

## LABORATORY INVESTIGATION REPORT

<b>Patient Name</b>	: Mrs. PRACHITI DAVANE	<b>Age/Sex</b>	: 37 Year(s) / Female
<b>UHID</b>	: SHHM.101038	<b>Order Date</b>	: 27/07/2024 09:41
<b>Episode</b>	: OP	<b>Mobile No</b>	: 9920919381
<b>Ref. Doctor</b>	: self	<b>DOB</b>	: 03/12/1986
		<b>Facility</b>	: SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL, MUMBAI

### Blood Bank

Test Name	Result
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Sample No :	O0347499A	Collection Date :	27/07/24 09:48	Ack Date :	27/07/2024 11:14	Report Date :	27/07/24 12:36
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#### BLOOD GROUPING/ CROSS-MATCHING BY SEMI AUTOMATION.

BLOOD GROUP (ABO)	' O '
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Rh Type	POSITIVE
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Method - Column Agglutination

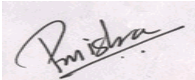
REMARK: THE REPORTED RESULTS PERTAIN TO THE SAMPLE RECEIVED AT THE BLOOD CENTRE.

#### Interpretation:

Blood typing is used to determine an individual's blood group, to establish whether a person is blood group A, B, AB, or O and whether he or she is Rh positive or Rh negative. Blood typing has the following significance,

- Ensure compatibility between the blood type of a person who requires a transfusion of blood or blood components and the ABO and Rh type of the unit of blood that will be transfused.
- Determine compatibility between a pregnant woman and her developing baby (fetus). Rh typing is especially important during pregnancy because a mother and her fetus could be incompatible.
- Determine the blood group of potential blood donors at a collection facility.
- Determine the blood group of potential donors and recipients of organs, tissues, or bone marrow, as part of a workup for a transplant procedure.
- Cross-matching test is done to assess compatibility of donor red cells to the patient.

End of Report



**Dr.Pooja Vinod Mishra**  
**MD Pathology**

Jr Consultant Pathologist, MMC Reg No.

2017052191

RegNo: 2017/05/2191



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### HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
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Sample No : O0347499A	Collection Date : 27/07/24 09:48	Ack Date : 27/07/2024 09:55	Report Date : 27/07/24 10:44
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#### COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC) - EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
Total WBC Count	7.54	x10 <sup>3</sup> /ul	4 - 10
Neutrophils	61.4	%	40 - 80
Lymphocytes	34.0	%	20 - 40
Eosinophils	<b>0.3 ▼ (L)</b>	%	1 - 6
Monocytes	4.2	%	2 - 10
Basophils	<b>0.1 ▼ (L)</b>	%	1 - 2
Absolute Neutrophil Count	4.63	x10 <sup>3</sup> /ul	2 - 7
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	2.57	x10 <sup>3</sup> /ul	0.8 - 4
Absolute Eosinophil Count	0.02	x10 <sup>3</sup> /ul	0.02 - 0.5
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.31	x10 <sup>3</sup> /ul	0.12 - 1.2
Absolute Basophil Count	0.01	x10 <sup>3</sup> /ul	0 - 0.1
RBCs	<b>4.45 ▼ (L)</b>	x10 <sup>6</sup> /ul	4.5 - 5.5
Hemoglobin	12.4	gm/dl	12 - 15
Hematocrit	37.9	%	35 - 45
MCV	85.2	fl	83 - 101
MCH	27.9	pg	27 - 32
MCHC	32.8	gm/dl	31.5 - 34.5



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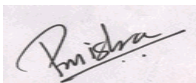
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH-CV (RDW-CV)	12.2	%	11 - 16
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH-SD (RDW-SD)	39.1	fl	35 - 56
Platelet	353	x10 <sup>3</sup> /ul	150 - 410
Mean Platelet Volume (MPV)	8.1	fl	6.78 - 13.46
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW)	15.2	%	9 - 17
PLATELETCRIT (PCT)	<b>0.284 ▲ (H)</b>	%	0.11 - 0.28
Comment	PS Findings: RBCs: Predominantly Normocytic and Normochromic WBCs: Normal Morphology Platelets: Adequate		

*Method:-*  
 HB Colorimetric Method.  
 RBC/PLT Electrical Impedance Method.  
 WBC data Flow Cytometry by Laser Method.  
 MCV,MCH,MCHC,RDW and rest parameters - Calculated.  
 All Abnormal Haemograms are reviewed confirmed microscopically.

*NOTE: Wallach's Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests. 11th Ed, Editors: Rao LV. 2021*

*NOTE :-*  
 The International Council for Standardization in Haematology (ICSH) recommends reporting of absolute counts of various WBC subsets for clinical decision making. This test has been performed on a fully automated 5 part differential cell counter which counts over 10,000 WBCs to derive differential counts. A complete blood count is a blood panel that gives information about the cells in a patient's blood, such as the cell count for each cell type and the concentrations of Hemoglobin and platelets. The cells that circulate in the bloodstream are generally divided into three types: white blood cells (leukocytes), red blood cells (erythrocytes), and platelets (thrombocytes). Abnormally high or low counts may be physiological or may indicate disease conditions, and hence need to be interpreted clinically.

End of Report



**Dr.Pooja Vinod Mishra**  
**MD Pathology**

Jr Consultant Pathologist, MMC Reg No.  
 2017052191



MC-5288

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**Episode** : OP

**Ref. Doctor** : self

**Age/Sex** : 37 Year(s) / Female

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**DOB** : 03/12/1986

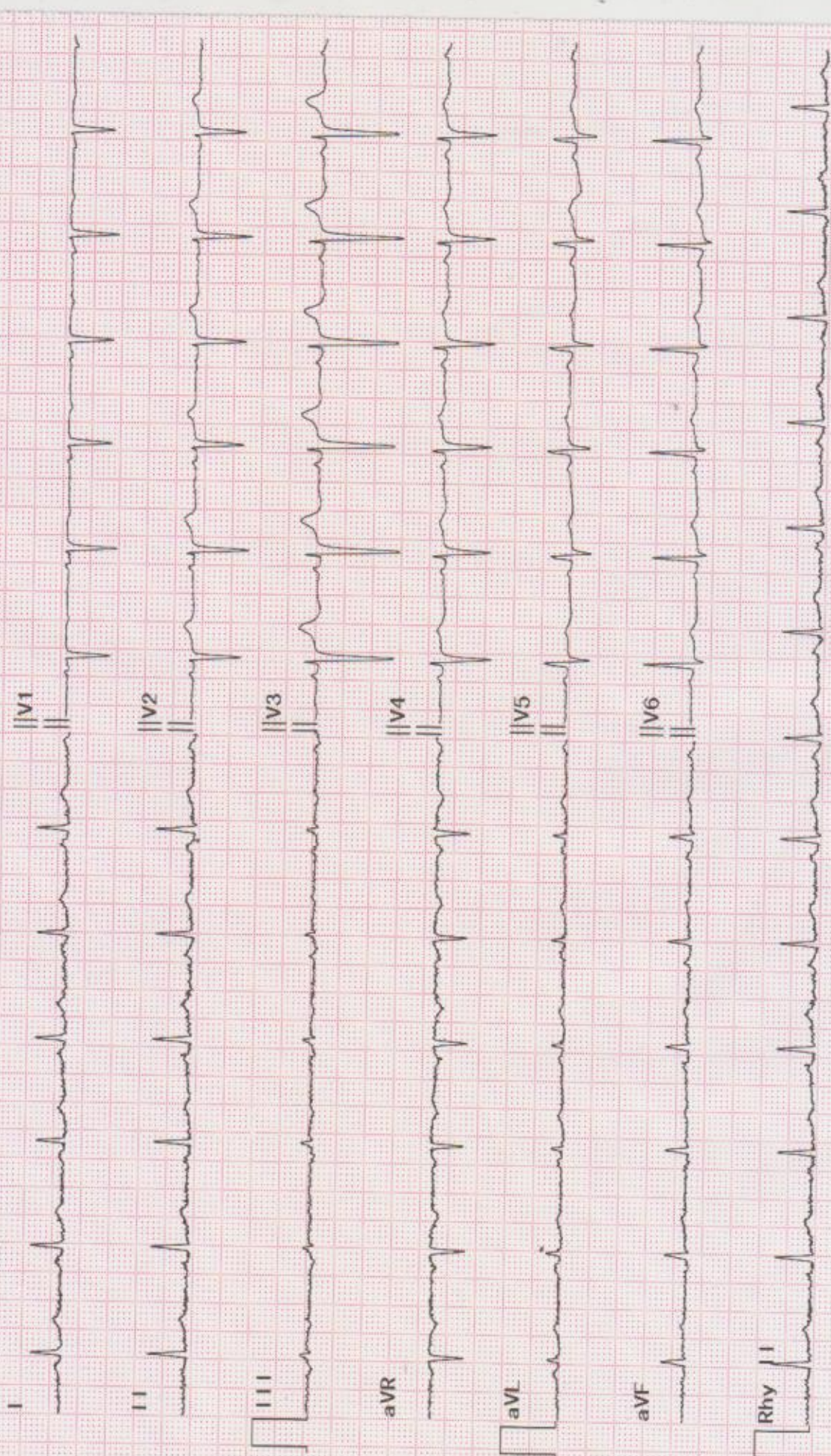
**Facility** : SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL,  
MUMBAI

RegNo: 2017/05/2191



MC-5288

ID : 2407270006      DateTime: 2024-07-27 10:12      Hospital:  
 Name: mrs. prachiti davane      Age : 37      Height :      cm  
 Sex : Female      BP : /      Weight :      kg  
 Divisions:      Bed No. :      Hospital No. :  
 HR 81 bpm      RV5/SV1 amp 0.417/0.830mV      Minnesota Code      Diagnosis Info  
 P Dur/PR int 96 / 130ms      RV5+SV1 amp 1.247mV      9-4-2 (V4)      800 Sinus Rhythm  
 QRS Dur 86 ms      RV6/SV2 amp 0.883/0.943mV  
 QT/QTc int 354/412 ms  
 P/ORS/T axis 40/48/38 °



Diagnosis for reference, ask your doctor to confirm   
 AUTO PRINT 6X2+1R 81bpm      10 mm/mV      0.50Hz-45Hz      AC 50Hz      25 mm/sec      Confirmed By:

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### HAEMATOTOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
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Sample No :	O0347499A	Collection Date :	27/07/24 09:48	Ack Date :	27/07/2024 09:55	Report Date :	27/07/24 12:26
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#### **ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)**

ESR	<b>23 ▲ (H)</b>	mm/hr	0 - 20
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*Method: Westergren Method*

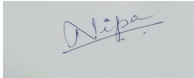
#### **INTERPRETATION :-**

*ESR is a non-specific phenomenon, its measurement is clinically useful in disorders associated with an increased production of acute-phase proteins. It provides an index of progress of the disease in rheumatoid arthritis or tuberculosis, and it is of considerable value in diagnosis of temporal arteritis and polymyalgia rheumatica. It is often used if multiple myeloma is suspected, but when the myeloma is non-secretory or light chain, a normal ESR does not exclude this diagnosis.*

*An elevated ESR may occur as an early feature in myocardial infarction. Although a normal ESR cannot be taken to exclude the presence of organic disease, the vast majority of acute or chronic infections and most neoplastic and degenerative diseases are associated with changes in the plasma proteins that increased ESR values.*

*The ESR is influenced by age, stage of the menstrual cycle and medications taken (corticosteroids, contraceptive pills). It is especially low (0-1 mm) in polycythaemia, hypofibrinogenaemia and congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis, or sickle cells. In cases of performance enhancing drug intake by athletes the ESR values are generally lower than the usual value for the individual and as a result of the increase in haemoglobin (i.e. the effect of secondary polycythaemia).*

End of Report



**Dr.Nipa Dhorda**

**MD**

Pathologist

RegNo: 91821

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MUMBAI



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### Biochemistry

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
Sample No : O0347499B	Collection Date : 27/07/24 09:48	Ack Date : 27/07/2024 09:55	Report Date : 27/07/24 10:43

<b><u>Blood Glucose Random(RBS/FBS/PPBS)</u></b>			
Glucose RBS/FBS/PPBS	93.23	mg/dl	70 - 140
<i>American Diabetes Association Reference Range :</i>			
<p><i>FBS :- 70-100</i>  <i>PPBS :- 70-140</i>  <i>RBS :- 70-140</i></p> <p><i>Post-Prandial Blood Glucose:</i>  <i>Non- Diabetic: Up to 140mg/dL</i>  <i>Pre-Diabetic: 140-199 mg/dL</i>  <i>Diabetic :&gt;200 mg/dL</i></p> <p><i>References:</i>                      1)Pack Insert of Bio system                      2) Tietz Textbook Of Clinical Chemistry And Molecular Diagnostics, 6th Ed, Editors: Rifai et al. 2018</p> <p><i>Interpretation :-</i>                      Conditions that can result in an elevated blood glucose level include: Acromegaly, Acute stress (response to trauma, heart attack, and stroke for instance), Chronic kidney disease, Cushing syndrome, Excessive consumption of food, Hyperthyroidism, Pancreatitis.                      A low level of glucose may indicate hypoglycemia, a condition characterized by a drop in blood glucose to a level where first it causes nervous system symptoms (sweating, palpitations, hunger, trembling, and anxiety), then begins to affect the brain (causing confusion, hallucinations, blurred vision, and sometimes even coma and death). A low blood glucose level (hypoglycemia) may be seen with: Adrenal insufficiency, Drinking excessive alcohol, Severe liver disease, Hypopituitarism, Hypothyroidism, Severe infections, Severe heart failure, Chronic kidney (renal) failure, Insulin overdose, Tumors that produce insulin (insulinomas), Starvation.</p>			

Sample No : O0347499C	Collection Date : 27/07/24 09:48	Ack Date : 27/07/2024 09:55	Report Date : 27/07/24 10:43
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<b><u>ALT(SGPT) - SERUM</u></b>			
SGPT (Alanine Transaminase) - SERUM <i>Method - IFCC</i>	13.04	IU/L	0 - 34





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### References :

- 1) Pack Insert of Bio system
- 2) Tietz Textbook Of Clinical Chemistry And Molecular Diagnostics, 6th Ed, Editors: Rifai et al. 2018

Total Bilirubin - SERUM Method - Diazo	0.66	mg/dl	0 - 2
Direct Bilirubin - - SERUM Method - Diazotization	0.28	mg/dl	0 - 0.4
Indirect Bilirubin - Calculated Method - Calculated	<b>0.38 ▲ (H)</b>	mg/dl	
<b><u>BUN-SERUM</u></b>			
BUN - SERUM Method - Urease-GLDH	8.74	mg/dl	4 - 18

### References:

- 1) Pack Insert of Bio system
- 2) Tietz Textbook Of Clinical Chemistry And Molecular Diagnostics, 6th Ed, Editors: Rifai et al. 2018

<b><u>CREATININE-SERUM</u></b>			
Creatinine - SERUM Method - Jaffes Kinetic	0.66	mg/dl	0.5 - 1.1

### References:

- 1) Pack Insert of Bio system
- 2) Tietz Textbook Of Clinical Chemistry And Molecular Diagnostics, 6th Ed, Editors: Rifai et al. 2018

### Notes :-

Creatinine is a chemical waste molecule that is generated from muscle metabolism. Creatinine is produced from creatine, a molecule of major importance for energy production in muscles. Approximately 1-2% of the body's creatine is converted to creatinine every day. Creatinine is transported through the bloodstream to the kidneys. The kidneys filter out most of the creatinine and dispose of it in the urine. The kidneys maintain the blood creatinine in a normal range. Creatinine has been found to be a fairly reliable indicator of kidney function.

End of Report

**Dr. Ritesh Kharche**  
MD, PGD-HM

Consultant Pathologist and Director of  
Laboratory Services  
RegNo: 2006/03/1680

**Dr. Pooja Vinod Mishra**  
MD Pathology

Jr Consultant Pathologist, MMC Reg No.  
2017052191  
RegNo: 2017/05/2191

**Dr. Nipa Dhorda**  
MD

Pathologist

RegNo: 91821



MC-5288

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MC-5288

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	<b>Facility</b> : SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL, MUMBAI

### Urinalysis

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
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Sample No : O0347499D	Collection Date : 27/07/24 09:48	Ack Date : 27/07/2024 09:56	Report Date : 27/07/24 13:30
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<b><u>Physical Examination</u></b>	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
QUANTITY	30	ml	
Colour	Pale Yellow		
Appearance	Clear		
DEPOSIT	Absent		Absent
pH	Acidic		
Specific Gravity	1.010		
<b>Chemical Examination</b>			
Protein	Absent		Absent
Glucose	Absent		
ketones	Absent		
Blood	NEGATIVE		Negative
Bilirubin	Negative		
Urobilinogen	normal		Normal
NITRITE	Absent		Absent
LEUKOCYTES	Absent		
<b>Microscopic Examination</b>			
Pus cells	1-2	/HPF	
Epithelial Cells	1-2	/HPF	

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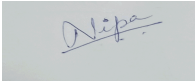
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RBC	ABSENT	/HPF	Absent
Cast	ABSENT	/LPF	
Crystal	ABSENT	/HPF	
Amorphous Materials	Absent		
Yeast	Absent		
Bacteria	Absent		

End of Report



**Dr.Nipa Dhorda**

**MD**

Pathologist

RegNo: 91821



## DIAGNOSTICS REPORT

Patient Name	: Mrs. PRACHITI DAVANE	Order Date	: 27/07/2024 09:41
Age/Sex	: 37 Year(s)/Female	Report Date	: 27/07/2024 16:15
UHID	: SHHM.101038		
Ref. Doctor	: self	Facility	: SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL,
Address	: LAXMAN DAVANE HOUSE BAZAR		MUMBAI
	GULLY VERSOVA, ANDHERI	Mobile	: 9920919381
	WEST,Mumbai, Maharashtra,		
	400058		

### X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Both lungs are clear.

The frontal cardiac dimensions are normal.

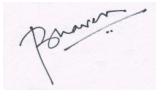
The pleural spaces are clear.

Both hilar shadows are normal in position and density.

No diaphragmatic abnormality is seen.

The soft tissues and bony thorax are normal.

**IMPRESSION:** No pleuroparenchymal lesion is seen.



**Dr. Bhavesh Rajesh Dubey**  
**MBBS, MD**

RegNo: 2017/03/0656



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Tel: +91-11-41195959, Fax: +91-11-29523020

CIN: U24240DL2011PTC216307

## **MEDICAL FITNESS CERTIFICATE**

(To be signed by a registered medical practitioner holding a Medical degree)

This is to certify that Prachiti Davane aged, 37yr. Based on the examination, I certify that he is in good dental and physical health and it is free from any physical defects such as deafness, color blindness, and any chronic or contagious diseases.

Place: **Mumbai**

Date: 27/07/2024

*Dr. Nitesh Kumar*  
MBBS  
BCMR 47093  
Name & Signature of

Medical officer