DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY

UHID / IP NO	40005409 (9749)	RISNo./Status:	4010119/
Patient Name:	Mrs. EKTA MEENA	Age/Gender:	32 Y/F
Referred By:	Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No:	09/09/2023 1:03PM/ OPSCR23- 24/4885	Scan Date :	
Report Date:	09/09/2023 1:29PM	Company Name:	Final

REFERRAL REASON: - HEALTH CHECKUP

2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

M MODE DIMENSIONS: -

Normal Normal								
IVSD	10.9	6-12mm			LVIDS	31.7	20-40mm	
LVIDD	48.5	32-57mm			LVPWS	16.3	mm	
LVPWD	10.9	6-12mm			AO	31.3	19-37mm	
IVSS	16.8		j	mm		LA	31.3	19-40mm
LVEF	63-65		>:	55%		RA	ı	mm
	DOPPLER	R MEA	SUREN	1ENTS &	& CALC	ULATIONS	<u>:</u>	
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY	VELOCITY (m/s)		GRADIENT		REGURGITATION		
		, , ,			(mml	Hg <u>)</u>		
MITRAL	NORMAL	E	0.76	e'	0.09	-		NIL
VALVE			4.44	F/ 4	0.4			
		A	1.11	E/e'	8.4			
TRICUSPID	NORMAL		E	0.	40	-		NIL
VALVE		A 0.45						
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.31		-		NIL		
VALVE								
PULMONARY	NORMAL		().90				NIL
VALVE						-		

COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 63-65%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- NORMAL LV DIASTOLIC FUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

IMPRESSION: - SINUS TACHYCARDIA SEEN DURING STUDY, NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR FUNCTIONS

DR SUPRIY JAIN MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY) INCHARGE & SR. CONSULTANT INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY DR ROOPAM SHARMA
MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE
CONSULTANT & INCHARGE
EMERGENCY, PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY
AND WELLNESS CENTRE

Patient Name Mrs. EKTA MEENA

UHID 319804

Age/Gender 32 Yrs/Female

IP/OP Location O-OPD

Referred By Dr. EHCC Consultant

Mobile No. 9773349797

Lab No 528886

 Collection Date
 09/09/2023 3:49PM

 Receiving Date
 09/09/2023 3:51PM

Report Date 09/09/2023 4:37PM

Report Status Final



BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
			Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HBA1C	6.0	%	< 5.7% Nondiabetic 5.7-6.4% Pre-diabetic > 6.4% Indicate Diabetes
			Known Diabetic Patients < 7 % Excellent Control 7 - 8 % Good Control > 8 % Poor Control

Method: - High - performance liquid chromatography HPLC Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbA1C and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. PANKAJ SHUKLA

Dr. SURENDRA SINGH CONSULTANT & HOD MBBS|MD| PATHOLOGY Dr. ASHISH SHARMA
CONSULTANT & INCHARGE PATHOLOGY
MBBS|MD| PATHOLOGY

Page: 1 Of 1

Patient Name Mrs. EKTA MEENA Lab No 4010119 UHID 40005409 **Collection Date** 09/09/2023 1:46PM 09/09/2023 2:01PM Age/Gender 32 Yrs/Female **Receiving Date Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 09/09/2023 7:00PM

Referred By Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA Report Status Final

Mobile No. 7568900188

BIOCHEMISTRY

 Test Name
 Result
 Unit
 Biological Ref. Range

 BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)
 Sample: Fl. Plasma

 BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)
 96.9
 mg/dl
 74 - 106

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP) Sample: PLASMA

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP) 134.7 mg/dl Non – Diabetic: - < 140 mg/dl

Pre – Diabetic: - 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: - >=200 mg/dl

Method: Hexokinase assay.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH Sample: Serum

Т3	1.370	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690
T4	7.77	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00
TSH	2.01	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. EKTA MEENA	Lab No	4010119
UHID	40005409	Collection Date	09/09/2023 1:46PM
Age/Gender IP/OP Location	32 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	09/09/2023 2:01PM
	O-OPD	Report Date	09/09/2023 7:00PM
Referred By	Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	7568900188		

BIOCHEMISTRY

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in thediagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages ofhyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation: - The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in the concentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater opposite changes in the TSH levels.

LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)				Sample: Serum
BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.33	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20	
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.24	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00	
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.09	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.40	
SGOT	28.2	U/L	0.0 - 40.0	
SGPT	24.3	U/L	0.0 - 40.0	
TOTAL PROTEIN	8.7	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7	

g/dl

3.5 - 5.2

1.8 - 3.6

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE 118.8 H U/L 42 - 98 A/G RATIO 1.4 L Ratio 1.5 - 2.5 **GGTP** 23.9 U/L 6.0 - 38.0

5.1

3.6

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

ALBUMIN

GLOBULIN

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

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Patient Name Mrs. EKTA MEENA Lab No 4010119 UHID 40005409 **Collection Date** 09/09/2023 1:46PM 09/09/2023 2:01PM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 32 Yrs/Female Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 09/09/2023 7:00PM Referred By Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 7568900188

BIOCHEMISTRY

BILIRUBIN TOTAL :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated, water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS: - Method: Bivret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder.

ALBUMIN: - Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: - Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE: - Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	227		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	41.8		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	89.5		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	64 H	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	319.9		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	5.4	%	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mrs. EKTA MEENA Lab No 4010119 UHID 40005409 **Collection Date** 09/09/2023 1:46PM 09/09/2023 2:01PM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 32 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 09/09/2023 7:00PM

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Mobile No. 7568900188

BIOCHEMISTRY

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.

interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method.

Interpretation: -HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease. LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay.

Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are

synthesized in the liver.
CHOLESTEROL VLDL: - Method: VLDL Calculative

Interpretation: -High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas.

DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction.

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

RENAL PROFILE TEST Sample: Serum

UREA	12.0 L	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	5.6 L	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.49 L	mg/dl	0.50 - 0.90
SODIUM	138.4	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.34	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	104.0	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	4.4	mg/dl	2.6 - 6.0
CALCIUM	10.81 H	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.30

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mrs. EKTA MEENA Lab No 4010119 UHID 40005409 **Collection Date** 09/09/2023 1:46PM 09/09/2023 2:01PM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 32 Yrs/Female Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 09/09/2023 7:00PM Final

Referred By Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA **Report Status**

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease.

URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume. SODIUM: - Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation: - Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake andkidney reabsorption. POTASSIUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting

renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure.

CHLORIDE - SERUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate

UREA: - Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL :- Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usuallyassociated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also beobserved in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

7568900188

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL FHS

Mobile No.

Patient Name Mrs. EKTA MEENA Lab No 4010119 UHID 40005409 **Collection Date** 09/09/2023 1:46PM 09/09/2023 2:01PM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 32 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 09/09/2023 7:00PM **Referred By** Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 7568900188

BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION

Biological Ref. Range Test Name Result Unit

BLOOD GROUPING "B" Rh Positive

1. Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
2. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mrs. EKTA MEENA Lab No 4010119 UHID 40005409 **Collection Date** 09/09/2023 1:46PM 09/09/2023 2:01PM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 32 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 09/09/2023 7:00PM **Referred By** Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 7568900188

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name Result Unit **Biological Ref. Range URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)** Sample: Urine URINE SUGAR (RANDOM) NEGATIVE **NEGATIVE ROUTINE EXAMINATION - URINE** Sample: Urine **PHYSICAL EXAMINATION** VOLUME 10 ml P YELLOW COLOUR PALE YELLOW **APPEARANCE** CLEAR CLEAR **CHEMICAL EXAMINATION** РΗ 6.0 5.5 - 7.0 SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.015 1.016-1.022 NEGATIVE **PROTEIN NEGATIVE** NEGATIVE **SUGAR NEGATIVE NEGATIVE BILIRUBIN NEGATIVE** BLOOD **NEGATIVE NEGATIVE KETONES NEGATIVE** NITRITE **NEGATIVE NEGATIVE** NEGATIVE **UROBILINOGEN NEGATIVE NEGATIVE LEUCOCYTE NEGATIVE** MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION WBCS/HPF 0-1 /hpf 0 - 3 RBCS/HPF 1-2 0 - 2 /hpf **EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF** 0 - 1 1-2 /hpf CASTS NIL NIL CRYSTALS NIL NIL NIL **BACTERIA** NIL **OHTERS** NIL NIL

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mrs. EKTA MEENA Lab No 4010119 UHID 40005409 **Collection Date** 09/09/2023 1:46PM 09/09/2023 2:01PM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 32 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 09/09/2023 7:00PM

Referred ByDr. ROOPAM SHARMAReport StatusFinal

Mobile No. 7568900188

Methodology:-

Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific Gravity: Proton re; ease from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method. interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Patient Name Mrs. EKTA MEENA Lab No 4010119 UHID 40005409 **Collection Date** 09/09/2023 1:46PM 09/09/2023 2:01PM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 32 Yrs/Female Report Date **IP/OP Location** O-OPD 09/09/2023 7:00PM **Referred By** Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 7568900188

HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Ran	ge
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)				Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	12.5	g/dl	12.0 - 15.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	39.5	%	36.0 - 46.0	
MCV	79.5 L	fl	82 - 92	
MCH	25.2 L	pg	27 - 32	
MCHC	31.6 L	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	4.97 H	millions/cu.mm	3.80 - 4.80	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	11.52 H	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	71.4	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	22.0	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	2.1	%	1 - 6	
MONOCYTES	4.3	%	2 - 10	
BASOPHIL	0.2 L	%	1 - 2	
PLATELET COUNT	3.51	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

MCV :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.
MCH :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.
MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method: -Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry. Interpretation: -High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

0 - 15

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry LYMPHOCYTS : - Method: Optical detectorblock based on FlowcytometryEOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE) 15 mm/1st hr

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Lab No 4010119 Mrs. EKTA MEENA 09/09/2023 1:46PM UHID 40005409 **Collection Date** 09/09/2023 2:01PM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 32 Yrs/Female **Report Date** O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 09/09/2023 7:00PM **Referred By** Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 7568900188

Method:-Modified Westergrens.
Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

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Patient Name Mrs. EKTA MEENA Lab No 4010119 UHID 40005409 **Collection Date** 09/09/2023 1:46PM 09/09/2023 2:01PM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 32 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 09/09/2023 7:00PM **Referred By** Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 7568900188

X Ray

Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range

X-RAY CHEST P. A. VIEW

Both lung fields are clear.

Both CP angles are clear.

Both hemi-diaphragms are normal in shape andoutlines.

Cardiac shadow is within normal limits.

Visualized bony thorax is unremarkable.

Correlate clinically& with other related investigations.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Advenu

APOORVA JETWANI

Select

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DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS

UHID / IP NO	40005409 (9749)	RISNo./Status:	4010119/
Patient Name:	Mrs. EKTA MEENA	Age/Gender:	32 Y/F
Referred By:	Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No:	09/09/2023 1:03PM/ OPSCR23- 24/4885	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	09/09/2023 3:40PM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

ULTRASOUND STUDY OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver: Normal in size & echotexture. No obvious significant focal parenchymal mass

lesion noted. Intrahepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal.

Gall Bladder: Lumen is clear. Wall thickness is normal. CBD is normal.

Pancreas: Normal in size & echotexture.

Spleen: Normal in size & echotexture. No focal lesion seen.

Right Kidney: Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary

differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or

obstructive calculus noted.

Left Kidney: Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary

differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or

obstructive calculus noted.

Urinary Bladder: Normal in size, shape & volume. No obvious calculus or mass lesion is seen. Wall

thickness is normal.

Uterus: Normal in size, shape & anteverted in position. Endometrial thickness is normal.

Endometrial cavity is empty. No mass lesion is seen. Cervix is normal.

Both ovaries: Bilateral ovaries are normal in size, shape & volume. **Others:** No significant free fluid is seen in pelvic peritoneal cavity.

IMPRESSION: USG findings are suggestive of

No significant sonographic abnormality noted.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

DR. APOORVA JETWANI

Incharge & Senior Consultant Radiology

MBBS, DMRD, DNB

Reg. No. 26466, 16307