



BMI CHART

Date: 10/12/24

Name: Swati V. Pacharne Age: 34 yrs Sex: M/F
BP: 130/90 Height (cms): 157 Weight(kgs): 70 kg BMI: _____

WEIGHT lbs	100	105	110	115	120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215
kg	45.5	47.7	50.0	52.3	54.5	56.8	59.1	61.4	63.6	65.9	68.2	70.5	72.7	75.0	77.3	79.5	81.8	84.1	86.4	88.6	90.9	93.2	95.5	97.7
HEIGHT in/cm	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; font-size: small;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Underweight <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Healthy <input type="checkbox"/> Overweight <input type="checkbox"/> Obese <input type="checkbox"/> Extremely Obese </div>																							
5'0" - 152.4	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
5'1" - 154.9	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
5'2" - 157.4	18	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
5'3" - 160.0	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
5'4" - 162.5	17	18	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	30	30	31	32	33	34	35	35
5'5" - 165.1	16	17	18	19	20	20	21	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	29	30	31	32	33	34	34	34
5'6" - 167.6	16	17	17	18	19	20	21	21	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	29	30	31	32	33	33	33
5'7" - 170.1	15	16	17	18	18	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	29	30	31	32	32	32
5'8" - 172.7	15	16	16	17	18	19	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30	31	32	32
5'9" - 176.2	14	15	16	17	17	18	19	20	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30	31	31
5'10" - 177.8	14	15	15	16	17	18	18	19	20	21	22	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30	30
5'11" - 180.3	14	14	15	16	16	17	18	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	27	28	29	30	30
6'0" - 182.8	13	14	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	27	28	29	30	30
6'1" - 185.4	13	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	27	28	29	30	30
6'2" - 187.9	12	13	14	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	27	28	28
6'3" - 190.5	12	13	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	27	28	28
6'4" - 193.0	12	12	13	14	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	20	21	22	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	27	28

Doctors Notes:

Signature _____



UHID	12197340	Date	10/02/2024		
Name	Mrs.Swati Vishal Pacharne	Sex	Female	Age	34
OPD	Dental 12	Health Check-up			

O/E - Stains +
- Calculus +

Drug allergy:
Sys illness:

Treatment

Afd - Scaling Grade I

To pay,

Dr. Mupti

Scaling Grade I = Rs 2420/-



UHID	12197340	Date	10/02/2024		
Name	Mrs. Swati Vishal Pacharne	Sex	Female	Age	34
OPD	Ophthal 14	Health Check-up			

Obs. no.

H/O no (Thyroid since 2yr)

Drug allergy: -> not known
 Sys illness: -> no
 Habit: -> no

Uvilks → R 6/26P
 → L 6/24P (B5)

Ref → R -1.50 / -0.75 X 90° 6/6
 → L -1.25 / -0.50 X 70° 6/6

W → R 10/6
 → L 10/6

IOP → R 14.8
 → L 14.4

status P.U.P

[Handwritten signature]



UHID	12197340	Date	10/02/2024		
Name	Mrs. Swati Vishal Pacharne	Sex	Female	Age	34
OPD	Pap Smear	Health Check-up			

Drug allergy:
 Sys illness:

10/2/24
 2pm

SCIF. came for health checkup Papsmear.

NO complains at present.

P/GA.

MS: 4 years.

Not on any contraception

P/G: 3 years 10 → 1 FTNUD.

Ad.

LMP: 24/1/24 | Reg | 5 days | no dysmenorrhea | Abnormal.

PA: Hypothyroid not on thyrox — past 2 years.
 No Ix. medical Ix. allergy history.

FH: no K/C/H/O Cancer, DM, HTN.

P/A: Soft/NT.

PS: → Presence of 2 nabothian cyst at 11 o'clock position
 Cx/H by
 No discharge.

Ad.
 Ad.
 All reports.

PATIENT NAME : MRS.SWATI VISHAL PACHARNE **REF. DOCTOR :**

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507 FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI, MUMBAI 440001	ACCESSION NO : 0022XB002155	AGE/SEX : 34 Years Female
	PATIENT ID : FH.12197340	DRAWN : 10/02/2024 15:34:00
	CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12197340	RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 15:34:06
	ABHA NO :	REPORTED : 10/02/2024 17:10:10

CLINICAL INFORMATION :
 UID:12197340 REQNO-1660378
 CORP-OPD
 BILLNO-150124OPCR007888
 BILLNO-150124OPCR007888

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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CLINICAL PATH - STOOL ANALYSIS

STOOL: OVA & PARASITE

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION,STOOL

COLOUR	BROWN		
METHOD : VISUAL			
CONSISTENCY	WELL FORMED		
METHOD : VISUAL			
MUCUS	ABSENT	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : VISUAL			
VISIBLE BLOOD	ABSENT	ABSENT	
METHOD : VISUAL			

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION,STOOL

OCCULT BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
METHOD : GUAIAC ACID METHOD		

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION,STOOL

PUS CELLS	1-2		/hpf
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
CYSTS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
OVA	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
LARVAE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
TROPHOZOITES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			

Rekha. n

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD
 (Reg No. MMC 2001/06/2354)
 Microbiologist



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 Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
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 CIN - U74399PB1995PLC045956
 Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000901752

PATIENT NAME : MRS.SWATI VISHAL PACHARNE

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XB002155

PATIENT ID : FH.12197340

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12197340

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 34 Years Female

DRAWN : 10/02/2024 15:34:00

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CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:12197340 REQNO-1660378

CORP-OPD

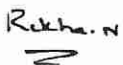
BILLNO-150124OPCR007888

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Interpretation(s)

End Of Report

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Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000901752

PATIENT NAME : MRS.SWATI VISHAL PACHARNE

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XB002094

PATIENT ID : FH.12197340
CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12197340
ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX :34 Years Female

DRAWN :10/02/2024 12:12:00
RECEIVED :10/02/2024 12:12:54
REPORTED :10/02/2024 14:33:18

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

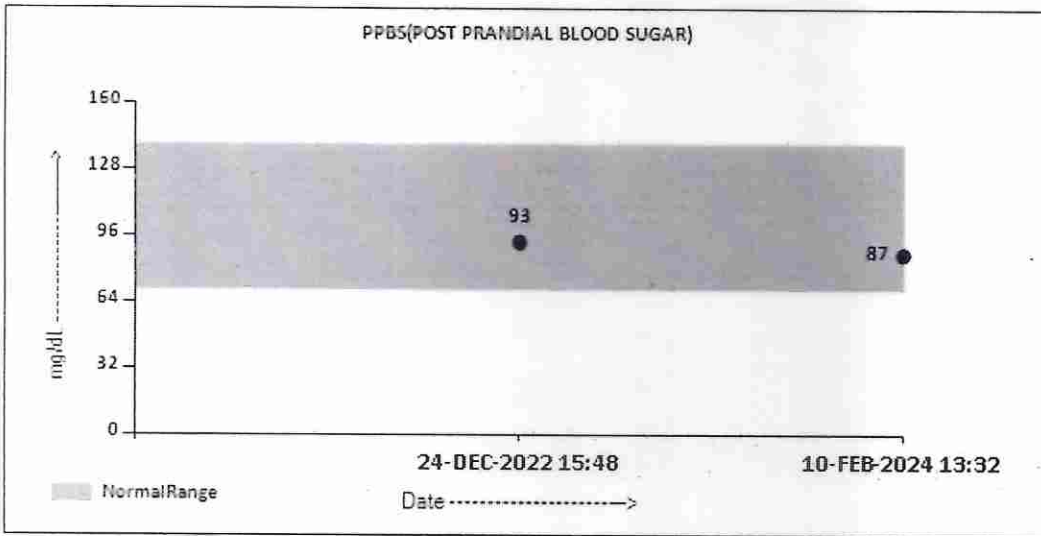
UID:12197340 REQNO-1660378
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150124OPCR007888
BILLNO-150124OPCR007888

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BIOCHEMISTRY

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR) 87 70 - 140 mg/dL
METHOD : HEXOKINASE



Interpretation(s)

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c

****End Of Report****

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Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
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Consultant Pathologist



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CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 2200000901691

PATIENT NAME : MRS.SWATI VISHAL PACHARNE

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XB002015

PATIENT ID : FH.12197340

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12197340

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 34 Years Female

DRAWN : 10/02/2024 09:29:00

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 09:29:59

REPORTED : 10/02/2024 15:01:15

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:12197340 REQNO-1660378
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150124OPCR007888
BILLNO-150124OPCR007888

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HAEMATOLOGY - CBC

CBC-5, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD


HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	12.5	12.0 - 15.0	g/dL
METHOD : SLS METHOD			
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	4.63	3.8 - 4.8	mil/ μ L
METHOD : HYDRODYNAMIC FOCUSING			
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT	6.49	4.0 - 10.0	thou/ μ L
METHOD : FLUORESCENCE FLOW CYTOMETRY			
PLATELET COUNT	357	150 - 410	thou/ μ L
METHOD : HYDRODYNAMIC FOCUSING BY DC DETECTION			

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES

HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	39.6	36.0 - 46.0	%
METHOD : CUMULATIVE PULSE HEIGHT DETECTION METHOD			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	85.5	83.0 - 101.0	fL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	27.0	27.0 - 32.0	pg
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION(MCHC)	31.6	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW)	12.2	11.6 - 14.0	%
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MENTZER INDEX	18.5		
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	9.5	6.8 - 10.9	fL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT

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Patient Ref. No. 22000000901612

PATIENT NAME : MRS.SWATI VISHAL PACHARNE

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
 FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,
 MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XB002015

PATIENT ID : FH.12197340

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12197340

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 34 Years Female

DRAWN : 10/02/2024 09:29:00

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 09:29:59

REPORTED : 10/02/2024 15:01:15

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:12197340 REQNO-1660378
 CORP-OPD
 BILLNO-150124OPCR007888
 BILLNO-150124OPCR007888

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
NEUTROPHILS		62	40.0 - 80.0	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING				
LYMPHOCYTES		31	20.0 - 40.0	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING				
MONOCYTES		5	2.0 - 10.0	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING				
EOSINOPHILS		2	1 - 6	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING				
BASOPHILS		0	0 - 2	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING				
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT		4.02	2.0 - 7.0	thou/μL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT		2.01	1.0 - 3.0	thou/μL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT		0.32	0.2 - 1.0	thou/μL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT		0.13	0.02 - 0.50	thou/μL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT		0.00 Low	0.02 - 0.10	thou/μL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)		2.0		
METHOD : CALCULATED				

MORPHOLOGY

RBC
 METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

PREDOMINANTLY NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC

WBC
 METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

NORMAL MORPHOLOGY

PLATELETS
 METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

ADEQUATE

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
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 Consultant Pathologist



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Patient Ref. No. 2200000901612

PATIENT NAME : MRS.SWATI VISHAL PACHARNE

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001

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Interpretation(s)


RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait

(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

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HAEMATOLOGY

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), EDTA BLOOD


E.S.R	22 High	0 - 20	mm at 1 hr
METHOD : WESTERGREIN METHOD			

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HBA1C	4.6	Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested : > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)	%
METHOD : HB VARIANT (HPLC)			

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)	85.3	< 116.0	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			

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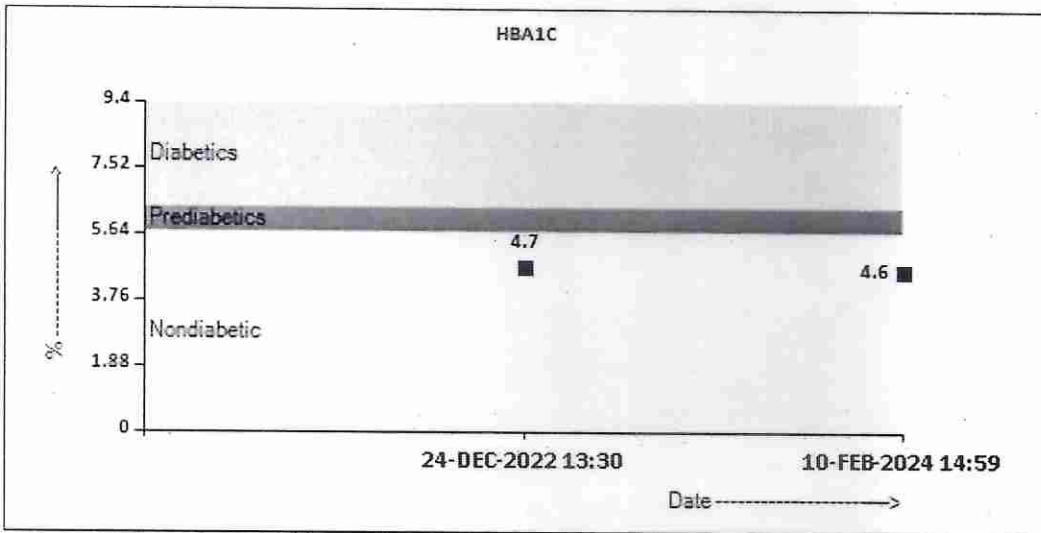
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CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507	ACCESSION NO : 0022XB002015	AGE/SEX : 34 Years Female
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FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,	CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12197340	RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 09:29:59
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Interpretation(s)

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), EDTA BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION :-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition. CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculitides, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR (>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(52 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm/hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythemia vera, Sickle cell anemia

LIMITATIONS

False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

False Decreased : Poikilocytosis, (Sickle Cells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine, salicylates)

REFERENCE :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals, AACCPress, 7th edition, Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for

(Signature)
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Patient Ref. No. 2200000901612

PATIENT NAME : MRS.SWATI VISHAL PACHARNE

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

ACCESSION NO : 0022XB002015

AGE/SEX : 34 Years Female

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

PATIENT ID : FH.12197340

DRAWN : 10/02/2024 09:29:00

FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12197340

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 09:29:59

MUMBAI 440001

ABHA NO :

REPORTED : 10/02/2024 15:01:15

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:12197340 REQNO-1660378

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-150124OPCR007888

BILLNO-150124OPCR007888

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition, GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HbA1c), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:


1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
 2. Diagnosing diabetes.
 3. Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).
- The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patient's metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.
1. eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to mg/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
 2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
 3. eAG is calculated as $eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7$

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

1. Shortened Erythrocyte survival : Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.
2. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin).
3. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addition are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.
4. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

- a) Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
- b) Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)
- c) HbF > 25% on alternate platform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c. Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

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Patient Ref. No. 22000000901612

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FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

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IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP

TYPE B

METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION

RH TYPE

POSITIVE

METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION


Interpretation(s)

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

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BIOCHEMISTRY


LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM

BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.62	0.2 - 1.0	mg/dL
METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GROFF			
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.12	0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GROFF			
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.50	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.2	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
METHOD : BIURET			
ALBUMIN	3.8	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING			
GLOBULIN	3.4	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	1.1	1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE(AST/SGOT)	19	15 - 37	U/L
METHOD : UV WITH PSP			
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	17	< 34.0	U/L
METHOD : UV WITH PSP			
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	66	30 - 120	U/L
METHOD : PNPP-ANP			
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)	23	5 - 55	U/L
METHOD : GAMMA GLUTAMYL CARBOXY 4NITROANILIDE			
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	137	81 - 234	U/L
METHOD : LACTATE -PYRUVATE			

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA

FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR)	85	Normal : < 100 Pre-diabetes: 100-125 Diabetes: >=126	mg/dL
METHOD : HEXOKINASE			

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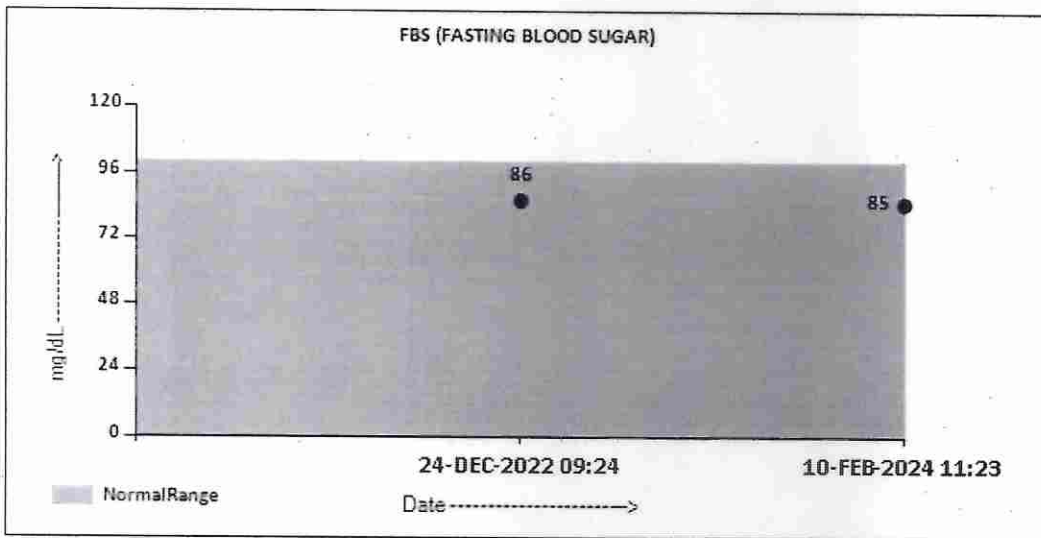
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KIDNEY PANEL - 1

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN 7 6 - 20 mg/dL
METHOD : UREASE - UV

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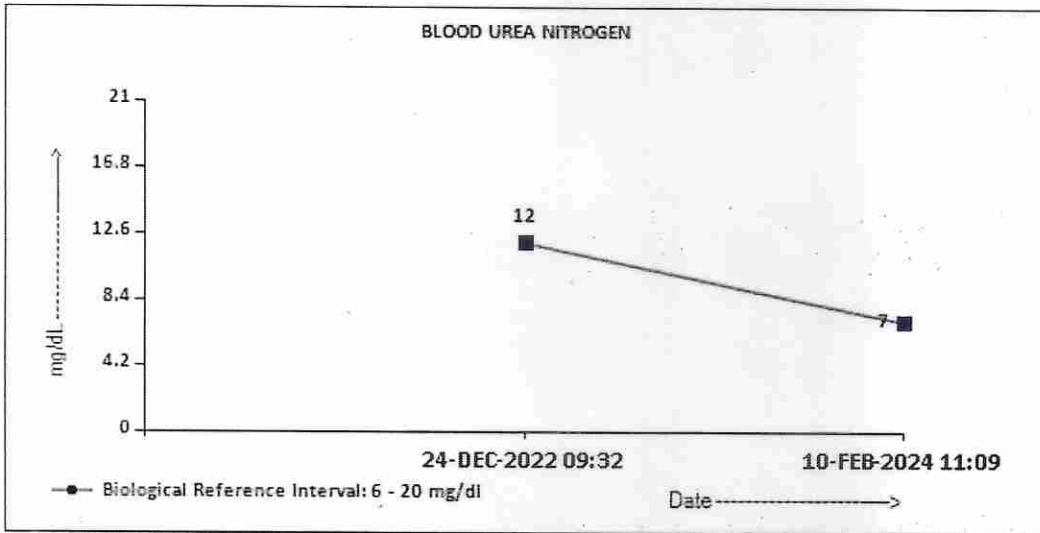
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CREATININE EGFR- EPI

CREATININE METHOD : ALKALINE PICRATE KINETIC JAFFES	0.80	0.60 - 1.10	mg/dL
AGE	34		years
GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE (FEMALE) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	99.09	Refer Interpretation Below	mL/min/1.73m2

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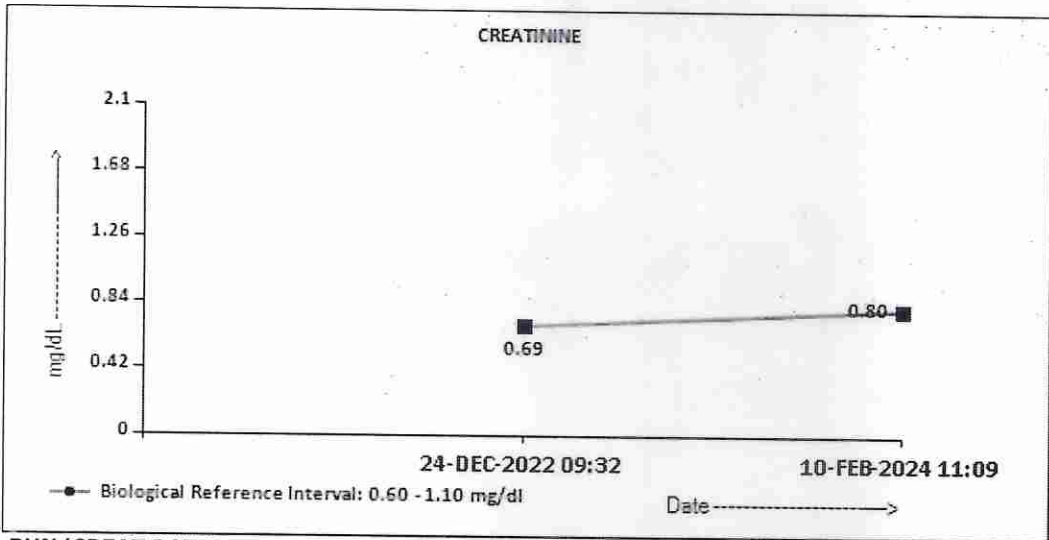
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BUN/CREAT RATIO

BUN/CREAT RATIO	8.75	5.00 - 15.00
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER		

URIC ACID, SERUM

URIC ACID	4.2	2.6 - 6.0	mg/dL
METHOD : URICASE UV			

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM

TOTAL PROTEIN	7.2	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
METHOD : BIURET			

ALBUMIN, SERUM

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ALBUMIN		3.8	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING				
GLOBULIN		3.4	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM				
SODIUM, SERUM		137	136 - 145	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT				
POTASSIUM, SERUM		4.10	3.50 - 5.10	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT				
CHLORIDE, SERUM		103	98 - 107	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT				

Interpretation(s)

Interpretation(s)

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. **Elevated levels** results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease. Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors & Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. **ALT** test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Pagets disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilsons disease.

GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive

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liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.

Total Protein also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

Albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and so that no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Increased in: Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs: corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in: Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach, fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency

diseases (e.g. galactosemia), Drugs-insulin, ethanol, propranolol, sulfonylureas, tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE: While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.

CREATININE EGFR- EPI-- Kidney disease outcomes quality initiative (KDOQI) guidelines state that estimation of GFR is the best overall indices of the kidney function.

- It gives a rough measure of number of functioning nephrons. Reduction in GFR implies progression of underlying disease.

- The GFR is a calculation based on serum creatinine test.

- Creatinine is mainly derived from the metabolism of creatine in muscle, and its generation is proportional to the total muscle mass. As a result, mean creatinine generation is higher in men than in women, in younger than in older individuals, and in blacks than in whites.

- Creatinine is filtered from the blood by the kidneys and excreted into urine at a relatively steady rate.

- When kidney function is compromised, excretion of creatinine decreases with a consequent increase in blood creatinine levels. With the creatinine test, a reasonable estimate of the actual GFR can be determined.

- This equation takes into account several factors that impact creatinine production, including age, gender, and race.

- CKD EPI (Chronic Kidney disease epidemiology collaboration) equation performed better than MDRD equation especially when GFR is high (>60 ml/min per 1.73m²). This formula has less bias and greater accuracy which helps in early diagnosis and also reduces the rate of false positive diagnosis of CKD.

References:

National Kidney Foundation (NKF) and the American Society of Nephrology (ASN).

Estimated GFR Calculated Using the CKD-EPI equation-<https://testguide.labmed.uw.edu/guideline/egfr>

Ghuman JK, et al. Impact of Removing Race Variable on CKD Classification Using the Creatinine-Based 2021 CKD-EPI Equation. *Kidney Med* 2022, 4:100471. 35756325

Harrison's Principle of Internal Medicine, 21st ed. pg 62 and 334

URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels: Dietary (High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome **Causes of decreased levels:** Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM- is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease.

Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM- Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. **Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:** Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

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BIOCHEMISTRY - LIPID

LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	171	< 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High >= 240 High	mg/dL
METHOD : ENZYMATIC/COLORIMETRIC, CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE			
TRIGLYCERIDES	103	< 150 Normal 150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High >=500 Very High	mg/dL
METHOD : ENZYMATIC ASSAY			
HDL CHOLESTEROL	47	< 40 Low >=60 High	mg/dL
METHOD : DIRECT MEASURE - PEG			
LDL CHOLESTEROL, DIRECT	107	< 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near or above optimal 130 - 159 Borderline High 160 - 189 High >= 190 Very High	mg/dL
METHOD : DIRECT MEASURE WITHOUT SAMPLE PRETREATMENT			
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	124	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	20.6	<= 30.0	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
CHOL/HDL RATIO	3.6	3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk 4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk 7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			

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 Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
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 Navi Mumbai, 400703
 Maharashtra, India
 Tel : 022-39199222,022-49723322,
 CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
 Email : -



Patient Ref. No. 22000000901612

PATIENT NAME : MRS.SWATI VISHAL PACHARNE **REF. DOCTOR :**

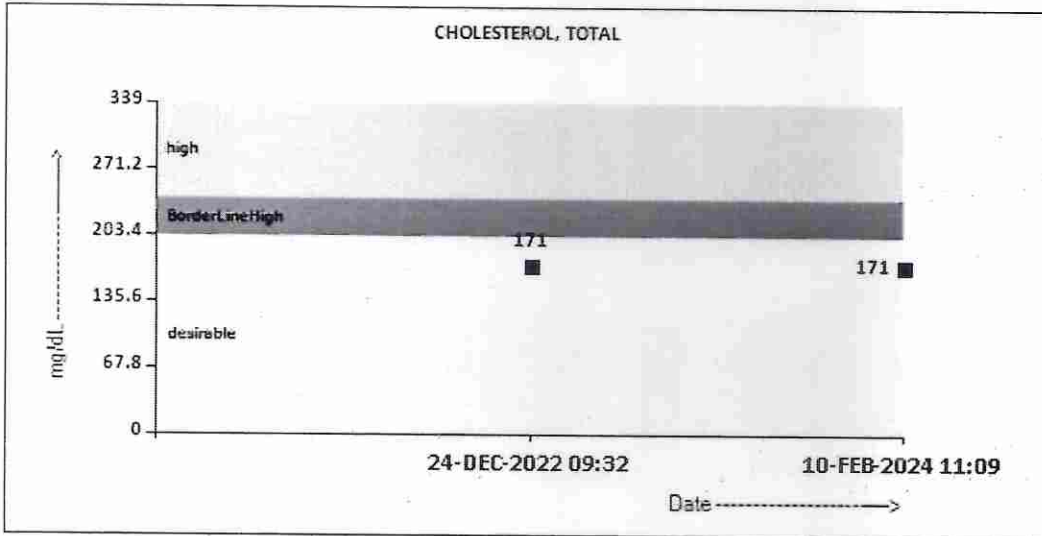
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507 FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI, MUMBAI 440001	ACCESSION NO : 0022XB002015 PATIENT ID : FH.12197340 CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID: 12197340 ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX : 34 Years Female DRAWN : 10/02/2024 09:29:00 RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 09:29:59 REPORTED : 10/02/2024 15:01:15
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CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:12197340 REQNO-1660378
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150124OPCR007888
BILLNO-150124OPCR007888

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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LDL/HDL RATIO 2.3
0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk
3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk
>6.0 High Risk
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER



Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
(Reg.no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
Consultant Pathologist



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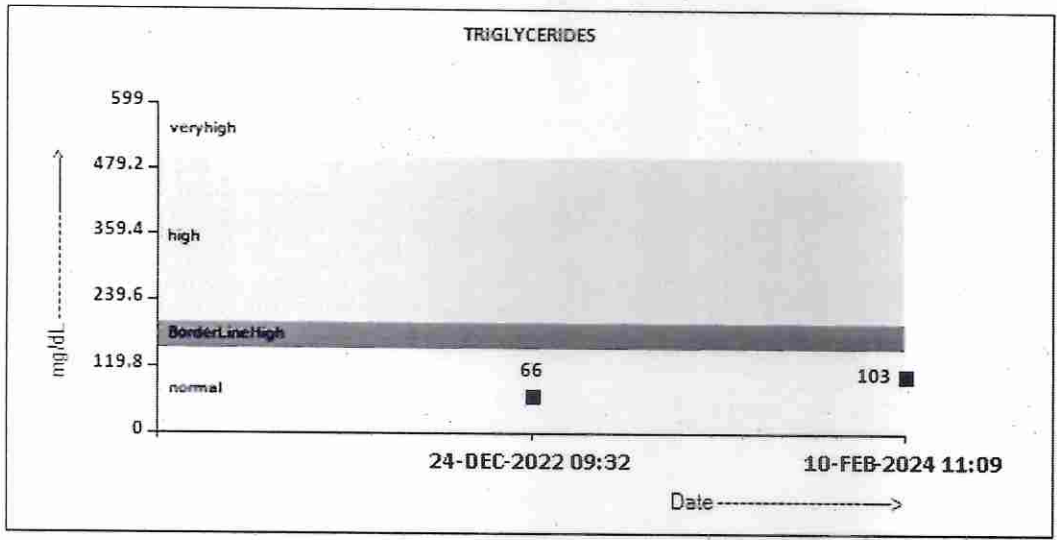
PATIENT NAME : MRS.SWATI VISHAL PACHARNE REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507 FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI, MUMBAI 440001	ACCESSION NO : 0022XB002015 PATIENT ID : FH.12197340 CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12197340 ABHA NO :	AGE/SEX : 34 Years Female DRAWN : 10/02/2024 09:29:00 RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 09:29:59 REPORTED : 10/02/2024 15:01:15
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Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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(Reg.no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
Consultant Pathologist



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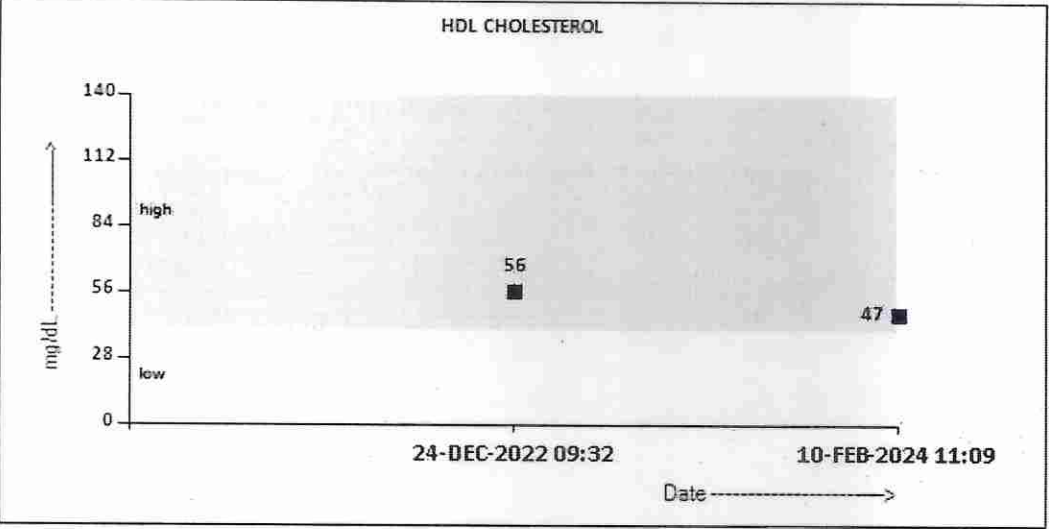


Patient Ref. No. 2200000901612

PATIENT NAME : MRS.SWATI VISHAL PACHARNE		REF. DOCTOR :
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507	ACCESSION NO : 0022XB002015	AGE/SEX : 34 Years Female
FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD	PATIENT ID : FH.12197340	DRAWN : 10/02/2024 09:29:00
FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,	CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12197340	RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 09:29:59
MUMBAI 440001	ABHA NO :	REPORTED : 10/02/2024 15:01:15

CLINICAL INFORMATION :
 UID:12197340 REQNO-1660378
 CORP-OPD
 BILLNO-150124OPCR007888
 BILLNO-150124OPCR007888

Test Report Status	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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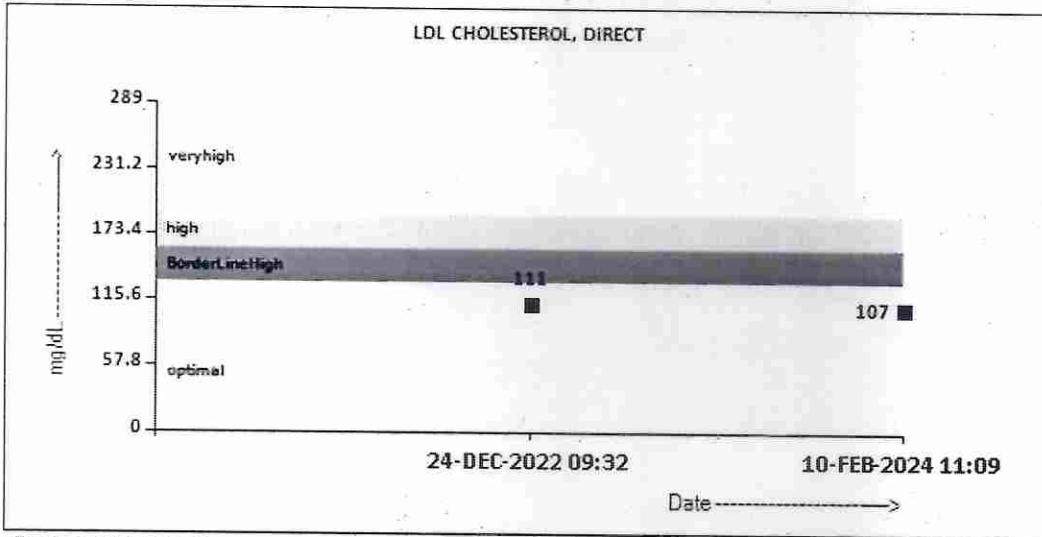


PATIENT NAME : MRS.SWATI VISHAL PACHARNE		REF. DOCTOR :
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507	ACCESSION NO : 0022XB002015	AGE/SEX : 34 Years Female
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Interpretation(s)

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CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS

KIDNEY PANEL - 1

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR	PALE YELLOW
<small>METHOD : PHYSICAL</small>	
APPEARANCE	CLEAR
<small>METHOD : VISUAL</small>	

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH	5.5	4.7 - 7.5
<small>METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY- DOUBLE INDICATOR METHOD</small>		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.010	1.003 - 1.035
<small>METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (APPARENT PKA CHANGE OF PRETREATED POLYELECTROLYTES IN RELATION TO IONIC CONCENTRATION)</small>		
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
<small>METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY - PROTEIN-ERROR-OF-INDICATOR PRINCIPLE</small>		
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
<small>METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DOUBLE SEQUENTIAL ENZYME REACTION-GOD/POD</small>		
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
<small>METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ROTHERA'S PRINCIPLE</small>		
BLOOD	DETECTED (TRACE)	NOT DETECTED
<small>METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, PEROXIDASE LIKE ACTIVITY OF HAEMOGLOBIN</small>		
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
<small>METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DIAZOTIZATION- COUPLING OF BILIRUBIN WITH DIAZOTIZED SALT</small>		
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL
<small>METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (MODIFIED EHRlich REACTION)</small>		
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
<small>METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CONVERSION OF NITRATE TO NITRITE</small>		
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
<small>METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ESTERASE HYDROLYSIS ACTIVITY</small>		

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
 (Reg.no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
 Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD
 (Reg No. MMC 2001/06/2354)
 Microbiologist



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PATIENT NAME : MRS.SWATI VISHAL PACHARNE

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507
 FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
 FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,
 MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XB002015
PATIENT ID : FH.12197340
CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12197340
ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 34 Years Female
DRAWN : 10/02/2024 09:29:00
RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 09:29:59
REPORTED : 10/02/2024 15:01:15

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:12197340 REQNO-1660378
 CORP-OPD
 BILLNO-150124OPCR007888
 BILLNO-150124OPCR007888

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE				
RED BLOOD CELLS		0 - 1	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
PUS CELL (WBC'S)		3-5	0-5	/HPF
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
EPITHELIAL CELLS		3-5	0-5	/HPF
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
CASTS		NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
CRYSTALS		NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
BACTERIA		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
YEAST		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
REMARKS		URINARY MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION DONE ON URINARY CENTRIFUGED SEDIMENT		

Interpretation(s)

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
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Patient Ref. No. 22000000901612

PATIENT NAME : MRS.SWATI VISHAL PACHARNE
REF. DOCTOR :
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

 FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
 FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,
 MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022XB002015

 PATIENT ID : FH.12197340
 CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12197340
 ABHA NO :

 AGE/SEX : 34 Years Female
 DRAWN : 10/02/2024 09:29:00
 RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 09:29:59
 REPORTED : 10/02/2024 15:01:15

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

 UID:12197340 REQNO-1660378
 CORP-OPD
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Test Report Status	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
Final			

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE
THYROID PANEL, SERUM

T3	128.0	Non-Pregnant Women 80.0 - 200.0	ng/dL
		Pregnant Women 1st Trimester: 105.0 - 230.0 2nd Trimester: 129.0 - 262.0 3rd Trimester: 135.0 - 262.0	

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, COMPETITIVE PRINCIPLE

T4	10.03	Non-Pregnant Women 5.10 - 14.10	µg/dL
		Pregnant Women 1st Trimester: 7.33 - 14.80 2nd Trimester: 7.93 - 16.10 3rd Trimester: 6.95 - 15.70	

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, COMPETITIVE PRINCIPLE

TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)	0.628	Non Pregnant Women 0.27 - 4.20	µIU/mL
		Pregnant Women (As per American Thyroid Association) 1st Trimester 0.100 - 2.500 2nd Trimester 0.200 - 3.000 3rd Trimester 0.300 - 3.000	

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, SANDWICH IMMUNOASSAY

Interpretation(s)
****End Of Report****

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Page 21 Of 21

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 Consultant Pathologist


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Patient Ref. No. 22000000901612

PATIENT NAME : MRS.SWATI VISHAL PACHARNE

REF. DOCTOR :

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

ACCESSION NO : 0022XB002172

AGE/SEX : 34 Years Female

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD
FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,
MUMBAI 440001

PATIENT ID : FH.12197340

DRAWN : 10/02/2024 16:31:00

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12197340

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 16:56:22

ABHA NO :

REPORTED : 13/02/2024 10:48:43

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:12197340 REQNO-1660378
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150124OPCR007888
BILLNO-150124OPCR007888Test Report Status **Final**

Units

CYTOLOGY

PAPANICOLAOU SMEAR

PAPANICOLAOU SMEAR

TEST METHOD

CONVENTIONAL GYNEC CYTOLOGY

SPECIMEN TYPE

TWO UNSTAINED CERVICAL SMEARS RECEIVED

REPORTING SYSTEM

2014 BETHESDA SYSTEM FOR REPORTING CERVICAL CYTOLOGY

SPECIMEN ADEQUACY

SATISFACTORY

METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

MICROSCOPY

SMEARS STUDIED SHOW SUPERFICIAL SQUAMOUS CELLS,
INTERMEDIATE SQUAMOUS CELLS, OCCASIONAL SQUAMOUS
METAPLASTIC CELLS, FEW CLUSTERS OF ENDOCERVICAL CELLS IN THE
BACKGROUND OF PLENTY POLYMORPHS.

INTERPRETATION / RESULT

NEGATIVE FOR INTRAEPITHELIAL LESION OR MALIGNANCY

Comments

PLEASE NOTE PAPANICOLAOU SMEAR STUDY IS A SCREENING PROCEDURE FOR CERVICAL
CANCER WITH INHERENT FALSE NEGATIVE RESULTS, HENCE SHOULD BE INTERPRETED
WITH CAUTION.

NO CYTOLOGICAL EVIDENCE OF HPV INFECTION IN THE SMEARS STUDIED.

****End Of Report****Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr. Akshay Dhotre, MD
(Reg.no. MMC 2019/09/6377)
Consultant Pathologist

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Email : -

Patient Ref. No. 22000000901769

34 Years

Female

HC

Barney

Rate 71 . Sinus rhythm.....normal P axis, V-rate 50- 99
. Baseline wander in lead(s) V1

PR 125
QRS 81
QT 367
QTc 399

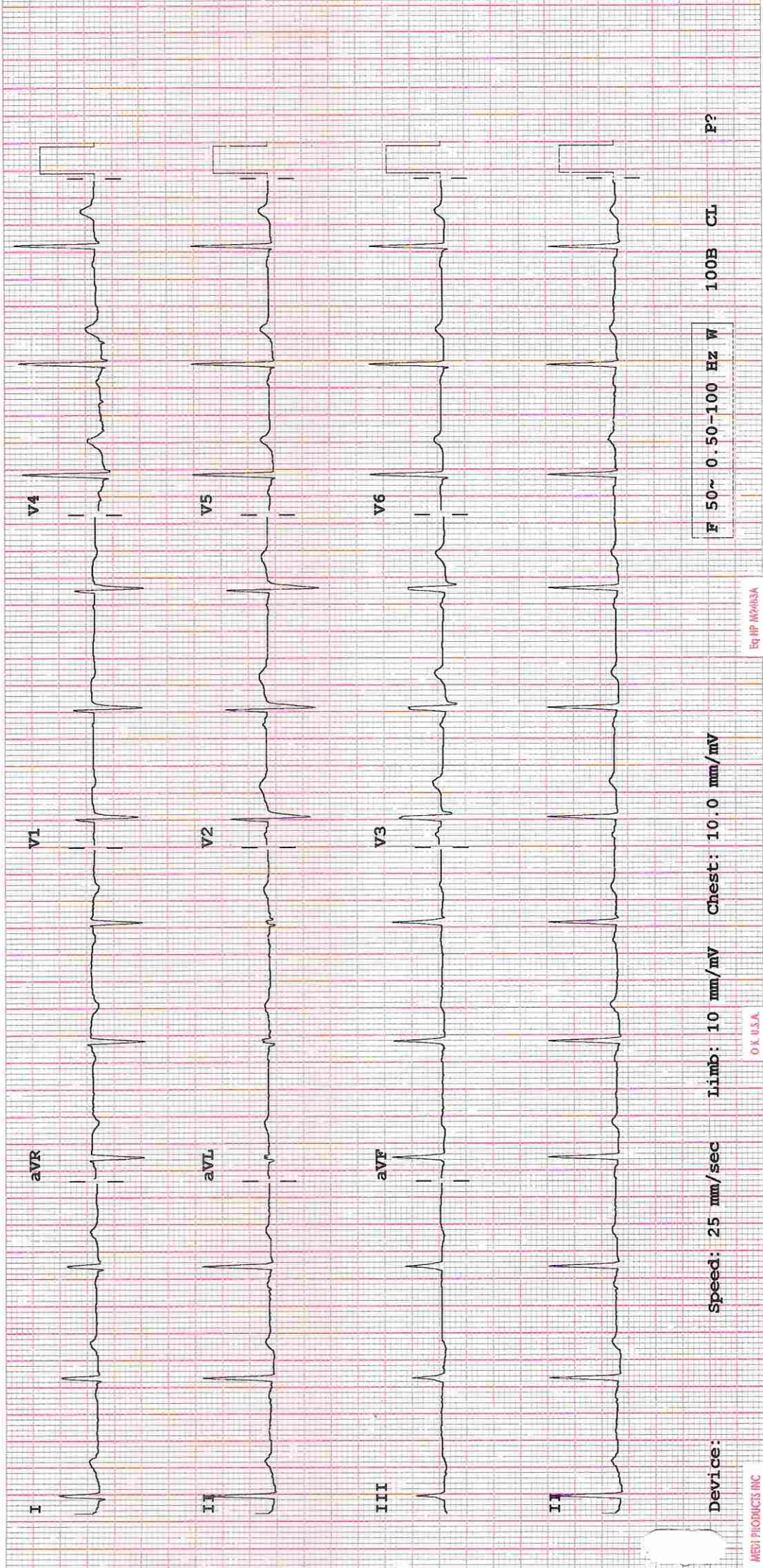
--AXIS--

P 31
QRS 59
T 11

12 Lead; Standard Placement

- NORMAL ECG -

Unconfirmed Diagnosis



Device: Speed: 25 mm/sec Limb: 10 mm/mV Chest: 10.0 mm/mV

F 50~ 0.50-100 Hz W

100B CL

P?



(For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)

Date: 12/Feb/2024

DEPARTMENT OF NIC

Name: Mrs. Swati Vishal Pacharne

Age | Sex: 34 YEAR(S) | Female

Order Station : FO-OPD

Bed Name :

UHID | Episode No : 12197340 | 8157/24/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2402/16813 | 10-Feb-2024

Admitted On | Reporting Date : 12-Feb-2024 11:23:44

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .

TRAD MILL TEST (TMT)

Resting Heart rate	82 bpm
Resting Blood pressure	120/80 mmHg
Medication	Nil
Supine ECG	Normal
Standard protocol	BRUCE
Total Exercise time	06 min 59seconds
Maximum heart rate	166 bpm
Maximum blood pressure	130/84 mmHg
Workload achieved	9.90METS
Reason for termination	Target heart rate achieved

Final Impression :

STRESS TEST IS NEGATIVE FOR EXERCISE INDUCED MYOCARDIAL ISCHEMIA AT 9.90 METS AND 89 % OF MAXIMUM PREDICTED HEART RATE.

DR.PRASHANT PAWAR,
DNB(MED),DNB(CARD)

DR.AMIT SINGH,
MD(MED), DM(CARD)

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39133220

Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199200 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

www.fortishealthcare.com | vashi@fortishealthcare.com

CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823

GST IN : 27AABCH5894D1ZG

PAN NO : AABCH5894D



Hiranandani
HOSPITAL

(A Fortis Network Hospital)

(For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Date: 10/Feb/2024

Name: Mrs. Swati Vishal Pacharne

Age | Sex: 34 YEAR(S) | Female

Order Station : FO-OPD

Bed Name :

UHID | Episode No : 12197340 | 8157/24/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2402/16813 | 10-Feb-2024

Admitted On | Reporting Date : 10-Feb-2024 10:58:57

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF.

X-RAY-CHEST- PA

Findings:

Both lung fields are clear.

The cardiac shadow appears within normal limits.

Trachea and major bronchi appears normal.

Both costophrenic angles are well maintained.

DR. YOGINI SHAH
DMRD., DNB. (Radiologist)



(For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)

Patient Name	:	Swati Vishal Pacharne	Patient ID	:	12197340
Sex / Age	:	F / 34Y 8M	Accession No.	:	PHC.7451284
Modality	:	US	Scan DateTime	:	10-02-2024 11:08:18
IPID No	:	8157/24/1501	ReportDatetime	:	10-02-2024 11:16:13

USG – WHOLE ABDOMEN

LIVER is normal in size and echogenicity. No IHBR dilatation. No focal lesion is seen in liver. Portal vein appears normal in caliber.

GALL BLADDER is physiologically distended. Gall bladder reveals normal wall thickness. No evidence of calculi in gall bladder. No evidence of pericholecystic collection.

CBD appears normal in caliber.

SPLEEN is normal in size and echogenicity.

BOTH KIDNEYS are normal in size and echogenicity. The central sinus complex is normal. No evidence of calculi/hydronephrosis.

Right kidney measures 10.1 x 4.1 cm.

Left kidney measures 10.4 x 5.0 cm.

PANCREAS is normal in size and morphology. No evidence of peripancreatic collection.

PANCREAS: Head and body of pancreas is visualised and appears normal. Rest of the pancreas is obscured.

URINARY BLADDER is normal in capacity and contour. Bladder wall is normal in thickness. No evidence of intravesical calculi.

UTERUS is retroverted normal in size, measuring 7.1 x 3.6 x 4.3 cm.

Endometrium measures 7.0 mm in thickness.

Right ovary is normal in size and measures 4.2 x 1.6 x 1.9 cm, volume ~ 7.0 cc.

Left ovary is bulky in size and measures 4.1 x 4.3 x 2.0 cm, volume ~ 19.8 cc.

No evidence of ascites.

Impression:

- **Bulky left ovary. Recommended clinico-hormonal correlation.**

DR. CHETAN KHADKE
M.D. (Radiologist)