

Since 1991

CHANDAN DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

Add: 49/19-B, Kamla Nehru Road, Katra, Prayagraj Ph: 9235447965,0532-3559261 CIN : U85110DL2003PLC308206



Patient Name	: Mr.ADITYA KUMAR SINGH - 111908	Registered On	: 09/Mar/2024 09:01:21
Age/Gender	: 50 Y 5 M 4 D /M	Collected	: N/A
UHID/MR NO	: ALDP.0000092017	Received	: N/A
Visit ID	: ALDP0389262324	Reported	: 09/Mar/2024 15:37:31
Ref Doctor	: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE LTD -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY-ECG MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

ECG / EKG *

1.	Machnism, Rhythm	Sinus, Regular	
2.	Atrial Rate	60	/mt
3.	Ventricular Rate	60	/mt
4.	P - Wave	Normal	
5.	P R Interval	Normal	
6.	Q R S Axis : R/S Ratio : Configuration :	Normal Normal Normal	
7.	Q T c Interval	Normal	
8.	S - T Segment	Normal	
9. <u>FINAL IMPRESSI</u>	T – Wave <u>ON</u>	Normal	

ECG Within Normal Limits: Sinus Rhythm. Please correlate clinically





Home Sample Collection

1800-419-0002



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UHID/MR NO	: ALDP.0000092017	Received	: 09/Mar/2024 10:24:07
Visit ID	: ALDP0389262324	Reported	: 09/Mar/2024 12:31:08
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DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

	WHEEL BAINK OF E			
Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
Blood Group (ABO & Rh typing) * , Bl	lood			
Blood Group	A			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA
Rh (Anti-D)	POSITIVE			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA
Complete Blood Count (CBC) * , Whole	e Blood			
Haemoglobin	15.80	g/dl	1 Day- 14.5-22.5 g/dl 1 Wk- 13.5-19.5 g/dl 1 Mo- 10.0-18.0 g/dl 3-6 Mo- 9.5-13.5 g/dl 0.5-2 Yr- 10.5-13.5 g/dl 2-6 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 6-12 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 12-18 Yr 13.0-16.0 g/dl Male- 13.5-17.5 g/dl Female- 12.0-15.5 g/dl	
TLC (WBC) DLC	7,400.00	/Cu mm	4000-10000	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Polymorphs (Neutrophils)	58.00	%	55-70	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Lymphocytes	36.00	%	25-40	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Monocytes	4.00	%	3-5	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Eosinophils	2.00	%	1-6	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Basophils ESR	0.00	%	<1	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Observed	4.00	Mm for 1st hr.		
Corrected	-	Mm for 1st hr.	< 9	
PCV (HCT)	47.00	%	40-54	
Platelet count	47.00	70		
Platelet Count	2.45	LACS/cu mm	1.5-4.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPIC
PDW (Platelet Distribution width) P-LCR (Platelet Large Cell Ratio)	16.20 -	fL %	9-17 35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE

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Absolute Eosinophils Count (AEC)

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DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY

40-440

/cu mm

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS								
IVIEDIWHEEL DAINS OF DARODA IVIALE ADOVE 40 TRS								
Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method				
PCT (Platelet Hematocrit)	0.29	%	0.108-0.282	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE				
MPV (Mean Platelet Volume)	11.70	fL	6.5-12.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE				
RBC Count								
RBC Count	5.07	Mill./cu mm	4.2-5.5	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE				
Blood Indices (MCV, MCH, MCHC)								
MCV	92.90	fl	80-100	CALCULATED PARAMETER				
MCH	31.20	pg	28-35	CALCULATED PARAMETER				
MCHC	33.60	%	30-38	CALCULATED PARAMETER				
RDW-CV	12.50	%	11-16	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE				
RDW-SD	45.00	fL	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE				
Absolute Neutrophils Count	4,292.00	/cu mm	3000-7000					

148.00

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Dr.Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)

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Home Sample Collection



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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Ui	nit	Bio. Ref. Interva	al Method
GLUCOSE FASTING * , Plasma					
Glucose Fasting	96.20	mg/dl		lormal 5 Pre-diabetes Diabetes	GOD POD
Interpretation: a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hyperbolic structure of the second str				•	

b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.

c) I.G.T = Impared Glucose Tolerance.

Glucose PP * Sample:Plasma After Meal	140.20	mg/dl	<140 Normal 140-199 Pre-diabetes >200 Diabetes	GOD POD
			· Loo Diaboroo	

Interpretation:

a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.c) I.G.T = Impared Glucose Tolerance.

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) * , EDTA BLOOD							
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	5.00	% NGSP	HPLC (NGSP)				
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	31.00	mmol/mol/IFCC					
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)	96	mg/dl					

Interpretation:

NOTE:-

- eAG is directly related to A1c.
- An A1c of 7% -the goal for most people with diabetes-is the equivalent of an eAG of 154 mg/dl.
- eAG may help facilitate a better understanding of actual daily control helping you and your health care provider to make necessary changes to your diet and physical activity to improve overall diabetes mnagement.





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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method	
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The following ranges may be used for interpretation of results. However, factors such as duration of diabetes, adherence to therapy and the age of the patient should also be considered in assessing the degree of blood glucose control.

Haemoglobin A1C (%)NGSP	mmol/mol / IFCC Unit	eAG (mg/dl)	Degree of Glucose Control Unit
> 8	>63.9	>183	Action Suggested*
7-8	53.0 -63.9	154-183	Fair Control
< 7	<63.9	<154	Goal**
6-7	42.1 -63.9	126-154	Near-normal glycemia
< 6%	<42.1	<126	Non-diabetic level

*High risk of developing long term complications such as Retinopathy, Nephropathy, Neuropathy, Cardiopathy, etc. **Some danger of hypoglycemic reaction in Type 1 diabetics. Some glucose intolerant individuals and "subclinical" diabetics may demonstrate HbA1C levels in this area.

N.B.: Test carried out on Automated VARIANT II TURBO HPLC Analyser.

<u>Clinical Implications:</u>

*Values are frequently increased in persons with poorly controlled or newly diagnosed diabetes.

*With optimal control, the HbA 1c moves toward normal levels.

*A diabetic patient who recently comes under good control may still show higher concentrations of glycosylated hemoglobin. This level declines gradually over several months as nearly normal glycosylated *Increases in glycosylated hemoglobin occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Iron-deficiency anemia b. Splenectomy

c. Alcohol toxicity d. Lead toxicity

*Decreases in A 1c occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Hemolytic anemia b. chronic blood loss

*Pregnancy d. chronic renal failure. Interfering Factors:

*Presence of Hb F and H causes falsely elevated values. 2. Presence of Hb S, C, E, D, G, and Lepore (autosomal recessive mutation resulting in a hemoglobinopathy) causes falsely decreased values.

BUN (Blood Urea Nitrogen) * Sample:Serum	13.73	mg/dL	7.0-23.0	CALCULATED
Creatinine * Sample:Serum	1.00	mg/dl	0.6-1.30	MODIFIED JAFFES
Uric Acid * Sample:Serum	5.79	mg/dl	3.4-7.0	URICASE

LFT (WITH GAMMA GT) * , Serum

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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	U	Jnit Bio	. Ref. Interval	Method
SCOT / Aspertate Aminetropoferace (ACT)	22.50	U/L	< 35		FCC WITHOUT P5P
SGOT / Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) SGPT / Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT)	14.20	U/L	< 35 < 40		FCC WITHOUT P5P
Gamma GT (GGT)	38.70	IU/L	< 40 11-50		OPTIMIZED SZAZING
Protein	6.20	gm/dl	6.2-8.0		BIURET
Albumin	4.70	gm/dl	3.4-5.4		B.C.G.
Globulin	1.50	gm/dl	1.8-3.6		
A:G Ratio	3.13	,	1.1-2.0		
Alkaline Phosphatase (Total)	128.70	U/L	42.0-165.0		FCC METHOD
Bilirubin (Total)	0.60	mg/dl	0.3-1.2		ENDRASSIK & GROF
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.30	mg/dl	< 0.30		ENDRASSIK & GROF
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.30	mg/dl	< 0.8	J	ENDRASSIK & GROF
LIPID PROFILE (MINI) * , Serum					
Cholesterol (Total)	123.00	mg/dl	<200 Desira 200-239 Bc > 240 High	able (orderline High	CHOD-PAP
HDL Cholesterol (Good Cholesterol)	35.90	mg/dl	30-70	AAAA	DIRECT ENZYMATIC
LDL Cholesterol (Bad Cholesterol)	40	mg/dl	130-159 Bo	bove Optimal brderline High	CALCULATED
			160-189 Hig > 190 Very	,	
VLDL .	46.82	mg/dl	10-33	0	CALCULATED
Triglycerides	234.10	mg/dl	< 150 Norm 150-199 Bc 200-499 Hig >500 Very I	orderline High gh	GPO-PAP

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Dr.Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)







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Age/Gender	: 50 Y 5 M 4 D /M	Collected	: 09/Mar/2024 13:13:53
UHID/MR NO	: ALDP.0000092017	Received	: 09/Mar/2024 13:55:28
Visit ID	: ALDP0389262324	Reported	: 09/Mar/2024 16:23:41
Ref Doctor	: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE LTD -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
JRINE EXAMINATION, ROUTINE *	, Urine			
Color	LIGHT YELLOW			
Specific Gravity	1.005			
Reaction PH	Acidic (6.5)			DIPSTICK
Appearance	CLEAR			
Protein	ABSENT	ʻ mg %	< 10 Absent	DIPSTICK
			10-40 (+)	
			40-200 (++)	
			200-500 (+++) > 500 (++++)	
Sugar	ABSENT	gms%	< 0.5 (+)	DIPSTICK
Sugai	ADJENT	y11370	0.5-1.0 (++)	DIFSTICK
			1-2 (+++)	
		(Y)	>2 (++++)	
Ketone	ABSENT	mg/dl	0.1-3.0	BIOCHEMISTRY
Bile Salts	ABSENT			
Bile Pigments	ABSENT			
Bilirubin	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Leucocyte Esterase	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Urobilinogen(1:20 dilution)	ABSENT			
Nitrite	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Blood	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Microscopic Examination:				
Epithelial cells	1-2/h.p.f			MICROSCOPIC
-				EXAMINATION
Pus cells	1-2/h.p.f			
RBCs	OCCASIONAL			MICROSCOPIC
				EXAMINATION
Cast	ABSENT			
Crystals	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC
Others				EXAMINATION
Others	ABSENT			
Urine Microscopy is done on centrifug	ed urine sediment.	,		
-				

SUGAR, FASTING STAGE * , Urine

Sugar, Fasting stage	ABSENT	gms%
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DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
Interpretation: (+) < 0.5 (++) 0.5-1.0				
(+++) 1-2 (++++) > 2		ç		
SUGAR, PP STAGE * , Urine				
Sugar, PP Stage	ABSENT			
Interpretation: (+) < 0.5 gms%				

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Dr.Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)

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Visit ID	: ALDP0389262324	Reported	: 10/Mar/2024 12:57:07
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DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method	
PSA (Prostate Specific Antigen), Total **	0.44	na/mL	<4.1	CLIA	
Sample:Serum	0	<u>g</u> ,		02	

Interpretation:

- 1. PSA is detected in the serum of males with normal, benign hypertrophic, and malignant prostate tissue.
- 2. Measurement of serum PSA levels is not recommended as a screening procedure for the diagnosis of cancer because elevated PSA levels also are observed in patients with benign prostatic hypertrophy. However, studies suggest that the measurement of PSA in conjunction with digital rectal examination (DRE) and ultrasound provide a better method of detecting prostate cancer than DRE alone⁻
- 3. PSA levels increase in men with cancer of the prostate, and after radical prostatectomy PSA levels routinely fall to the undetectable range.
- 4. If prostatic tissue remains after surgery or metastasis has occurred, PSA appears to be useful in detecting residual and early recurrence of tumor.
- 5. Therefore, serial PSA levels can help determine the success of prostatectomy, and the need for further treatment, such as radiation, endocrine or chemotherapy, and in the monitoring of the effectiveness of therapy.

Dr. Anupam Singh (MBBS MD Pathology)

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Visit ID	: ALDP0389262324	Reported	: 09/Mar/2024 13:26:47
Ref Doctor	: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE LTD -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method	
THYROID PROFILE - TOTAL * , Serum					
T3, Total (tri-iodothyronine)	168.00	ng/dl	84.61–201.7	CLIA	
T4, Total (Thyroxine)	9.50	ug/dl	3.2-12.6	CLIA	
TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)	1.500	μlŪ/mL	0.27 - 5.5	CLIA	
Interpretation:					

0.3-4.5	µIU/mL	First Trimester	
0.5-4.6	µIU/mL	Second Trimester	
0.8-5.2	µIU/mL	Third Trimes	ter
0.5-8.9	µIU/mL	Adults	55-87 Years
0.7-27	µIU/mL	Premature	28-36 Week
2.3-13.2	µIU/mL	Cord Blood	> 37Week
0.7-64	µIU/mL	Child(21 wk	- 20 Yrs.)
1-39	µIU/mL	Child	0-4 Days
1.7-9.1	µIU/mL	Child	2-20 Week

1) Patients having low T3 and T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism, cretinism, juvenile myxedema or autoimmune disorders.

2) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but low TSH levels suffer from Grave's disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.

3) Patients having either low or normal T3 and T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.

4) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goiter. This condition is mostly a symptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.

5) Patients with high or normal T3 and T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 toxicosis respectively.

6) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the catabolic state and may revert to normal when the patient recovers.

7) There are many drugs for eg. Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Lithium, Iodides, Oral radiographic dyes, etc. which may affect the thyroid function tests.

8) Generally when total T3 and total T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 and Free T4 tests are recommended for further confirmation along with TSH levels.

Dr.Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)

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DEPARTMENT OF X-RAY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

X-RAY DIGITAL CHEST PA *

<u>X-RAY REPORT</u> (300 mA COMPUTERISED UNIT SPOT FILM DEVICE) <u>CHEST P-A VIEW</u>

- Both lung field did not reveal any significant lesion.
- Costo-phrenic angles are bilaterally clear.
- Trachea is central in position.
- Cardiac size & contours are normal.
- Hilar shadows are normal.
- Soft tissue shadow appears normal.
- Bony cage is normal.

Please correlare clinically.

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DR K N SINGH (MBBS, DMRE)

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DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASOUND

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN (UPPER & LOWER) *

LIVER: - Normal in size (13.4 cm), shape and echogenicity. No focal lesion is seen. No intra hepatic biliary radicle dilation seen.

GALL BLADDER :- Well distended, walls are normal. No e/o calculus / focal mass lesion/ pericholecystic fluid.

CBD :- Normal in calibre at porta.

PORTAL VEIN: - Normal in calibre and colour uptake at porta.

PANCREAS: - Head is visualised, normal in size & echopattern. No e/o ductal dilatation or calcification. Rest of pancreas is obscured by bowel gas.

SPLEEN: - Normal in size , shape and echogenicity.

RIGHT KIDNEY: - Normal in size (8.9 cm), shape and echogenicity. No focal lesion or calculus seen. Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.

LEFT KIDNEY: - Normal in size (9.7 cm), shape and echogenicity. No focal lesion or calculus seen. Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.

URINARY BLADDER :- Normal in shape, outline and distension. No e/o wall thickening / calculus.

PROSTATE :- Normal in size (3.4 x 3.3 x 3.2 cm vol - 19.6 cc), shape and echo pattern.

Visualized bowel loops are normal in caliber. No para-aortic lymphadenopathy

No free fluid is seen in the abdomen/pelvis.

IMPRESSION : No significant abnormality seen.

EXAMINATION, Tread Mill Test (TMT)

Please correlate clinically

*** End Of Report ***

(**) Test Performed at Chandan Speciality Lab.

Result/s to Follow:

DR K N SINGH (MBBS, DMRE)

 This report is not for medico legal purpose. If clinical correlation is not established, kindly repeat the test at no additional cost within seven days.

 Facilities: Pathology, Bedside Sample Collection, Health Check-ups, Digital X-Ray, ECG (Bedside also), Allergy Testing, Test And Health Check-ups, Ultrasonography, Sonomammography, Bone Mineral Density (BMD), Doppler Studies, 2D Echo, CT Scan, MRI, Blood Bank, TMT, EEG, PFT, OPG, Endoscopy, Digital Mammography, Electromyography (EMG), Nerve Condition Velocity (NCV), Audiometry, Brainstem Evoked Response Audiometry (BERA), Colonoscopy, Ambulance Services, Online Booking Facilities for Diagnostics, Online Report Viewing *

 365 Days Open
 *Facilities Available at Select Location

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