# **DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY**

UHID / IP NO	40021101 (38317)	RISNo./Status:	4054714/
Patient Name:	Mrs. BARPHI BAI	Age/Gender:	29 Y/F
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No :	30/09/2024 9:29AM/ OPSCR24- 25/21646	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	30/09/2024 1:07PM	<b>Company Name:</b>	Final

REFERRAL REASON: ROUTINE CHECKUP

### 2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

#### M MODE DIMENSIONS: -

Normal Normal								
IVSD	11.8	6-12mm			LVIDS	28.6	20-40mm	
LVIDD	40.8		32-	57mm		LVPWS	15.9	mm
LVPWD	10.4		6-1	l2mm		AO	27.6	19-37mm
IVSS	15.9		J	mm		LA	31.7	19-40mm
LVEF	58-60		>	55%		RA	-	mm
	DOPPLER	R MEA	SUREN	IENTS &	& CALC	ULATIONS	<u>:</u>	
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY		VELOC	CITY (m/	's)	GRADIENT		REGURGITATION
						(mmHg)		
MITRAL	NORMAL	E	0.82	e'	0.07	-		MILD MR
VALVE		A	0.42	E/e'	11.7			
TRICUSPID	NORMAL		E	0.	52	RVSP 28	mmHg	MILD TR
VALVE			A	0.4	48	-		
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.27		-		NIL		
VALVE								
PULMONARY	NORMAL	0.98					NIL	
VALVE						-		

### **COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -**

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 58-60%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- GRADE I LV DIASTOLIC DYSFUNCTION
- MILD MR/TR/PAH, OTHER CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

IMPRESSION: - MILD MR/TR/PAH, GRADE I LV DIASTOLIC DYSFUNCTION, NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR SYSTOLIC FUNCTION

DR SUPRIY JAIN MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY) DIRECTOR & INCHARGE CARDIOLOGY DR MEGHRAJ MEENA MBBS, SONOLOGIST FICC, CONSULTANT PREV. CARDIOLOGY & INCHARGE CCU DR ROOPAM SHARMA MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE CONSULTANT & INCHARGE EMERGENCY, PREV. CARDIOLOGY(NIC) & WELLNESS CENTER

Patient Name	Mrs. BARPHI BAI	Lab No	4054714
UHID	40021101	Sample Date	30/09/2024 2:30PM
Age/Gender	29 Yrs/Female	Report Date	30/09/2024 3:45PM
Prescribed By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Bed No / Ward	OPD
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Company	Mediwheel - Arcofemi		
	Health Care Ltd.		

#### **CYTOLOGY**

### CYTOLOGY\*

Type of Specimen Pap smear (Conventional)

No. of smears examined Two

Unsatisfactory for evaluation.

Adequacy Inadequate

Endocervical cells Seen.

Inflammation Marked acute inflammation.

Organisms Not seen Epithelial cell abnormality Not seen

Others -

**Impression** Unsatisfactory for evaluation due to marked inflammation.

Advice To repeat once after control of inflammation.

Bethesda2014

-----\*\* End Of Report \*\*------

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

4054714 **Patient Name** Mrs. BARPHI BAI Lab No UHID 40021101 **Collection Date** 30/09/2024 10:05AM 30/09/2024 10:16AM Age/Gender 29 Yrs/Female **Receiving Date Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 30/09/2024 12:47PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

**Mobile No.** 9649357310

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

 Test Name
 Result
 Unit
 Biological Ref. Range

 BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)
 Sample: Fl. Plasma

 BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)
 93.5
 mg/dl
 71 - 109

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP) Sample: PLASMA

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP ) 117.3 mg/dl Non – Diabetic: - < 140 mg/dl

Pre – Diabetic: - 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: - >=200 mg/dl

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH Sample: Serum

Т3	1.470	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690
T4	7.03	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00
TSH	14.34 H	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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Age/Gender IP/OP Location	29 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	30/09/2024 10:16AM
	O-OPD	Report Date	30/09/2024 12:47PM
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Mobile No.	9649357310		

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

 $Interpretation: -The \ determination \ of \ T3 \ is \ utilized \ in \ the diagnosis \ of \ T3-hyperthyroidism \ the \ detection \ of \ early \ stages \ of hyperthyroidism \ and \ for \ indicating \ a \ diagnosis \ of \ thyrotoxicosis \ factitia.$ 

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

2.7

103

1.6

37.0

Interpretation:-The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in the concentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater opposite changes in the TSH levels.

LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)				Sample: Serum
BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.59	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20	
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.35	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00	
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.24	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.30	
SGOT	38.1 H	U/L	0.0 - 32.0	
SGPT	38.7 H	U/L	0.0 - 33.0	
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.1	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7	
ALBUMIN	4.4	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2	

U/L

Ratio

U/L

1.8 - 3.6

35 - 104

1.5 - 2.5

0.0 - 40.0

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

**GLOBULIN** 

A/G RATIO

**GGTP** 

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

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**Patient Name** Lab No Mrs. BARPHI BAI 4054714 UHID **Collection Date** 30/09/2024 10:05AM 40021101 30/09/2024 10:16AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 29 Yrs/Female Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 30/09/2024 12:47PM Referred By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

9649357310 Mobile No.

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

BILIRUBIN TOTAL :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation: Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated. water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation: -SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS :- Method: Bluret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder. ALBUMIN :- Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: - Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in

hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE: - Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

#### LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	140.5		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	56.1		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	85.7		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	14	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	68.2		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	3	%	

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#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL: - Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation: - The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL: - Method: -Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method. Interpretation:-HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease. LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver. CHOLESTEROL VLDL :- Method: VLDL Calculative

TRIGLYCERIDES :- Method: GPO-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas. DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction. CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

Sample: Serum

UREA	15.50 L	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	7	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.54	mg/dl	0.50 - 0.90
SODIUM	138	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.53	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	104.8	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	3.8	mg/dl	2.4 - 5.7
CALCIUM	9.50	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.00

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease. URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume. SODIUM: - Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation: - Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake andkidney reabsorption. POTASSIUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure. CHLORIDE - SERUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced

renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis. Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate

poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL :- Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usuallyassociated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also beobserved in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA

**RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS** 

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### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

 HBA1C
 5.5
 %
 < 5.7%</td>
 Nondiabetic

5.7-6.4% Pre-diabetic > 6.4% Indicate Diabetes

Known Diabetic Patients
< 7 % Excellent Control
7 - 8 % Good Control
> 8 % Poor Control

Method: - Turbidimetric inhibition immunoassay (TINIA), Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbAlC and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

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**BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION** 

**Biological Ref. Range Test Name** Result Unit

**BLOOD GROUPING** "O" Rh Positive

Mobile No.

1. Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
2. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

9649357310

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### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
				Sample: Urine
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				
VOLUME	20	ml		
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		P YELLOW	
APPEARANCE	HAZY		CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
PH	6.0		5.5 - 7.0	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.030		1.016-1.022	
PROTEIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
SUGAR	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BLOOD	NEGATIVE			
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
LEUCOCYTE	+		NEGATIVE	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
WBCS/HPF	10-15	/hpf	0 - 3	
RBCS/HPF	0-0	/hpf	0 - 2	
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF	2-3	/hpf	0 - 1	
CASTS	NIL		NIL	
CRYSTALS	NIL		NIL	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

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### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

BACTERIA NIL NIL OHTERS NIL NIL

Methodology:-Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific Gravity: Proton release from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method.. interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

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**HEMATOLOGY** 

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Rai	nge
				Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	12.6	g/dl	12.0 - 15.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	39.1	%	36.0 - 46.0	
MCV	98.2 H	fl	82 - 92	
MCH	31.7	pg	27 - 32	
MCHC	32.2	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	3.98	millions/cu.mm	3.80 - 4.80	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	6.89	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	66.2	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	25.1	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	1.3	%	1 - 6	
BASOPHIL	0.7 L	%	1 - 2	
MONOCYTES	6.7	%	2 - 10	
PLATELET COUNT	2.20	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS Hemoglobin Methodology by Cell Counter. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

MCV :- Method:- Calculation by sysmex. MCH :- Method:- Calculation by sysmex. MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamic focusing. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method: Optical Detector block based on Flowcytometry. Interpretation: High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

LYMPHOCYTS :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamic focusing method. Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE) 35 H mm/1st hr 0 - 15

**RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS** 

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Mobile No.

9649357310

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Method:-Modified Westergrens. Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

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X Ray

Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range

### X-RAY CHEST P. A. VIEW

Both lung fields areclear.

Both CP angles areclear.

Both hemi-diaphragms are normal in shape and outlines.

Cardiac shadow is withinnormal limits.

Visualized bony thoraxis unremarkable.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Adven

APOORVA JETWANI

Select

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# **DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS**

UHID / IP NO	40021101 (38317)	RISNo./Status:	4054714/
Patient Name:	Mrs. BARPHI BAI	Age/Gender:	29 Y/F
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No :	30/09/2024 9:29AM/ OPSCR24- 25/21646	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	30/09/2024 11:27AM	<b>Company Name:</b>	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

#### **ULTRASOUND STUDY OF WHOLE ABDOMEN**

**Liver:** Normal in size & echotexture. No obvious significant focal parenchymal mass lesion

noted. Intrahepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal.

**Gall Bladder:** Lumen is clear. Wall thickness is normal. CBD is normal.

**Pancreas:** Normal in size & echotexture.

**Spleen:** Normal in size & echotexture. No focal lesion seen.

Right Kidney: Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary

differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or obstructive

calculus noted.

Left Kidney: Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary

differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or obstructive

calculus noted.

Urinary Bladder: Normal in size, shape & volume. No obvious calculus or mass lesion is seen. Wall

thickness is normal.

**Uterus:** Normal in size, shape & anteverted in position. Endometrial thickness is normal.

Endometrial cavity is empty. No mass lesion is seen. Mild heterogeneous

echotexture.

**Both ovaries:** Bilateral ovaries are normal in size, shape & volume.

Others: Mild free fluid is seen in Pouch of Douglas.

IMPRESSION: USG findings are suggestive of

• Mild heterogeneous echotexture of uterus with fluid in POD? PID.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

DR. SURESH KUMAR SAINI

RADIOLOGIST MBBS, MD.

Gurery -

Reg. No. 22597, 36208.