).

It is especially low (0 - 1mm) in polycythemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

Test Name	Result	Unit Bi	ological Ref. Interval
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (EDTA Blood)			
WBC Count (Flow cytometry)	7770	/cu.mm	[4000-10000]
RBC Count (Impedence)	4.33	million/cu.mm	[3.80-4.80]
Haemoglobin (SLS Method)	14.3	g/dL	[12.0-15.0]
Haematocrit (PCV)	40.5	왕	[36.0-46.0]
(RBC Pulse Height Detector Method)			
MCV (Calculated)	93.5	fL	[83.0-101.0]
MCH (Calculated)	33.0 #	pg	[25.0-32.0]
MCHC (Calculated)	35.3 #	g/dL	[31.5-34.5]
Platelet Count (Impedence)	233000	/cu.mm	[150000-410000]
RDW-CV (Calculated)	13.1	왕	[11.6-14.0]
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
Neutrophils (Flowcytometry)	53.1	ଚ୍ଚ	[40.0-80.0]
Lymphocytes (Flowcytometry)	35.8	ଚ	[20.0-40.0]

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

### Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS MADHU KUMARI Age : 26 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 21 Dec 2023 10:46

**Receiving Date** : 21 Dec 2023 10:15

### HAEMATOLOGY

Monocytes (Flowcytometry)	5.9		용	[2.0-10.0]
Eosinophils (Flowcytometry)	4.8		ଚ	[1.0-6.0]
Basophils (Flowcytometry)	0.4 #		%	[1.0-2.0]
IG	0.40		<del>ે</del>	
Neutrophil Absolute (Flouroscence f	flow cytometry)	4.1	/cu mm	$[2.0-7.0] \times 10^{3}$
Lymphocyte Absolute (Flouroscence f	flow cytometry)	2.8	/cu mm	$[1.0-3.0] \times 10^{3}$
Monocyte Absolute (Flouroscence flo	ow cytometry)	0.5	/cu mm	$[0.2-1.2] \times 10^{3}$
Eosinophil Absolute (Flouroscence f	flow cytometry)	0.4	/cu mm	$[0.0-0.5] \times 10^{3}$
Basophil Absolute (Flouroscence flo	ow cytometry)	0.0	/cu mm	$[0.0-0.1] \times 10^{3}$

Complete Blood Count is used to evaluate wide range of health disorders, including anemia, infection, and leukemia. Abnormal increase or decrease in cell counts as revealed may indicate that an underlying medical condition that calls for further evaluation.

-----END OF REPORT-----

Dr.Himansha Pandey



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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

### Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS MADHU KUMARI Age 26 Yr(s) Sex :Female

**Registration No** : MH011572346 Lab No 38231201904

**Patient Episode** : H03000058817 **Collection Date:** 21 Dec 2023 09:43 21 Dec 2023 13:44 **Reporting Date:** 

: HEALTH CHECK MHD **Referred By Receiving Date** : 21 Dec 2023 13:00

### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

Test Name	Result	Biological Ref. Interval
ROUTINE URINE ANALYSIS		
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION		
Colour (Visual)	PALE YELLOW	(Pale Yellow - Yellow)
Appearance (Visual)	CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION		
Reaction[pH]	5.0	(5.0-9.0)
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator Meth	nod))	
Specific Gravity	1.005	(1.003-1.035)
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator Meth	nod))	
Bilirubin	Negative	NEGATIVE
Protein/Albumin	Negative	(NEGATIVE-TRACE)
(Reflectance photometry(Indicator Met	chod)/Manual SSA)	
Glucose	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)
(Reflectance photometry (GOD-POD/Bene	edict Method))	
Ketone Bodies	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)
(Reflectance photometry(Legal's Test)	/Manual Rotheras)	
Urobilinogen	NORMAL	(NORMAL)
Reflactance photometry/Diazonium salt	reaction	
Nitrite	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
Reflactance photometry/Griess test		
Leukocytes	NIL	NEGATIVE
Reflactance photometry/Action of Este	erase	
BLOOD	PRESENT TRACE	NEGATIVE
(Reflectance photometry(peroxidase))		
•	Method: Light microscopy on	_
WBC/Pus Cells	1-2 /hpf	(4-6)
Red Blood Cells	0-1/hpf	(1-2)
Epithelial Cells	2-4 /hpf	(2-4)
Casts	NIL	(NIL)
Crystals	NIL	(NIL)
Bacteria	NIL	
Yeast cells	NIL	

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Interpretation:

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

#### Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MRS MADHU KUMARI Age : 26 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 21 Dec 2023 13:44

**Receiving Date** : 21 Dec 2023 13:00

### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

 $\textit{URINALYSIS-Routine urine analysis assists in screening and diagnosis of various metabolic , urological, kidney and liver disorders \\$ 

Protein: Elevated proteins can be an early sign of kidney disease. Urinary protein excretion can also be temporarily elevated by strenuous exercise, orthostatic proteinuria, dehydration, urina tract infections and acute illness with fever

Glucose: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of glucose in urine.

Other causes include pregnancy, hormonal disturbances, liver disease and certain medications.

Ketones: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of ketones in urine.

Ketones can also be seen in starvation, frequent vomiting, pregnancy and strenuous exercise.

Blood: Occult blood can occur in urine as intact erythrocytes or haemoglobin, which can occur in various urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders.

Leukocytes: An increase in leukocytes is an indication of inflammation in urinary tract or kidneys Most Common cause is bacterial urinary tract infection.

Nitrite: Many bacteria give positive results when their number is high. Nitrite concentration duri infection increases with length of time the urine specimen is retained in bladder prior to collection.

pH: The kidneys play an important role in maintaining acid base balance of the body. Conditions of the body producing acidosis/alkalosis or ingestion of certain type of food can affect the pH of urine.

Specific gravity: Specific gravity gives an indication of how concentrated the urine is. Increased Specific gravity is seen in conditions like dehydration, glycosuria and proteinuria while decrease Specific gravity is seen in excessive fluid intake, renal failure and diabetes insipidus.

Bilirubin: In certain liver diseases such as biliary obstruction or hepatitis,

bilirubin gets excreted in urine.

Urobilinogen: Positive results are seen in liver diseases like hepatitis and cirrhosis and in case of hemolytic anemia.

-----END OF REPORT-----

Page 8 of 8

**Dr.Himansha Pandey** 

Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075



GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MRS Madhu KUMARI	STUDY DATE	21/12/2023 10:16AM
AGE / SEX	26 y / F	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011572346
ACCESSION NO.	R6590793	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	21/12/2023 1:39PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

### **USG WHOLE ABDOMEN**

#### Results:

Liver is normal in size (~15.1 cm). Echogenic foci causing dense acoustic shadow are seen possibly in segmental divisions of biliary radicals in segment VIII of right lobe. Intra-hepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal in calibre. Rest liver showing normal parenchymal echotexture.

Gall bladder appears echofree with normal wall thickness. Common bile duct is normal in calibre.

Pancreas is normal in size and echopattern.

Spleen is normal in size and echopattern.

Both kidneys are normal in position, size (RK  $\sim$ 10.7 x 3.6 cm and LK  $\sim$ 10.6 x 5.3 cm) and outline. Cortico-medullary differentiation of both kidneys is maintained. Central sinus echoes are compact. No focal lesion or calculus seen. Bilateral pelvicalyceal systems are not dilated.

Urinary bladder is normal in wall thickness with clear contents. No significant intra or extraluminal mass is seen.

Uterus is anteverted. It is normal in size ( $^{\sim}6.4 \times 3.3 \times 3.0 \text{ cm}$ ). Myometrial echogenicity appears uniform. Endometrium is central and measures 9.4 mm.

Both ovaries are normal in size and echopattern.

Right ovary measures ~3.3 x 1.8 x 1.7 cm, vol.5.7 cc.

Left ovary measures ~3.3 x 2.1 x 1.2 cm, vol. 4.7 cc, shows single dominant follicles is seen.

No significant free fluid is detected.

### **IMPRESSION:**

? Hepaticolilithiasis in segment VIII of right lobe of liver.

Kindly correlate clinically











NABH Accredited Hospital 4-2019-0640/09/06/2019-08/06/2022

NABL Accredited Hospital

Awarded Emergency Excellence Services E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

Awarded Nursing Excellence Services N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

Awarded Clean & Green Hospital IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019

Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075



GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MRS Madhu KUMARI	STUDY DATE	21/12/2023 10:16AM
AGE / SEX	26 y / F	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011572346
ACCESSION NO.	R6590793	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	21/12/2023 1:39PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

Dr. Roly Srivastava MBBS, DNB DMC No.45626 **CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST** 

\*\*\*\*\*End Of Report\*\*\*\*











Awarded Emergency Excellence Services E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

Awarded Nursing Excellence Services Awarded Clean & Green Hospital N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018-04/12/2019

Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075



GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MRS Madhu KUMARI	STUDY DATE	21/12/2023 10:30AM
AGE / SEX	26 y / F	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011572346
ACCESSION NO.	R6590794	MODALITY	CR
REPORTED ON	21/12/2023 1:02PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

### X-RAY CHEST - PA VIEW

### Results:

Visualized lung fields appear clear.

Both hilar shadows appear normal.

Cardiothoracic ratio is within normal limits.

Both hemidiaphragmatic outlines appear normal.

Both costophrenic angles are clear.

Kindly correlate clinically.

Aarushi

Dr. Aarushi MBBS, MD, DNB DMC N0.03291

**CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST** 

\*\*\*\*\*End Of Report\*\*\*\*\*











NABL Accredited Hospital Awarded Emergency Excellence Services MC/3228/04/09/2019-03/09/2021 E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

Awarded Nursing Excellence Services N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019

Awarded Clean & Green Hospital