

42 Years

Female

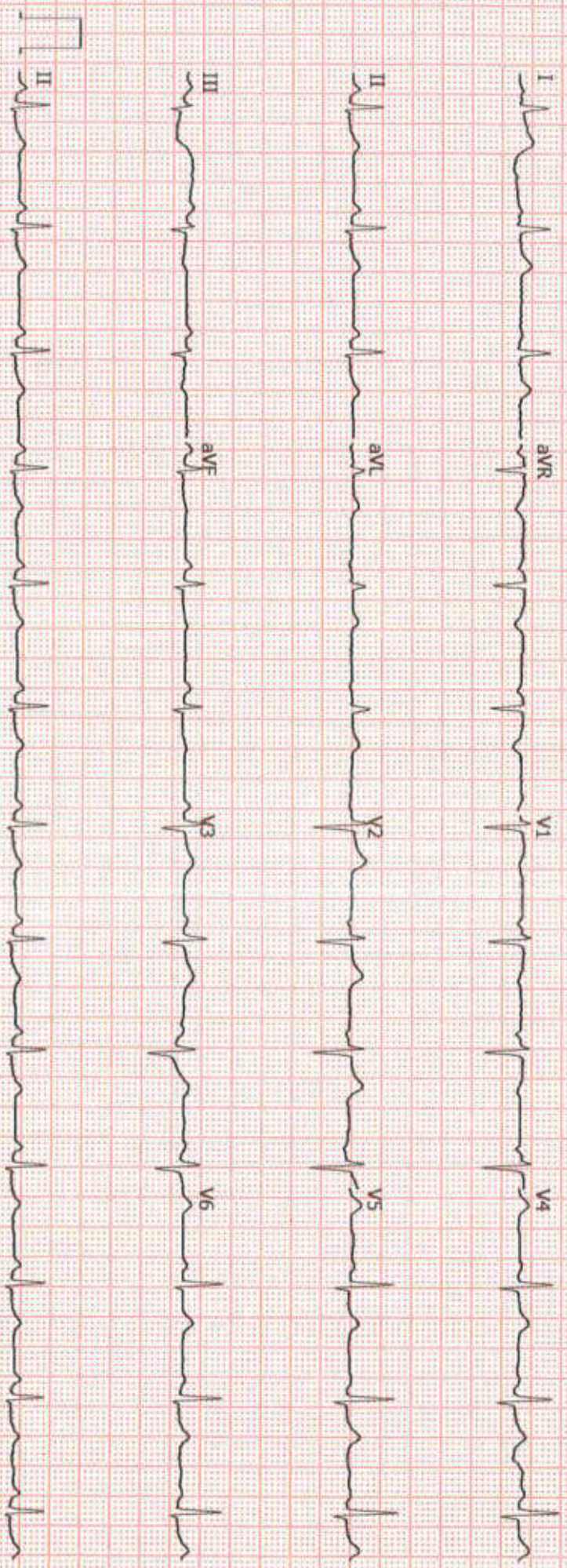
QRS : 74 ms  
QT / QTcBaz : 380 / 427 ms  
PR : 134 ms  
P : 100 ms  
RR / pp : 76 / 789 ms  
P / QRS / T : 71 / 24 / 8 degrees

Normal sinus rhythm  
Normal ECG

Technician: js  
Ordering Ph:  
Referring Ph:  
Attending Ph:

  
**DR. YELAGAPURI ROHIT RAO**

GENERAL PHYSICIAN  
MBBS,  
Reg. No. TSMC 18859



Unconfirmed



Name : **MRS.K PAKMODE**  
Age / Gender : 42 Years / Female  
Ref.By : SELF  
Req.No : BIL4688733

TID/SID : UMR1943570/ 28215753  
Registered on : 09-Sep-2024 / 09:38 AM  
Collected on : 09-Sep-2024 / 09:44 AM  
Reported on : 09-Sep-2024 / 14:09 PM  
Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

**TEST REPORT**

**DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

**Complete Urine Examination (CUE), Urine**

Investigation	Result	Biological Reference Intervals
<b>Physical Examination</b>		
Colour Method:Physical	LightYellow	Straw to Yellow
Appearance Method:Physical	Clear	Clear
<b>Chemical Examination</b>		
Reaction and pH Method:Indicator	Acidic (5.5)	4.6-8.0
Specific gravity Method:Refractometry	1.004	1.000-1.035
Protein Method:Protein Error of pH indicators	Negative	Negative
Glucose Method:Glucose oxidase/Peroxidase	Negative	Negative
Blood Method:Peroxidase	Negative	Negative
Ketones Method:Sodium Nitroprusside	Negative	Negative
Bilirubin Method:Diazonium salt	Negative	Negative
Leucocytes Method:Esterase reaction	Negative	Negative
Nitrites Method:Modified Griess reaction	Negative	Negative
Urobilinogen Method:Diazonium salt	Negative	Up to 1.0 mg/dl (Negative)
<b>Microscopic Examination</b>		
Pus cells (leukocytes) Method:Flow Digital Imaging/Microscopy	1-2	2 - 3 /hpf
Epithelial cells Method:Flow Digital Imaging/Microscopy	1-2	2 - 5 /hpf
RBC (erythrocytes) Method:Flow Digital Imaging/Microscopy	Absent	Absent
Casts Method:Flow Digital Imaging/Microscopy	Absent	Occasional hyaline casts may be seen



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**TEST REPORT**

Crystals	Absent	Phosphate, oxalate, or urate crystals may be seen
Method:Flow Digital Imaging/Microscopy		
Others	Nil	Nil
Method:Flow Digital Imaging/Microscopy		

**Method: Semi Quantitative test ,For CUE**

**Reference:** Godkar Clinical Diagnosis and Management by Laboratory Methods, First South Asia edition. Product kit literature.

**Interpretation:**

The complete urinalysis provides a number of measurements which look for abnormalities in the urine. Abnormal results from this test can be indicative of a number of conditions including kidney disease, urinary tract infection or elevated levels of substances which the body is trying to remove through the urine . A urinalysis test can help identify potential health problems even when a person is asymptomatic. All the abnormal results are to be correlated clinically.

\* Sample processed at National Reference Laboratory,  
Tenet Diagnostics,Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---

**Dr Shruti Reddy**  
Consultant Pathologist  
Reg No.TSMC/FMR/22656





Name	: MRS.K PAKMODE	TID/SID	: UMR1943570/ 28215754
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		Reference	: Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

**TEST REPORT**

**DEPARTMENT OF HEMATOPATHOLOGY**

**Blood Grouping ABO And Rh Typing, EDTA Whole Blood**

Parameter	Results
Blood Grouping (ABO)	B
Rh Typing (D)	Positive
Method:Hemagglutination Tube Method by Forward & Reverse Grouping	

**Method:** Hemagglutination Tube Method by Forward & Reverse Grouping

**Reference:** Tulip kit literature

**Interpretation:** The ABO grouping and Rh typing test determines blood type grouping (A,B, AB, O ) and the Rh factor (positive or negative). A person's blood type is based on the presence or absence of certain antigens on the surface of their red blood cells and certain antibodies in the plasma. ABO antigens are poorly expressed at birth, increase gradually in strength and become fully expressed around 1 year of age. In case of Rh(D) - Du(weak positive) or Weak D positive, the individual must be considered as Rh positive as donor and Rh negative as recipient.

**Note:** Records of previous blood grouping/Rh typing not available. Please verify before transfusion.

\* Sample processed at National Reference Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics,Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---

**Dr Vikas Reddy**  
Consultant Pathologist





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**TEST REPORT**

**DEPARTMENT OF HEMATOPATHOLOGY**

**Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR), Whole Blood**

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Intervals
ESR 1st Hour Method:Westergren/Vesmatic	<b>24</b>	<=12 mm/hour

**Complete Blood Count (CBC), EDTA Whole Blood**

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Intervals
Hemoglobin Method:Cyanide Free Lyse Hemoglobin	<b>11.5</b>	12.0-15.0 g/dL
PCV/HCT Method:Calculated	<b>35.1</b>	36.0-46.0 vol%
Total RBC Count Method:Electrical Impedance	4.21	3.80-4.80 mill /cu.mm
MCV Method:Calculated	83.4	83.0-101.0 fL
MCH Method:Calculated	27.3	27.0-32.0 pg
MCHC Method:Calculated	32.7	31.5-34.5 g/dL
RDW (CV) Method:Calculated	<b>16.3</b>	11.6-14.0 %
MPV Method:Calculated	8.1	7.0-10.0 fL
Total WBC Count Method:Electrical Impedance	6670	4000-10000 cells/cumm
Platelet Count Method:Electrical Impedance	3.40	1.50-4.10 lakhs/cumm
<b>Differential count</b>		
Neutrophils Method:Microscopy	61.7	40.0-80.0 %
Lymphocytes Method:Microscopy	25.5	20.0-40.0 %
Eosinophils	4.0	1.0-6.0 %
Monocytes	8.5	2.0-10.0 %
Basophils Method:Microscopy	0.3	< 1.0-2.0 %



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Absolute Neutrophil Count	4115	2000-7000 cells/cumm
Method:Calculated		
Absolute Lymphocyte Count (ALC)	1701	1000-3000 cells/cumm
Absolute Eosinophil Count (AEC)	267	20-500 cells/cumm
Absolute Monocyte Count	567	200-1000 cells/cumm
Method:Calculated		
Absolute Basophil Count	20	20-100 cells/cumm
Method:Calculated		
Neutrophil - Lymphocyte Ratio(NLR)	2.42	0.78-3.53
Method:Calculated		

**Method:** Automated Hematology Cell Counter, Microscopy

**Reference:** Dacie and Lewis Practical Hematology, 12th Edition.  
Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests, Soth Asian Edition.

**Interpretation:** A Complete Blood Picture (CBP) is a screening test which can aid in the diagnosis of a variety of conditions and diseases such as anemia, leukemia, bleeding disorders and infections. This test is also useful in monitoring a person's reaction to treatment when a condition which affects blood cells has been diagnosed. All the abnormal results are to be correlated clinically.

**Note:** These results are generated by a fully automated hematology analyzer and the differential count is computed from a total of several thousands of cells. Therefore the differential count appears in decimalised numbers and may not add upto exactly 100. It may fall between 99 and 101.

\* Sample processed at National Reference Laboratory,  
Tenet Diagnostics,Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---

**Dr Shruti Reddy**  
Consultant Pathologist  
Reg No.TSMC/FMR/22656





Name	: MRS.K PAKMODE	TID/SID	: UMR1943570/ 28215756F
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Ref.By	: SELF	Collected on	: 09-Sep-2024 / 09:44 AM
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**TEST REPORT**

**DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I**

**Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN), Serum**

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Blood Urea Nitrogen. Method:Calculated	<b>6</b>	6-20 mg/dL
Urea. Method:Urease/UV	<b>11.9</b>	12.8-42.8 mg/dL

**Interpretation:** Urea is a waste product formed in the liver when protein is metabolized. Urea is released by the liver into the blood and is carried to the kidneys, where it is filtered out of the blood and released into the urine. Since this is a continuous process, there is usually a small but stable amount of urea nitrogen in the blood. However, when the kidneys cannot filter wastes out of the blood due to disease or damage, then the level of urea in the blood will rise. The blood urea nitrogen (BUN) evaluates kidney function in a wide range of circumstances, to diagnose kidney disease, and to monitor people with acute or chronic kidney dysfunction or failure. It also may be used to evaluate a person's general health status as well.

**Reference:** Tietz Fundamentals of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics

**Creatinine, Serum**

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Creatinine. Method:Alkaline Picrate	0.59	0.50-0.90 mg/dL

**Interpretation:**

Creatinine is a nitrogenous waste product produced by muscles from creatine. Creatinine is majorly filtered from the blood by the kidneys and released into the urine, so serum creatinine levels are usually a good indicator of kidney function. Serum creatinine is more specific and more sensitive indicator of renal function as compared to BUN because it is produced from muscle at a constant rate and its level in blood is not affected by protein catabolism or other exogenous products. It is also not reabsorbed and very little is secreted by tubules making it a reliable marker. Serum creatinine levels are increased in pre renal, renal and post renal azotemia, active acromegaly and gigantism. Decreased serum creatinine levels are seen in pregnancy and increasing age.

**Glucose Fasting (FBS), Sodium Fluoride Plasma**

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Glucose Fasting Method:Hexokinase	95	Normal: <100 mg/dL Impaired FG: 100-125 mg/dL Diabetes mellitus: >=126 mg/dL

**Interpretation:** It measures the Glucose levels in the blood with a prior fasting of 9-12 hours. The test helps screen a symptomatic/ asymptomatic person who is at risk for Diabetes. It is also used for regular monitoring of glucose levels in people with Diabetes.

**Reference:** American Diabetes Association. Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes-2022



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**TEST REPORT**

**Glucose Post Prandial (PPBS), Sodium Fluoride Plasma**

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Glucose Post Prandial Method:Hexokinase	111	Normal : <140 mg/dL Impaired PG: 140-199 mg/dL Diabetes mellitus: >=200 mg/dL

**Interpretation:** This test measures the blood sugar levels 2 hours after a normal meal. Abnormally high blood sugars 2 hours after a meal reflect that the body is not producing sufficient insulin which is indicative of Diabetes.

**Reference:** American Diabetes Association. Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes-2022

**Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1C), EDTA Whole Blood**

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c) Method:High-Performance Liquid Chromatography	5.7	Non-diabetic: <= 5.6 % Pre-diabetic: 5.7 - 6.4 % Diabetic: >= 6.5 %
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG) Method:Calculated	117	mg/dL

**Interpretation:**

It is an index of long-term blood glucose concentrations and a measure of the risk for developing microvascular complications in patients with diabetes. Absolute risks of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to the mean HbA1c concentration. In persons without diabetes, HbA1c is directly related to risk of cardiovascular disease.

1) Low glyated haemoglobin (below 4%) in a non-diabetic individual are often associated with systemic inflammatory diseases, chronic anaemia (especially severe iron deficiency & haemolytic), chronic renal failure and liver diseases. Clinical correlation suggested.

2) Interference of Hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimatiion:

- A. For HbF > 25%, an alternate platform (Fructosamine) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
- B. Homozygous hemoglobinopathy is detected, fructosamine is recommended for monitoring diabetic status
- C. Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS and HbC trait).

3) In known diabetic patients, HbA1c can be considered as a tool for monitoring the glycemc control.

- Excellent Control - 6 to 7 %,
- Fair to Good Control - 7 to 8 %,
- Unsatisfactory Control - 8 to 10 %
- and Poor Control - More than 10 %.

**Reference:** American Diabetes Association. Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes-2022.

**Bun/Creatinine Ratio, Serum**

Investigation	Observed Value	
BUN/Creatinine Ratio Method:Calculated	8	10-20





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**TEST REPORT**

**Interpretation:**

The BUN/Creatinine ratio blood test is used to diagnose acute or chronic renal disease. BUN (blood urea nitrogen) and creatinine are both filtered in the kidneys and excreted in urine. The two together are used to measure overall kidney function

1. Increased ratio (>20) with normal creatinine occurs in the following conditions:

- a) Increased BUN (prerenal azotemia), heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration
- b) Catabolic states with tissue breakdown
- c) GI hemorrhage
- d) Impaired renal function plus excess protein intake, production, or tissue breakdown

2. Increased ratio (>20) with elevated creatinine occurs in the following conditions:

- a) Obstruction of urinary tract
- b) Prerenal azotemia with renal disease

3. Decreased ratio (<10) with decreased BUN occurs in the following conditions:

- a) Acute tubular necrosis
- b) Decreased urea synthesis as in severe liver disease or starvation
- c) Repeated dialysis
- d) SIADH
- e) Pregnancy

4. Decreased ratio (<10) with increased creatinine occurs in the following conditions:

- a) Phenacemide therapy (accelerates conversion of creatine to creatinine)
- b) Rhabdomyolysis (releases muscle creatinine)
- c) Muscular patients who develop renal failure

\* Sample processed at National Reference Laboratory,  
Tenet Diagnostics, Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---

**Dr. Abdur Rehman Asif**  
Consultant Biochemist  
Reg.No - APMC/FMR/78102





PLEASE SCAN QR CODE  
TO VERIFY THE REPORT ONLINE



Name	: MRS.K PAKMODE	TID/SID	: UMR1943570/ 28215755
Age / Gender	: 42 Years / Female	Registered on	: 09-Sep-2024 / 09:38 AM
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		Reference	: Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

**TEST REPORT**

**DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I**

**Lipid Profile, Serum**

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Total Cholesterol Method:Cholesterol Oxidase	130	Desirable: <200 mg/dL Borderline: 200-239 mg/dL High: >=240 mg/dL
HDL Cholesterol Method:Direct Measurement	35	Low: <40 mg/dL High: >=60 mg/dL
VLDL Cholesterol Method:Calculated	17.00	6.0-38.0 mg/dL
LDL Cholesterol Method:Calculated	78	Optimum: <100 mg/dL Near/above optimum: 100-129 mg/dL Borderline: 130-159 mg/dL High: 160-189 mg/dL Very high: >=190 mg/dL
Triglycerides Method:Glycerol LPL/GK	85	Normal:<150 mg/dL Borderline: 150-199 mg/dL High: 200-499 mg/dL Very high: >=500 mg/dL
Chol/HDL Ratio Method:Calculated	3.71	Low Risk: 3.3-4.4 Average Risk: 4.5-7.1 Moderate Risk: 7.2-11.0
LDL Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Method:Calculated	2.23	Desirable: 0.5-3.0 Borderline Risk: 3.0-6.0 High Risk: >6.0

**Interpretation:** Lipids are fats and fat-like substances which are important constituents of cells and are rich sources of energy. A lipid profile typically includes total cholesterol, high density lipoproteins (HDL), low density lipoprotein (LDL), chylomicrons, triglycerides, very low density lipoproteins (VLDL), Cholesterol/HDL ratio .The lipid profile is used to assess the risk of developing a heart disease and to monitor its treatment. The results of the lipid profile are evaluated along with other known risk factors associated with heart disease to plan and monitor treatment. Treatment options require clinical correlation.

**Reference:** Third Report of the National Cholesterol Education program (NCEP) Expert Panel on Detection, Evaluation, and Treatment of High Blood Cholesterol in Adults (Adult Treatment Panel III), JAMA 2001.

\* Sample processed at National Reference Laboratory,  
Tenet Diagnostics,Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---

**Dr.Abdur Rehman Asif**  
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**TEST REPORT**

**DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I**

**Liver Function Test (LFT), Serum**

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Total Bilirubin. Method:Diazo method	0.21	<1.2 mg/dL
Direct Bilirubin. Method:Diazo method	0.12	<0.30 mg/dL
Indirect Bilirubin. Method:Calculated	0.09	<0.9 mg/dL
Alanine Aminotransferase ,(ALT/SGPT) Method:UV wthout P5P	12	<34 U/L
Aspartate Aminotransferase,(AST/SGOT) Method:UV wthout P5P	14	<31 U/L
ALP (Alkaline Phosphatase). Method:PNPP-AMP Buffer	75	35-104 U/L
Gamma GT. Method:Gamma-Glutamyl - 3 - Carbossi - 4 - Nitroanilide (GCNA)	6	6-42 U/L
Total Protein. Method:Biuret	7.0	6.6-8.7 g/dL
Albumin. Method:Bromocresol Green (BCG)	4.3	3.5-5.2 g/dL
Globulin. Method:Calculated	2.70	1.8-3.8 g/dL
A/GRatio. Method:Calculated	1.59	0.8-2.0

**Interpretation:** Liver functions tests help to identify liver disease, its severity, and its type. Generally these tests are performed in combination, are abnormal in liver disease, and the pattern of abnormality is indicative of the nature of liver disease. An isolated abnormality of a single liver function test usually means a non-hepatic cause. If several liver function tests are simultaneously abnormal, then hepatic etiology is likely.

\* Sample processed at National Reference Laboratory,  
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--- End Of Report ---

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**TEST REPORT**

**DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I**

**Thyroid Profile (T3,T4,TSH), Serum**

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Triiodothyronine Total (T3) Method:ECLIA	1.46	0.80-2.00 ng/mL Pregnancy: 1st Trimester: 0.81 - 1.90 ng/mL 2nd & 3rd Trimester: 1.00 - 2.60 ng/mL
Thyroxine Total (T4) Method:ECLIA	10.1	5.1-14.1 µg/dL
Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (TSH) Method:ECLIA	<b>4.42</b>	0.27-4.20 µIU/mL Pregnancy: 1st Trimester: 0.1 - 2.5 µIU/mL 2nd Trimester: 0.2 - 3.0 µIU/mL 3rd Trimester: 0.3 - 3.0 µIU/mL

Note Kindly correlate clinically

**Interpretation:**

A thyroid profile is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose hypothyroidism and hyperthyroidism due to various thyroid disorders. T4 and T3 are hormones produced by the thyroid gland. They help control the rate at which the body uses energy, and are regulated by a feedback system. TSH from the pituitary gland stimulates the production and release of T4 (primarily) and T3 by the thyroid. Most of the T4 and T3 circulate in the blood bound to protein. A small percentage is free (not bound) and is the biologically active form of the hormones.

**Reference:** Tietz textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, Nader Rifaia, Andrea Ritas Horvath, Carl T. Wittwer.

\* Sample processed at National Reference Laboratory,  
Tenet Diagnostics,Hyderabad

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**TEST REPORT**

**DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I**

**Uric Acid, Serum**

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Uric Acid. Method:Uricase	3.7	2.4-5.7 mg/dL

**Interpretation**

It is the major product of purine catabolism. Hyperuricemia can result due to increased formation or decreased excretion of uric acid which can be due to several causes like metabolic disorders, psoriasis, tissue hypoxia, pre-eclampsia, alcohol, lead poisoning, acute or chronic kidney disease, etc. Hypouricemia may be seen in severe hepato cellular disease and defective renal tubular reabsorption of uric acid.

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Tenet Diagnostics,Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---



**Dr.Abdur Rehman Asif**  
Consultant Biochemist  
Reg.No - APMC/FMR/78102





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Name	: Mrs . K PAKMODE	TID	: UMR1943570
Age/Gender	: 42 Years/Female	Registered On	: 09-Sep-2024 09:38 AM
Ref By	: Self	Reported On	: 09-Sep-2024 01:44 PM
Reg.No	: BIL4688733	Reference	: Arcofemi Health Care Ltd - Medi Whe

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DEPARTMENT OF MAMMOGRAPHY  
**Mammography Bilateral**

Mediolateral oblique and craniocaudal views followed by Sonomammography was performed.

**BILATERAL MAMMOGRAPHY:**

Bilateral breasts show fibroglandular fatty tissue (ACR type D), reducing the sensitivity of the study.

No evidence of focal soft tissue lesion.

No evidence of cluster microcalcification.

Subcutaneous fat deposition is within normal limits.

Bilateral small volume axillary lymphnodes.

**BILATERAL SONOMAMMOGRAPHY:**

Bilateral breasts show dense bilateral fibroglandular parenchyma.

Bilateral symmetrical minimal duct ectasia measuring 1.4 mm. No intraluminal lesions.

Few scattered bilateral simple cysts, largest measuring 5.7 x 2.9 mm in left breast.

**IMPRESSION:**

**\* Bilateral symmetrical minimal duct ectasia measuring 1.4 mm. No intraluminal lesions - Benign - BIRADS 2.**

**\* Bilateral simple breast cysts - BIRADS 2.**



PLEASE SCAN QR CODE

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- Medi Whe

## BI-RADS CLASSIFICATION

### CATEGORY RESULT

- 0 Assessment incomplete. Need additional imaging evaluation
- 1 Negative. Routine mammogram in 1 year recommended.
- 2 Benign finding. Routine mammogram in 1 year recommended.
- 3 Probably benign finding. Short interval follow-up suggested.
- 4 Suspicious - 4A : Low suspicion for malignancy (2 - 9%)  
4B: Moderate suspicion for malignancy (10 - 49%)  
4C : High suspicion for malignancy (50 - 94%)  
Biopsy should be considered.
- 5 Highly suggestive of malignancy. Appropriate action should be taken.
- 6. Known biopsy proven malignancy.

- Suggested clinical correlation and follow up.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

**Dr. Apoorva K**  
Consultant Radiologist



Name	: MRS.K PAKMODE	TID/SID	: UMR1943570/ 28222678
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TEST REPORT

DEPARTMENT OF CYTOPATHOLOGY

Pap Smear, Conventional

Cytology No	<b>C-9603/24</b>
Clinical Details	For screening.
Specimen Type	Conventional smear (Pap smear)
Specimen Adequacy	Satisfactory for evaluation without evidence of endocervical/transformation zone component
Microscopic Observations:	Smear contains superficial, intermediate cells. Scant inflammation noted.
Organisms	Not present
Interpretation	<b>Negative for intraepithelial lesion or malignancy.</b>

**Method** : Pap staining & microscopy

Reported as per the 2014 Bethesda System

\* Sample processed at National Reference Laboratory,  
Tenet Diagnostics, Hyderabad

--- End Of Report ---

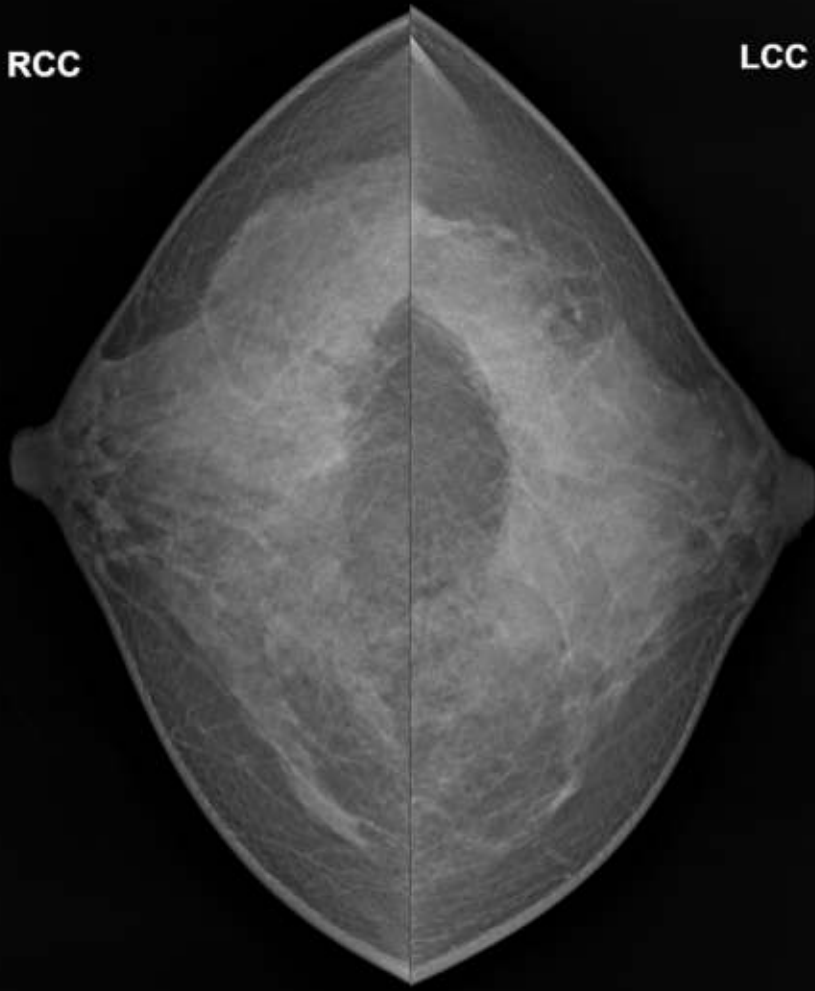
**Dr Shruti Reddy**  
Consultant Pathologist  
Reg No.TSMC/FMR/22656





RCC

LCC



RMLO

LMLO



4688733/K PAKMODE 42 Yrs/Female 75 Kg/155 Cms  
Date: 09-Sep-2024 10:19:55 AM

Ref. By : ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE  
Medication : Nil  
Objective :

Protocol : BRUCE  
History : Nil

Stage	StageTime (Min:Sec)	Phasetime (Min:Sec)	Speed (kmph)	Grade (%)	METs	H.R. (bpm)	B.P. (mmHg)	R.P.P. x100	P.V.C	Comments
Supine					1.0	78	120/80	93	-	
Standing					1.0	78	120/80	93	-	
ExStart					1.0	85	120/80	102	-	
Stage 1	3:01	3:02	2.7	10.0	4.6	162	140/80	226	-	
PeakEx	2:38	5:39	4.0	12.0	6.7	177	150/80	265	-	
Recovery	1:00		0.0	0.0	1.0	147	160/80	235	-	
Recovery	3:00		0.0	0.0	1.0	97	130/80	126	-	

**Findings :**

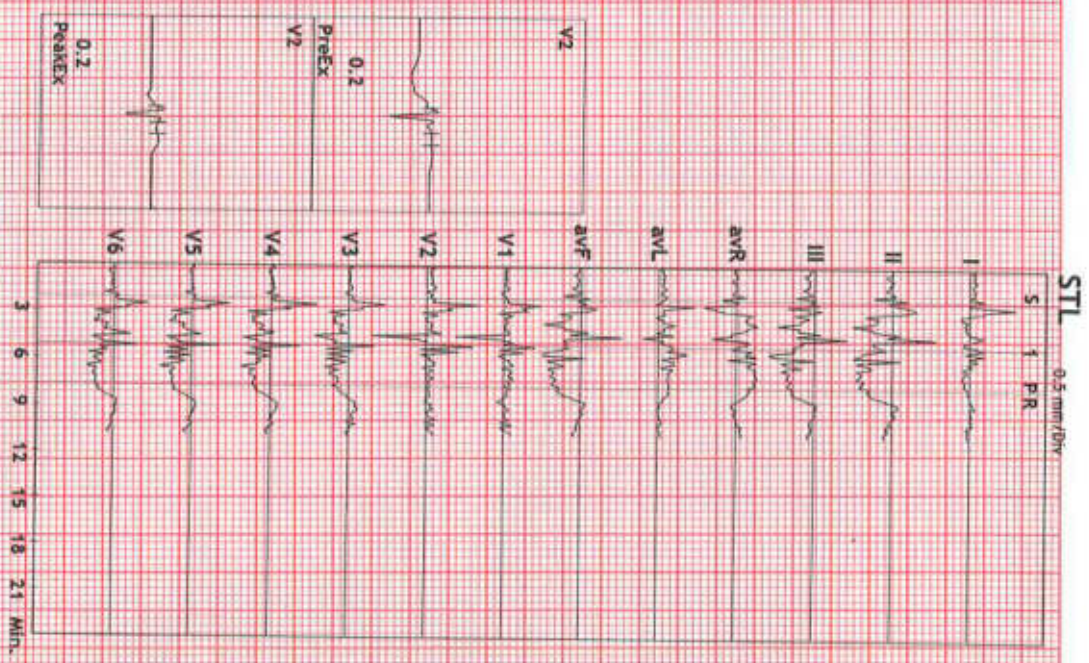
Exercise Time : 5:38 minutes  
Max HR attained : 177 bpm 99% of Max Predictable HR 178  
Max BP : 160/80(mmHg)  
Workload attained : 6.7 (Fair Effort Tolerance)  
No significant ST segment changes noted during exercise or recovery.  
No Angina / Arrhythmia / SOB

Final Impression:\*\*\* TEST IS NEGATIVE FOR EXERCISE INDUCIBLE SICHEMIA \*\*\*

REPORTED BY DR INDRANIT

*Dr. Rajesh Kancharla*  
Associate Cardiologist

Advice/Comments:



HR: 78 bpm

METS: 1.0

BP: 120/80

Stage Report Time: 09-Sep-2024 10:21:40 AM

APHR: 43% of 178

Speed: 0.0 kmph

Grade: 0.0%

BRUCE  
(0.05-100)HZ

Ex Time 01:34

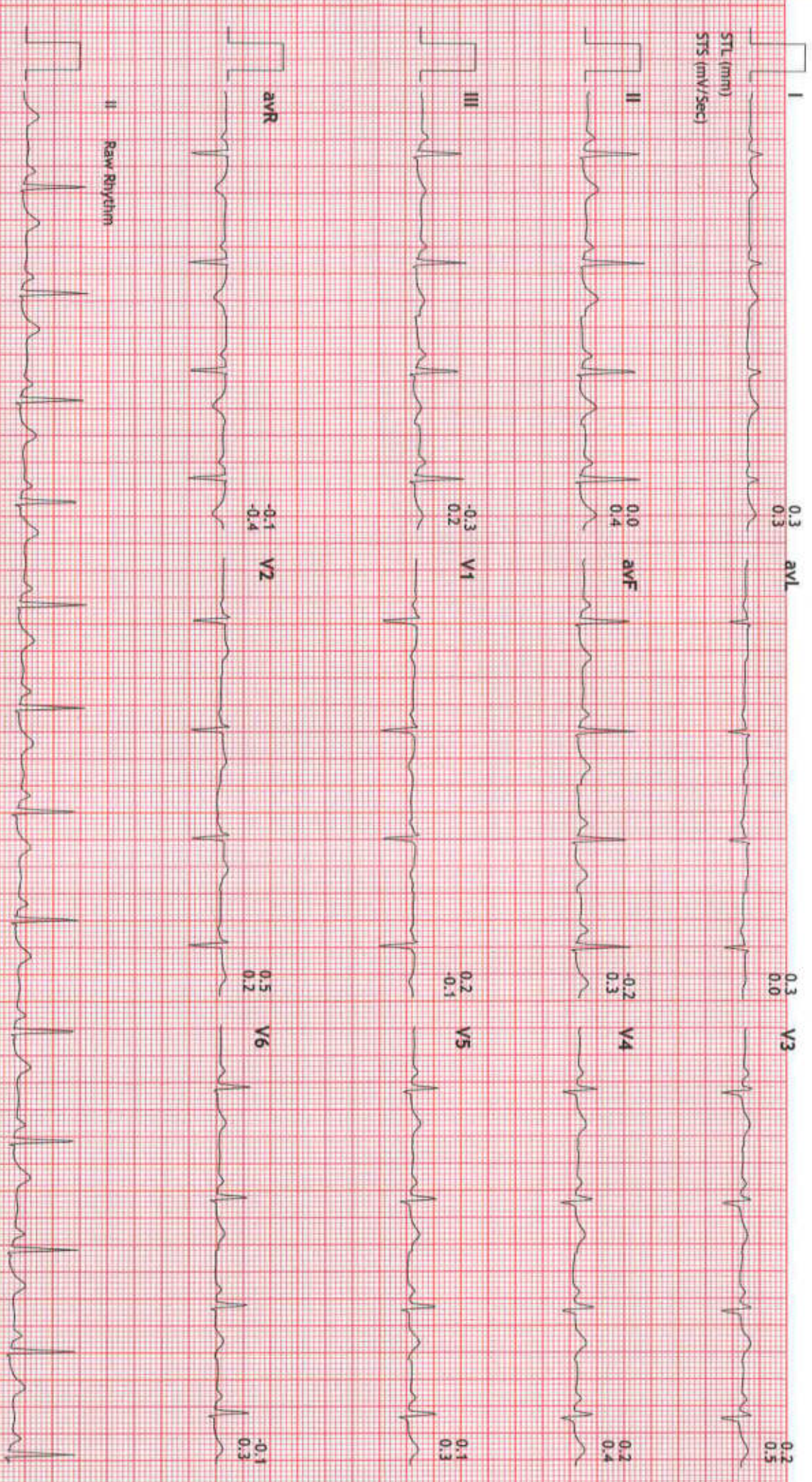
BLC :On

Notch :On

SUPINE

10.0 mm/mV

25 mm/Sec.



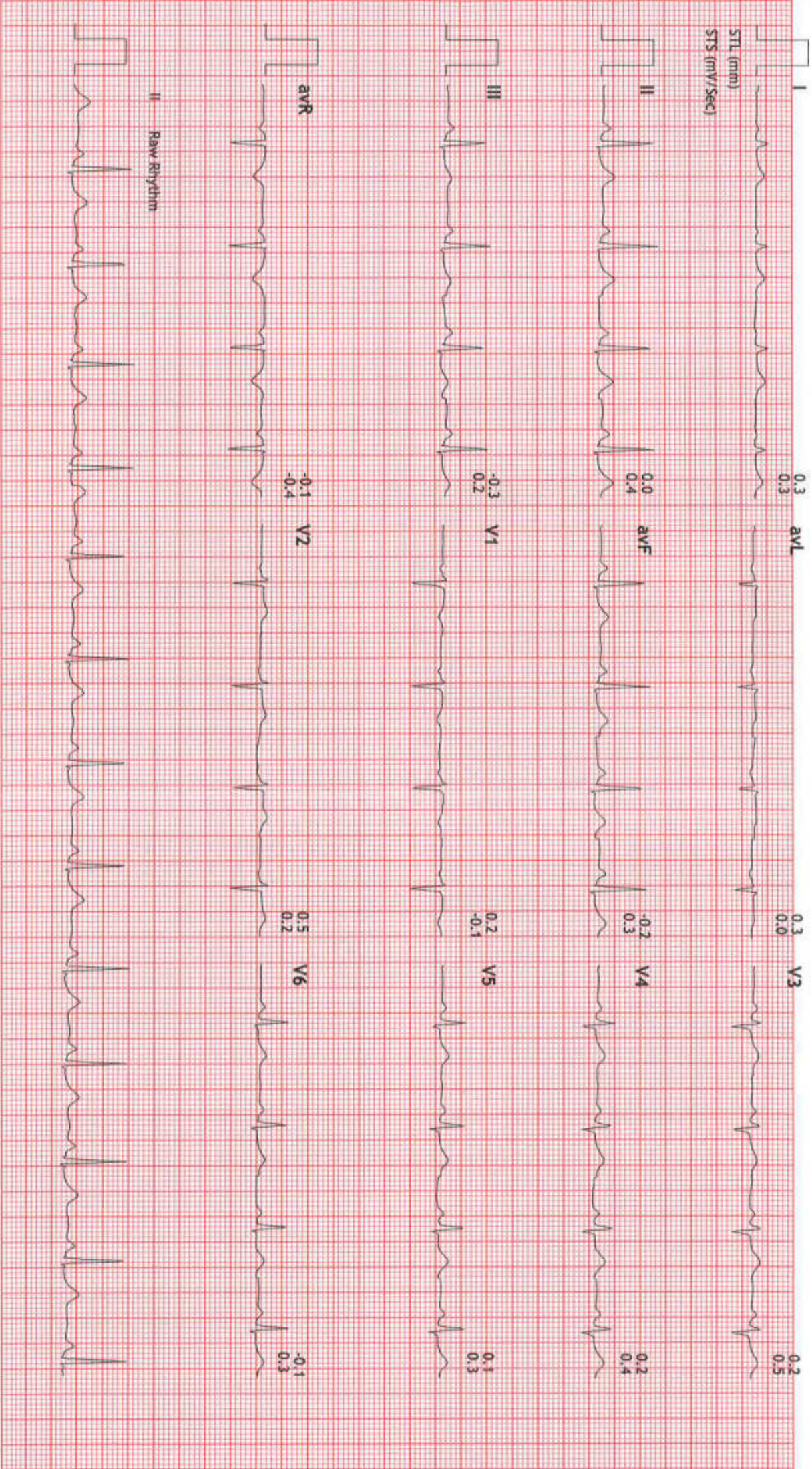
4688733/K PAKMODE  
42 Yrs/Female  
75 Kg/155 Gms  
Date: 09-Sep-2024 10:19:55 AM

HR: 78 bpm  
METs: 1.0  
BP: 120/80  
Stage Report Time: 09-Sep-2024 10:21:42 AM

Linked Medians Report  
BRUCE  
(0.05-100)Hz

Ex Time 01:36  
BLC : On  
Notch : On

STANDING  
10.0 mm/mV  
25 mm/Sec.



4688733/K PAKMODE  
42 Yrs/Female  
75 Kg/155 Cms  
Date: 09-Sep-2024 10:19:55 AM

HR: 85 bpm  
METs: 1.0  
BP: 120/80  
Stage Report Time: 09-Sep-2024 10:22:12 AM

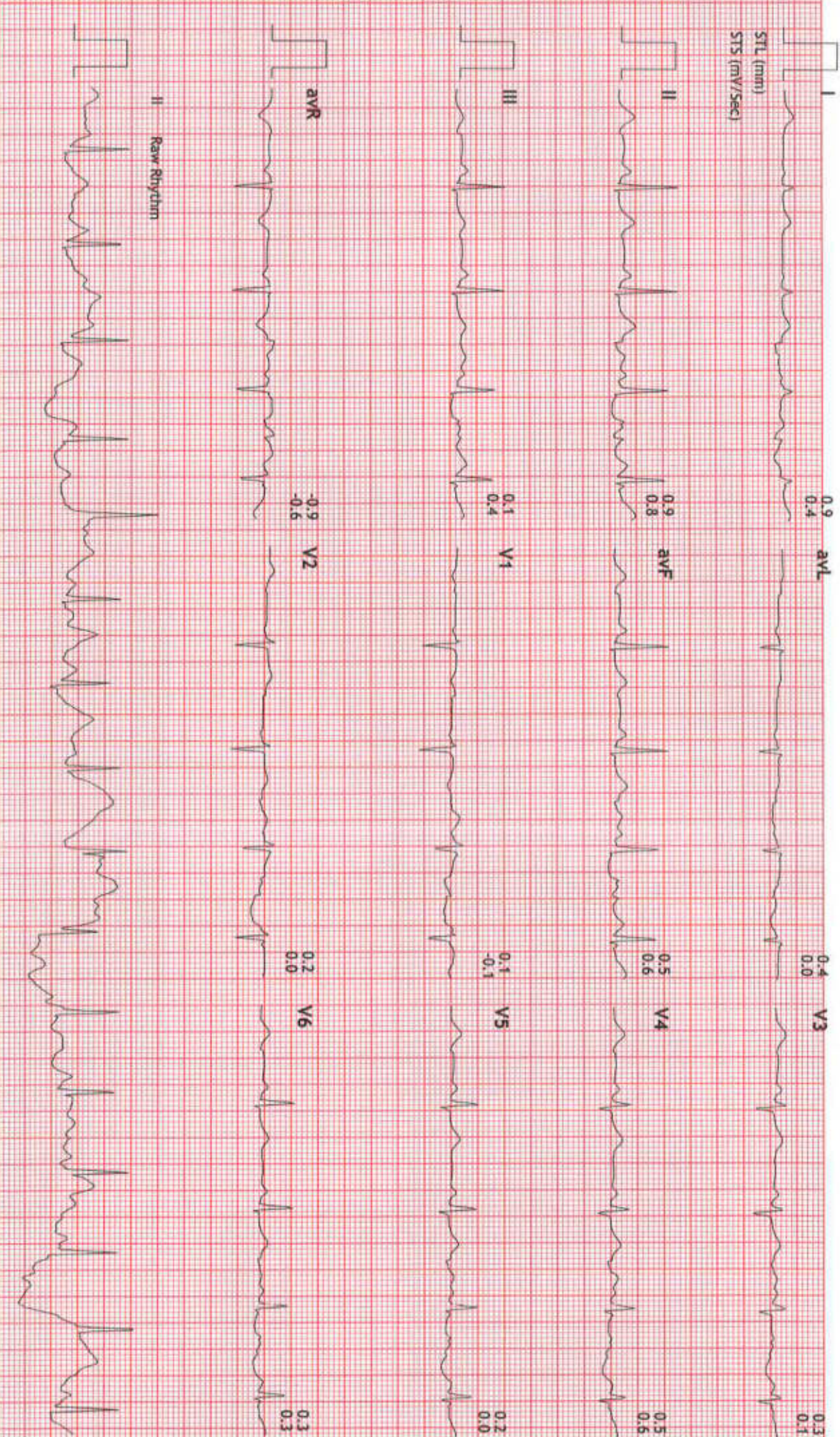
MPHR: 47% of 178  
Speed: 0.0 kmph  
Grade: 0.0%

Linked Medians Report

BRUCE  
(0.05-100)Hz

Ex Time 00:00  
BLC : On  
Notch : On

EXSTART  
10.0 mm/mV  
25 mm/Sec.



4688733/K PAKMODE  
42 Yrs/Female  
75 Kg/155 Cms  
Date: 09-Sep-2024 10:19:55 AM

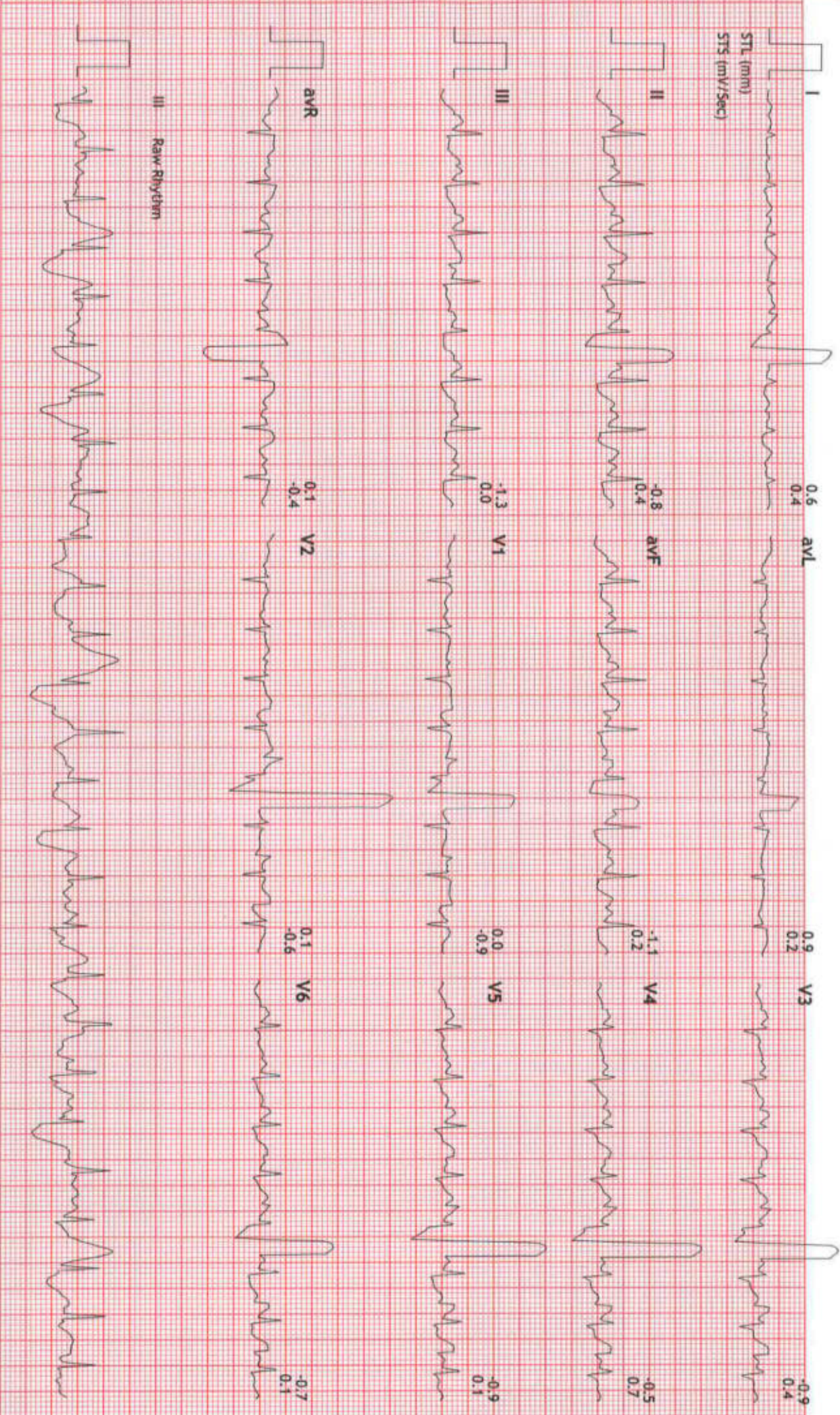
HR: 162 bpm  
METs: 4.6  
BP: 140/80  
Stage Report Time: 09-Sep-2024 10:25:12 AM

Linked Medians Report

BRUCE  
(0.05-100)Hz

Ex Time 03:00  
BLC :On  
Notch :On

Stage 1 ( 03:00 )  
10.0 mm/mV  
25 mm/Sec.





4688733/K PAKMODE  
42 Yrs/Female  
75 Kg/155 Gms  
Date: 09-Sep-2024 10:19:55 AM

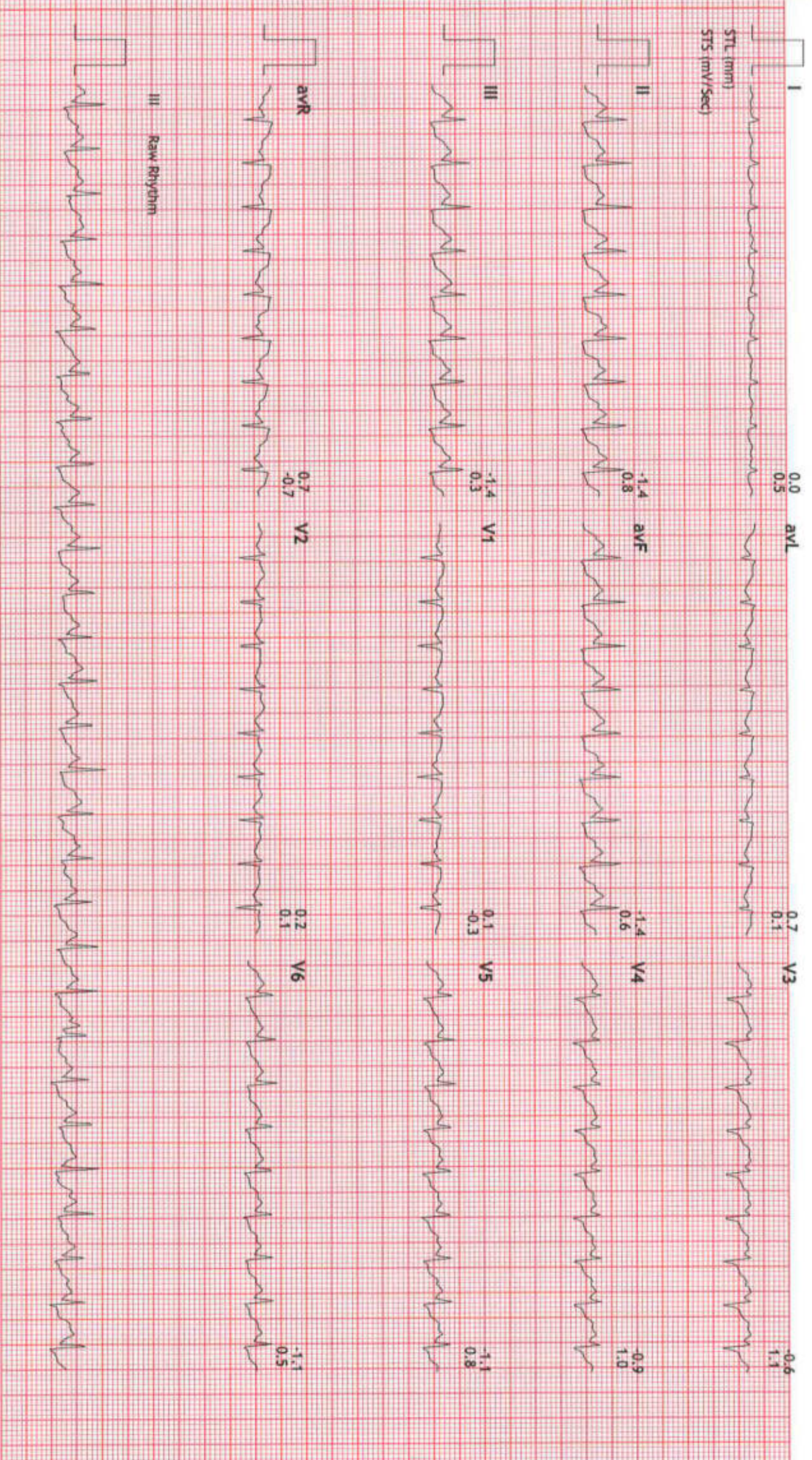
Linked Medians Report

HR: 170 bpm  
METs: 2.1  
BP: 150/80  
Stage Report Time: 09-Sep-2024 10:28:14 AM

BRUCE  
(0.05-100)Hz

Ex Time 05:37  
BLC :On  
Notch :On

Recovery : ( 00:24 )  
10.0 mm/mV  
25 mm/Sec.





TENET MEDCORP PVT LTD  
GACHIBOWLI, HYDERABAD.

Linked Medians Report

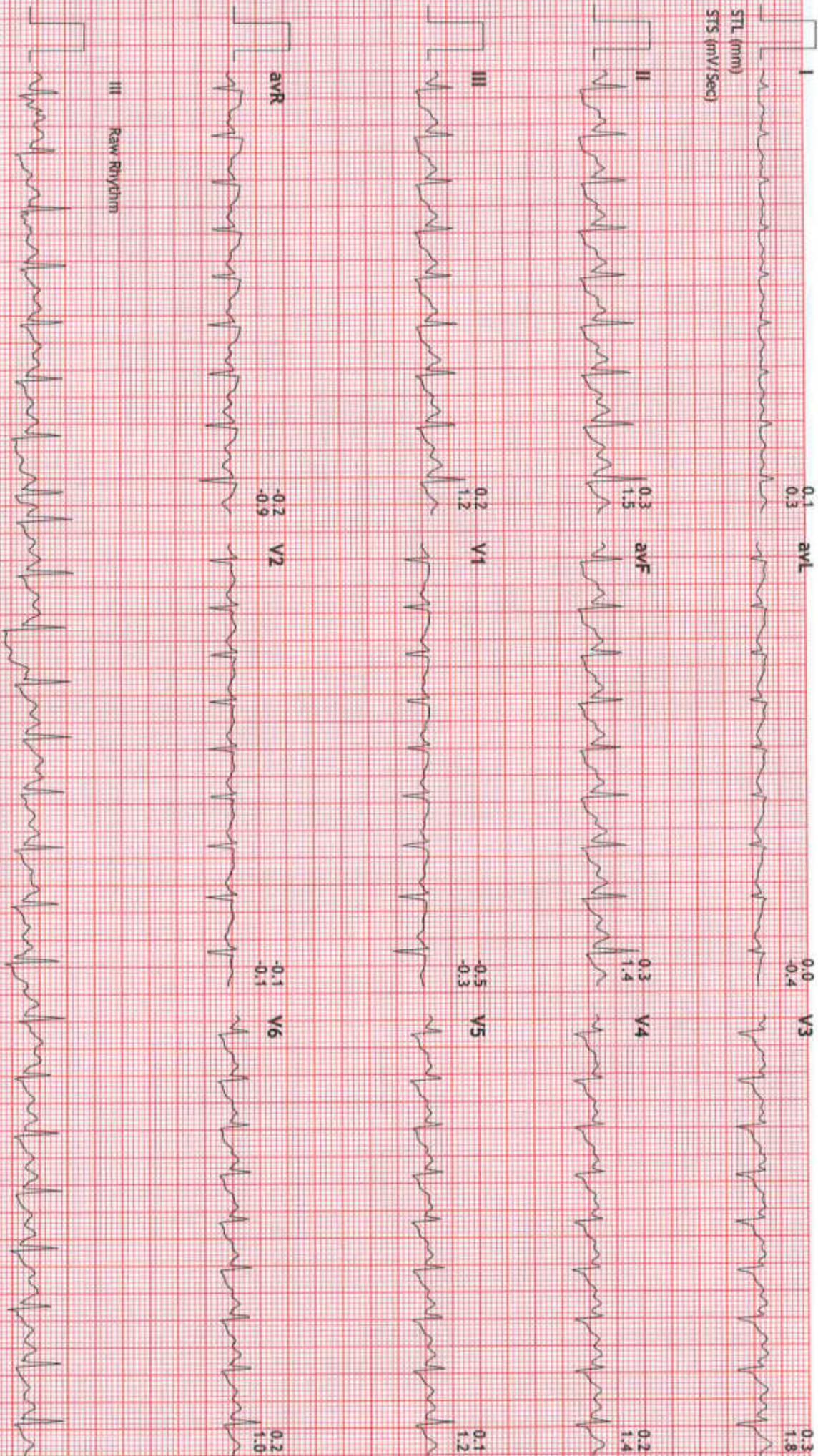
4688733/K PAKMODE  
42 Yrs/Female  
75 Kg/155 Cms  
Date: 09-Sep-2024 10:19:55 AM

HR: 147 bpm  
METS: 1.0  
BP: 160/90  
Stage Report Time: 09-Sep-2024 10:28:48 AM

MPHR: 82% of 178  
Speed: 0.0 kmph  
Grade: 0.0%

BRUCE  
(0.05-100)Hz  
Ex Time 05:37  
BLC : On  
Notch : On

Recovery : ( 00:59 )  
10.0 mm/mV  
25 mm/Sec.





PLEASE SCAN QR CODE

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Name	: Mrs . K PAKMODE	TID	: UMR1943570
Age/Gender	: 42 Years/Female	Registered On	: 09-Sep-2024 09:38 AM
Ref By	: Self	Reported On	: 09-Sep-2024 01:38 PM
Reg.No	: BIL4688733	Reference	: Arcofemi Health Care Ltd - Medi Whe

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DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASOUND  
**Ultrasound Whole Abdomen**

**LIVER** is normal shape, size (13.8 cms) and has uniform echopattern.  
No evidence of focal lesion. No intrahepatic biliary ductal dilatation.  
Hepatic and portal vein radicals are normal.

**GALL BLADDER** shows normal shape and has clear contents.  
Gall bladder wall is of normal thickness.  
CBD is of normal calibre.

**PANCREAS** has normal shape, size and uniform echopattern.  
No evidence of ductal dilatation or calcification.

**SPLEEN** shows normal shape, size (9.3 cms) and echopattern.

**KIDNEYS** move well with respiration and have normal shape, size and echopattern. Cortico- medullary differentiations are well madeout.  
No evidence of calculus or hydronephrosis.  
Right kidney measures : 10.1 x 3.8 cms, Left kidney measures : 10.6 x 4.7 cms.

**URINARY BLADDER** shows normal shape and wall thickness.  
It has clear contents. No evidence of diverticula.

**UTERUS** is anteverted has normal shape and size.  
It has uniform myometrial echopattern.  
Endometrial echo is of normal thickness : 5.7 mm.  
Uterus measures : 9.4 x 4.9 x 5.6 cms.

**OVARIES** are normal in size, shape and echotexture.  
Right ovary: 2.5 x 1.7 cms, Left ovary: 3.4 x 1.3 cms.

No evidence of free fluid in the abdomen and pelvis.



PLEASE SCAN QR CODE

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Name : Mrs . K PAKMODE  
Age/Gender : 42 Years/Female  
Ref By : Self  
Reg.No : BIL4688733

TID : UMR1943570  
Registered On : 09-Sep-2024 09:38 AM  
Reported On : 09-Sep-2024 01:38 PM  
Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd  
- Medi Whe

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**IMPRESSION:**

**\* NO SONOGRAPHIC ABNORMALITY DETECTED.**

- Suggested clinical correlation and follow up.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

**Dr. Apoorva K**  
Consultant Radiologist



PLEASE SCAN QR CODE

Name : Mrs . K PAKMODE  
Age/Gender : 42 Years/Female  
Ref By : Self  
Reg.No : BIL4688733

TID : UMR1943570  
Registered On : 09-Sep-2024 09:38 AM  
Reported On : 09-Sep-2024 03:47 PM  
Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd  
- Medi Whe

DEPARTMENT OF X-RAY  
**X-Ray Chest PA View**

**CLINICAL DETAILS :** Health checkup.

**FINDINGS:**

Lung fields appear normal.

Cardiac size is within normal limits.

Aorta and pulmonary vasculature is normal.

Bilateral domes of diaphragm and costophrenic angles are normal.

Visualised bones and soft tissues appear normal.

**IMPRESSION:**

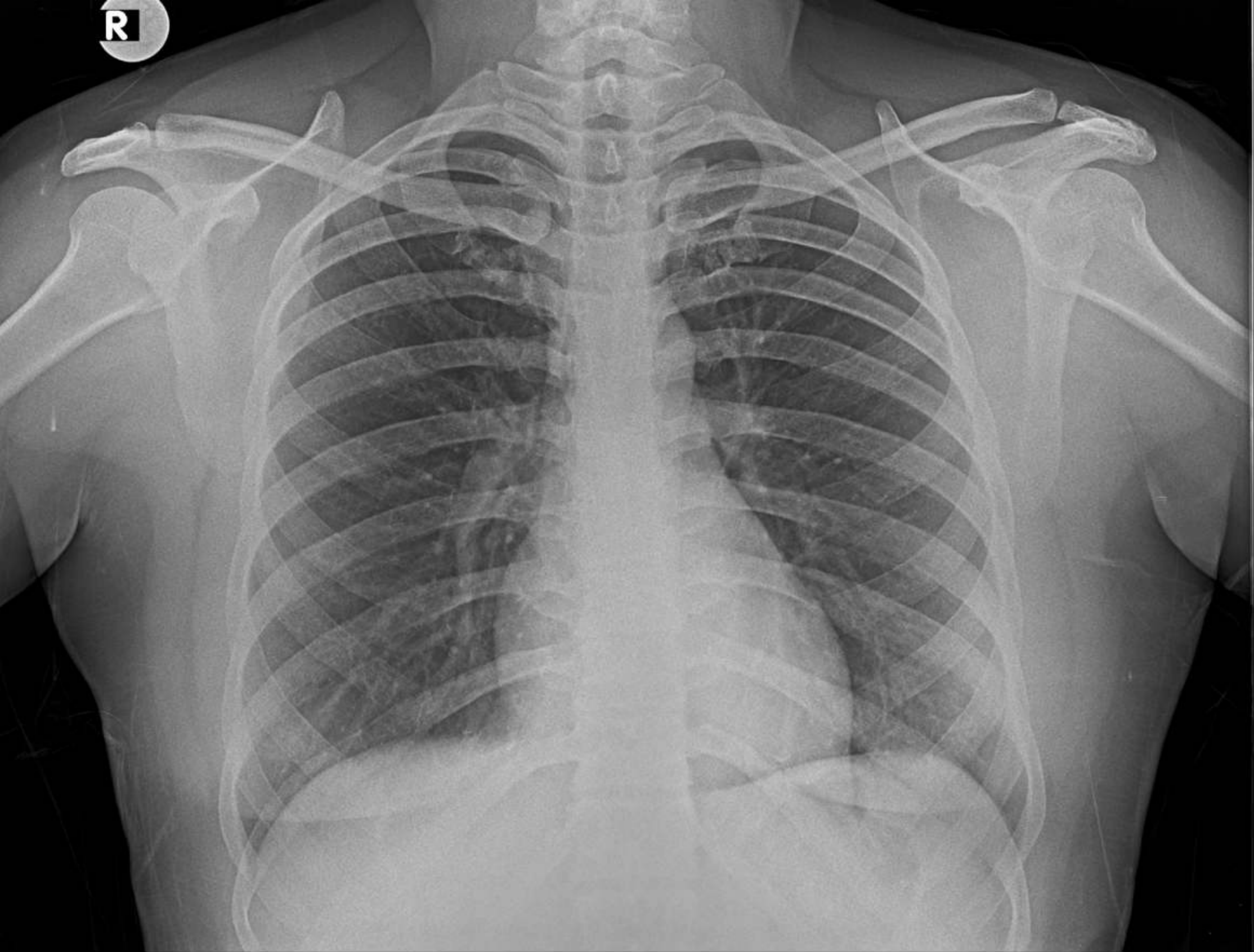
**\* NORMAL STUDY.**

- Suggested clinical correlation and follow up.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

**Dr. Apoorva K**  
Consultant Radiologist

R



K PAKMODE BIL4688733 22691303 CHEST PA 9/9/2024

TENET DIAGNOSTICS GACHIBOWLI HYD