

CERTIFICATE OF MEDICAL FITNESS

NAME: Tilak pillai
AGE/GENDER: 454 male
HEIGHT: 175 cm WEIGHT: 84.8 CO
IDENTIFICATION MARK:
BLOOD PRESSURE: 130 90 mmetg
PULSE: 92 5/m
ANY OTHER DISEASE DIAGNOSED IN THE PAST: Hyperfension - Amlong 5mg
ALLERGIES, IF ANY:
LIST OF PRESCRIBED MEDICINES:
of Mr N. p. C pillai who has signed in my presence. He/ she has no physical disease and is fit for employment.
Dr. SATISH KINI
Signature of candidate Signature of Medical Officer
Place: Spectour Diagnostic & phealth care
Date: 27/04/24
Disclaimer: The patient has not been checked for COVID. This certificate does not relate to the covid status of the patient examined.

SCAN FOR LOCATION

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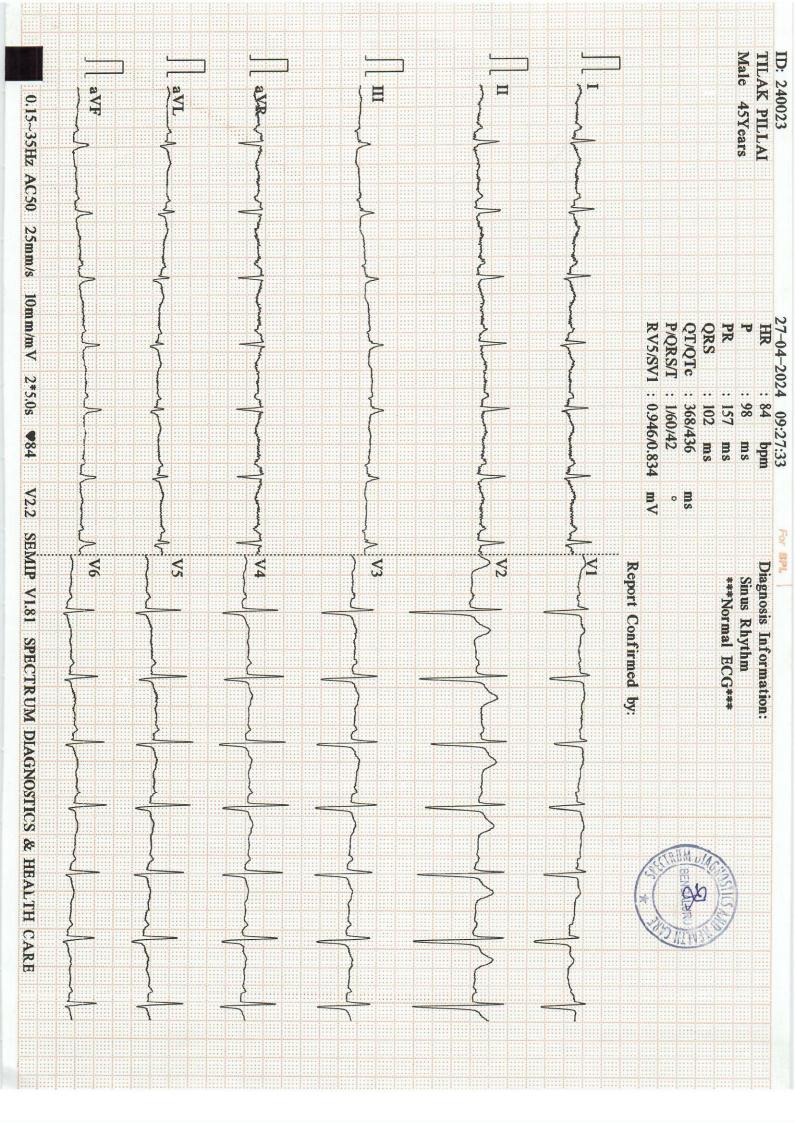
Dr. Ashok S Bsc., MBBS., D.O.M.S Consultant Opthalmologist KMC No: 31827

DATE: 2704.24.

EVE EXAMINATION

NAME: MS-TITAK P	iller AGE: 45%	GENDER: F/M
	RIGHT EYE	LEFT EYE
Vision	619 4pino	
Vision With glass	616 cm	Q6 (0B
Color Vision	Normal	Normal
Anterior segment examination	Normal	Normal
Fundus Examination	Normal	Normal
Any other abnormality	Nill	Nill
Diagnosis/ impression	Normal	Normal
	Jo Congni Dr. ASHO Consultant (O	K SARODHE M.B.B.S. D.O.M.S. pthalmologist)









Age / Gender : 45 years / Male Ref. By Dr.

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC Reg. No. : 2704240023

C/o : Apollo Clinic **Bill Date**

: 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM

Sample Col. Date: 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM

Result Date

: 27-Apr-2024 10:04 AM

Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Fasting Blood Sugar (FBS)- Plasma	105	mg/dL	60.0-110.0	Hexo Kinase

: 2704240023

UHID

Comments: Glucose, also called dextrose, one of a group of carbohydrates known as simple sugars (monosaccharides). Glucose has the molecular formula C₆H₁₂O₆. It is found in fruits and honey and is the major free sugar circulating in the blood of higher animals. It is the source of energy in cell function, and the regulation of its metabolism is of great importance (fermentation; gluconeogenesis). Molecules of starch, the major energy-reserve carbohydrate of plants, consist of thousands of linear glucose units. Another major compound composed of glucose is cellulose, which is also linear. Dextrose is the molecule D-glucose. Blood sugar, or glucose, is the main sugar found in the blood. It comes from the food you eat, and it is body's main source of energy. The blood carries glucose to all of the body's cells to use for energy. Diabetes is a disease in which your blood sugar levels are too high.Usage: Glucose determinations are useful in the detection and management of Diabetes mellitus.

Note: Additional tests available for Diabetic control are Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), Fructosamine & Microalbumin urine

Comments: Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying & brisk glucose absorption.

Probable causes: Early Type II Diabetes / Glucose intolerance, Drugs like Salicylates, Beta blockers, Pentamidine etc., Alcohol , Dietary - Intake of excessive carbohydrates and foods with high glycemic index? Exercise in between samples? Family history of Diabetes, Idiopathic, Partial / Total

Creatinine, Serum

1.10

mg/dL

Male: 0.70-1.30

Modified kinetic Jaffe

Female: 0.55-1.02

Comments: Creatinine is the product of creatine metabolism. Creatinine is a chemical compound left over from energy-producing processes in your muscles. Healthy kidneys filter creatinine out of the blood. Creatinine exits your body as a waste product in urine It is a measure of renal function and elevated levels are observed in patients typically with 50% or greater impairment of renal function.



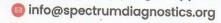
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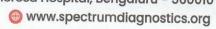
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: 27 Apr, 2024 04:32 pm

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Name

: MR. TILAK PILLAI

Age / Gender Ref. By Dr.

: 45 years / Male : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No.

: 2704240023

C/o

: Apollo Clinic

Bill Date

: 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM

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Report Status

: Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
LFT-Liver Function Test -Seru	m			
Bilirubin Total-Serum	0.76	mg/dL	0.2-1.0	Caffeine
Bilirubin Direct-Serum	0.10	mg/dL	0.0-0.2	Benzoate Diazotised Sulphanilic
Bilirubin Indirect-Serum Aspartate Aminotransferase	0.66 29.00	mg/dL U/L	Male: 0.0 - 1.10 Male: 15.0 - 37.0	Acid Direct Measure UV with
(AST/SGOT)-Serum Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)-Serum	37.00	U/L	Male: 16.0 - 63.0	Pyridoxal - 5 - Phosphate UV with Pyridoxal - 5 -
Alkaline Phosphatase (ALP)- Serum	68.00	U/L	Male: 45.0 - 117.0	Phosphate PNPP,AMP- Buffer
Protein, Total-Serum	7.44	g/dL	6.40-8.20	Biuret/Endpoint-
lbumin-Serum	4.44	g/dL	Male: 3.40 - 5.50	With Blank Bromocresol
lobulin-Serum lbumin/Globulin Ratio-Serum	3.00 1.48	g/dL Ratio	2.0-3.50 0.80-2.0	Purple Calculated Calculated

UHID

: 2704240023

2704240023



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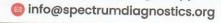
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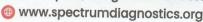
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Radiologist



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Age / Gender : 45 years / Male

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC Reg. No. : 2704240023

C/o : Apollo Clinic

Bill Date UHID : 2704240023

2704240023

: 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM

Sample Col. Date: 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM **Result Date** : 27-Apr-2024 11:33 AM

Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
BUN/Creatinine Ratio				
Blood urea nitrogen (BUN)- Serum	16.70	mg/dL	7.0-18.0	
Creatinine-Serun	1.08	mg/dL	Male: 0.70-1.30	
BUN/Creatinine Ratio	15.46	Ratio	Female: 0.55-1.02 5.0-20.0	Calculated



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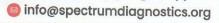
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Age / Gender : 45 years / Male Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 2704240023 C/o : Apollo Clinic

Bill Date : 2704240023

2704240023

: 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM Sample Col. Date: 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM Result Date : 27-Apr-2024 12:21 PM

Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Complete Haemogram-Whole l	Blood EDTA			
Haemoglobin (HB)	16.60	g/dL	Male: 14.0-17.0 Female:12.0-15.0 Newborn:16.50 - 19.50	Spectrophotmeter
Red Blood Cell (RBC)	5.37	million/cu	mm3.50 - 5.50	Volumetric
Packed Cell Volume (PCV)	49.20	%	Male: 42.0-51.0 Female: 36.0-45.0	Impedance Electronic Pulse
Mean corpuscular volume (MCV)	91.50	fL	78.0- 94.0	Calculated
Mean corpuscular hemoglobin (MCH)	30.90	pg	27.50-32.20	Calculated
Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration (MCHC)	33.70	%	33.00-35.50	Calculated
Red Blood Cell Distribution Width SD (RDW-SD)	42.00	fL .	40.0-55.0	Volumetric
Red Blood Cell Distribution CV (RDW-CV)	13.60	%	Male: 11.80-14.50 Female:12.20-16.10	Impedance Volumetric
Mean Platelet Volume (MPV)	9.80	fL	8.0-15.0	Impedance Volumetric
latelet	2.96	lakh/cumm	1.50-4.50	Impedance Volumetric
latelet Distribution Width PDW)	9.90	%	8.30 - 56.60	Impedance Volumetric
White Blood cell Count (WBC)	7030	cells/cumm	Male: 4000-11000 Female 4000-11000 Children: 6000-17500 Infants: 9000-30000	Impedance Volumetric Impedance
eutrophils	56.20	%	40.0-75.0	Light
ymphocytes	35.50	%	20.0-40.0	scattering/Manual Light
osinophils	3.50	%	0.8-0.0	scattering/Manual Light scattering/Manual





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Age / Gender : 45 years / Male Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 2704240023 C/o : Apollo Clinic **Bill Date**

: 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM

Sample Col. Date: 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM **Result Date** : 27-Apr-2024 12:21 PM

Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Monocytes	4.50	%	0.0-10.0	Light
Basophils	0.30	%	0.0-1.0	scattering/Manual Light
Absolute Neutrophil Count Absolute Lymphocyte Count Absolute Monocyte Count Absolute Eosinophil Count Absolute Basophil Count Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)	3.95 2.50 0.32 240.00 0.02 4.0	10^3/uL 10^3/uL 10^3/uL cells/cumm 10^3/uL mm/hr	2.0- 7.0 1.0-3.0 0.20-1.00 40-440 0.0-0.10 Female: 0.0-20.0	scattering/Manual Calculated Calculated Calculated Calculated Calculated Calculated Westergren

: 2704240023

UHID

Peripheral Smear Examination-Whole Blood EDTA

Method: (Microscopy-Manual)

RBC'S

: Normocytic Normochromic.

WBC'S : Are normal in total number, morphology and distribution. : Adequate in number and normal in morphology. Platelets

No abnormal cells or hemoparasites are present.

Impression: Normocytic Normochromic Blood picture.



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UHID : 2704240023

2704240023

Bill Date : 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM

Sample Col. Date: 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM

Result Date : 27-Apr-2024 12:41 PM

Report Status : Final

Test Name Result Unit Reference Value Method

Blood Group & Rh Typing-Whole Blood EDTA

Blood Group

Rh Type

Positive

Slide/Tube

agglutination Slide/Tube

agglutination

Note: Confirm by tube or gel method.

Comments: ABO blood group system, the classification of human blood based on the inherited properties of red blood cells (erythrocytes) as determined by the presence or absence of the antigens A and B, which are carried on the surface of the red cells. Persons may thus have type A, type



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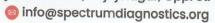
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Radiologist

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Age / Gender : 45 years / Male Ref. By Dr.

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC Reg. No. : 2704240023

C/o : Apollo Clinic **Bill Date**

: 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM

Sample Col. Date: 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM

Result Date : 27-Apr-2024 01:28 PM

Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Post prandial Blood Glucose (PPBS)-Plasma	109	mg/dL	70-140	Hexo Kinase

2704240023

: 2704240023

Comments: Glucose, also called dextrose, one of a group of carbohydrates known as simple sugars (monosaccharides). Glucose has the molecular formula $C_6H_{12}O_6$. It is found in fruits and honey and is the major free sugar circulating in the blood of higher animals. It is the source of energy in cell function, and the regulation of its metabolism is of great importance (fermentation; gluconeogenesis). Molecules of starch, the major energy-reserve carbohydrate of plants, consist of thousands of linear glucose units. Another major compound composed of glucose is cellulose, which is also linear. Dextrose is the molecule D-glucose. Blood sugar, or glucose, is the main sugar found in the blood. It comes from the food you eat, and it is body's main source of energy. The blood carries glucose to all of the body's cells to use for energy. Diabetes is a disease in which your blood sugar levels are too high.Usage: Glucose determinations are useful in the detection and management of Diabetes mellitus.

Note: Additional tests available for Diabetic control are Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), Fructosamine & Microalbumin urine

UHID

Comments: Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying & brisk glucose absorption.

Probable causes: Early Type II Diabetes / Glucose intolerance, Drugs like Salicylates, Beta blockers, Pentamidine etc., Alcohol , Dietary - Intake of excessive carbohydrates and foods with high glycemic index? Exercise in between samples? Family history of Diabetes, Idiopathic, Partial / Total



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info@spectrumdiagnostics.org





Age / Gender : 45 years / Male Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 2704240023

C/o : Apollo Clinic UHID : 2704240023

2704240023

Bill Date : 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM

Sample Col. Date: 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM **Result Date** : 27-Apr-2024 01:28 PM

Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Urine Routine Examination-I	Urine			
Physical Examination				
Colour	Pale Yellow		Pale Yellow	17:1
Appearance	Clear		Clear	Visual
Reaction (pH)	6.0		5.0-7.5	Visual
Specific Gravity	1.025		1.000-1.030	Dipstick
Biochemical Examination			1.000-1.030	Dipstick
Albumin	Negative		Negative	
Glucose	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Precipitation
Bilirubin	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Benedicts
Ketone Bodies	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Fouchets
Urobilinogen	Normal		Normal	Dipstick/Rotheras
Nitrite	Negative			Dipstick/Ehrlichs
Microscopic Examination	Trogutive		Negative	Dipstick
Pus Cells	1-2	hpf	0.0.5.0	
Epithelial Cells	1-2		0.0-5.0	Microscopy
RBCs	Absent	hpf	0.0-10.0	Microscopy
Casts	Absent	hpf	Absent	Microscopy
Crystals	Absent		Absent	Microscopy
Others	Absent		Absent	Microscopy
	AUSCIII		Absent	Microscopy

Comments: The kidneys help infiltration of the blood by eliminating waste out of the body through urine. They also regulate water in the body by conserving electrolytes, proteins, and other compounds. But due to some conditions and abnormalities in kidney function, the urine may encompass some abnormal constituents, which are not normally present. A complete urine examination helps in detecting such abnormal constituents in urine. Several disorders can be detected by identifying and measuring the levels of such substances. Blood cells, bilirubin, bacteria, pus cells, epithelial cells may be present in urine due to kidney disease or infection. Routine urine examination helps to diagnose kidney diseases, urinary tract infections,



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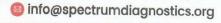
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Bill Date : 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM

Sample Col. Date: 27-Apr-2024 08:36 AM **Result Date** : 27-Apr-2024 04:05 PM

Report Status : Final

Test Name Result Unit Reference Value Method

CHEST PA VIEW

· Visualised lungs are clear .

· Bilateral hila appears normal.

· Cardia is normal in size

No pleural effusion

IMPRESSION: No significant abnormality

MEDICAL EXAMINATION 1 MEDICAL EXAMINATION 1



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Radiologist

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