Mediwheel <wellness@mediwheel.in>

Fri 3/8/2024 9:33 AM

To:PHC [MH-Ghaziabad] <phc.ghaziabad@manipalhospitals.com> Cc:customercare@mediwheel.in <customercare@mediwheel.in>



011-41195959

Hi Manipal Hospital,

The following booking has been confirmed. It is requested to honor the said booking & provide priority services to our client

Hospital

Package Name

: Mediwheel Full Body Health Checkup Male Above 40

Patient Package

Name

: Mediwheel Full Body Health Checkup Male Above 40

Contact Details : 8279690978

Appointment

Date

: 09-03-2024

Confirmation

Status

: Booking Confirmed

Preferred Time : 8:30am

110	Member Inf	ormation		-1
Booked Member Name		Age	Gender	1
Ashok Singh Martoliya			Male	

We request you to facilitate the employee on priority.

Thanks, Mediwheel Team Please Download Mediwheel App





You have received this mail because your e-mail ID is registered with Arcofemi Healthcare Limited This is a system-generated e-mail please don't reply to this message,

Please visit to our Terms & Conditions for more information. Click here to unsubscribe.

@ 2024 - 25, Arcofemi Healthcare Pvt Limited.(Mediwheel)

SHEADY CAMINI OF MIXIT MYDIA

INCOMETAX DEPARTMENT GOVT. OF INDIA

ASHOK SINGH MARTOLIA

KUNDAN SINGH MARTOLIA

98/07/1975
Permanent Account Number

APEPM2796L

On.





Name

MR ASHOK MARTOLIA

Age

48 Yr(s) Sex: Male

Registration No

MH011761105

Lab No

202403001089

Patient Episode

H18000001892

Referred By

Collection Date:

09 Mar 2024 10:21

HEALTH CHECK MGD

Reporting Date:

09 Mar 2024 14:20

Receiving Date

: 09 Mar 2024 10:21

BIOCHEMISTRY

TEST

RESULT

UNIT

BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL

Specimen Type : Serum

THYROID PROFILE, Serum

T3 - Triiodothyronine (ELFA) T4 - Thyroxine (ELFA) Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	1.050	ng/ml ug/ dl	[0.610-1.630] [4.680-9.360]
Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	2.830	μIU/mL	[0.250-5.000]

NOTE:

TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to produce the main thyroid hormones T3 and T4. In cases of hyperthyroidism TSH level is severely inhibited and may even be undetectable. In rare forms of high-origin hyperthyroidism, the TSH level is not reduced, since the negative-feedback control of the thyroid hormones has no effect.

In cases of primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are always much higher than normal and thyroid hormone levels are low.

The TSH assay aids in diagnosing thyroid or hypophysial disorders.

The T4 assay aids in assessing thyroid function, which is characterized by a decrease in thyroxine levels in patients with hypothyroidism and an increase in patients with hyperthyroidism.

The test has been carried out in Fully Automated Immunoassay System VIDAS using ELFA (Enzyme Linked Fluorescence Assay) technology.

Page 1 of 3





Name

MR ASHOK MARTOLIA

Age 48 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Registration No

MH011761105

202403001089

Patient Episode

H18000001892

Referred By

Collection Date:

09 Mar 2024 10:21

HEALTH CHECK MGD

Reporting Date:

Lab No

10 Mar 2024 12:50

Receiving Date

09 Mar 2024 10:21

BIOCHEMISTRY

TEST

RESULT

UNIT

BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL

Specimen Type : Serum

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN (PSA-Total):

0.750

ng/mL

[<2.500]

Method : ELFA

Note: 1. This is a recommended test for detection of prostate cancer along with Digital Recta Examination (DRE) in males above 50 years of age

damage caused by BPH, prostatitis, or prostate cancer may increase circulating PSA levels.

- 2. False negative / positive results are observed in patients receiving mouse monoclonal antibodies for diagnosis or therapy
- 3. PSA levels may appear consistently elevated / depressed due to the interference by hetero antibodies & nonspecific protein binding
- 4. Immediate PSA testing following digital rectal examination, ejaculation, prostatic massag indwelling catheterization, and ultrasonography and needle biopsy of prostate is not recomme as they falsely elevate levels
- 5. PSA values regardless of levels should not be interpreted as absolute evidence of the pre or absence of disease. All values should be correlated with clinical findings and results of other investigations
- 6. Sites of Non prostatic PSA production are breast epithelium, salivary glands, peri urethral
 - & anal glands, cells of male urethra && breast mil
 - 7. Physiological decrease in PSA level by 18% has been observed in hospitalized / sedentary patients either due to supine position or suspended sexual activity

Recommended Testing Intervals

- * Pre-operatively (Baseline)
- * 2-4 days post-operatively
- * Prior to discharge from hospital
- * Monthly follow-up if levels are high or show a rising trend

Page 2 of 3





Name

MR ASHOK MARTOLIA

Age

48 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Registration No

MH011761105

Lab No

202403001089

Patient Episode

: H18000001892

Collection Date:

09 Mar 2024 10:21

Referred By

: HEALTH CHECK MGD

Reporting Date:

10 Mar 2024 13:48

Receiving Date

: 09 Mar 2024 10:21

BLOOD BANK

TEST

RESULT

UNIT

BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL

Blood Group & Rh Typing (Agglutination by gel/tube technique) Specimen-Blood

Blood Group & Rh typing

A Rh(D) Positive

Technical note:

ABO grouping and Rh typing is done by cell and serum grouping by microplate / gel technique.

-----END OF REPORT-----

Page 3 of 3

NOTE:

- Abnormal Values

Dr. Alka Dixit Vats

Consultant Pathologist





Name

: MR ASHOK MARTOLIA

Registration No

: MH011761105

Patient Episode

TEOT

: H18000001892

Referred By Receiving Date : HEALTH CHECK MGD

: 09 Mar 2024 10:21

Age

48 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Lab No

202403001089

Collection Date:

09 Mar 2024 10:21

Reporting Date:

09 Mar 2024 12:22

HAEMATOLOGY

TEST	RESULT	UNIT BIOLOGIC	CAL REFERENCE INTERVAL
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (AUTOMAT	ED)	SPECIMEN-EDTA Whole	Blood
RBC COUNT (IMPEDENCE) HEMOGLOBIN Method:cyanide free SLS-color: HEMATOCRIT (CALCULATED) MCV (DERIVED) MCH (CALCULATED) MCHC (CALCULATED) RDW CV% (DERIVED) Platelet count Method: Electrical Impedance MPV (DERIVED)	4.96 13.4 imetry 43.5 87.7 27.0 30.8 # 13.3 163	millions/cumm g/dl % fL pg g/dl % x 10 ³ cells/cumm	[4.50-5.50] [13.0-17.0] [40.0-50.0] [83.0-101.0] [25.0-32.0] [31.5-34.5] [11.6-14.0] [150-410]
WBC COUNT (TC) (IMPEDENCE) DIFFERENTIAL COUNT (VCS TECHNOLOGY/MICROSCOPY)	3.99 #	x 10 ³ cells/cumm	[4.00-10.00]
Neutrophils Lymphocytes Monocytes Eosinophils Basophils	77.0 12.0 # 8.0 3.0 0.0	00 00 00 00 00	[40.0-80.0] [20.0-40.0] [2.0-10.0] [1.0-6.0] [0.0-2.0]
ESR	22.0 #	mm/1sthour	-0.0]

Page1 of 8







Name

: MR ASHOK MARTOLIA

Registration No

: MH011761105

Patient Episode

: H18000001892

Referred By

: HEALTH CHECK MGD

Receiving Date

: 09 Mar 2024 11:38

Age

48 Yr(s) Sex : Male

Lab No

202403001089

Collection Date:

09 Mar 2024 11:38

Reporting Date:

10 Mar 2024 13:11

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

ROUTINE URINE ANALYSIS (Semi Automated) Specimen-Urine

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Colour

PALE YELLOW

(Pale Yellow - Yellow)

Appearance

CLEAR

(4.6 - 8.0)

Reaction[pH] Specific Gravity

8.0

1.005

(1.003 - 1.035)

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION

Protein/Albumin

Negative

(NEGATIVE)

Glucose

NIL

(NIL)

Ketone Bodies Urobilinogen

Negative

(NEGATIVE)

Normal

(NORMAL)

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION (Automated/Manual)

Pus Cells

RBC

1-2 /hpf

(0-5/hpf)(0-2/hpf)

Epithelial Cells

NIL 0 - 1

/hpf

CASTS

NIL

Crystals

Bacteria

NIL

OTHERS

NIL NIL

Page 2 of 8





Name

: MR ASHOK MARTOLIA

Registration No

: MH011761105

Patient Episode

: H18000001892

Referred By

: HEALTH CHECK MGD

Receiving Date

: 09 Mar 2024 10:21

Age

48 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Lab No

202403001089

Collection Date:

09 Mar 2024 10:21

Reporting Date:

09 Mar 2024 16:40

BIOCHEMISTRY

TEST

RESULT

UNIT

BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL

Glycosylated Hemoglobin

Specimen: EDTA

Method: HPLC

HbAlc (Glycosylated Hemoglobin)

5.1

0

[0.0-5.6]

As per American Diabetes Association (ADA

HbA1c in %

Non diabetic adults >= 18 years <5.7

Prediabetes (At Risk)5.7-6.4 Diagnosing Diabetes >= 6.5

Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)

100

mq/dl

Comments: HbA1c provides an index of average blood glucose levels over the past 8-12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemic control.

Serum LIPID PROFILE

Serum TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:Oxidase,esterase, peroxide	152	mg/dl	[<200] Moderate risk:200-239
TRIGLYCERIDES (GPO/POD)	90	mg/dl	High risk:>240 [<150]
2 200 0000		97	Borderline high:151-199
		×	High: 200 - 499 Very high:>500
HDL- CHOLESTEROL	40	mg/dl	[35-65]
Method: Enzymatic Immunoimhibition	10	mg/ ar	[33 03]
VLDL- CHOLESTEROL (Calculated)	18	mg/dl	[0-35]
CHOLESTEROL, LDL, CALCULATED	94.0	mg/dl	[<120.0]
			Near/

Above optimal-100-129

Borderline High:130-159 High Risk:160-189

Page 3 of 8







Name

: MR ASHOK MARTOLIA

Registration No

: MH011761105

Patient Episode

: H18000001892

Referred By

: HEALTH CHECK MGD

Receiving Date

: 09 Mar 2024 10:21

Age

48 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Lab No

202403001089

Collection Date:

09 Mar 2024 10:21

Reporting Date:

09 Mar 2024 12:12

BIOCHEMISTRY

TEST	RESULT		UNIT	BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL
T.Chol/HDL.Chol ratio(Calculated	d)	3.8		<4.0 Optimal 4.0-5.0 Borderline >6 High Risk
LDL.CHOL/HDL.CHOL Ratio(Calculate	ed)	2.4		<pre><3 Optimal 3-4 Borderline >6 High Risk</pre>

Note:

Reference ranges based on ATP III Classifications.

Lipid profile is a panel of blood tests that serves as initial broad medical screening tool for abnormalities in lipids, the results of this tests can identify certain genetic diseases and determine approximate risks for cardiovascular disease, certain forms of pancreatitis and other diseases

KIDNEY PROFILE

Specimen: Serum			
UREA	21.3	mg/dl	[15.0-40.0]
Method: GLDH, Kinatic assay			[==:0 10:0]
BUN, BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	10.0	mg/dl	[8.0-20.0]
Method: Calculated CREATININE, SERUM	10 10 0		
Method: Jaffe rate-IDMS Standardization	1.09	mg/dl	[0.70-1.20]
URIC ACID	5.6	mg/dl	
Method:uricase PAP	5.0	mg/al	[4.0-8.5]
CODTIM CEDIM			
SODIUM, SERUM	136.50	mmol/L	[136.00-144.00]
POTASSIUM, SERUM	4.22	7.7	
SERUM CHLORIDE	104.0	mmol/L	[3.60-5.10]
Method: ISE Indirect	104.0	mmol/L	[101.0-111.0]

Page 4 of 8





Name

: MR ASHOK MARTOLIA

Registration No

: MH011761105

Patient Episode

: H18000001892

Referred By

: HEALTH CHECK MGD

Receiving Date

: 09 Mar 2024 10:21

Age

48 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Lab No

202403001089

Collection Date:

09 Mar 2024 10:21

Reporting Date:

09 Mar 2024 12:12

BIOCHEMISTRY

TEST RESULT	UNIT	BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL
-------------	------	-------------------------------

eGFR (calculated) Technical Note 79.8

ml/min/1.73sq.m [>60.0]

eGFR which is primarily based on Serum Creatinine is a derivation of CKD-EPI 2009 equation normalized to1.73 sq.m BSA and is not applicable to individuals below 18 years. eGFR tends to be less accurate when Serum Creatinine estimation is indeterminate e.g. patients at extremes of muscle mass, on unusual diets etc. and samples with severe Hemolysis Icterus / Lipemia.

LIVER FUNCTION TEST

BILIRUBIN - TOTAL Method: D P D	1.00	mg/dl	[0.30-1.20]
BILIRUBIN - DIRECT Method: DPD	0.20	mg/dl	[0.00-0.30]
INDIRECT BILIRUBIN (SERUM) Method: Calculation	0.80	mg/dl	[0.10-0.90]
TOTAL PROTEINS (SERUM) Method: BIURET	7.10	gm/dl	[6.60-8.70]
ALBUMIN (SERUM) Method: BCG	4.16	g/dl	[3.50-5.20]
GLOBULINS (SERUM) Method: Calculation	2.90	gm/dl	[1.80-3.40]
PROTEIN SERUM (A-G) RATIO Method: Calculation	1.41		[1.00-2.50]
AST(SGOT) (SERUM) Method: IFCC W/O P5P	25.00	U/L	[0.00-40.00]

- Page 5 of 8







Name

: MR ASHOK MARTOLIA

Registration No

: MH011761105

Patient Episode

: H18000001892

Referred By Receiving Date : HEALTH CHECK MGD

: 09 Mar 2024 10:21

Age

48 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Lab No

202403001089

Collection Date:

09 Mar 2024 10:21

Reporting Date:

09 Mar 2024 12:12

BIOCHEMISTRY

TEST	RESULT	LIMITE	WY 0.2
ALT(SGPT) (SERUM)	19.00	UNIT	BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL
Method: IFCC W/O P5P	19.00	U/L	[17.00-63.00]
Serum Alkaline Phosphatase Method: AMP BUFFER IFCC)	135.0 #	IU/I	[32.0-91.0]
GGT	14.0	U	I/L [7.0-50.0]

Liver function test aids in diagnosis of various pre hepatic, hepatic and post hepatic causes of dysfunction like hemolytic anemia's, viral and alcoholic hepatitis and cholestasis of obstructive causes.

The test encompasses hepatic excretory, synthetic function and also hepatic parenchymal cell damage. LFT helps in evaluating severity, monitoring therapy and assessing prognosis of liver disease and dysfunction.

Page 6 of 8

-----END OF REPORT-----

Dr. Alka Dixit Vats Consultant Pathologist







Name

: MR ASHOK MARTOLIA

Age

48 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Registration No

: MH011761105

Lab No

202403001090

Patient Episode

: H18000001892

Collection Date:

09 Mar 2024 10:21

Referred By

: HEALTH CHECK MGD

Reporting Date:

09 Mar 2024 13:31

Receiving Date

: 09 Mar 2024 10:21

BIOCHEMISTRY

TEST

RESULT

UNIT

BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL

GLUCOSE-Fasting

Specimen: Plasma GLUCOSE, FASTING (F)

90.0

mq/dl

[70.0-110.0]

Method: Hexokinase

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and so that no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Increased in Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10-15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides

Decreased in Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinoma, adrenocortica insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy(adrenocortical, stomach, fibro sarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g.galactosemia),

insulin, ethanol, propranolol, sulfonylureas, tobutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

Page 7 of 8

-----END OF REPORT------

Dr. Alka Dixit Vats Consultant Pathologist







Age

Lab No

Collection Date:

Reporting Date:

NH-24, Hapur Road, Near Landcraft Golflinks, Ghaziabad - 201002 Ph. +91 120 353 5353, M. 88609 45566 www.manipalhospitals.com

48 Yr(s) Sex: Male

09 Mar 2024 15:21

10 Mar 2024 12:51

202403001091

Name

: MR ASHOK MARTOLIA

Registration No

: MH011761105

Patient Episode

: H18000001892

Referred By

: HEALTH CHECK MGD

Receiving Date

: 09 Mar 2024 15:21

BIOCHEMISTRY

TEST

RESULT

UNIT

BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL

PLASMA GLUCOSE

Specimen:Plasma

GLUCOSE, POST PRANDIAL (PP), 2 HOURS

113.0

mg/dl

[80.0-140.0]

Page 8 of 8

Method: Hexokinase

Note:

Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying, brisk glucose absorption , post exercise

----END OF REPORT-----

Dr. Charu Agarwal **Consultant Pathologist**





NAME	MR Ashok Singh MARTOLIA	STUDY DATE	09/03/2024 10:42AM
AGE / SEX	48 y / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011761105
ACCESSION NO.	R7022543	MODALITY	CR
REPORTED ON	09/03/2024 10:47AM	REFERRED BY	HEALTH CHECK MGD

XR- CHEST PA VIEW

FINDINGS:

LUNGS: Normal. TRACHEA: Normal. CARINA: Normal.

RIGHT AND LEFT MAIN BRONCHI: Normal.

PLEURA: Normal. HEART: Normal.

RIGHT HEART BORDER: Normal. LEFT HEART BORDER: Normal. PULMONARY BAY: Normal. PULMONARY HILA: Normal.

AORTA: Normal.

THORACIC SPINE: Normal.

OTHER VISUALIZED BONES: Normal. VISUALIZED SOFT TISSUES: Normal.

DIAPHRAGM: Normal.

VISUALIZED ABDOMEN: Normal. VISUALIZED NECK: Normal.

IMPRESSION:

-No significant abnormality seen.

Please correlate clinically

Dr. Prabhat Prakash Gupta MBBS, DNB, MNAMS

CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST

*****End Of Report*****





NAME	MR Ashok Singh MARTOLIA	STUDY DATE	09/03/2024 11:09AM
AGE / SEX	48 y / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011761105
ACCESSION NO.	R7022544	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	09/03/2024 2:39PM	REFERRED BY	HEALTH CHECK MGD

USG ABDOMEN & PELVIS

FINDINGS

LIVER: Liver is normal in size (measures 139 mm), shape and echotexture. Rest normal. SPLEEN: Spleen is normal in size (measures 56 mm), shape and echotexture. Rest normal.

PORTAL VEIN: Appears normal in size and measures 9 mm.

COMMON BILE DUCT: Appears normal in size and measures 4 mm.

IVC, HEPATIC VEINS: Normal. BILIARY SYSTEM: Normal.

GALL BLADDER: Gall bladder is well distended, Wall thickness is normal and lumen is echofree. Rest normal,

PANCREAS: Pancreas is normal in size, shape and echotexture. Rest normal.

KIDNEYS: Bilateral kidneys are normal in size, shape and echotexture. Cortico-medullary differentiation is

maintained. Rest normal.

Right Kidney: measures 97 x 41 mm. Left Kidney: measures 104 x 53 mm.

PELVI-CALYCEAL SYSTEMS: There is mild prominence of right pelvicalyceal system likely extra renal pelvis. Mild

to moderate left sided hydroureteronephrosis is seen.

NODES: Not enlarged. FLUID: Nil significant.

URINARY BLADDER: Urinary bladder is well distended. Wall thickness is normal. Few echoes are seen in urinary

bladder lumen. Rest normal.

PROSTATE: Prostate is normal in size, shape and echotexture. It measures 45 x 26 x 25 mm with volume 15 cc.

Rest normal.

SEMINAL VESICLES: Normal.

BOWEL: Visualized bowel loops appear normal.

IMPRESSION

- -There is mild prominence of right pelvicalyceal system likely extra renal pelvis.
- -Mild to moderate left sided hydroureteronephrosis is seen.
- -Few echoes seen in urinary bladder lumen (ADV: Urine Routine and Microscopy for further evaluation).

ADV: NCCT KUB for further evaluation.

Recommend clinical correlation.

Dr. Prabhat Prakash Gupta MBBS, DNB, MNAMS

CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST

LIFE'S ON

Manipal Hospital Ghaziabad

NH-24, Hapur Road, Near Landcraft Golflinks, Ghaziabad 201 002

0120 3535 353 / +91 88609 45566



HEALTH CHECK RECORD

Hospital No: MH011761105

Name:

MR ASHOK SINGH MARTOLIA

Doctor Name: DR.SHISHIR NARAIN

09/03/2024 12:17PM

Visit No: H18000001892

Age/Sex: 48 Yrs/Male

Specialty: HC SERVICE MGD

OPD Notes:

PRESENT OPHTHALMIC COMPLAINS - HEALTH CHECKUP

SYSTEMIC/ OPHTHALMIC HISTORY - THD X 10 YRS

EXAMINATION DETAILS

RIGHT EYE

LEFT EYE

VISION

6/6

6/6

CONJ

NORMAL

NORMAL

CORNEA

CLEAR

CLEAR

ANTERIOR CHAMBER/ IRIS LENS

N **CLEAR**

N **CLEAR**

OCULAR MOVEMENTS

FULL

FULL

NCT

15

16

FUNDUS EXAMINATION

A) VITREOUS

B) OPTIC DISC

C:D 0.5

C:D 0.4

C) MACULAR AREA

FOVEAL REFLEX PRESENT FOVEAL REFLEX PRESENT

D) VESSELS/ PERIPHERY

REFRACTION: POWER OF GLASS

Right eye: PLANO -6/6 Left eye: PLANO -6/6

NEAR ADD BE +1.50 DSPH N/6

DIAGNOSIS: DRY EYES ADVISE / TREATMENT E/D NISOL 4 TIMES DAILY

REVIEW AFTER

DR.SHISHIR NARAIN

Reg. No.: 9538



Helpline: 99996 51125

In association with

1 of 1