



Use a QR Code Scanner  
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2405001095  
Name : MS.MANISHA PANCHAL  
Age / Gender : 24 Years / Female  
Consulting Dr. : -  
Reg. Location : G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

Collected : 19-Feb-2024 / 09:59  
Reported : 19-Feb-2024 / 11:50

**AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE**

**CBC (Complete Blood Count), Blood**

| <u>PARAMETER</u>                                   | <u>RESULTS</u> | <u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u> | <u>METHOD</u>      |
|--|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| <b><u>RBC PARAMETERS</u></b>                       |                |                             |                    |
| Haemoglobin  | 14.1           | 12.0-15.0 g/dL              | Spectrophotometric |
| RBC  | 5.08           | 3.8-4.8 mil/cmm             | Elect. Impedance   |
| PCV  | 43.3           | 36-46 %                     | Measured           |
| MCV  | 85.1           | 80-100 fl                   | Calculated         |
| MCH  | 27.7           | 27-32 pg                    | Calculated         |
| MCHC   | 32.6           | 31.5-34.5 g/dL              | Calculated         |
| RDW  | 11.9           | 11.6-14.0 %                 | Calculated         |
| <b><u>WBC PARAMETERS</u></b>                       |                |                             |                    |
| WBC Total Count                                    | 7590           | 4000-10000 /cmm             | Elect. Impedance   |
| <b><u>WBC DIFFERENTIAL AND ABSOLUTE COUNTS</u></b> |                |                             |                    |
| Lymphocytes  | 31.0           | 20-40 %                     |                    |
| Absolute Lymphocytes                               | 2352.9         | 1000-3000 /cmm              | Calculated         |
| Monocytes  | 6.8            | 2-10 %                      |                    |
| Absolute Monocytes                                 | 516.1          | 200-1000 /cmm               | Calculated         |
| Neutrophils  | 57.4           | 40-80 %                     |                    |
| Absolute Neutrophils                               | 4356.7         | 2000-7000 /cmm              | Calculated         |
| Eosinophils  | 4.7            | 1-6 %                       |                    |
| Absolute Eosinophils                               | 356.7          | 20-500 /cmm                 | Calculated         |
| Basophils  | 0.1            | 0.1-2 %                     |                    |
| Absolute Basophils                                 | 7.6            | 20-100 /cmm                 | Calculated         |
| Immature Leukocytes                                | -              |                             |                    |

WBC Differential Count by Absorbance & Impedance method/Microscopy.

**PLATELET PARAMETERS**

|                |        |                    |                  |
|----------------|--------|--------------------|------------------|
| Platelet Count | 255000 | 150000-400000 /cmm | Elect. Impedance |
| MPV            | 9.8    | 6-11 fl            | Calculated       |
| PDW            | 14.3   | 11-18 %            | Calculated       |

**RBC MORPHOLOGY**

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Hypochromia  | - |
| Microcytosis | - |

Authenticity Check



Use a QR Code Scanner  
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2405001095  
Name : MS.MANISHA PANCHAL  
Age / Gender : 24 Years / Female  
Consulting Dr. : -  
Reg. Location : G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

Collected : 19-Feb-2024 / 09:59  
Reported : 19-Feb-2024 / 11:38

Macrocytosis -  
Anisocytosis -  
Poikilocytosis -  
Polychromasia -  
Target Cells -  
Basophilic Stippling -  
Normoblasts -  
Others Normocytic, Normochromic  
WBC MORPHOLOGY -  
PLATELET MORPHOLOGY -  
COMMENT -

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood

ESR, EDTA WB-ESR 8 2-20 mm at 1 hr. Sedimentation

**Clinical Significance:** The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), also called a sedimentation rate is the rate red blood cells sediment in a period of time.

**Interpretation:**

Factors that increase ESR: Old age, Pregnancy, Anemia

Factors that decrease ESR: Extreme leukocytosis, Polycythemia, Red cell abnormalities- Sickle cell disease

**Limitations:**

- It is a non-specific measure of inflammation.
- The use of the ESR as a screening test in asymptomatic persons is limited by its low sensitivity and specificity.

**Reflex Test:** C-Reactive Protein (CRP) is the recommended test in acute inflammatory conditions.

**Reference:**

- Pack Insert
- Brigden ML. Clinical utility of the erythrocyte sedimentation rate. American family physician. 1999 Oct 1;60(5):1443-50.

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

*J. Mujawar*

**Dr. IMRAN MUJAWAR**  
M.D ( Path )  
Pathologist





Use a QR Code Scanner  
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2405001095  
Name : MS.MANISHA PANCHAL  
Age / Gender : 24 Years / Female  
Consulting Dr. : -  
Reg. Location : G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

Collected : 19-Feb-2024 / 09:59  
Reported : 19-Feb-2024 / 16:08

**AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE**

| PARAMETER                                | RESULTS | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE   | METHOD                                      |
|--|---------|--|---|
| GLUCOSE (SUGAR) FASTING, Fluoride Plasma | 79.9    | Non-Diabetic: < 100 mg/dl<br>Impaired Fasting Glucose: 100-125 mg/dl<br>Diabetic: >= 126 mg/dl | Hexokinase                                  |
| BILIRUBIN (TOTAL), Serum                 | 0.39    | 0.1-1.2 mg/dl  | Diazo                                       |
| BILIRUBIN (DIRECT), Serum                | 0.17    | 0-0.3 mg/dl  | Diazo                                       |
| BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT), Serum              | 0.22    | 0.1-1.0 mg/dl  | Calculated                                  |
| TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum                    | 7.3     | 6.4-8.3 g/dL   | Biuret                                      |
| ALBUMIN, Serum                           | 5.0     | 3.5-5.2 g/dL   | BCG   |
| GLOBULIN, Serum                          | 2.3     | 2.3-3.5 g/dL   | Calculated                                  |
| A/G RATIO, Serum                         | 2.2     | 1 - 2  | Calculated                                  |
| SGOT (AST), Serum                        | 16.6    | 5-32 U/L   | IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation |
| SGPT (ALT), Serum                        | 13.7    | 5-33 U/L   | IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation |
| GAMMA GT, Serum                          | 9.8     | 3-40 U/L   | IFCC  |
| ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, Serum              | 82.6    | 35-105 U/L   | PNPP  |
| BLOOD UREA, Serum                        | 15.1    | 12.8-42.8 mg/dl  | Urease & GLDH                               |
| BUN, Serum                               | 7.1     | 6-20 mg/dl   | Calculated                                  |
| CREATININE, Serum                        | 0.71    | 0.51-0.95 mg/dl  | Enzymatic                                   |

Authenticity Check



Use a QR Code Scanner  
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2405001095  
Name : MS.MANISHA PANCHAL  
Age / Gender : 24 Years / Female  
Consulting Dr. : -  
Reg. Location : G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

Collected : 19-Feb-2024 / 09:59  
Reported : 19-Feb-2024 / 16:08

|             |     |                                    |            |
|-------------|-----|------------------------------------|------------|
| eGFR, Serum | 122 | (ml/min/1.73sqm)                   | Calculated |
|             |     | Normal or High: Above 90           |            |
|             |     | Mild decrease: 60-89               |            |
|             |     | Mild to moderate decrease: 45-59   |            |
|             |     | Moderate to severe decrease: 30-44 |            |
|             |     | Severe decrease: 15-29             |            |
|             |     | Kidney failure: <15                |            |

Note: eGFR estimation is calculated using 2021 CKD-EPI GFR equation w.e.f 16-08-2023

|                         |        |               |         |
|-------------------------|--------|---------------|---------|
| URIC ACID, Serum        | 6.0    | 2.4-5.7 mg/dl | Uricase |
| Urine Sugar (Fasting)   | Absent | Absent        |         |
| Urine Ketones (Fasting) | Absent | Absent        |         |

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West  
\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

*J. Mujawar*

**Dr. IMRAN MUJAWAR**  
M.D ( Path )  
Pathologist





Use a QR Code Scanner  
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2405001095  
Name : MS.MANISHA PANCHAL  
Age / Gender : 24 Years / Female  
Consulting Dr. : -  
Reg. Location : G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

Collected : 19-Feb-2024 / 09:59  
Reported : 19-Feb-2024 / 13:27

**AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE**  
**GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c)**

| PARAMETER                                     | RESULTS | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE   | METHOD     |
|---|---------|--|------------|
| Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), EDTA WB - CC | 4.4     | Non-Diabetic Level: < 5.7 %<br>Prediabetic Level: 5.7-6.4 %<br>Diabetic Level: >/= 6.5 % | HPLC       |
| Estimated Average Glucose (eAG), EDTA WB - CC | 79.6    | mg/dl  | Calculated |

**Intended use:**

- In patients who are meeting treatment goals, HbA1c test should be performed at least 2 times a year
- In patients whose therapy has changed or who are not meeting glycemic goals, it should be performed quarterly
- For microvascular disease prevention, the HbA1C goal for non pregnant adults in general is Less than 7%.

**Clinical Significance:**

- HbA1c, Glycosylated hemoglobin or glycated hemoglobin, is hemoglobin with glucose molecule attached to it.
- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.

**Test Interpretation:**

- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of Glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.
- HbA1c test may be used to screen for and diagnose diabetes or risk of developing diabetes.
- To monitor compliance and long term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
- Index of diabetic control, predicting development and progression of diabetic micro vascular complications.

**Factors affecting HbA1c results:**

**Increased in:** High fetal hemoglobin, Chronic renal failure, Iron deficiency anemia, Splenectomy, Increased serum triglycerides, Alcohol ingestion, Lead/opiate poisoning and Salicylate treatment.

**Decreased in:** Shortened RBC lifespan (Hemolytic anemia, blood loss), following transfusions, pregnancy, ingestion of large amount of Vitamin E or Vitamin C and Hemoglobinopathies

**Reflex tests:** Blood glucose levels, CGM (Continuous Glucose monitoring)

**References:** ADA recommendations, AACC, Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests 10th edition.

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West  
\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

*J. Mujawar*

**Dr. IMRAN MUJAWAR**  
M.D ( Path )  
Pathologist





Use a QR Code Scanner  
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2405001095  
Name : MS.MANISHA PANCHAL  
Age / Gender : 24 Years / Female  
Consulting Dr. : -  
Reg. Location : G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

Collected : 19-Feb-2024 / 09:59  
Reported : 19-Feb-2024 / 15:29

R  
E  
P  
O  
R  
T

**AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE**  
**URINE EXAMINATION REPORT**

| PARAMETER                      | RESULTS      | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE | METHOD             |
|--------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| <b>PHYSICAL EXAMINATION</b>    |              |                      |                    |
| Color                          | Pale yellow  | Pale Yellow          | -                  |
| Reaction (pH)                  | Acidic (6.0) | 4.5 - 8.0            | Chemical Indicator |
| Specific Gravity               | 1.015        | 1.010-1.030          | Chemical Indicator |
| Transparency                   | Slight hazy  | Clear                | -                  |
| Volume (ml)                    | 30           | -                    | -                  |
| <b>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION</b>    |              |                      |                    |
| Proteins                       | Absent       | Absent               | pH Indicator       |
| Glucose                        | Absent       | Absent               | GOD-POD            |
| Ketones                        | Absent       | Absent               | Legals Test        |
| Blood                          | Absent       | Absent               | Peroxidase         |
| Bilirubin                      | Absent       | Absent               | Diazonium Salt     |
| Urobilinogen                   | Normal       | Normal               | Diazonium Salt     |
| Nitrite                        | Absent       | Absent               | Griess Test        |
| <b>MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION</b> |              |                      |                    |
| Leukocytes(Pus cells)/hpf      | 0-1          | 0-5/hpf              |                    |
| Red Blood Cells / hpf          | Absent       | 0-2/hpf              |                    |
| Epithelial Cells / hpf         | 0-1          |                      |                    |
| Casts                          | Absent       | Absent               |                    |
| Crystals                       | Absent       | Absent               |                    |
| Amorphous debris               | Absent       | Absent               |                    |
| Bacteria / hpf                 | 1-2          | Less than 20/hpf     |                    |
| Others                         | -            |                      |                    |

**Interpretation:** The concentration values of Chemical analytes corresponding to the grading given in the report are as follows:

- Protein ( 1+ = 25 mg/dl , 2+ =75 mg/dl , 3+ = 150 mg/dl , 4+ = 500 mg/dl )
- Glucose(1+ = 50 mg/dl , 2+ =100 mg/dl , 3+ =300 mg/dl ,4+ =1000 mg/dl )
- Ketone (1+ =5 mg/dl , 2+ = 15 mg/dl , 3+= 50 mg/dl , 4+ = 150 mg/dl )

Reference: Pack inert

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West  
\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

*V. Kulkarni*  
**Dr. VANDANA KULKARNI**  
M.D ( Path )  
Pathologist



CID : 2405001095  
Name : MS.MANISHA PANCHAL  
Age / Gender : 24 Years / Female  
Consulting Dr. : -  
Reg. Location : G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

Collected : 19-Feb-2024 / 09:59  
Reported : 19-Feb-2024 / 13:06

**AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE**  
**BLOOD GROUPING & Rh TYPING**

| <u>PARAMETER</u> | <u>RESULTS</u> |
|------------------|----------------|
| ABO GROUP        | AB             |
| Rh TYPING        | Positive       |

NOTE: Test performed by Semi- automated column agglutination technology (CAT)

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood and/or serum

Clinical significance:  
ABO system is most important of all blood group in transfusion medicine

**Limitations:**

- ABO blood group of new born is performed only by cell (forward) grouping because allo antibodies in cord blood are of maternal origin.
- Since A & B antigens are not fully developed at birth, both Anti-A & Anti-B antibodies appear after the first 4 to 6 months of life. As a result, weaker reactions may occur with red cells of newborns than of adults.
- Confirmation of newborn's blood group is indicated when A & B antigen expression and the isoagglutinins are fully developed at 2 to 4 years of age & remains constant throughout life.
- Cord blood is contaminated with Wharton's jelly that causes red cell aggregation leading to false positive result
- The Hh blood group also known as Oh or Bombay blood group is rare blood group type. The term Bombay is used to refer the phenotype that lacks normal expression of ABH antigens because of inheritance of hh genotype.

**References:**

1. Denise M Harmening, Modern Blood Banking and Transfusion Practices- 6th Edition 2012. F.A. Davis company. Philadelphia
2. AABB technical manual

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West  
\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

*J. Mujawar*

**Dr. IMRAN MUJAWAR**  
**M.D ( Path )**  
**Pathologist**





CID : 2405001095  
Name : MS.MANISHA PANCHAL  
Age / Gender : 24 Years / Female  
Consulting Dr. : -  
Reg. Location : G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

Collected : 19-Feb-2024 / 09:59  
Reported : 19-Feb-2024 / 16:08

**AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE**

**LIPID PROFILE**

| PARAMETER                        | RESULTS | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE  | METHOD                                   |
|----------------------------------|---------|---|--|
| CHOLESTEROL, Serum               | 188.0   | Desirable: <200 mg/dl<br>Borderline High: 200-239mg/dl<br>High: >/=240 mg/dl  | CHOD-POD                                 |
| TRIGLYCERIDES, Serum             | 131.8   | Normal: <150 mg/dl<br>Borderline-high: 150 - 199 mg/dl<br>High: 200 - 499 mg/dl<br>Very high:>/=500 mg/dl                                     | GPO-POD                                  |
| HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum           | 41.0    | Desirable: >60 mg/dl<br>Borderline: 40 - 60 mg/dl<br>Low (High risk): <40 mg/dl   | Homogeneous enzymatic colorimetric assay |
| NON HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum       | 147.0   | Desirable: <130 mg/dl<br>Borderline-high:130 - 159 mg/dl<br>High:160 - 189 mg/dl<br>Very high: >/=190 mg/dl                                   | Calculated                               |
| LDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum           | 121.0   | Optimal: <100 mg/dl<br>Near Optimal: 100 - 129 mg/dl<br>Borderline High: 130 - 159 mg/dl<br>High: 160 - 189 mg/dl<br>Very High: >/= 190 mg/dl | Calculated                               |
| VLDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum          | 26.0    | < /= 30 mg/dl   | Calculated                               |
| CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum     | 4.6     | 0-4.5 Ratio   | Calculated                               |
| LDL CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum | 3.0     | 0-3.5 Ratio   | Calculated                               |

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West  
\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

*Vandana Kulkarni*  
**Dr.VANDANA KULKARNI**  
M.D ( Path )  
Pathologist





Use a QR Code Scanner  
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2405001095  
Name : MS.MANISHA PANCHAL  
Age / Gender : 24 Years / Female  
Consulting Dr. : -  
Reg. Location : G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

Collected : 19-Feb-2024 / 09:59  
Reported : 19-Feb-2024 / 17:58

**AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE**  
**THYROID FUNCTION TESTS**

| <u>PARAMETER</u>    | <u>RESULTS</u> | <u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u>   | <u>METHOD</u> |
|---------------------|----------------|---|---------------|
| Free T3, Serum      | 4.5            | 3.5-6.5 pmol/L  | ECLIA         |
| Free T4, Serum      | 16.7           | 11.5-22.7 pmol/L<br>First Trimester:9.0-24.7<br>Second Trimester:6.4-20.59<br>Third Trimester:6.4-20.59         | ECLIA         |
| sensitiveTSH, Serum | 1.78           | 0.35-5.5 microIU/ml<br>First Trimester:0.1-2.5<br>Second Trimester:0.2-3.0<br>Third Trimester:0.3-3.0<br>mIU/ml | ECLIA         |

Authenticity Check



Use a QR Code Scanner  
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2405001095  
Name : MS.MANISHA PANCHAL  
Age / Gender : 24 Years / Female  
Consulting Dr. : -  
Reg. Location : G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

Collected : 19-Feb-2024 / 09:59  
Reported : 19-Feb-2024 / 17:58

**Interpretation:**

A thyroid panel is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose various thyroid disorders.

**Clinical Significance:**

1)TSH Values between high abnormal upto15 microIU/ml should be correlated clinically or repeat the test with new sample as physiological factors

can give falsely high TSH.

2)TSH values may be transiently altered because of non thyroidal illness like severe infections,liver disease, renal and heart severe burns, trauma and surgery etc.

| TSH  | FT4 / T4 | FT3 / T3 | Interpretation  |
|------|----------|----------|---|
| High | Normal   | Normal   | Subclinical hypothyroidism, poor compliance with thyroxine, drugs like amiodarone, Recovery phase of non-thyroidal illness, TSH Resistance.   |
| High | Low      | Low      | Hypothyroidism, Autoimmune thyroiditis, post radio iodine Rx, post thyroidectomy, Anti thyroid drugs, tyrosine kinase inhibitors & amiodarone, amyloid deposits in thyroid, thyroid tumors & congenital hypothyroidism. |
| Low  | High     | High     | Hyperthyroidism, Graves disease, toxic multinodular goiter, toxic adenoma, excess iodine or thyroxine intake, pregnancy related (hyperemesis gravidarum, hydatiform mole)   |
| Low  | Normal   | Normal   | Subclinical Hyperthyroidism, recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism, drugs like steroids & dopamine), Non thyroidal illness.   |
| Low  | Low      | Low      | Central Hypothyroidism, Non Thyroidal Illness, Recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism.   |
| High | High     | High     | Interfering anti TPO antibodies, Drug interference: Amiodarone, Heparin, Beta Blockers, steroids & anti epileptics.   |

**Diurnal Variation:**TSH follows a diurnal rhythm and is at maximum between 2 am and 4 am , and is at a minimum between 6 pm and 10 pm. The variation is on the order of 50 to 206%. Biological variation:19.7%(with in subject variation)

**Reflex Tests:**Anti thyroid Antibodies,USG Thyroid ,TSH receptor Antibody. Thyroglobulin, Calcitonin

**Limitations:**

1. Samples should not be taken from patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (i.e. >5 mg/day) until atleast 8 hours following the last biotin administration.
2. Patient samples may contain heterophilic antibodies that could react in immunoassays to give falsely elevated or depressed results. this assay is designed to minimize interference from heterophilic antibodies.

**Reference:**

- 1.O.koulouri et al. / Best Practice and Research clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism 27(2013)
- 2.Interpretation of the thyroid function tests, Dayan et al. THE LANCET . Vol 357
- 3.Tietz ,Text Book of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Biology -5th Edition
- 4.Biological Variation:From principles to Practice-Callum G Fraser (AACC Press)

\*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

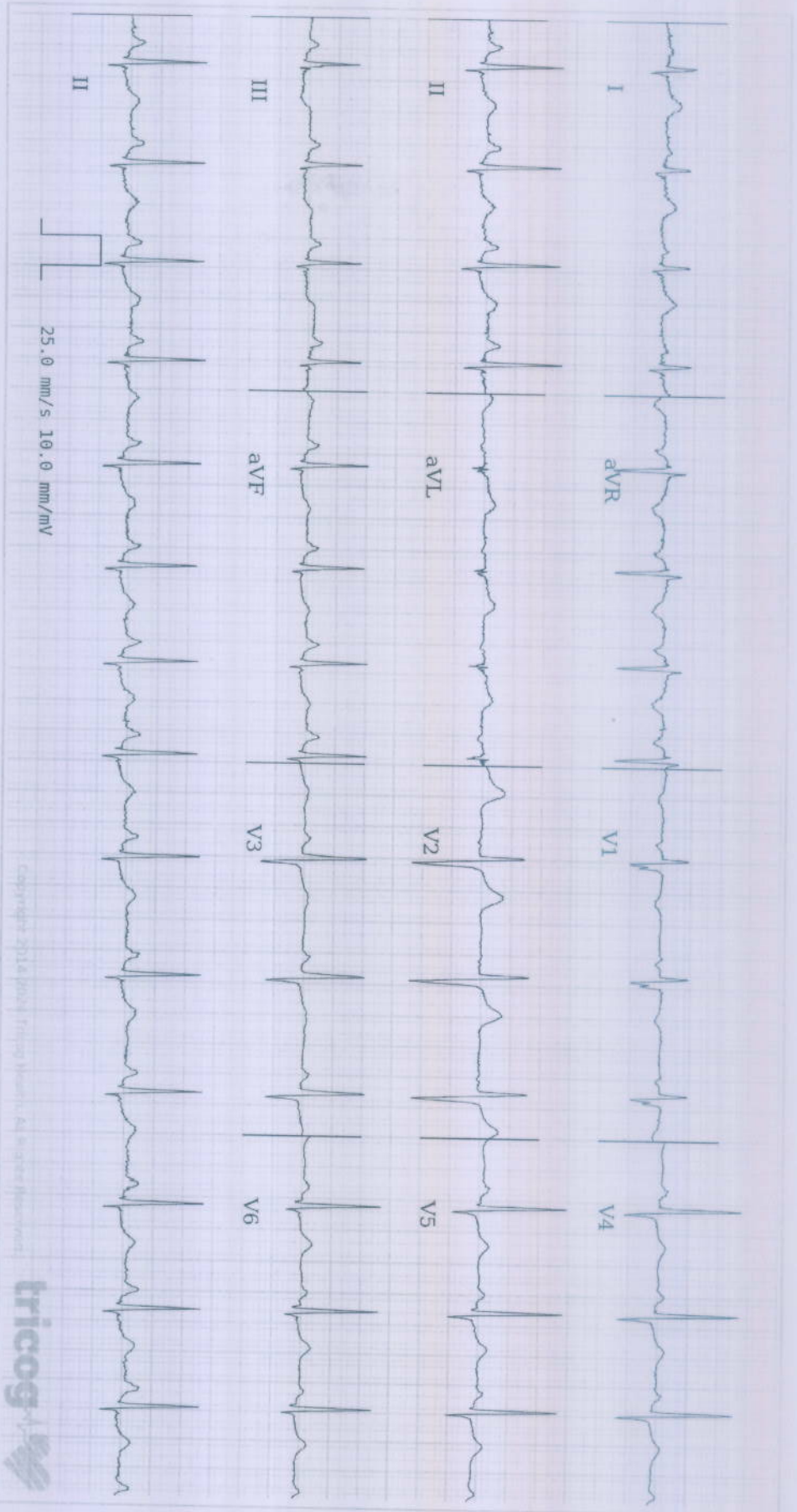
*J. Mujawar*

**Dr.IMRAN MUJAWAR**  
M.D ( Path )  
Pathologist



Patient Name: **MANISHA PANCHAL**  
Patient ID: **2405001095**

**SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS - G B ROAD, THANE WEST**  
Date and Time: **19th Feb 24 10:18 AM**



Age **24** NA NA  
years months days

Gender **Female**

Heart Rate **90bpm**

**Patient Vitals**

BP: NA  
Weight: NA  
Height: NA  
Pulse: NA  
SpO2: NA  
Resp: NA  
Others:

**Measurements**

QRSD: 86ms  
QT: 368ms  
QTcB: 450ms  
PR: 134ms  
P-R-T: 72° 76° 23°

ECG Within Normal Limits: Sinus Arrhythmia Seen, Sinus Rhythm. Please correlate clinically.

REPORTED BY

DR. SHALAJA PILLAI  
MBBS, MD Physician  
MD Physician  
49972

Disclaimer: This analysis is based on ECG alone and should be used as an adjunct to clinical history, symptoms, and results of other invasive and non-invasive tests and must be interpreted by a qualified physician. All patient vitals are as recorded by the technician and not derived from the ECG.

Authenticity Check



Use a QR Code Scanner  
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2405001095  
Name : Ms MANISHA PANCHAL  
Age / Sex : 24 Years/Female  
Ref. Dr :  
Reg. Location : G B Road, Thane West Main Centre  
Reg. Date : 19-Feb-2024  
Reported : 19-Feb-2024 / 16:00

**X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW**

Both lung fields are clear.  
Both costo-phrenic angles are clear.  
The cardiac size and shape are within normal limits.  
The domes of diaphragm are normal in position and outlines.  
The skeleton under review appears normal.

**IMPRESSION:**

**NO SIGNIFICANT ABNORMALITY IS DETECTED.**

-----End of Report-----

*G. R. Fartade*

Dr.GAURAV FARTADE  
MBBS, DMRE  
Reg No -2014/04/1786  
Consultant Radiologist

Click here to view images [http://3.111.232.119/iRISViewer/NeoradViewer?](http://3.111.232.119/iRISViewer/NeoradViewer?Access)  
Access

sionNo=2024021909502374