



Add: 49/19-B, Kamla Nehru Road, Katra, Prayagraj Ph: 9235447965,0532-3559261 QN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name : Mrs.TWINKLE KANOJIYA : 26/Oct/2024 08:48:24 Registered On Collected Age/Gender : 31 Y 8 M 27 D / F : 2024-10-26 10:58:29 UHID/MR NO : ALDP.0000152940 Received : 2024-10-26 10:58:29 Visit ID : 27/Oct/2024 10:08:20 : ALDP0283142425 Reported

Ref Doctor : Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH Status : Final Report

# DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY-ECG MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

#### ECG/ EKG

**1. Machnism, Rhythm** Sinus, Regular

2. Atrial Rate 68 /mt

3. Ventricular Rate 68 /mt

4. P - Wave Normal

**5. P R Interval** Normal

6. Q R S

Axis: Normal R/S Ratio: Normal Configuration: Normal

7. Q T c Interval Normal

8. S - T Segment Normal

9. T – Wave Normal

**FINAL IMPRESSION** 

Abnormal: Sinus Rhythm, Short PR Interval. Please correlate clinically.















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# DEPARTMENT OF HAEM ATOLOGY

# MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
Blood Group (ABO & Rh typing), Blood				
Blood Group	Ο			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY/TUBE AGGLUTINA
Rh ( Anti-D)	POSTIVE			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY/ TUBE AGGLUTINA
Complete Blood Count (CBC), Whole Blood				
Haemoglobin	9.70	g/ dl	1 Day- 14.5-22.5 g/dl 1 Wk- 13.5-19.5 g/dl 1 Mo- 10.0-18.0 g/dl 3-6 Mo- 9.5-13.5 g/dl 0.5-2 Yr- 10.5-13.5 g/dl 2-6 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 6-12 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 12-18 Yr 13.0-16.0 g/dl Male- 13.5-17.5 g/dl Female- 12.0-15.5 g/dl	COLORIMETRIC METHOD (CYANIDE-FREE REAGENT)
TLC (WBC) <b>DLC</b>	8,300.00	/Qu mm	4000-10000	IMPEDANCE METHOD
Polymorphs (Neutrophils)	58.00	%	40-80	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Lymphocytes	38.00	%	20-40	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Monocytes	3.00	%	2-10	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Eosinophils	1.00	%	1-6	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Basophils ESR	0.00	%	<1-2	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Observed	32.00	MM/1H	10-19 Yr 8.0 20-29 Yr 10.8 30-39 Yr 10.4 40-49 Yr 13.6 50-59 Yr 14.2 60-69 Yr 16.0 70-79 Yr 16.5 80-91 Yr 15.8	



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#### DEPARTMENT OF HAEM ATOLOGY

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
			Pregnancy	
			Early gestation - 48 (62	
			if anaemic) Leter gestation - 70 (95	
			if anaemic)	•
Corrected	-	Mm for 1st hr.	•	
PCV (HCT)	30.00	%	40-54	
Platelet count				
Platelet Count	1.45	LACS/cu mm	1.5-4.0	ELECTRONIC
				IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPIC
PDW (Platelet Distribution width)	15.30	fL	9-17	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
P-LOR (Platelet Large Cell Patio)	-	%	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
PCT (Platelet Hematocrit)	0.19	%	0.108-0.282	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
MPV (Mean Platelet Volume)	13.50	fL	6.5-12.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RBCCount				
RBC Count	5.22	Mill./cu mm	3.7-5.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Blood Indices (MCV, MCH, MCHC)				
MCV	58.90	fl	80-100	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MOH	18.60	pg	27-32	CALCULATED PARAMETER
манс	31.60	%	30-38	CALCULATED PARAMETER
RDW-CV	15.50	%	11-16	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RDW-SD	37.70	f∟	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Absolute Neutrophils Count	4,814.00	/cu mm	3000-7000	
Absolute Eosinophils Count (AEC)	83.00	/cu mm	40-440	

Dr. Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)











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#### DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method
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GLUCOSE FASTING, Plasma

GOD POD Glucose Fasting 89.70 mg/dl < 100 Normal

> 100-125 Pre-diabetes ≥ 126 Diabetes

#### **Interpretation:**

- a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.
- b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.
- c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE:- Glucose is the major source of energy in the body. Lack of insulin or resistance to it section at the cellular level causes diabetes. Therefore, the blood glucose levels are very high. Elevated serum glucose levels are observed in diabetes mellitus and may be associated with pancreatitis, pituitary or thyroid dysfunction and liver disease. Hypoglycaemia occurs most frequently due to over dosage of insulin.

120.70 GOD POD Glucose PP mg/dl <140 Normal Sample: Plasma After Meal

140-199 Pre-diabetes >200 Diabetes

#### **Interpretation:**

- a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.
- b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.
- c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

#### GLYCOSYLATED HAEM OGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA BLOOD

Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c) %NGSP HPLC (NGSP) 5.50 Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c) 36.10 mmol/mol/IFCC Estimated Average Glucose (eAG) 110 mg/dl

#### **Interpretation:**

#### NOTE:-

• eAG is directly related to A1c.







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#### DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

# MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

- An A1c of 7% -the goal for most people with diabetes-is the equivalent of an eAG of 154 mg/dl.
- eAG may help facilitate a better understanding of actual daily control helping you and your health care provider to make necessary changes to your diet and physical activity to improve overall diabetes mnagement.

The following ranges may be used for interpretation of results. However, factors such as duration of diabetes, adherence to therapy and the age of the patient should also be considered in assessing the degree of blood glucose control.

Haemoglobin A1C (%)NGS	SP mmol/mol / IFCC Unit	eAG (mg/dl)	<b>Degree of Glucose Control Unit</b>
> 8	>63.9	>183	Action Suggested*
7-8	53.0 -63.9	154-183	Fair Control
< 7	<63.9	<154	Goal**
6-7	42.1 -63.9	126-154	Near-normal glycemia
< 6%	<42.1	<126	Non-diabetic level

<sup>\*</sup>High risk of developing long term complications such as Retinopathy, Nephropathy, Neuropathy, Cardiopathy, etc.

N.B.: Test carried out on Automated VARIANT II TURBO HPLC Analyser.

#### **Clinical Implications:**

- \*Values are frequently increased in persons with poorly controlled or newly diagnosed diabetes.
- \*With optimal control, the HbA 1c moves toward normal levels.
- \*A diabetic patient who recently comes under good control may still show higher concentrations of glycosylated hemoglobin. This level declines gradually over several months as nearly normal glycosylated \*Increases in glycosylated hemoglobin occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Iron-deficiency anemia b. Splenectomy
- c. Alcohol toxicity d. Lead toxicity
- \*Decreases in A 1c occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Hemolytic anemia b. chronic blood loss
- \*Pregnancy d. chronic renal failure. Interfering Factors:
- \*Presence of Hb F and H causes falsely elevated values. 2. Presence of Hb S, C, E, D, G, and Lepore (autosomal recessive mutation resulting in a hemoglobinopathy) causes falsely decreased values.

BUN (Blood Urea Nitrogen)

10.20

mg/dL

7.0-23.0

CALCULATED

Sample:Serum







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<sup>\*\*</sup>Some danger of hypoglycemic reaction in Type 1diabetics. Some glucose intolerant individuals and "subclinical" diabetics may demonstrate HbA1C levels in this area.





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# DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

**Interpretation:** 

Note: Elevated BUN levels can be seen in the following:

High-protein diet, Dehydration, Aging, Certain medications, Burns, Gastrointestimal (GI) bleeding.

#### Low BUN levels can be seen in the following:

Low-protein diet, overhydration, Liver disease.

**Creatinine** 0.81 mg/dl 0.5-1.20 MODIFIED JAFFES

Sample:Serum

#### **Interpretation:**

The significance of single creatinine value must be interpreted in light of the patients muscle mass. A patient with a greater muscle mass will have a higher creatinine concentration. The trend of serum creatinine concentrations over time is more important than absolute creatinine concentration. Serum creatinine concentrations may increase when an ACE inhibitor (ACE) is taken. The assay could be affected mildly and may result in anomalous values if serum samples have heterophilic antibodies, hemolyzed, icteric or lipemic.

**Uric Acid** 5.37 mg/dl 2.5-6.0 URICASE

Sample:Serum

#### **Interpretation:**

Note:-

Elevated uric acid levels can be seen in the following:

Drugs, Diet (high-protein diet, alcohol), Chronic kidney disease, Hypertension, Obesity.

#### LFT (WITH GAMMA GT), Serum

SGOT / Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST)	47.20	U/L	<35	IFCCWITHOUT P5P
SGPT / Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT)	24.00	U/L	<40	IFCCWITHOUT P5P
Gamma GT (GGT)	12.90	IU/L	11-50	OPTIMIZED SZAZING
Protein	7.34	gm/dl	6.2-8.0	BIURET
Albumin	4.34	gm/dl	3.4-5.4	B.C.G.
Globulin	3.00	gm/dl	1.8-3.6	CALCULATED
A:G Patio	1.45		1.1-2.0	CALCULATED



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# DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	U	nit Bio. Ref. Inter	val Method
Alkaline Phosphatase (Total)	84.00	U/L	42.0-165.0	PNP/AMP KINETIC
Bilirubin (Total)	0.52	mg/dl	0.3-1.2	JENDRASSIK & GROF
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.15	mg/dl	< 0.30	JENDRASSIK & GROF
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.37	mg/dl	<0.8	JENDRASSIK & GROF
LIPID PROFILE (MINI), Serum				
Cholesterol (Total)	149.00	mg/dl	<200 Desirable 200-239 Borderline Hig > 240 High	CHOD-PAP ph
HDL Cholesterol (Good Cholesterol)	42.20	mg/dl	30-70	DIRECT ENZYMATIC
LDL Cholesterol (Bad Cholesterol)	89	mg/dl	< 100 Optimal 100-129 Nr. Optimal/ Above Optim 130-159 Borderline Hig 160-189 High > 190 Very High	
VLDL	17.54	mg/dl	10-33	CALCULATED
Triglycerides	87.70	mg/dl	< 150 Normal 150-199 Borderline Hig 200-499 High >500 Very High	GPO-PAP gh

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**Appearance** 



# CHANDAN DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

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Patient Name : Mrs.TWINKLE KANOJIYA : 26/Oct/2024 08:48:23 Registered On Collected Age/Gender : 31 Y 8 M 27 D / F : 26/Oct/2024 13:04:51 UHID/MR NO : ALDP.0000152940 Received : 26/Oct/2024 14:05:48 Visit ID : 26/Oct/2024 16:07:30 : ALDP0283142425 Reported

: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH Ref Doctor Status : Final Report

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# DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method	
URINE EXAMINATION, ROUT	INE, Urine				
Color	LIGHTYELLOW				
Specific Gravity	1.010				
Reaction PH	Acidic ( 5.0 )			DIPSTICK	

Protein	ABSENT	mg%	<10 Absent	DIPSTICK
			10-40 (+)	
			40-200 (++)	

**CLEAR** 

200-500 (+++) >500 (++++)

DIPSTICK Sugar **ABSENT** gms% < 0.5 (+)

0.5-1.0(++)1-2(+++)>2 (++++)

Ketone ABSENT Serum-0.1-3.0 BIOCHEMISTRY mg/dl

Urine-0.0-14.0

Bile Salts ABSENT Bile Pigments ABSENT

ABSENT DIPSTICK Bilirubin Leucocyte Esterase ABSENT DIPSTICK

Urobilinogen(1:20 dilution)

ABSENT **Nitrite** ABSENT DIPSTICK Blood **ABSENT** DIPSTICK

Microscopic Examination:

Epithelial cells MICROSCOPIC 1-3/h.p.f **EXAMINATION** 

Pus cells 0-2/h.p.f

RBCs **ABSENT** MICROSCOPIC **EXAMINATION** 

Cast ABSENT

Crystals ABSENT MICROSCOPIC **EXAMINATION** 

ABSENT Others

Urine Microscopy is done on centrifuged urine sediment.













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# DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

SUGAR, FASTING STAGE, Urine

Sugar, Fasting stage ABSENT gms%

**Interpretation:** 

(+) < 0.5

(++) 0.5-1.0

(+++) 1-2

(++++) > 2

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# DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit Bio	o. Ref. Interval	Method
THYROID PROFILE - TOTAL, Serum				
T3, Total (tri-iodothyronine) T4, Total (Thyroxine) T9H (Thyroid Simulating Hormone)	122.00 6.96 <b>10.500</b>	ug/dl 3.2	.61–201.7 2-12.6 27 - 5.5	CTIA CTIA CTIA
Interpretation:		0.3-4.5 μIU/mL 0.5-4.6 μIU/mL 0.8-5.2 μIU/mL 0.5-8.9 μIU/mL 0.7-27 μIU/mL 2.3-13.2 μIU/mL 0.7-64 μIU/mL 1-39 μIU/mL 1.7-9.1 μIU/mL	Premature Cord Blood Child(21 wk - Child	ster er 55-87 Years 28-36 Week > 37Week

- 1) Patients having low T3 and T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism, cretinism, juvenile myxedema or autoimmune disorders.
- 2) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but low TSH levels suffer from Grave's disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
- 3) Patients having either low or normal T3 and T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.
- **4)** Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goiter. This condition is mostly a symptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
- 5) Patients with high or normal T3 and T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 toxicosis respectively.
- **6)** In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the catabolic state and may revert to normal when the patient recovers.
- 7) There are many drugs for eg. Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Lithium, Iodides, Oral radiographic dyes, etc. which may affect the thyroid function tests.
- **8)** Generally when total T3 and total T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 and Free T4 tests are recommended for further confirmation along with TSH levels.

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# DEPARTMENT OF X-RAY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

#### X-RAY DIGITAL CHEST PA

# X-RAY REPORT (300 mA COMPUTERISED UNIT SPOT FILM DEVICE) CHEST P-A VIEW

- Both lung field did not reveal any significant lesion.
- Costo-phrenic angles are bilaterally clear.
- Trachea is central in position.
- Cardiac size & contours are normal.
- Hilar shadows are normal.
- Soft tissue shadow appears normal.
- Bony cage is normal.

Please correlare clinically.



Dr. Aishwarya Neha (MD Radiodiagnosis







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# DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASOUND MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

## ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN (UPPER & LOWER)

LIVER: - Normal in size (14.4 cm), shape and shows diffusely raised echotexture. No focal lesion is seen. No intra hepatic biliary radicle dilation is seen.

GALL BLADDER: - Well distended. Normal wall thickness is seen. No evidence of calculus/focal mass lesion/pericholecystic fluid is seen.

**CBD**:- Normal in calibre at porta.

**PORTAL VEIN**: - Normal in calibre and colour uptake at porta.

**PANCREAS:** - Head is visualised, normal in size & echopattern. No evidence of ductal dilatation or calcification is seen. Rest of the pancreas is obscured by bowel gases.

**SPLEEN**: - Normal in size (11.3 cm), shape and echogenicity. No evidence of mass lesion is seen.

RIGHT KIDNEY: - Normal in size, shape and position. Cortical echogenicity is normal with maintained corticomedullary differentiation. No focal lesion or calculus is seen. Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.

**LEFT KIDNEY**: - Normal in size, shape and position. Cortical echogenicity is normal with maintained corticomedullary differentiation. No focal lesion or calculus is seen. Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.

**URINARY BLADDER:** Is adequately distended. No evidence of wall thickening/calculus is seen.

**UTERUS**:- Is normal in size (9.4 x 3.4 cm). No focal myometrial lesion is seen. Endometrium is normal in thickness 8.5 mm.

**OVARIES**: Bilateral ovaries are normal in size, shape and echogenicity. Right ovary - 26 x 9.6 mm, Left ovary - 35 x 16 mm.

**ADNEXA:** No obvious adnexal pathology is seen.

**HIGH RESOLUTION**: No evidence of bowel loop dilatation or abnormal wall thickening is seen. No significant retroperitoneal lymphadenopathy is seen. No free fluid is seen in the abdomen/pelvis.

**IMPRESSION**: Garde I fatty changes.

Please correlate clinically.



End Of Report \*\*\*

EXAMINATION, SUGAR, PP STAGE, Tread Mill Test (TMT), PAP SMEAR FO



Dr. Aishwarya Neha (MD Radiodiagnosis

This report is not for medico legal purpose. If clinical correlation is not established, kindly repeat the test at no additional cost within seven days

Facilities: MRI, CT scan, DR X-ray, Ultrasound, Sonomammography, Digital Mammography, ECG (Bedside also), 2D Echo, TMT, Holter, OPG, EEG, NCV, EMG & BERA, Audiometry, BMD, PFT, Fibroscan, Bronchoscopy, Colonoscopy and Endoscopy, Allergy Testing, Biochemistry & Immunoassay, Hematology, Microbiology & Serology, Histopathology & Immunohistochemistry, Cytogenetics and Molecular Diagnostics and Health Checkups 3 365 Days Open

\*Facilities Available at Select Location







