8800465156



PATIENT NAME: SANJIT KUMAR REF. DOCTOR: SELF

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ACCESSION NO : **0321XB002870** AGE/SEX : 51 Years Male

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL PATIENT ID : SANJM120173321 DRAWN :

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST CLIENT PATIENT ID: RECEIVED: 24/02/2024 09:46:11

DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 | RECEIVED : 24/02/2024 09:46:11 | REPORTED : 24/02/2024 17:38:32

Test Report Status <u>Preliminary</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

## MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP ABOVR (\$50) MIARIEN NDING

**XRAY-CHEST RESULT PENDING ECG RESULT PENDING MEDICAL HISTORY RESULT PENDING** ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI RESULT PENDING **GENERAL EXAMINATION** RESULT PENDING CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM RESULT PENDING RESPIRATORY SYSTEM RESULT PENDING PER ABDOMEN RESULT PENDING **CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM RESULT PENDING MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM RESULT PENDING BASIC EYE EXAMINATION RESULT PENDING** SUMMARY **RESULT PENDING** 

Page 1 Of 14





View Details

View Report





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

**NEW DELHI 110030** 

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0321XB002870

PATIENT ID : SANJM120173321

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

DRAWN

AGE/SEX :51 Years

RECEIVED: 24/02/2024 09:46:11 REPORTED :24/02/2024 17:38:32

Units **Test Report Status Preliminary** Results

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP ABOVE (#50) MIARIEN DING **ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN** RESULT PENDING TMT OR ECHO **RESULT PENDING** 

Page 2 Of 14





View Report

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad, 380015 Gujrat, India





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138364 ACCESSION NO: 0321XB002870 AGE/SEX :51 Years ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

**NEW DELHI 110030** 

8800465156

PATIENT ID : SANJM120173321

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

DRAWN

RECEIVED : 24/02/2024 09:46:11 REPORTED :24/02/2024 17:38:32

**Biological Reference Interval Test Report Status Preliminary** Results Units

н	AEMATOLOGY - CBC		
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP A	BOVE 40 MALE		
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	13.7	13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	4.77	4.5 - 5.5	mil/μL
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT	4.78	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
PLATELET COUNT	162	150 - 410	thou/μL
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	43.3	40.0 - 50.0	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	90.7	83.0 - 101.0	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	28.7	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC)	31.7	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW)	13.8	11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX	19.0		
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	10.0	6.8 - 10.9	fL
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
NEUTROPHILS	63	40 - 80	%
LYMPHOCYTES	29	20 - 40	%
MONOCYTES	7	2.0 - 10.0	%
EOSINOPHILS	1	1.0 - 6.0	%
BASOPHILS	0	0 - 1	%
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	3.01	2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	1.39	1.0 - 3.0	thou/μL
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.33	0.2 - 1.0	thou/μL
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.05	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
ADDOLUTE DAGODUTI COUNT	0.00 1	0.00 0.40	/ 1

0.00 Low

**Dr.Miral Gajera Consultant Pathologist** 

ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT



0.02 - 0.10



Page 3 Of 14

View Report



Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad, 380015

Gujrat, India

Tel: 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999 Email: customer care. ahmed abad@agilus. in



thou/µL



CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138364

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

**NEW DELHI 110030** 

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0321XB002870

PATIENT ID : SANJM120173321

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

AGE/SEX :

RECEIVED : 24/02/2024 09:46:11 REPORTED : 24/02/2024 17:38:32

:51 Years

Test Report Status <u>Preliminary</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR) 2.2

**MORPHOLOGY** 

RBC NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC

WBC NORMAL MORPHOLOGY

PLATELETS ADEQUATE

REMARKS NO PREMATURE CELLS ARE SEEN. MALARIAL PARASITE NOT DETECTED.

<b>Interpretation(s)</b>

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait

(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients A.-P. Yang, et al. International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504

This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

Dr.Miral Gajera Consultant Pathologist



Page 4 Of 14

View Details

View Report



Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad, 380015





**REF. DOCTOR: SELF PATIENT NAME: SANJIT KUMAR** 

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL PATIENT ID

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

**NEW DELHI 110030** 

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0321XB002870 AGE/SEX :51 Years

: SANJM120173321 DRAWN

CLIENT PATIENT ID: RECEIVED: 24/02/2024 09:46:11 REPORTED :24/02/2024 17:38:32 ABHA NO

**Test Report Status Biological Reference Interval Preliminary** Results Units

#### HAEMATOLOGY

### MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP ABOVE 40 MALE

### **ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), EDTA BLOOD**

E.S.R 06 0 - 14mm at 1 hr

### GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE **BLOOD**

% HBA1C 5.6 Non-diabetic: < 5.7

> Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG) 114.0 < 116.0 mg/dL

<b>Interpretation(s)</b>

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), EDTA BLOOD-<b>TEST DESCRIPTION</b>:

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change. <b>TEST INTERPRETATION</b>

<br/>
<br/> Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.
Finding a very accelerated ESR<b>(>100 mm/hour)</b> in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease

(Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

<b>LIMITATIONS</b>

<br/> <br/> False elevated</b> ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

<br/>b>False Decreased</b> : Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs (Quinine,

salicylates)

REFERENCE :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin 3. The reference

**Dr.Miral Gaiera Consultant Pathologist** 





Page 5 Of 14

View Report



Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office, Sm Road, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad, 380015





**REF. DOCTOR: SELF PATIENT NAME: SANJIT KUMAR** 

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

**NEW DELHI 110030** 

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0321XB002870

PATIENT ID : SANJM120173321

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

AGE/SEX DRAWN

RECEIVED: 24/02/2024 09:46:11

:51 Years

REPORTED :24/02/2024 17:38:32

**Test Report Status Preliminary**  Results

**Biological Reference Interval** Units

for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis,10th edition. GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-<b>Used For</b>

- 1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
- 2. Diagnosing diabetes.3. Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

- 1. eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
- 2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months. 3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 \* HbA1c 46.7

### <b>HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :</b>

- 1. Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days. 2. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.
- 3. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism,chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods,falsely increasing results.
- 4. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

- a) Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
  b) Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)
  c) HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

Dr.Miral Gajera **Consultant Pathologist** 





Page 6 Of 14

View Report



Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office, Sm Road, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad, 380015 Gujrat, India



DELHI

**NEW DELHI 110030** 8800465156



**PATIENT NAME: SANJIT KUMAR REF. DOCTOR: SELF** 

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ACCESSION NO: 0321XB002870 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL

PATIENT ID : SANJM120173321

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

AGE/SEX :51 Years

DRAWN RECEIVED: 24/02/2024 09:46:11

REPORTED :24/02/2024 17:38:32

**Test Report Status** Results **Biological Reference Interval** Units **Preliminary** 

ABHA NO

### **IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY**

### MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP ABOVE 40 MALE

**ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD** 

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

**ABO GROUP** TYPE B **POSITIVE** RH TYPE

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

Dr.Miral Gajera **Consultant Pathologist** 



Page 7 Of 14





Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office, Sm Road, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad, 380015 Gujrat, India





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

Test Report Status

L PATIENT ID : SANJM120173321

ACCESSION NO: 0321XB002870

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : DRAWN :

RECEIVED : 24/02/2024 09:46:11 REPORTED : 24/02/2024 17:38:32

Biological Reference Interval Units

AGE/SEX : 51 Years

# BIOCHEMISTRY

### MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP ABOVE 40 MALE

**Preliminary** 

**GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA** 

FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR)

100 High

Results

74 - 99

mg/dL

**GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA** 

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)

192 High

70 - 140

mg/dL

### LIPID PROFILE WITH CALCULATED LDL

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	218 High	Desirable: < 200 BorderlineHigh: 200 - 239 High: > or = 240	mg/dL
TRIGLYCERIDES	90	Desirable: < 150 BorderlineHigh: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High: > or = 500	mg/dL
HDL CHOLESTEROL	48	< 40 Low > or = 60 High	mg/dL
CHOLESTEROL LDL	152 High	Adult levels: Optimal < 100 Near optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline high: 130-159 High: 160-189 Very high: = 190	mg/dL
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	170 High	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	18.0	< or = 30	mg/dL
CHOL/HDL RATIO	4.5 High	3.3 - 4.4	
LDL/HDL RATIO	3.2 High	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risl	<

Dr.Miral Gajera Consultant Pathologist

3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate



Page 8 Of 14

View Details

View Report



Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad, 380015

Gujrat, India





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138364 ACCESSION NO : **0321XB002870** AGE/SEX : 51 Years Male

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL PATIENT ID : SANJM120173321 DRAWN :

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST CLIENT PATIENT ID: RECEIVED : 24/02/2024 09:46:11

Test Report Status <u>Preliminary</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

Risk

>6.0 High Risk

### LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM

BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.58	Upto 1.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.27 High	Upto 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.31	0.00 - 1.00	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN	6.8	6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
ALBUMIN	4.7	3.5 - 5.2	g/dL
GLOBULIN	2.1	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	2.2 High	1.0 - 2.0	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)	20	0 - 40	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	17	0 - 41	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	61	40 - 129	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)	13	8 - 61	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	172	135 - 225	U/L

## **BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM**

DI 000 UDEA NITTO 00EN	_		/ 11
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	/	6 - 20	mg/dL

## **CREATININE, SERUM**

CREATININE	0.73	0.70 - 1.30	mg/dL
------------	------	-------------	-------

## **BUN/CREAT RATIO**

BUN/CREAT RAΤΙΟ 9.59 5.0 - 15.0

Dr.Miral Gajera Consultant Pathologist



Page 9 Of 14

View Details

View Report



Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad, 380015

Gujrat, India





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

**NEW DELHI 110030** 8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0321XB002870

PATIENT ID : SANJM120173321

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

AGE/SEX DRAWN

RECEIVED: 24/02/2024 09:46:11 REPORTED :24/02/2024 17:38:32

:51 Years

<b>Test Report Status</b>	<u>Preliminary</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units	
URIC ACID, SERUM				
URIC ACID		6.9	3.4 - 7.0	mg/dL
				3,

# **TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM**

TOTAL PROTEIN	6.8	6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
---------------	-----	-----------	------

### **ALBUMIN, SERUM**

ALBUMIN	4.7	3.5 - 5.2	g/dL

### **GLOBULIN**

GLOBULIN	2.1	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL

# **ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM**

SODIUM, SERUM	140.2	136 - 145	mmol/L
POTASSIUM, SERUM	3.97	3.3 - 5.1	mmol/L
CHLORIDE, SERUM	106.0	98 - 106	mmol/L

Dr.Miral Gajera **Consultant Pathologist** 



Page 10 Of 14

View Report



Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office, Sm Road, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad, 380015 Gujrat, India



<sup>&</sup>lt;b>Interpretation(s)</b>

GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA-<b>TEST DESCRIPTION</b>

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in

d>-Increased in
 b>Increased in
 Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical,stomach,fibrosarcoma),infant of a diabetic mother,enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g.galactosemia),Drugs-insulin,ethanol,propranolol sulfonylureas, tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

<sup>&</sup>lt;br/>
<br/>



Units

**REF. DOCTOR: SELF PATIENT NAME: SANJIT KUMAR** 

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

**NEW DELHI 110030** 

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0321XB002870 AGE/SEX :51 Years

PATIENT ID : SANJM120173321

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

DRAWN

RECEIVED: 24/02/2024 09:46:11

REPORTED: 24/02/2024 17:38:32

**Test Report Status** Results **Biological Reference Interval Preliminary** 

within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment,Renal Glyosuria,Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin

treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

<br/>
<br/> bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

enzyme in the blood.ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilsons disease.

<br/>
ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilsons disease.
<br/>
<br intestine, spleen, heart, Irain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.

<br/>
<br/> disease.Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia,Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis,Liver disease,
Malabsorption,Malnutrition,Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.
<br/>
<br

albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome,protein-losing enteropathy,Burns,hemodilution,increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-<br/>
SER

CREATININE, SERUM-<br/>
- Seru

• blockage in the unitary tract, Kloney problems, such as kidney damage of railarle, infection, or reduced blood flow, Loss of body fluid (dehydration), Muscle prosuch as breakdown of muscle fibers, Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia) <br/>
<br

<br/>b>Higher-than-normal levels may be due to:</b> Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease <br/>
<br/> Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. <b>Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:</b> Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc.

Dr.Miral Gajera **Consultant Pathologist** 



Page 11 Of 14

View Report



Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office, Sm Road, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad, 380015 Gujrat, India





ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

**NEW DELHI 110030** 

8800465156

PATIENT ID : SANJM120173321

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

ABHA NO :

DRAWN :

:

RECEIVED : 24/02/2024 09:46:11 REPORTED : 24/02/2024 17:38:32

Test Report Status <u>Preliminary</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

### **CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS**

### MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP ABOVE 40 MALE

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR Yellow APPEARANCE Clear

### CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH	7.0	4.7 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.010	1.003 - 1.035
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NEGATIVE
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NEGATIVE
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NEGATIVE
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED

## MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	1-2	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS	NOT DETECTED	0-5	/HPF

CASTS NOT DETECTED
CRYSTALS NOT DETECTED

BACTERIA NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED
YEAST NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

REMARKS MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION OF URINE IS CARRIED OUT ON

CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT.

Dr.Miral Gajera Consultant Pathologist





Page 12 Of 14

View Details

View Report



Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad, 380015

Gujrat, India





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138364 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHÍ

**NEW DELHI 110030** 8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0321XB002870

PATIENT ID : SANJM120173321

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

DRAWN

AGE/SEX :51 Years

RECEIVED: 24/02/2024 09:46:11

REPORTED :24/02/2024 17:38:32

**Test Report Status Preliminary** Results **Biological Reference Interval** Units

**Dr.Miral Gajera Consultant Pathologist** 



Page 13 Of 14

View Report



Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad, 380015

Gujrat, India Tel: 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999 Email: customer care. ahmed abad@agilus. in





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138364

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

2050070N NO 0221 VB002870

ACCESSION NO: **0321XB002870** AGE/SEX:51 Years

PATIENT ID : SANJM120173321 DRAWN

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : RECEIVED : 24/02/2024 09:46:11 REPORTED : 24/02/2024 17:38:32

Test Report Status <u>Preliminary</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

### **SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE**

### MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP ABOVE 40 MALE

### THYROID PANEL, SERUM

ТЗ	93.52	80.0 - 200.0	ng/dL
T4	8.19	5.10 - 14.10	μg/dL
TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)	2.470	0.270 - 4.200	μIU/mL

\*\*End Of Report\*\*
Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession

### **CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING & REPORTING**

- 1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient named or identified in the test requisition form.
- 2. All tests are performed and reported as per the turnaround time stated in the AGILUS Directory of Services.
- 3. Result delays could occur due to unforeseen circumstances such as non-availability of kits / equipment breakdown / natural calamities / technical downtime or any other unforeseen event.
- 4. A requested test might not be performed if:
  - i. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate
  - ii. Specimen quality is unsatisfactory
  - iii. Incorrect specimen type
  - iv. Discrepancy between identification on specimen container label and test requisition form

- 5. AGILUS Diagnostics confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.
- 6. Laboratory results should not be interpreted in isolation; it must be correlated with clinical information and be interpreted by registered medical practitioners only to determine final diagnosis.
- 7. Test results may vary based on time of collection, physiological condition of the patient, current medication or nutritional and dietary changes. Please consult your doctor or call us for any clarification.
- 8. Test results cannot be used for Medico legal purposes.
- 9. In case of queries please call customer care (91115 91115) within 48 hours of the report.

## **Agilus Diagnostics Ltd**

Fortis Hospital, Sector 62, Phase VIII, Mohali 160062

Dr.Miral Gajera Consultant Pathologist





Page 14 Of 14

View Details

View Report



Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Grand Mall, Opposite Sbi Zonal Office,Sm Road, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad, 380015 Gujrat, India

